









QL 675 BOX Bords Mef.

BAX CATALOGUE

OF THE

COLLECTION

OF

BIRDS' EGGS

IN THE

BRITISH MUSEUM.

VOLUME III.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.
1903.

(All rights reserved.)

Birds



PRINTED BY TAYLOR AND FRANCIS, RED LION COURT, FLEET STREET.

598.208

CATALOGUE

OF THE

COLLECTION

OF

BIRDS' EGGS

IN THE

BRITISH MUSEUM (NATURAL HISTORY).

VOLUME III.

CARINATÆ (PSITTACIFORMES-PASSERIFORMES).

BY

EUGENE W. OATES.

ASSISTED BY

CAPT. SAVILE G. REID.

LONDON: PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.

SOLD BY

LONGMANS & Co., 39 PATERNOSTER ROW, E.C.;
B. QUARITCH, 15 PICCADILLY, W.; DULAU & Co., 37 SOHO SQUARE, W.;
KEGAN PAUL & Co., 48 GERRARD STREET, W.;

BRITISH MUSEUM (NATURAL HISTORY), CROMWELL ROAD, S.W.
1903.



PREFACE.

I REGRET that, owing to the ill-health of Mr. Oates, it has been found necessary to entrust the completion of the 'Catalogue of Birds' Eggs' to other hands.

The manuscript prepared by him was in a forward state, and the Trustees have been fortunate in securing the co-operation of a well-known Ornithologist, Capt. Savile Reid, who has revised the manuscript and the proofs. Capt. Reid has also written the Index to the present volume, and has incorporated in the text references to the specimens recently received by the Museum.

E. RAY LANKESTER,

Director.

British Museum (Natural History), July 7, 1903.



INTRODUCTION.

In this third volume, the *Carinatæ* are continued from the *Psittaciformes* to the end of the family *Pycnonotidæ* of the Order *Passeriformes*, the contents thus exactly corresponding to those of Volumes II. and III. of Dr. Bowdler Sharpe's 'Hand-list of the Genera and Species of Birds.'

The total number of species included is 907, and the number of eggs eatalogued 8,474, as shown in the following table:—

CARINATÆ.

Order.	No. of species.	No. of specimens of eggs.
Psittaciformes	82	332
Coraciiformes	216	1991
Trogenes	12	70
Coccyges	57	844
Seansores	14	121
Piciformes	72	894
Eurylæmiformes	7	62
Menuriformes	8	19
Passeriformes	444	4141
Total	907	8,474

SAVILE G. REID.

May 30, 1903.



SYSTEMATIC INDEX.

Sub-Class CARINATÆ.	Page
	Sub-Family Calopsittacinæ.
Order PSITTACIFORMES.	Calopsittacus, Less 6
Family Nestoridæ.	novæ-hollandiæ (Gm.) 6
Nestor, Wagl	Family Psittacidæ.
meridionalis $(Gm.)$	Sub-Family Nasiterninæ.
Family Loridæ.	Nasiterna, Wagl 7 pusio, Scl 7
Trichoglossus, Vig. & Horsf 2	
novæ-hollandiæ $(Gm.)$ 2 Psitteuteles, $Bp.$ 2	Sub-Family Conurinæ.
chlorolepidotus ($Kuhl$)	Ara, Cuvier 7
Glossopsittacus, Bp	ararauna ($Linn$.)
concinnus (Shaw) 2	hahni (Souancé) 8
pusillus (Shaw) 3	Conurus, Kuhl 8
Hypocharmosyna, Salvad 3	canicularis (Linn.) 8
wilhelminæ (A. B. Meyer) 3	Conuropsis, Salvadori 8
	carolinensis ($Linn.$) 8
Family Cacatuidæ.	Henicognathus, Gray 8
Cub Family Constrains	leptorhynchus (King) 8
Sub-Family Cacatuinæ.	Myopsittacus, Bp 9
Microglossus, Vieill 3	monachus (Bodd.) 9 Bolborhynchus, Bp 9
aterrimus $(Gm.)$ 3	aurifrons (Less.) 9
Calyptorhynchus, Vig. & Horsf. 4	Psittacula, Ill 9
baudini, Vig 4 funereus $(Shaw)$ 4	cœlestis (<i>Less.</i>)9
funereus $(Shaw)$ 4 stellatus, $Wagl$ 4	passerina (Linn.) 9
viridis (Vieill.) 4	Brotogerys, Vig 9
Cacatua, Vieill 5	tirica $(Gm.)$ 9
galerita (Lath.) 5	chiriri (Vieill.) 10
sulphurea (Gm.) 5	devillei (Gray) 10
leadbeateri (Vig.) 5	gustavi, Berlepsch 10
goffini (Finsch) 5	Sub Family Blanks
ducorpsi, Jacq. & Pucher 6	Sub-Family Pioninæ.
roseicapilla, Vieill 6	Amazona, Less 10
Liemetis, Wagl	finschi (Scl.) 10
pastinator, Gould 6	albifrons (Sparrm.) 10
VOL, III.	()

Pag	e		'age
Pionus, Wagl 1	1	Psephotus, Gould	19
menstruus (Linn.) 1	1	xanthorrhous, Bp	19
Pœocephalus, Swains 1	1	multicolor $(Kuhl)$	20
fuscicapillus (Verr. & Des		hæmatonotus, Gould	20
Murs) 1	1 📒	Neophema, Salvadori	20
111115)	-	venusta (Temm.)	20
			21
Sub-Family Psittacinæ.		elegans (Gould)	21
Sub I tilling I strong		pulchella (Shaw)	
Psittacus, Linn 1	1	splendida (Gould)	21
erythacus, Linn	1	Cyanorhamphus, $Bp. \dots$	21
Coracopsis, Wagl 1	1	novæ-zealandiæ (Sparrm.)	21
vaza (Shaw) 1	1	auriceps $(Kuhl)$	22
Table (State)	1	Nymphicus, Wagl	22
		cornutus (Gm.)	22
Sub-Family Palæornithinæ.		Melopsittacus, Gould	92
T3 1 / T4" 7	0	undulatus (Shaw)	9.)
Eclectus, Wagl			22
pectoralis (P. L. S. Müll.) 1	1	Pezoporus, Illig	22
2010000 (21 221 01 211001)	$\frac{2}{2}$	terrestris (Shaw)	
	2	T 11 C	
indoburmanica, Hume 1	2	Family Stringopidæ.	
	3	Stringops, Gray	23
	3	habroptilus, Gray	23
	4	nabropinus, aray	20
2000 (4		
peristerodes, Finsch 1	4	Order CORACHFORMES.	
Traciata (D. T. C. Mill.)	4	~ 1 . 0 . 1	
	5	Sub-Order	
1 010000,0		STEATORNITHES.	
	5	E 11 C	
	5	Family Steatornithidæ	•
	5	Steatornis, Humboldt	23
	15	caripensis, Humboldt	23
splendens (Peale) 1	15	Carripensis, 11th total	20
personata (Gray) 1	16	Sub-Order PODARGI.	
	16	Sub-Order I obarta.	
roseicollis (Vieill.) 1	16	Family Podargidæ.	
	16	·	
	16	Sub-Family Podarginæ.	
indicus $(Gm.)$	16	Podargus, Vieill	24
galgulus (Linn.)	17		24
	17	papuensis, Q. & G	24
stigmatus (S.Müll. & Schl.)	16	strigoides (Lath.)	
	1	Batrachostomus, Gould	25
Sub-Family Platycercinæ.	1	hodgsoni (Gray)	25
v ·		moniliger, Blyth	25
	17		
()	17	Sub-Family Ægothelinæ.	
	17		0 =
flaviventris (Temm.)	17	Ægotheles, Vig. & Horsf	25
	18	novæ-hollandiæ (Lath.)	25
eximius (Shaw)	18		
icterotis (Kuhl)	18	Sub-Order CORACIÆ.	
()	18	Sub-Order OOR AUT Æ.	
	18	Family Coracidæ.	
	$\frac{10}{19}$		
boungedi (Toth)	19 19	Sub-Family Brachypteraci	inæ.
()			
	19	Coracopitta, Bp.	26
zonarius (Shaw)	19	pittoides (Lafr.)	26

	Page		Page
Sub-Family Coraciinæ.		saurophagus, Gould	39
Curacias Time	26	macleayi, J. S. S	39
Coracias, Linn	26	pyrrhopygius, Gould	40
indicus, Linn	27	sacer $(Gm.)$	49
affinis, McClell	$\frac{27}{27}$	occipitalis (Blyth)	40
garrulus, Linn.	28	sanctus, Vig. & Horsf	40
Eurystomus, Vieill		vagans (Less.)	41
glaucurus (P. L. S. Müll.)	28	chloris (Bodd.)	41
lætior, Sharpe	28	Todiramphus, Less	41
australis, Swains	29	recurvirostris, Lafr	41
calonyx, Sharpe	29	Tanysiptera, Vig.	42
		nigriceps, Scl	42
Sub-Order HALCYONES		sylvia, Gould	42
		dea (Linn.)	42
Family Alcedinide.		(2000)	
C 1 32 31 44 44 44		Sub-Order Bucerotes	
Sub-Family Alcedininæ.		Sub-Offier Deck Roll Es	•
Pelargopsis, Gloger	29	Dichoceros, Gloger	43
gurial (Pearson)	29	bicornis (Linn.)	43
burmanica, Sharpe	30	Anthracoceros, Reichenb	4:3
Ceryle, Boie	30	convexus (Temm.)	43
rudis $(Linn.)$	30	albirostris (Shaw & Nodder)	43
varia, Strickl	30	Aceros, Gray	44
torquata (Linn.)	31	nepalensis (<i>Hodgs.</i>)	44
	31	Rhytidoceros, Reichenb	44
alcyon (Linn.)	32	undulatus (Shaw)	41
amazona (Lath.)	32	subruficollis (Blyth)	45
septentrionalis, Sharpe		plicatus (Forst.)	45
Alcedo, Linn.	32	Ptilolæmus, Ogilvie Grant	45
ispida, Linn	32	tiokelli (Pluth)	45
meningting, Horsf	33	tickelli (Blyth)	45
beavani, Walden	33	Ocyceros, Hume	45
Corythornis, Kaup	34	birostris (Scop.)	
cristata (Linn.)	34	Lophoceros, Hempr. & Ehr.	46
cyanostigma (Rüpp.)	34	melanoleucus (Licht.)	46
Alcyone, Swains azurea (Lath.)	34		
azurea (Lath.)	34	Sub-Order Upupæ.	
pulchra, Gould	35	Family Unwarn	
		Family Upupidæ.	
Sub-Family Daceloninæ.		Upupa, Linn	46
Ceyx, Lacép	35	epops, Linn	46
dillwynni, Sharpe	35	indica, Reichenb	47
	35	marginata, Bp	48
Syma, Less torotoro, Less	35	africana, Bechst	48
Decele Level	36		
Dacelo, Leach	36	Sub-Order MEROPES.	
gigas (Bodd.)	36		
leachii, Vig. & Horsf		Family Meropidæ.	
Sauromarptis, Cab. & Heine .	36	Diamaganana Cal & Haine	10
gaudichaudi (Q. S. G.)	36	Dicrocercus, Cab. & Heine	48
Haleyon, Swains	37	hirundineus (Licht.)	48
coromandus (Lath.)	37	Melittophagus, Boie	49
smyrnensis (Linn.)	37	swinhoei (Hume)	49
gularis (Kuhl)	38	Merops, Linn.	49
cyaniventris (Vieill.)	38	bicolor, Bodd	49
pileatus (Bodd.)	38	sumatranus, Raffl	49
pallidiventris, Cab	39	apiaster, Linn.	50
chelicutensis (Stanley)	39	persicus, Pall	51
		b 2	

Page		Page
superciliosus, Linn 51	Macrodipteryx, Swains	61
philippinus, Linn 51	longipennis (Shaw)	-61
ornatus, Lath 52		62
viridis, Linn 52		62
malimbicus, Shaw 53		62
		62
		(33
athertoni, J. & S 53		
	nuttalli (Audub.)	63
Sub-Order Momoti.	Stenopsis, Cass	63
	longirostris $(Bp.)$	(33
Family Momotidæ.	ruficervix, Scl	63
E 42 9.7	Canrimulous Linn	6.4
Eumomota, Sel 54	nigroscens Cuh	64
superciliaris (Sandb.) 5	Toniforno Wile	64
Momotus, Briss 54	carolinensis (Gm)	64
equatorialis, Gould 5	natalensis, Smith	(65)
lessoni, Less 54		
mexicanus, Swains 5-	clarus, Reichenow	()-)
,	eximius, Temm	
Sub-Order Topi.	mahrattensis, Sykes	
	ægyptius, Licht	66
Family Todidze.	asiaticus, Lath	- 66
Todas Time	affinis, Horsf	-67
Todus, Linn 58	origontria G P Gran	
viridis, Linn 5	monticola Evankl	
multicolor, Gould 58	manillensis, Wald	
	macrurus, Horsf	
Sub-Order CAPRIMULGI.	ambiguus. Hartert	
Family Caprimulgidæ.	albinotatus, Tick	
	atripennis, Jerd	
Sub-Family Nyctibiinæ.	andamanicus, Hume	
Nyctibius, Vieill 50	madagascariensis, Syanz.	. 70
iomoisonois (Car)	europaeus, Coma, com	-71
jamaicensis (Gm .) 50	unwini, Hume	72
G 1 T **	ruficollis, Temm	72
Sub-Family Caprimulginæ.	rufigena, Smith	73
Chordeiles, Swains 50		
virginianus (Gm_*) 50		- m - m
henryi, Cass 57	* 1 7 /77 0 0 7 7	
chapmani, Coues 5		1.4
texensis, Lawr 57		
rupestris (Spix) 58	Sub-Order CYPSELI.	
Nannochordeiles, Hartert 58	Family M. on anymous	
pusillus (Gould) 58	Family Macropterygin	Æ.
Podager, Wayl 58	Macropteryx, Swains	7.5
nacunda (Vieill.) 58	1 0	
Eurostopus, Gould 59		
albigularis (Vig. & Horsf.) 59		
argus, Hartert 59		
	Sub Family Class	
Lyncornis, Gould 60		75
cerviniceps, Gould 60	lowi Sharpe	75
Hydropsalis, Wagler 60	fuciphaga (Thunb.)	75
furcifer (Vieill.) 60	unicolor (Jerd.)	76
climacocercus, Tsch 61	francica (Gm.)	76
Scotornis, Swains 61	inexpectata, Hume	76
climacurus (Vieill.) 63		
, , , , , , ,	**************************************	10

	Page		Page
uropygialis, Gray	77	Thalurania, Gould	86
linchi, Horsf. & Moore	77	glaucopis (Gm.)	86
esculenta (Linn.)	77	colombica (Bourc.)	87
Chætura, Steph	77	furcata $(Gm.)$	87
caudacuta (Lath.)	77	Petasophora, G. R. Gray	87
zonaris (Shaw)	78	cyanonota (Bourc. &	
pelagica (Linn.)	78	Muls.)	87
vauxi (Towns.)	78	iolata (Gould)	87
vadar (100000)	.0	Lampornis, Swains	87
81F 11			87
Sub-Family Cypselinæ.		mango (Linn.)	88
Tachornis, Gosse	79	dominicus (Linn.)	88
parvus (Licht.)	79	Chrysolampis, Boie	
balasiensis (J. E. Gray)	79	mosquitus (Linn.)	88
infumatus (Scl.)	79	Sericotes, Reichenb	88
	80	holosericeus (Linn.)	88
phœnicobius, Gosse	80	Leucochloris, Reichenb	88
Cypselus, Illiger		albicollis (Vieill.)	- 88
melba (Linn.)	80	Aithurus, Cab. & Heine	89
apus (Linn.)	80	polytmus (Linn.)	89
murinus, Brehm	81	Oreotrochilus, Gould	89
pacificus (Lath.)	81	leucopleurus, Gould	89
streubeli, Hartl	81	Oreopyra, Gould	89
affinis, Gray & Hardw	82	leucaspis, Gould	89
subfurcatus, Blyth	82	calolæma, Salvin	89
		Helianthea, Gould	90
		torqueta (Roice)	90
Sub-Order TROCHILL.		torquata (Boiss.) Pterophanes, Gould	90
		temmincki (Boiss.)	90
Family Trochilidæ.			90
J		Eriocnemis, Reichenb	90
Threnetes, Gould	83	cupreiventris (Fraser)	90
ruckeri (Bourc.)	83	lugens (Gould)	
Glaucis, Boie	83	Adelomyia, Bp	91
hirsuta (Gm.)	83	melanogenys (Fraser)	91
Phaëthornis, Swains		Heliangelus, Gould	91
eurynome (Less.)		clarissæ (Longuem.)	91
augusti (Boure.)		exortis (Fraser)	91
Campylopterus, Swains	- 1	Metallura, Gould	91
hemileucurus (<i>Licht</i> .)		tyrianthina (Lodd.)	91
Patagona, Gray	0.4	smaragdinicollis (d'Orb.	
gigas (Vieill.)	84	& Lafr.)	-92
		Oxypogon, Gould	92
Saucerottea, Bp	04	guerini (Boiss.)	92
warscewiczi (Cab. &	84	Eustephanus, Reichenb	92
Heine)		galeritus (Molina)	92
sophiæ (Bourc. & Muls.)		Psalidoprymna, Cab. S. Heine.	92
erythronota (Less.)		gouldi (Lodd.)	92
feliciæ (Less.)		Doricha, Reichenb:	92
Amazilia, Reichenb		henicura (Vieill.)	92
tzacatl (La Llave)		Trochilus, Linn	93
guatemalensis (Gould)		colubris, Linn	93
Hylocharis, Boie		alexandri (Bourc. & Muls.)	
leucotis (Vieill.)		_ ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `	93
Chlorostilbon, Gould	, 86	anna (Less.)	91
gibsoni (Fraser)	, 86	Selasphorus, Swains	94
stenura (Cab. & Heine).	. 86	rufus $(Gm.)$	94 - 94
Ricordia, Reichenb	. 86	torridus, Salvin	
elegans (Vieill.)		scintilla (Gould)	94

Page	Page
Chætocercus, Gray 94	coromandus (Linn.) 103
rosæ (Bourc. & Muls.) 94	jacobinus (Bodd.) 103
Bellona, Muls. & Verr 94	cafer (<i>Licht</i> .) 104
cristata (Linn.) 94	Surniculus, Less.) 104
ornata (Gould) 95	lugubris (Horsf.) 104
	Hierococcyx, S. Müll 104
occ printing by the control of the c	
lalandei (Vieill.) 95	
010100	fugax (Horsf.) 104
Sub-Order Colii.	Cuculus, Linn
Family Coludæ.	canorus, Linn 105
	saturatus, Hodgs 114
Colius, Briss 95	poliocephalus, Lath 114
striatus, $Gm. \dots 95$	pallidus (Lath.) 114
leucotis, Rüpp 96	Penthoceryx, Cab 115
colius (Linn.) 96	sonnerati (Lath.) 115
erythromelon (Vieill.) 96	Cacomantis, S. Müll 115
macrurus (Linn.) 96	flabelliformis (Lath.) 115
madratio (2000)	variolosus (Horsf.) 116
o i mpodonija	
Order TROGONES.	
The Transparence	bronzinus (Gray) 116
Family Trogonidæ.	passerinus (Vahl) 117
Pharomacrus, De La Llave 97	Chrysococcyx, Boie 117
mocinno, De La Llave 97	klaasi (<i>Steph.</i>) 117
auriceps (Gould) 97	cupreus $(Bodd.)$ 117
Trogon, Linn 97	Chalcococeyx, Cab 117
mexicanus, Swains 97	maculatus (Gm .) 117
collaris, Vieill 98	basalis (Horsf.) 118
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	lucidus (<i>Gm.</i>) 118
thin big title, the title and the title	plagosus (Lath.) 119
	Coccyzus, Vieill 119
chionurus, Sel. S. Salv 98	minor $(Gm.)$ 119
melanocephalus, Gould 99	melanocoryphus (Vieill.). 120
caligatus, Gould 99	
Pyrotrogen, $Bp.$ 99	
fasciatus (Penn.) 99	
erythrocephalus (Gould). 99	cinereus, Vieill 121
orescius (Temm.) 100	Urodynamis, Salvad 121
	taitiensis (Sparrm.) 121
o i coccince	Eudynamis, Vig. & Horsf 121
Order COCCYGES.	honorata (Linn.) 12
Sub Onlan Masa Day as	cyanocephala (Lath.) 12:
Sub-Order Musophagi.	
Family Musophagidæ.	Sub-Family Centropodinæ.
Turacus, Cuv	
erythrolophus (Vicill.) 101	Centropus, Illiger 123
	ateralbua, Less 123
	menebiki (Less. & Garn.). 128
concolor (Smith) 101	nigricans (Salvad.) 12:
Gymnoschizorhis, Schalow 101	phasianus (Lath.) 12:
leopoldi (Shelley) 101	sinensis (Steph.) 12-
	toulou (P. L. S. Müller). 12
Sub-Order Cuculi.	bengalensis $(Gm.)$ 128
Family Creater to T	
Family Cuculidæ.	
Sub-Family Cuculinæ.	
v	superciliosus, Hempr. &
Coccystes, Gloger 102	Ehr
glandarius (<i>Linn.</i>) 102	andamanensis, Tytler 12

Page	Page
Sub-Family Phænicophainæ.	Xantholæma, Bp
	hæmatocephalum (P. L.
	S. Müll.) 136
	malabaricum $(Blyth)$ 136
Rhopodytes, Cab. & Heine. 127	
tristis (Less.) 127	Sub-Order
Rhinococcyx, Sharpe 128	
Nodder) 128	R намрнаятірея.
	Family Rhamphastidæ.
Cona, Cuv	raining Rename HASTIDE.
cærulea (<i>Linn.</i>) 128	Pteroglossus, <i>Illig.</i> 137
reynaudi, Pucher 128	flavirostris, Fraser 137
C 1 E 11- 27	, and the second
Sub-Family Neomorphinæ.	
Carpococcyx, Gray 129	Order PICIFORMES.
radiatus (Temm.) 129	
Geococcyx, Wagl 129	Sub-Order Buccones.
mexicanus (Gm .) 129	T 11 T)
affinis, Hartl 129	Family Bucconidæ.
	Bucco, Briss 137
Sub-Family Crotophaginæ.	maculatus (Gm.) 137
	Monasa, Vieill
Crotophaga, Linn 130	nigrifrons $(Spix)$ 138
major, Gm	Chelidoptera, Gould 138
ani, <i>Linn</i>	tenebrosa (Pall.) 138
sulcirostris, Swains 131	(
Guira, Less	~ 1 0 1 P
guira $(Gm.)$	Sub-Order Pici.
	Family Picidæ.
Order SCANSORES.	ranny 1 tobe.
Olico, Socialiso stands	Sub-Family Picinæ.
Sub-Order Indicatores.	
Day Order 11 Dron 1 0 10 10 10	100
	Geocolaptes, Swains 138
Family Indicatoridæ.	Geocolaptes, <i>Swains</i> 138 olivaceus (<i>Gm</i> .) 138
Family Indicatoridæ.	Geocolaptes, Svains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs. 139
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill 132	$ \begin{array}{ccccc} \text{Geocolaptes, } \textit{Swains.} & 138 \\ \text{olivaceus } (\textit{Gm.}) & 138 \\ \text{Colaptes, } \textit{Swains.} & 139 \\ \text{luteus, } \textit{Bangs.} & 139 \\ \text{collaris, } \textit{Vig.} & 139 \end{array} $
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vicill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs. 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs. 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Taez. 141
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs. 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Tacz. 141 Gecinus, Boie 141
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs. 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Tacz. 141 Gecinus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141
Family Indicatoride. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vicill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Tacz. 141 Gecinus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141 sharpei, Saunders 142
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs. 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Tacz. 141 Gecinus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 144 sharpei, Saunders 142 vaillanti (Malh.) 142
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Tacz. 141 Geciuus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141 sharpei, Saunders 142 vaillanti (Malh.) 142 awokera (Temm.) 142
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs. 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Taez. 141 Gecinus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141 sharpei, Saunders 142 vaillanti (Malh.) 142 awokera (Temm.) 142 squamatus (Vig.) 142
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs. 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Taez. 141 Gecinus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141 sharpei, Saunders 142 vaillanti (Malh.) 142 awokera (Temm.) 142 squamatus (Vig.) 142 striolatus (Blyth) 143
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Svains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Taez. 141 Gecinus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141 sharpei, Saunders 142 vaillanti (Malh.) 142 awokera (Temm.) 142 squamatus (Vig.) 142 striolatus (Blyth) 143 canus (Gm.) 143
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Svains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Taez. 141 Gecinus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141 sharpei, Saunders 142 vaillanti (Malh.) 142 awokera (Temm.) 142 squamatus (Vig.) 142 striolatus (Blyth) 143 canus (Gm.) 143 guerini (Malh.) 143
Family Indicatoride. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Tacz. 141 Geciuus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141 sharpei, Saunders 142 vaillanti (Malh.) 142 awokera (Temm.) 142 squamatus (Vig.) 142 striolatus (Blyth) 143 canus (Gm.) 143 occipitalis (Vig.) 143
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Tacz. 141 Geciuus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141 sharpei, Saunders 142 vaillanti (Malh.) 142 awokera (Tenm.) 142 squamatus (Vig.) 142 striolatus (Blyth) 143 canus (Gm.) 143 guerini (Malh.) 143 occipitalis (Vig.) 143 chlorolophus (Vieill.) 144
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Svains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Taez. 141 Gecinus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141 sharpei, Saunders 142 vaillanti (Malh.) 142 awokera (Temm.) 142 squamatus (Vig.) 144 striolatus (Blyth) 143 canus (Gm.) 143 guerini (Malh.) 143 canus (Gm.) 143 guerini (Malh.) 143 chlorolophus (Vieill.) 144 nigrigenis, Hume 144
Family Indicatoridæ. Indicator, Vieill	Geocolaptes, Swains. 138 olivaceus (Gm.) 138 Colaptes, Swains. 139 luteus, Bangs 139 collaris, Vig. 139 campestris (Vieill.) 140 agricola (Malh.) 140 pitius (Mol.) 140 Hypoxanthus, Bp. 141 brevirostris, Tacz. 141 Geciuus, Boie 141 viridis (Linn.) 141 sharpei, Saunders 142 vaillanti (Malh.) 142 awokera (Tenm.) 142 squamatus (Vig.) 142 striolatus (Blyth) 143 canus (Gm.) 143 guerini (Malh.) 143 occipitalis (Vig.) 143 chlorolophus (Vieill.) 144

Page	Page
Chrysoptilus, Swains 145	Tiga, Kaup 156
cristatus (Vieill.) 145	javanensis (<i>Ljung</i>) 156
Asyndesmus, Coues 145	Hemicercus, Swains 157
torquatus (Wils.) 145	canente (Less.) 157
Melanerpes, Swains 145	Alophonerpes, Reichenb 157
Melanerpes, Swains 145 erythrocephalus (Linn.) . 145	pulverulentus (Temm.) 157
melanopogon (Temm.) 146	Ceophlœus, Cab. & Heine 158
cruentatus (Bodd.) 146	scapularis (Vig.) 158
cruentatus (Bodd.) 146 caetorum (Lafr. &	Dryotomus, Swains 158
d Orb.) 146	pileatus (Linn.) 158
carolinus (Linn.) 146	Picus, <i>Linn</i> 158
dubius (Cabot) 146	martius, Linn 158
aurifrons (Wagl.) 147	
santacruzi $(Bp.)$ 147	Stall Established
uropygialis (Baird) 147	Sub-Family Picumninæ.
elegans (Swains.) 147	Picumnus, Temm 159
Sphyropicus, Baird 148	innominatus, Burton 159
varius (<i>Linn.</i>) 148	Sasia, Hodgs 159
Hypopicus, Bp	ochracea, Hodgs 159
hyperythrus (Vig.) 148	continued, and go, the the area
Dendrocopus, Koch 148	State Transition 7
major (<i>Linn.</i>) 148	Sub-Family Iynginæ.
canariensis, Koenig 149	Iÿnx, <i>Linn</i> 159
japonicus (Seebohm) 149	torquilla, Linn 159
mauritanus ($Brehm$) 149	1
numidicus (Malh.) 149	
himalayensis (Jard. &	Order EURYLÆMIFORMES.
Selby)	T " T
cathpharius (<i>Hodgs.</i>) 150 syriacus (<i>Hempr. &</i>	Family Eurylæmidæ.
Ehrenb.) 150	Sub-Family Calyptomeninæ.
villosus (<i>Linn.</i>) 150	
pubescens (Linn.) 151	Calyptomena, Raffles 160
gairdneri (And.) 151	viridis, Raffles 160
scalaris (Wagl.) 151	whiteheadi, Sharpe 161
lucasanus (Xantus) 152	
minor ($Linn$)	Sub-Family Eurylæminæ.
pipra (<i>Pall.</i>) 152	
lignarius (Molina) 152	
macei (Vieill.) 153	dalhousiæ (Jameson) 161 Serilophus, Swains 161
auriceps (Vig.) 153	lunatus (Gould) 161
leuconotus (Bechst.) 153	rubropygius (Hodgs.) 162
Picoides, Lacép 154	Eurylæmus, Horsf 162
tridactylus (Linn.) 154	javanicus, Horsf 162
crissoleucus (Bp.) 154	Cymborhynchus, Vigors 163
Dendrocoptes, Cab. & Heine. 154	macrorhynchus (Gm.) 163
medius ($Linn.$) 154 Liopicus, $Bp.$ 155	(5) ** 100
mahrattensis ($Lath$.) 155 Iyngipieus, Bp 155	Order MENURIFORMES.
auritus $(Gm.)$ 155	E:1- M
hardwickei (Jerd.) 155	Family Menuridæ.
Micropternus, Blyth 156	Menura, Davies 163
phæoceps, Blyth 156	superba, Davies 164
Brachypternus, Strickl 156	victoriæ, Gould 164
aurantius (Linn.) 156	alberti, Gould 164

Page	Page
Order PASSERIFORMES.	Cinclodes, Gray 172
	nigrifumosus (d'Orb. &
Sub-Order Mesomyodi.	Lafr.) 172
	fuscus (<i>Vieill.</i>) 173 Lochmias, <i>Swains</i> 173
Division $Tracheophona$.	
Fomile Depropriation	nematura ($Licht$.) 173
Family Pteroptochidæ.	
Scytalopus, Gould 165	Sub-Family synallaxinæ.
magellanicus ($Gm.$) 165	
obscurus (King) 165	Aphrastura, Oberholser 173
indigoticus (Wied) 165	spinicauda (Gm .) 173
Pteroptochus, Kittl 166	Sylviorthorhynchus, Des
albicollis, Kittl 166	Murs 174
Hylactes, King 166	desmursi, Gay 174
megapodius (Kittl.) 166	Phleocryptes, Cab. & Heine . 174
	melanops (Vieill.) 174 Leptasthenura, Reichenb 174
Family Conopophagidæ.	
Conopophaga, Vieill 166	egithaloides (<i>Kittl.</i>) 174 Synallaxis, <i>Vieill.</i> 175
lineata (Wied) 166	ruficapilla, Vieill 175
(-,)	frontalis, Pelz 175
Family Formicaridæ.	albescens, Temm 175
	pudica, <i>Sch.</i>
Thamnophilus, Vieill 167	guianensis $(Gm.)$ 176
guttatus, Vieill 167	cinnamomea $(Gm.)$ 176
major, Vieill 167	castanea, Scl 176
ruficollis, Spix 167	gularis, Lafr 177
doliatus (Linn.) 168	erythrothorax, Scl 177
multistriatus, Lafr 168	phryganophila (Vieill.) 177
palliatus (<i>Licht.</i>) 168 Dysithamnus, <i>Cab</i> 168	Siptornis, Reichenb 177
J. T.	erythrops (Scl.) 177
	striaticeps (d'Orb.& Lafr.) 177
Myrmotherula, $Scl.$ 169 surinamensis $(Gm.)$ 169	humicola (<i>Kittl.</i>) 178
Cercomacra, Sch 169	sordida (<i>Less.</i>) 178
nigricans, Scl	anthoides (King) 178
Pyriglena, Cab	anthoides (<i>King</i>) 178 hudsoni (<i>Scl.</i>) 179
leucoptera (Vieill.) 169	Pseudocolaptes, Reichenb 179
Grallaria, Vieill 170	boissoneaui (Lafr.) 179
ruficeps, Scl 170	
ruficapilla, Lafr 170	Sub-Family Philydorinæ.
Grallaricula, Sch 170	
cucullata (Scl.) 170	Anumbius, d'Orb. & Lafr 179
(11)	acuticaudatus (Less.) 179
Family Desippodol Autilia	Phacelodomus, Reichenb 180
Family DENDROCOLAPTIDÆ.	ruber (<i>Vicill.</i>)
Sub-Family Furnariinæ.	striaticollis (d'Orb. & Lafr.)
61 A	Lafr.)
Geositta, Swains	Thripophaga, Cab 180
cunicularia (Vieill.) 171 Furnarius, Vieill 171	sclateri, Berlepsch 180
Furnarius, Vieill 171 rufus (Gm.) 171	Pseudosizura, Reichenb 180 lophotes, Reichenb 180
minor, $Pelz$	lophotes, Reichenb 180 Automolus, Reichenb 180
torridus, Scl. & Salv 172	holostictus, Scl. & Salv 180
cinnamomeus ($Less.$) 172	rufobrunneus ($Lawr$.) 181
Upucerthia, G. StHilaire . 172	ignobilis, Scl. & Salv 181
fitzgeraldi, Scott 172	leucopththalmus (Wied). 181
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1

for the first terms of the first	T21 * 1 C	age
Thripadectes, Sch 181	Fluvicola, Swains.	188
flammulatus (Eyton) 181	albiventris (Spix)	188
	Arundinicola, d'Orb	188
C 1 T '1		188
Sub-Family Sclerurinæ.		188
Sclerurus, Swains 182		
	risorius (Vieill.)	188
umbretta ($Licht$.) 182	Sisopygis, Cab. & Heine	189
		189
Sub-Family		189
	1. /	
Margarornithinæ.		189
Margarornis, Reichenb 182	Machetornis, Gray	189
	rixosa (Vieill.)	189
perlata (<i>Less.</i>)	Muscisaxicola, d'Orb. & Lafr.	190
Premnoplex, Cherrie 182	maculirostris, d'Orb. &	
brunnescens ($Scl.$) 182		190
Pygarrhicus, Burm 182		
albigularis (King) 182		190
(121)		190
Cub Family	Platyrhynchus, Desm	190
Sub-Family	cancrominus, Scl. & Salv.	190
Glyphorhynchinæ.		191
Glyphorhynchus, Wied 183		191
cuneatus ($Licht$.) 183		191
Dendrocichla, Gray 183	Todirostrum, Less	191
anabatina, Scl 183	cinereum (Linn.)	191
,		192
Sub-Family		192
<i>2</i>		192
Dendrocolaptinæ.		
Picolaptes, Less 183		193
lacrymiger (Des Murs) 183	gularis (Temm.)	193
	granadensis (Hartl.)	193
angustirostris (Vieill.) 184		193
Drymornis, Eyton 184	flaviventris (d'Orb. &	
bridgesi $(Eyton)$		193
Xiphorhynchus, Swains 184		
trochilirostris (<i>Licht.</i>) 184		193
Dendrocolaptes, Herm 184		194
	pectoralis (Vieill.)	194
validus, Tsch 184	Serphophaga, Gould	194
	1 1 0	194
Division Oligomyodæ.	cinerea (Strickl.)	194
Family Tyrannidæ.		194
		195
Agriornis, Gould 185	parulus (Kittl.)	195
livida (<i>Kittl.</i>) 185	Cyanotis, Swains	195
solitaria, Sel 185	rubrigaster (Vieill.)	195
Tænioptera, Bp 185		196
noncota (Linu) 195		100
nengeta $(Linn.)$ 185	striaticollis (d'Orb. &	100
irupero (Vieill.) 186		196
pyrope (<i>Kittl.</i>) 186	Myiopagis, Salv. & Godm	196
pyrope (<i>Kittl.</i>)		196
fumicolor, Scl 186		196
fumicolor, Scl 186 cenanthoides (d'Orb. &		196
		$\frac{197}{107}$
cinnamomeiventris(Lafr.) 187		197
diadema (Hartl.) 187	_	197
Mecocerculus, Scl 187	Legatus, Scl	198
leucophrys (d'Orb. & Lafr.) 187		198

Page 1	Page
Myiozetetes, Scl 198	Tyrannus, <i>Cuv</i>
cayennensis (Linn.) 198	tyrannus (Linn.) 212
similis (<i>Spix</i>) 198	verticalis, Say 213
Pitangus, Swains 199	vociferans, Swains 214
derbianus (Kaup) 199	niveigularis, Sch 214
sulphuratus (Linn.) 200	crassirostris, Swains 214
maximiliani (Cab. & Heine) 200	dominicensis $(Gm.)$ 214
bolivianus ($Lafr$.) 200	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
75 1 7	(7.1
	tyrannus (Linn.) 216
luteiventer, Bp 201	forficata (Gm .) 217
Megarhynchus, Thunb 202	
pitangua (Linn.) 202	Family Pipridæ.
chrysocephalus (Tschudi). 202	G 1 T 11
Onychorhynchus, Fischer 202	Sub-Family Piprinæ.
mexicanus (Scl.) 202	Machæropterus, Bp 217
Myiobius, Gray 203	regulus (Hahn & Küster) 217
barbatus $(Gm.)$ 203	Chiroxiphia, Cab
nævius (<i>Bodd</i> .) 203	caudata (Shaw) 217
Pyrocephalus, Gould 203	Manacus, Briss
rubineus (Bodd.) 203	manacus (Linn.) 218
mexicanus, Scl 204	gutturosus (Desm.) 218
Empidochanes, Scl 204	vitellinus (Gould) 218
fuscatus (Wied) 204	viterinus (donta) 210
Sayornis, Bp 204	T III O
phœbe (<i>Lath.</i>) 204	Family Councide.
saya $(Bp.)$	Sub Family Tityping
nigricans (Swains.) 205	Sub-Family Tityrinæ.
cineracea (Lafr.) 205	Tityra, Vieill 219
Empidonax, Cab 206	semifasciata (Spiv), 219
pusillus (Swains. &	Platypsaris, Scl 219
Richards.) 206	atricapillus (Vieill.) 219
minimus ($Baird$) 206	homochrous (Scl.) 219
virescens, Vieill 207	albiventris, Lawr 220
flaviventris (Baird) 207	aglaiæ (<i>Lafr.</i>)
difficilis, Baird 207	Pachyrhamphus, Gray 220
flavescens, Lawr 208	viridis (Vieill.) 220
hammondi (De Vesey) 208	rufus (<i>Bodd.</i>)
Horizopus, Oberh 208	
virens (<i>Linn</i> .) 208	Sub-Family Rupicolinæ.
	0.01
7.7	Rupicola, Briss 221
	rupicola (Linn.) 221
	sanguinolenta, Gould 221
cinerascens (Lawr.) 209	Cub Family Cottneine
mexicanus $(Kaup)$ 210	Sub-Family Cotingina.
tyrannulus (P.L.S. Müll.) 210	Phibalura, Vieill 222
oberi, <i>Lawr</i> 210	flavirostris, Vieill 222
ferox $(Gm.)$	Pipreola, Swains 222
lawrencei (Giraud) 211	riefferi (Boiss.) 222
nigricapillus, Ridgw 211	
stolidus (Gosse) 211	Sub-Family Gymnoderinæ.
barbirostris (Swains.) 211	· ·
Empidonomus, Cab. & Heine. 212	Pyroderus, Gray 223
varius (Vieill.) 212	granadensis ($Lafr.$) 223 orenocensis ($Lafr.$) 223
inca (Scl.) 212	orenocensis (Lafr.) 223

Page		Page
Family Phytotomide.	albilinea (Lawr.)	235
Phytotoma, Moling 223	meyeni $(Bp.)$	235
	bicolor (Vieill.)	
rara, Molina 223	thalassinus (Swains.)	236
rutila, Vieill 224	Phedina, Bp.	236
	mada mananianai. Hauti	
Family PITTIDÆ.	madagascariensis, Hartl.	
Anthocinela, Blyth 224	Hirundo, Schaeffer	236
phornoi Phili	rustica, Linn	237
phayrei, Blyth 224	gutturalis, Scop	238
Hydrornis, Blyth	savignii, Steph	238
nipalensis (Hodgs.) 224	erythrogaster, Bodd	238
Pitta, Vieill	tahitica, Gm	239
cyanea, $Blyth$ 225	javanica, Sparrm	239
cyanoptera, Temm 225	neoxena, Gould	239
megarhyncha, Schl 226	albigularis, Strickl	240
brachvura (Linn.) 226	dimidiata, Sundev	240
strepitans, Temm. 226 mackloti, Temm. 227	smithi, Leach	240
mackloti, Temm 227		241
finschi, Ramsay 227	cucullata, Bodd	
atricapilla, Less 227	rufula, Temm	241
mülleri, Bp	nipalensis, Hodys	242
mülleri, \hat{B}_{p}	erythropygia, Sykes	242
cucullata, Hartl 228	Cheramœca, Cab	243
Eucichla, Cab. & Heine 228	leucosternum (Gould)	243
cyanura (Bodd.) 228	Progne, Boie	243
	purpurea (Linn.)	-243
Family Philepittidæ.	hesperia, Brewst	243
Philepitta, Geoffr 229	furcata, Baird	244
jala (Bodd.) 229	chalybea (Gm.)	244
jala (<i>Bodd.</i>) 229	tapera (Linn.)	
	Atticora, Boie	
Sub-Order ACROMYODI.	cinerea (Gm.)	245
70	cyanoleuca (Fieill.)	245
Passeres Normales.	pileata, Gould	245
33 - 13 - 3 V	fucata (Temm.)	245
Family Hirundinidæ.	Petrochelidon, Cab	246
Cub Esmila III	nigricans (Vieill.)	246
Sub-Family Hirundininæ.	pyrrhonota (Vieill.)	246
Chelidonaria, Reichenow 229	swainsoni, Scl	247
urbica ($Linn$.)	fulva (Vieill.)	
cashmiriensis (Gould) 230	spilodera (Sundev.)	247
dasypus $(Bp.)$ 230	ariel (Gould)	248
lagopus (<i>Pall.</i>) 230	fluvicola (Blyth)	248
Clivicola, T. Forster 231	Buvicola (Bigin)	240
riparia (<i>Linn.</i>) 231		
shelleyi (Sharpe) 231	Sub-Family Psalidoproci	inæ.
cineta (<i>Bodd</i> .) 232	C/ 1 *1 / 7) * 7	0.10
paludicola (Vieill.) 232	Stelgidopteryx, Baird	
coweni (Shama) 292	serripennis (Audub.)	
cowani $(Sharpe)$	ruficollis (Vieill.)	
Prynaprogram Reichard	uropygialis (<i>Lawr.</i>)	249
Ptyonoprogne, Reichenb 233		
rupestris (Scop.) 233	Family Muscicapidæ.	
obsoleta (Cab.) 233		050
fuligula (<i>Licht</i> .) 234	Hemichelidon, Hodgs	
concolor (Sykes) 234	sibirica $(Gm.)$	
Tachycineta, Cab	Micrœea, Gould	250
leucorrhous (Vieill.) 235	fascinans (Lath.)	250

Page		Page
Alseonax, Cab	Muscylva, Lesson	267
latirostris (Raffles) 251	lessoni, Jacq. & Pucher	267
(Miro, Less.	267
	albifrons $(Gm.)$	267
infuscatus (Smith) 251	Pecilodryas, Gould	268
silens (Shaw) 252	sub-cyana (De Vis)	268
Newtonia, Schl. & Poll 252	capito (Gould) ,	268
brunneicauda ($A.Newt.$). 252	Xanthopygia, Blyth	268
Muscicapa, Linn	xanthopygia (A, Hay)	268
grisola, Linn 252	Cyanoptila, Blyth	269
Hedymela, Sundev 254	bella (A. Hay)	269
atricapilla (<i>Linn</i> .) 254	Ochromela, Blyth	269
collaris (Bechst.) 255	nigrirufa (Jerd.)	
Sinhia, Hodas,	Tarsiger, Hodgs.	
T and a second		
The same same same same same same same sam	chrysæus, Hodgs	970
Cyornis, Blyth	Polioptila, Sclater	270
rubeculoides (Vig.) 256	cærulea (<i>Linn.</i>)	
tickelliæ, Blyth 256	dumicola (Vieill.)	
magnirostris, Blyth 257	californica, Brewster	271
Digenea, Hodgs 257	albiloris, Scl. & Salv.,	271
leucomelanura, Hodys 257	Parisoma, Swains	271
Niltava, Hodgs 257	subcæruleum (Vieill.)	271
grandis, $Blyth$	layardi, Hartl	
sundara, Hodgs 258	Batis, Boie	0 = 0
0.70	capensis (Linn.)	
	Hypothymis, Boie	
	Trypothymis, Dote	272
7	azurea (Bodd.)	
phœnicea, Gould 259	occipitalis (Vig.)	273
multicolor $(Gm.)$	tytleri (Beavan)	
rhodinogaster (Drap.) 260	Todopsis, Bp	. 273
rosea, Gould 260	cyanocephala (Q. & G.).	. 273
goodenovii (Vig. & Horsf.) 260	Trochocercus, Cab	. 274
bicolor (Vig. & Horsf.) 261	bourbonnensis (P. L. &).
toitoi (Garn.) 261	Müll.)	. 274
macrocephala (Gm.) 262	Rhipidura, Vig. & Horsf	. 274
vittata (Q. & G.) 262	flabellifera (Gm.)	
Poliomyias, Sharpe 262	albiscapa, Gould	
luteola ($Pall$.)	diemenensis, Sharpe	
	nebulosa, Peale	43 500 500
1		
	fuliginosa (Sparrm.)	
samarensis, Bourns &	albicollis (Vieill.)	
Worcester 263	rufifrons (Lath.)	
hyperythra $(Blyth)$ 263	cyaniceps (Cass.)	. 276
westermanni, Sharpe 264	perlata, S. Müll	. 277
Smicrornis, Gould 264	javanica (Sparrm.)	. 277
brevirostris, Gould 264	nigritorquis, Vig pectoralis (Jerd.)	. 277
Gerygone, Gould 264	pectoralis (Jerd.)	. 278
albigularis (Gould) 264		. 278
Pseudogerygone, Sharpe 265		. 279
igata (Q , S , G .) 265		
culicivora (Gould) 265		
	1	0000
fusca (Gould) 266		
albifrontata (Gray) 266		
chrysogaster (Gray) 267	mutata (Linn.)	281

. Page	Page
perspicillata, Swains 281	Edoliisoma, Jacq. & Pucher 295
princeps (Temm.) 281	cærulescens (Blyth) 295
Rhinomyias, Sharpe 282	
pectoralis (Salvad.) 282	
	lugubris (Sundev.) 296
albigularis, Bourns &	melanoptera (Rüpp.) 296
Worcester 282	Pericrocotus, Boie 296
gularis, Sharpe 282	speciosus (Lath.) 296
Culicicapa, Swinh 283	flammeus (Forst.) 297
ceylonensis (Swains.) 283	peregrinus (Linn.) 297
	brevirostris (Vig.) 297
nitida, Gould 283	roseus (Vieill.) 298
vanicorensis (Q. S. G.) 284	griseigularis, Gould 298
melanura, Gray 284	cinereus, Lafr 298
pluto, Finsch 284	cantonensis, Swinh 299
oceanica, Jacq. & Pucher 285	erythropygius (Jerd.) 299
Cryptolopha, Swains 285	Lalage, Boic
ricketti, Slater 285	sykesi, Strickl 299
xanthoschista (Hodgs.) 285	tricolor, Swains 300
poliogenys (Blyth) 286	terat (<i>Bodd</i> .) 300
sinensis, Rickett 286	pacifica $(Gm.)$ 301
Abrornis, Hodgs 286	leucomelæna (Vig. &
schisticeps, Hodgs 286	Horsf.) 301
	Diaphoropterus, Oberh 301
albigularis, Moore 287	leucopygius, Gould 301
fulvifacies, Swinh 287	
Sisura, Vig. & Horsf 287	Family Pycnonotidæ.
inquieta (<i>Lrth.</i>) 287	Family I ICNOROTIDEE.
Piezorhynchus, Gould 288	Ægithina, Vieill 302
chalybeocephalus (Garn.) 288	tiphia (<i>Linn.</i>) 302
nitidus, Gould 288	viridis $(Bp.)$ 302
	Chloropsis, Jard. & Selby 303
	Chioropsis, Juru. S. Setoy 30.5
gouldi (<i>Gray</i>) 289	jerdoni (Blyth) 303
verticalis, Sclater 289	Irena, Horsf 303
guttulatus (Garn.) 289	puella (<i>Lath.</i>) 303
Ioricatus (Wall.) 290	Hypsipetes, Vig 304
Monarcha, Vig. & Horsf 290	psaroides, Vig 304
melanopsis (Vicill.) 290	concolor, Blyth 304
	ganeesa, Sykes 305
indigo (Horsf.) 290	
albicaudata (Jerd.) 291	leucocephalus $(Gm.)$ 305
melanops $(Vig.)$	amaurotis (Temm.) 306
sordida (Walden) 292	pryeri, <i>Stejn</i> 308
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ixocinela, Blyth 306
	madagascariénsis (P. L.
Family Campophagidæ.	S. Müll.) 306
Tamily Camportage Die.	Hemixus, Hodgs 307
Pteropodocys, Gould 292	malassansis (Plath) 907
	malaccensis (Blyth) 307
phasianella (Gould) 292	Iole, Blyth
Graucalus, Cuv 292	philippensis $(Gm.)$ 307
cinereus (P. L. S. Müll.) . 292	mindorensis, Steere 307
melanops (Lath.) 293	macclellandi (Horsf.) 307
parvirostris, Gould 293	Poliolophus, Sharpe 308
macei, Less 294	urostietus (Salvad.) 308
hypoleucus, Gould 294	Criniger, Temm 308
mentalis. Vig. & Horst 295	
lineatus (Swains.) 295	salangæ, Sharpe 309

SYSTEMATIC INDEX.

73	D
Alophoixus, Oates 309	Page aurigaster (Vieill.) 316
ZZIO PIIO III III II II II II II II II II II I	
phæocephalus (Hartl.) 309	analis (Horsf.) 316
Alcurus, Blyth 309	goiavier (<i>Scop.</i>) 316
striatus, Blyth 309	luteolus (Less.) 317
Trachycomus, Cab 310	finalaysoni, Strickl 317
ochrocephalus $(Gm.)$ 310	davisoni (Hume) 317
Bleda, Bp 310	barbatus (<i>Desf.</i>) 318
icterica (Strickl.) 310	arsinoë (Hempr. & Ehr.), 318
Andropadus, Swains 310	sinensis $(Gm.)$ 318
importunus (Vieill.) 310	blanfordi, Jerd 319
flavescens, Hartl 311	plumosus, Blyth 319
Molpastes, Hume 311	simplex, Less 320
fuscus (P. L. S. Müll.) 311	Xanthixus, Oates 320
burmanicus (Sharpe) 313	flavescens (Blyth) 320
atricapillus (Vieill.) 313	Otocompsa, Cab 320
pygæus, Hodgs 314	emeria (<i>Linn.</i>) 320
intermedius (A. Hay) 314	fuscicaudata, Gould 321
Pyenonotus, Boie 314	leucogenys (Gr. & Hardw.) 321
capensis (Linn.) 315	leucotis (Gould) 322
	flaviventris (<i>Tickell</i>) 323
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
xanthopygus (Hempr. &	cinereicapillus, Swinh 323
Ehr.) 315	

ERRATA.

Page 221. Rupicola rupicola.

[For "Plate VI. fig. 18" read "fig. 17."]

Page 228. Pitta mülleri.

For "Plate VI. fig. 17" read "fig. 18."

CATALOGUE

OF

BIRDS' EGGS.

VOL. III.

Sub-Class CARINATÆ.

Order PSITTACIFORMES.

The eggs of the Parrots are invariably plain white. The shell is firm and compact in texture and frequently pitted with small pores. Typically the eggs are of an oval shape, but in every series specimens of an elliptical or spheroidal form are to be met with. The shell seldom exhibits any large amount of gloss, and the eggs of the majority of the species are completely devoid of it.

Family NESTORIDÆ.

Genus NESTOR, Wagl.

Nestor notabilis, Gould.

Nestor notabilis, Potts, Tr. N. Z. Inst. iii. p. 86 (1870); Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 166 (1888); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 4 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 1 (1900).

The eggs of the Kea Parrot measure from 1.63 to 1.72 in length, and from 1.22 to 1.32 in breadth.

New Zealand.
 Waia River, New Zealand, Jan.

Crowley Bequest.

Nestor meridionalis (Gm.).

Nestor meridionalis, Potts, Tr. N. Z. Inst. ii. p. 64 (1869); iii. p. 81 (1870); Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 150 (1888); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 5 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 1 (1900).

The eggs of the Kaka Parrot measure from 1.5 to 1.75 in length, and from 1.21 to 1.27 in breadth.

New Zealand.

Crowley Bequest.

Wilberforce River, New Zealand, 5. Jan. (Field Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Family LORIIDÆ.

Genus TRICHOGLOSSUS, Vig. & Horsf.

Trichoglossus novæ-hollandiæ (Gm.).

Trichoglossus multicolor, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 93 (1865). Trichoglossus novæhollandiæ, North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 266, pl. xiv. fig. 8 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 57 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 174 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 5 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 592 (1901).

The eggs of the Blue-bellied Lorikeet measure from 1.07 to 1.1 in length, and from .81 to .89 in breadth.

1. Australia.

Crowley Bequest.

Moreton Bay, Queensland.

Gould Coll.

Dawson River, Queensland, 28th Aug. Crowley Bequest. (North Coll.).

1. New South Wales.

Gould Coll.

Genus PSITTEUTELES, B_D .

Psitteuteles chlorolepidotus (Kuhl).

Trichoglossus chlorolepidotus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 96 (1865); North, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S. W. (2) ii. p. 986 (1887); id. Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 267, pl. xiv. fig. 12 (1889).

Psitteuteles chlorolepidotus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 65 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 6 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 594 (1901).

An egg of the Scaly-breasted Lorikeet in the Collection measures 1.02 by ·81.

1. Queensland, Nov. (North Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus GLOSSOPSITTACUS, Bp.

Glossopsittacus concinnus (Shaw).

Glossopsitta australis, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 100 (1865);

North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 268 (1889).
Glossopsittacus concinnus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 69 (1891);
Sharpe, Hand-1, ii. p. 6 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 595 (1901).

Three eggs of the Musk-Lorikeet measure respectively: 97 by ·78: ·93 by ·75; ·9 by ·77.

3. Australia.

Crowley Bequest.

Glossopsittacus pusillus (Shaw).

Glossopsitta pusilla, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 104 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 268 (1889).

Glossopsittacus pusillus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 71 (1891); Nehrk, Kat. Eiersamml, p. 174 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 6 (1900); Cumpbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 597 (1901).

The eggs of the Little Lorikect measure from .74 to .79 in length, and from .64 to .68 in breadth.

3. Dawson River, Queensland, 18th Sept. (North Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

2. Murray River, Victoria, 30th Sept. Crowley Bequest. (North Coll.).

Genus HYPOCHARMOSYNA, Salvad.

Hypocharmosyna wilhelminæ (A. B. Meyer).

Psitteuteles wilhelminæ, Gould, Birds New Guinea, v. pl. 19 (1876). Hypocharmosyna wilhelminæ, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 73 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 6 (1900).

The eggs of Wilhelmina's Lorikeet in the Collection measure respectively: .67 by .53; .66 by .53.

2. S.E. New Guinea.

Herr Weiske [C.].

Family CACATUIDÆ.

Sub-Family CACATUINÆ.

Genus MICROGLOSSUS, Vieill.

Microglossus aterrimus (Gm.).

Microglossum aterrimum, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 27 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 254 (1889).

Microglossus aterrimus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 103 (1891); Le Souëf, Ibis, 1898, p. 56; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 9 (1900); Camplell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 600 (1901).

An egg of the Palm Cockatoo in the Collection measures 1.86 by 1.48.

1. Cape York, N. Australia.

Gould Coll.

Genus CALYPTORHYNCHUS, Vig. & Horsf.

Calyptorhynchus baudini, Viq.

Calyptorhynchus baudini, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 25 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 253 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 196 (1891); Le Souëf, Vict. Nat. xvi. p. 102 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 10 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 601 (1901).

An egg of the White-tailed Cockatoo measures 1.9 by 1.43.

1. West Australia (G. J. Bostock: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Calyptorhynchus funereus (Shaw).

Calyptorhynchus funereus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 20 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 253 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 107 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 10 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 602 (1901).

Three eggs of the Funereal Cockatoo measure respectively: 1.81 by 1.3; 1.94 by 1.4; 1.99 by 1.37.

Dawson River, Queensland, 11th Crowley Bequest. Jan. (North Coll.).

Port Lincoln, S. Australia (G. Gould Coll. French Anyas).

Calyptorhynchus stellatus, Wagl.

Calyptorhynchus naso, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 17 (1865);

North, Nests & Egys Austr. Birds, p. 252 (1889). Calyptorhynchus stellatus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 111 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 10 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 608 (1901).

An egg of the Western Black Cockatoo in the Collection measures 1.81 by 1.4.

1. Fink River, Central Australia. Crowley Bequest.

Calyptorhynchus viridis (Vieill.).

Calyptorhynchus leachii, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 18 (1865). Calyptorhynchus viridis, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 112 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 10 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 609 (1901).

An egg of Leach's Cockatoo in the Collection is considerably larger than typical eggs of this species, the dimensions of which are given by Mr. Campbell. It measures 1.82 by 1.32.

1. Wambangalang, New South Wales, Crowley Bequest, April (A. J. North).

Genus CACATUA, Vieill.

Cacatua galerita (Lath.).

Psittacus galeritus, Thien, Fortpflanz, ges. Vög. p. 78, tab. xiv. fig. 13 (1845-54).

Cacatua galerita, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 2 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 250 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 116 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 174 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 10 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 611 (1901).

The eggs of the Greater Sulphur-crested Cockatoo measure from 1.69 to 2.16 in length, and from 1.14 to 1.37 in breadth.

2. Australia.

2. Dawson River, Queensland, 16th Sept. (North Coll.).

1. Deniliquin, New South Wales, 16th Aug. (North Coll.).

3. South Australia.

1. North Queensland, 14th June.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Cacatua sulphurea (Gm.).

Cacatua sulphurea, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 121 (1891); Meyer & Wiglesworth, Birds Celebes, i. p. 128 (1898); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 174 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 10 (1900).

An egg of the Lesser Sulphur-crested Cockatoo in the Collection measures 1.6 by 1.12.

1. Celebes (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Cacatua leadbeateri (Vig.).

Cacatua leadbeateri, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 5 (1865); North,
 Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 251, pl. 14. fig. 2 (1889); Salvadori,
 Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 123 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 11 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 612 (1901).

Two eggs of Leadbeater's Cockatoo measure respectively: 1.42 by 1.11; 1.37 by 1.05.

2. Ivanhoe, New South Wales, 10th Crowley Bequest. Aug. (A. J. North).

Cacatua goffini (Finsch).

Cacatua goffini, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 129 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 11 (1900).

Two eggs of Goffin's Cockatoo measure respectively: 1.56 by 1.1; 1.52 by 1.17.

[Laid in confinement.]
 [Laid in confinement, 19th Sept.]
 Crowley Bequest.

Cacatua ducorpsi, Jacq. & Pucher.

Cacatua ducorpsi, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 129 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 11 (1900).

Two eggs of Ducorps's Cockatoo measure respectively: 1.47 by 1.1; 1.48 by 1.1.

1. Solomon Islands. 1. [Laid in confinement.] Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Cacatua roseicapilla, Vieill.

Cacatua roseicapilla, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 8 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 251, pl. xiv. fig. 3 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 132 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 11 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 617 (1901).

Three eggs of the Roseate Cockatoo measure respectively: 1.4 by 1; 1.36 by 1.1; 1.3 by 1.

3. New South Wales, 13th Sept. (A. J. North).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus LICMETIS, Wayl.

Licmetis pastinator, Gould.

Liemetis pastinator, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 12 (1865); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 134 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 11 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 620 (1901).

Two eggs of the Western Slender-billed Cockatoo measure respectively: 1.69 by 1.2; 1.65 by 1.18.

2. West Australia.

Gould Coll.

Sub-Family CALOPSITTACINE.

Genus CALOPSITTACUS, Less.

Calopsittacus novæ-hollandiæ (Gm.).

Calopsitta novæ-hollandiæ, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 84 (1865);

North, Nests & Engs Austr. Birds, p. 254, pl. xiv. fig. 9 (1889).
Calopsittacus novæ-hollandiæ, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 135 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 175 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 11 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 621 (1901).

The eggs of the Cockateel measure from .95 to 1.13 in length, and from .68 to .83 in breadth.

1. Australia.

2. Australia.

Old Collection. E. A. Smith, Esq. [P.]. 2. Australia (Gould Coll.).

2. New South Wales.

2. Lachlan River, N S.W., 21st Sept. (A. J. North).

2. South Australia.

1. Tasmania.

2. Laid in confinement (Zool. Gardens, London).

2. Laid in confinement (Zool. Gardens, London).

Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll.

Gould Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Family PSITTACIDÆ.

Sub-Family NASITERNINÆ.

Genus NASITERNA, Wagl.

Nasiterna pusio, Scl.

Nasiterna pusio, Gould, Birds New Guinea, v. pl. 26 (1878); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M., xx. p. 144 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 175 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 12 (1900).

An egg of the Solomon Islands Pigmy Parrot in the Collection measures ·62 by ·52.

1. S.E. New Guinea.

Herr Weiske [C.].

Sub-Family CONURINÆ.

Genus ARA, Cuvier.

Ara ararauna (Linn.).

Ara ararauna, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 152 (1891); Sclater,
Ibis, 1895, p. 145; Salv. & Godm. Biol Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 564 (1897); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 175 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 13 (1900).

Ara arauna, von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 264 (1900).

The eggs of the Blue-and-Yellow Macaw in the Collection measure respectively: 1.6 by 1.25; 1.77 by 1.22; 1.9 by 1.38.

2. Laid in confinement, Tours, France, 28th July (H. H. Sharland).

P. L. Sclater, Esq. [P.].

1. Guiana (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Ara militaris (Linn.).

Ara militaris, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 158 (1891); Sclater, Ibis, 1895, p. 145; Salv. § Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 566 (1897); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 175 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 13 (1900).

The eggs of the Military Macaw in the Collection measure respectively: 1.83 by 1.17; 1.8 by 1.41.

- Laid in confinement, Tours, France, P. L. Sclater, Esq. [P.]. June (H. H. Sharland).
- 1. Mazatlan, Mexico (A. Forrer). Crowley Bequest.

Ara hahni (Souancé).

Ara hahni, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 168 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 14 (1900).

An egg of Hahn's Macaw in the Collection is in a very imperfect condition, and measures about 1.06 by .87.

 Laid in confinement, Castle Eden, Durham.
 R. Morton Middleton, Esq., Jun. [P.].

Genus CONURUS, Kuhl.

Conurus canicularis (Linn.).

Conurus canicularis, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 201 (1891); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 577 (1897); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 175 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 16 (1900).

Two eggs of the Red and Blue-headed Conure measure respectively: 1.05 by .83; 1 by .8.

2. Mazatlan, Mexico (A. Forrer). Crowley Bequest.

Genus CONUROPSIS, Salvadori,

Conuropsis carolinensis (Linn.).

- Conurus carolinensis, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 587 (1874); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 1, pl. i. fig. 1 (1895).
- Conuropsis carolinensis, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 203 (1891); Nehrle. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 175 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 16 (1900).

An egg of the Carolina Paroquet in the Collection measures 1.42 by 1.15.

1. North America (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus HENICOGNATHUS, Gray.

Henicognathus leptorhynchus (King).

Henicognathus leptorhynchus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 209 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 16 (1900).

An egg of the Slender-billed Paroquet in the Collection measures 1.19 by .98.

1. Chile.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus MYOPSITTACUS, Bp.

Myopsittacus monachus (Bodd.).

Bolborhynchus monachus, Dalgleish, Proc. Roy. Phys. Soc. Edin. viii. p. 84 (1883-5); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 43 (1889); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 203; Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 192.

Myopsittacus monachus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 231 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 175 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 18 (1900); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 264 (1900).

The eggs of the Grey-breasted Paroquet measure from 1.03 to 1.14 in length, and from .76 to .85 in breadth.

3. Argentine Republic, Oct.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

2. South America.

Genus BOLBORHYNCHUS, Bp.

Bolborhynchus aurifrons (Less.).

Bolborhynchus aurifrons, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 236 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 176 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 18 (1900).

An egg of the Golden-fronted Paroquet, laid in confinement, measures 1.1 by .79.

1. Laid in confinement.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PSITTACULA, Ill.

Psittacula cœlestis (Less.).

Psittacula cœlestis, Tacz. P. Z. S. 1877, p. 753; Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 241 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 176 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 18 (1900).

An egg of the Peruvian Green Paroquet measures '79 by '64.

1. Peru (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Psittacula passerina (Linn.).

Psittacula passerina, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 245 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 176 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 19 (1900); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 265 (1900).

The egg of the Passerine Paroquet in the Collection measures 82 by ·72.

1. Brazil (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus BROTOGERYS, Viq.

Brotogerys tirica (Gm.).

Brotogerys tirica, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 254 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 176 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 19 (1900); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 265 (1900).

An egg of the Long-tailed Green Paroquet measures .97 by .83.

1. Sta. Catherina, Brazil.

Crowley Bequest.

Brotogerys chiriri (Vieill.).

Brotogerys xanthopterus, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1873, p. 300. Brotogerys chiriri, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 255 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 19 (1900).

An egg of the Orange-winged Paroquet in the Collection measures '91 by '75.

1. Upper Ucayali River (E. Bartlett: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Brotogerys devillei (Gray).

Brotogerys devillei, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 261 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 176 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 19 (1900); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 265 (1900).

The egg of the Orange-throated Paroquet measures .89 by .78.

1. Peru (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Brotogerys gustavi, Berlepsch.

Brotogerys gustavi, *Salvadori*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* xx. p. 262 (1891); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 176 (1899); *Sharpe*, *Hand-l.* ii. p. 19 (1900).

An egg of Berlepsch's Paroquet measures 1.0 by .75.

1. Peru (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Family PIONINÆ.

Genus AMAZONA, Less.

Amazona finschi (Scl.).

Chrysotis finschi, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 298 (1891); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 589 (1897); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 176 (1899).

Amazona finschi, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 21 (1900).

The eggs of Finseh's Amazon in the Collection measure respectively: 1.5 by 1.16; 1.45 by 1.15.

2. Mazatlan, Mexico (A. Forrer). Crowley Bequest.

Amazona albifrons (Sparrm.).

Chrysotis albifrons, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 311 (1891); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 593 (1897).

Amazona albifrons, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 22 (1900).

Two eggs of the White-browed Amazon measure respectively: 1.2 by .88; 1.18 by .9.

2. Mazatlan, Mexico, 27th May Crowley Bequest. (A. Forrer).

Genus PIONUS, Wagl.

Pionus menstruus (Linn.).

Pionus menstruus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 322 (1891); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 595 (1897); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 176 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 265 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 22 (1900).

The egg of the Red-vented Parrot in the Collection measures 1.4 by 1.08.

1. Medellin, Antioquia.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PŒOCEPHALUS, Swains.

Pœocephalus fuscicapillus (Verr. & Des Murs).

Perocephalus fuscicapillus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 368 (1891); Sharpe, Ibis, 1897, p. 502; id. Hand-l. ii. p. 25 (1900).

Green-and-Yellow Parrot, R. B. & J. D. S. Woodward, Ibis, 1898, p. 228.

The egg of the Brown-necked Parrot in the Collection measures 1.07 by .9.

1. Zulu-land, S. Africa.

R. B. & J. D. S. Woodward [C.].

Sub-Family PSITTACINÆ.

Genus PSITTACUS, Linn.

Psittacus erythacus, Linn.

Psittacus erythacus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 377 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 176 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 26 (1900).

The eggs of the Grey Parrot measure from 1.39 to 1.5 in length. and from 1.11 to 1.23 in breadth.

2. Laid in confinement.

Old Collection.

3. Laid in confinement.

W. Stringer, Esq. [P.]. G. Ormerod, Esq. [P.].

Laid in confinement.
 Laid in confinement.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus CORACOPSIS, Wagl.

Coracopsis vaza (Shaw).

Coracopsis obscura, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. i. p. 1, pl. 301. fig. 1 (1879).

Coracopsis vasa, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 381 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 176 (1899).
Coracopsis vaza, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 27 (1900).

The eggs of the Vaza Parrot measure from 1.75 to 1.86 in length, and from 1.29 to 1.35 in breadth.

7. Madagascar.

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Family PALÆORNITHINÆ.

Genus ECLECTUS, Wagl.

Eclectus pectoralis (P. L. S. Müll.).

Eclectus polychlorus, Layard, Ibis, 1880, p. 301.

Eclectus pectoralis, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 389 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 177 (1893); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 27 (1900).

Two eggs of the Red-sided Eelectus measure respectively: 1.55 by 1.2; 1.47 by 1.2.

2. Duke of York Island, June (E. L. Crowley Bequest. Layard: Tristram Coll.).

Eclectus roratus (P. L. S. Müll.).

Eclectus roratus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 393 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 177 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 27 (1900).

An egg of the Grand Eelectus in the Collection measures 1.45 by 1.2.

1. Moluccas (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PALÆORNIS, Vig.

Palæornis indoburmanica, Hume.

Palæornis eupatrius, Oâtes ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 82, part. (1890).

Palæornis indoburmanica, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 438 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 177 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 31 (1900).

Paleornis indoburmanicus, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 248 (1900).

The eggs of the Large Burmese Parrakeet measure from 1.3 to 1.4 in length, and from 1 to 1.05 in breadth.

Pegu, 25th Feb. (E. W. Oates).
 Pegu, 25th Feb. (E. W. O.).

Hume Coll. Seebohm Coll.

4. Wippetan, Tenasserim, 10th Dec. (J. Darling).

Hume Coll.

Palæornis torquata (Bodd.).

Palæornis torquatus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 171 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 85 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 250 (1895).

Palæornis torquata, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 443 (1891);

Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 31 (1900).

The eggs of the Rose-ringed Parrakeet measure from 1.05 to 1.37 in length, and from .87 to 1.02 in breadth.

14.	Sambhur Lake, Rajputana, 23rd	Hume Coll.
5.	March (R. M. Adam). Sambhur Lake, 25th March (R.	Hume Coll.
	M. A.).	
1.	Jodhpur, 1st April.	Hume Coll.
4.	Jeypur, 23rd March.	Hume Coll.
3,	Jeypur, 27th March.	Hume Coll.
5.	Delhi, 10th Sept. (C.T. Bingham).	Hume Coll.
1.	Etawah, 25th Feb.	Hume Coll.
1.	Etawah, 1st March.	Hume Coll.
1;	Etawah, 6th March.	Hume Coll.
1.	Etawah, 12th March.	Hume Coll.

1. Etawah, 16th Feb. (W. E. Brooks: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

3. Lucknow, 10th March. Hume Coll. Lucknow, 17th March. 6. Hume Coll.

Nimbhera, 1st March. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.]. W. Radeliffe Saunders, Esq. 3. Nimbhera.

[P.] Central India, 1st March (R. C. Crowley Bequest.

Beavan: Tristram Coll.). Sikhim Terai, 18th April.

Pegu, 25th Feb. (*E. W. Oates*).

Pegu, 28th Jan. (*E. W. O.*). Hume Coll. 1. Seebohm Coll. 1. Oates Coll. Pegu, 7th Feb. (E. W. O.). Oates Coll.

Pegu, 14th Feb. (E. W. O.). 1. Oates Coll. Pegu, 8th March (E. W. O.). Oates Coll.

Palæornis cyanocephala (Linn.).

Palæornis cyanocephalus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 174 (1878); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 251 (1895).

Palæornis purpureus, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 87 (1890).

Palæornis cyanocephala, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 448 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 31 (1900).

The eggs of the Western Blossom-headed Parrakeet measure from .9 to 1.03 in length, and from .74 to .84 in breadth.

Hansi, Punjab, 24th March. 3. Hume Coll. 1. Rajputana, 14th April. Hume Coll. 3. Gurhwal, 7th April. Hume Coll. Saharunpur, N.W. Provs., 12th March. Hume Coll. 2. Allahabad, 6th April. Hume Coll. Fyzabad. Hume Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Central India, 12th March (R C. Beavan: Tristram Coll.).

Palæornis rosa (Bodd.).

Palæornis cyanocephalus, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 88 (1900).

Palæornis rosa, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 453 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 252 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 177 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 31 (1900).

The eggs of the Eastern Blossom-headed Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: '93 by '78; '93 by '82; '94 by '78; '94 by '79.

Pegu, 22nd Feb. (E. W. Oates).
 Pegu, 22nd Feb. (E. W. O.).
 Pegu, 2nd March (E. W. O.).
 Crowley Bequest.

Palæornis schisticeps, Hodgs.

Palæornis schisticeps, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii, p. 89 (1890); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 456 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 253 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 31 (1900).

The eggs of the Slaty-headed Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: 1.07 by .87; 1.05 by .86; 1.09 by .89.

Murri, N.W. Himalayas, 14th April (C. H. T. Marshall).
 Himalayas, 14th April. Hume Coll. Humalayas, 16th May. Hume Coll.

Palæornis peristerodes, Finsch.

Palæornis columboides, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 89 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 255 (1895).

Palæornis peristerodes, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 460 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 177 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 32 (1900).

The two eggs of the Blue-winged Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: 1.07 by .89; 1.08 by .9.

2. Travancore, S. India, 16th Feb. Hume Coll. (F. Bourdillon).

Palæornis fasciata (P. L. S. Miill.).

Palæomis fasciatus, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 90 (1890); Blanf. Fanna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 256 (1895).

Palæornis fasciata, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 464 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 177 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 32 (1900).

The eggs of the Red-breasted Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: 1.22 by .94; 1.13 by .95.

 Zammee River, Tenasserim, 18th Hume Coll. Feb. (C. T. Bingham).

1. Laid in confinement. Hume Coll.

Genus PTISTES, Gould.

Ptistes erythropterus (Gm.).

Ptistes erythropterus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 37 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 255, pl. xiv. fig. 5 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 481 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 177 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 33 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 626 (1901).

Ptistes coccineopterus, Le Souëf, Ibis, 1899, p. 360; id. Vict. Nat. xvi.

p. 71 (1899).

The eggs of the Red-winged Parrakeet measure from 1.11 to 1.2 in length, by 1 in breadth.

1. Rockhampton, Queensland, 9th Oct. (North Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

3. Dawson River, Queensland, 2nd Oct. (North Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

2. New South Wales.

Gould Coll.

Genus APROSMICTUS, Gould.

Aprosmictus cyanopygius (Vieill.).

Aprosmictus scapulatus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 35 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 255 (1889).

Aprosmictus evanopygius, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 486 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 177 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 33 (1900); Robinson & Laverock, Ihis, 1900, p. 644; Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 628 (1901).

The eggs of the King Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: 1.38 by 1.15; 1.37 by 1.15.

2. New South Wales.

Gould Coll.

Genus PYRRHULOPSIS, Reichenb.

Pyrrhulopsis splendens (Peale).

Platycercus splendens, Finsch & Hartl. Faum. Centr.-Polyn. p. 20, tab. ii. fig. 2 (1867); Layard, P. Z. S. 1875, p. 425; Nehrk. J. f. O. 1879, p. 394.

Pyrrhulopsis splendens, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 493 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 177 (1899).

Three eggs of the Shining Parrakeet measure respectively: 1.51 by 1.2; 1.47 by 1.19; 1.46 by 1.16.

Fiji Islands, 8th Aug.
 Fiji Islands, 7th Sept.
 Fiji Islands, 10th Sept.

(E. L. Layard: Tristram Coll.).
Crowley Bequest.

Pyrrhulopsis personata (Gray).

Platycercus personatus, *Layard*, *P. Z. S.* 1875, p. 425; *Nehrk. J. f. O.* 1879, p. 394.

Pyrrhulopsis personata, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 497 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 177 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 34 (1900).

Two eggs of the Masked Parrakeet measure respectively; 1.52 by 1.2; 1.52 by 1.21.

2. Fiji Islands, 10th Sept. (E. L. Crowley Bequest. Layard: Tristram Coll.).

Genus AGAPORNIS, Selby.

Agapornis roseicollis (Vieill.).

Psittacula roseicollis, Anderss. Birds Dam. Land, p. 216 (1872).

Agapornis roseicollis, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 192 (1875-84); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 512 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 35 (1900).

An egg of the Rosy-faced Love-bird measures 93 by 7.

1. Ovampo-land, S. Africa (C. J. Andersson: Tristram Coll.).

Genus LORICULUS, Blyth.

Loriculus vernalis (Sparrm.).

Loriculus vernalis, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 92 (1890); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 517 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 200 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 35 (1900).

The eggs of the Indian Loriquet measure from '68 to '78 in length, and from '58 to '63 in breadth,

2. Travancore, S. India, 15th March Hume Coll. (F. Bourdillon).

3. Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 24th Hume Coll. Feb. (C. T. Bingham).

1. Port Mouat, Andamans, 19th April Hume Coll. (W. Davison).

Loriculus indicus (Gm.).

Loriculus indicus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 180 (1878); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 526 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 262 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 36 (1900).

Two eggs of the Ceylon Loriquet measure respectively: '8 by '61; '79 by '62.

 Ceylon, 2500 feet, 9th March Crowley Bequest. (A. L. Butler).

Loriculus galgulus (Linn.).

Loricu'us galgulus, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 325; Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 531 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 36 (1900).

Three eggs of the Blue-crowned Loriquet measure respectively: '7 by '6; '7 by '59; '7 by '52.

3. Labuan, Borneo.

Sir Hugh Low [C.].

Loriculus stigmatus (S. Müll. & Schl.).

Loriculus stigmatus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 535 (1891); Meyer & Wiglesworth, Birds Celebes, i. p. 158 (1898); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l, ii. p. 36 (1900).

An egg of the Celebean Loriquet measures ·83 by ·67.

1. Kurukan, Celebes (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Family PLATYCERCINÆ.

Genus PLATYCERCUS, Vig.

Platycercus elegans (Gm.).

Platycercus pennantii, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 44 (1865); North, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, p. 257, pl. xiv. fig. 6 (1889). Platycercus elegans, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 541 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 37 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Egys Austr. Birds, ii. p. 629 (1901).

The eggs of Pennant's Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: 1·1 by ·93; 1·11 by ·91.

2. Cape Otway, Victoria (E. P. Crowley Bequest. Seymour).

Platycercus adelaidæ, Gould.

Platycercus adelaidensis, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 46 (1865). Platycercus adelaidæ, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 543 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 37 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 631 (1901).

Two eggs of the Adelaide Parrakeet measure respectively: 1.12 by .9; 1.08 by .91.

2. South Australia.

Gould Coll.

Platycercus flaviventris (Temm.).

Platycercus flaviventris, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 48 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 258 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 545 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 37 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 633 (1901). Four eggs of the Yellow-bellied Parrakeet measure respectively: 1.18 by .93; 1.07 by .85; 1.12 by .85; 1.03 by .88.

Tasmania.
 Tasmania.

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Platycercus pallidiceps, Vig.

Platycercus palliceps, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 51 (1865.) Platycercus pallidiceps, North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 258 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 547 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 37 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 633 (1901).

Five eggs of the Pale-headed Parrakeet measure respectively: 1·1 by ·91; 1·13 by ·9; 1·09 by ·9; 1·13 by ·91; 1·05 by ·89.

2. Moreton Bay, Queensland.

1. Moreton Bay (Gould Coll.).

2. Dawson River, Queensland, Oct. (North Coll.).

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Platycercus eximius, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 55 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 258 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 551 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 38 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 635 (1901).

Platycercus eximius (Shaw).

The eggs of the Rose-Hill or Rosella Parrakeet measure from 1.04 to 1.1 in length, and from .8 to .9 in breadth.

5. Australia,

3. Australia.

4. Cardington, Bell River, N.S.W. (E. P. Ramsay).

3. Hastings, Western Point, Victoria, 16th Nov. (A. J. North).

Gould Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Platycercus icterotis (Kuhl).

Platycercus icterotis, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 58 (1865); North, Nests & Eyys Austr. Birds, p. 259 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 554 (1891); Le Souëf, Ibis, 1900, p. 458; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 38 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eyys Austr. Birds, ii. p. 638 (1901).

An egg of the Yellow-eared Parrakeet measures 1 by .78.

1. Australia.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PORPHYROCEPHALUS, Reichenow.

Porphyrocephalus spurius (Kuhl).

Purpureicephalus pileatus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 60 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 259 (1889). Porphyrocephalus spurius, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 556 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 38 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 639 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-capped Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: 1.1 by .9; 1.1 by .89; 1.1 by .9.

3. Western Australia.

Gould Coll.

Genus BARNARDIUS, Bp.

Barnardius barnardi (Lath.).

Platycercus barnardi, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 40 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 256, pl. xiv. fig. 7 (1889).
Barnardius barnardi, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 558 (1891);
Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 38 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 640 (1901).

The eggs of Barnard's Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: 1.14 by .8; 1.13 by .76.

2. Laid in confinement (Zool. Gardens, London).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Barnardius semitorquatus (Q. & G.).

Platycercus semitorquatus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 42 (1865); North, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, p. 257 (1889).

Barnardius semitorquatus, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 559 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 38 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 641 (1901).

The eggs of the Yellow-collared Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: 1.21 by 9.4; 1.2 by 1; 1.2 by .98.

1. Australia. 2. South Australia. Gould Coll. Gould Coll.

Barnardius zonarius (Shaw).

Platycercus zonarius, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 43 (1865). Barnardius zonarius, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 560 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 38 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 642 (1901).

The eggs of Baur's Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: 1.17 by .91; 1.15 by .93.

2. Australia.

Gould Coll.

Genus PSEPHOTUS, Gould.

Psephotus xanthorrhous, $B\rho$.

Psephotus xanthorrhoa, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 63 (1865). Psephotus hæmatogaster, var. xanthorrhous, North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 260 (1889).

Psephotus xanthorrhous, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 563 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 38 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 643 (1901).

An egg of the Yellow-vented Parrakeet measures . 9 by . 73.

1. Australia (A. J. Campbell).

Crowley Bequest.

Psephotus multicolor (Kuhl).

Psephotus multicolor, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 58 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 261 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 566 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 39 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 647 (1901).

The egg of the Many-coloured Parrakeet in the Collection measures 85 by 72.

1. New South Wales (Nehrhorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Psephotus hæmatonotus, Gould.

Psephotus hæmatonotus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ñ. p. 69 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 262 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 567 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 39 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 648 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-rumped Parrakeet measure from *89 to 1 in length, and from *72 to *79 in breadth.

3. South Australia. Gould Coll.

1. Adelaide (E. P. Ramsay: Tris- Crowley Bequest. tram Coll.).

1. Baldery, Bogan River, N.S.W.,
18th Oct. (E. P. Ramsay:
Tristram Coll.).

 Bell River, N.S.W., 10th Sept. Crowley Bequest. (A. J. North).

2. Wellington, 10th Nov. (A. J. N.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus NEOPHEMA, Salvadori.

Neophema venusta (Temm.).

Euphema chrysostoma, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 71 (1865).
Euphema venusta, North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 262 (1889).
Neophema venusta, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 570 (1891);
Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 39 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 649 (1901).

The eggs of the Blue-winged Grass-Parrakeet measure from •9 to •94 in length, and from •73 to •79 in breadth.

 Terrick Terrick, Victoria (E. P. Crowley Bequest. Seymour).

Neophema elegans (Gould).

Euphema elegans, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 73 (1865); North,

Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 263 (1889). Neophema elegans, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 572 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 178 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 39 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 651 (1901).

Four eggs of the Elegant Grass-Parrakeet measure respectively: ·89 by ·69; ·9 by ·7; ·85 by ·72; ·86 by ·72.

2. Australia. 2. New South Wales. Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Neophema pulchella (Shaw).

Euphema pulchella, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 77 (1865); North,

Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 263 (1889).

Neophema pulchella, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 575 (1891);

Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 179 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 39 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 654 (1901).

The eggs of the Turquoisine Grass-Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: .91 by .78; .93 by .73; .9 by .76.

3. Australia.

Crowley Bequest.

Neophema splendida (Gould).

Euphema splendida, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 79 (1865). Neophema splendida, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 576 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 39 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 654 (1901).

Two eggs of the Splendid Grass-Parrakeet measure respectively: ·9 by ·67; ·89 by ·67.

2. South Australia.

Gould Coll.

Genus CYANORHAMPHUS, Bp.

Cyanorhamphus novæ-zealandiæ (Sparrm.).

Platycercus novæ-zealandiæ, Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 137 (1888).

Cyanorhamphus novæ-zealandiæ, Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 581 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 179 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 40 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-fronted Parrakeet in the Collection measure respectively: 1 by .83; .98 by .83; .99 by .85; 1.05 by .92; 1.1 by ·9; 1·09 by ·95.

Milton, Otago, New Zealand (E. P. Seymour).

Crowley Bequest.

Otago. 1.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.]. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

New Zealand.

Cyanorhamphus auriceps (Kuhl).

Platycercus auriceps, Buller, B. New Zeal, 2nd ed. i. p. 142 (1888). Cyanorhamphus auriceps, Salvad. Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 587 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 179 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 40 (1900).

Three eggs of the Yellow-fronted Parrakeet measure respectively: 95 by .75; .89 by .75; .91 by .79.

3. New Zealand.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Genus NYMPHICUS, Wagl.

Nymphicus cornutus (Gm.).

Nymphicus cornutus, E. L. & E. L. C. Layard, Ibis, 1882, p. 524; Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 591 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 179 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 40 (1900).

An egg of the Horned Parrakect measures 1 by .8.

 New Caledonia, 15th Oct. (E. L. Crowley Bequest. Layard).

Genus MELOPSITTACUS, Gould.

Melopsittacus undulatus (Shaw).

Melopsittacus undulatus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 81 (1865); North, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, p. 264 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 594 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 179 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 41 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 656 (1901).

The eggs of the Undulated Grass-Parrakeet measure from '66 to '75 in length, and from '57 to '6 in breadth.

2. Australia.

1. Australia.

Australia.
 Australia (Gould Coll.).

New South Wales.
 New South Wales (Tristram Coll.).

Gould Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll. T. Bakewell, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll. Crowley Beguest.

Genus PEZOPORUS, Illig.

Pezoporus terrestris (Shaw).

Pezoporus formosus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii. p. 86 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 265 (1889); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 596 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 179 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 658 (1901). Pezoporus terrestris, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 41 (1900).

The eggs of the Green Ground-Parrakeet measure from .92 to 1.17 in length, and from .74 to .9 in breadth.

3. Australia.

3. Queensland, Australia.

2. Tasmania.

Crowley Bequest. Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Family STRINGOPIDÆ.

Genus STRINGOPS, Gray.

Stringops habroptilus, Gray.

Stringops habroptilus, Potts, Trans. New Zeal. Inst. iii. p. 90 (1870); Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 176 (1888); Salvadori, Cat. Birds B. M. xx. p. 599 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 41 (1900).

The eggs of the Owl-Parrot are of a pointed oval shape, rather coarse in texture, and slightly glossy. Three specimens measure respectively: 1.95 by 1.45; 1.95 by 1.42; 1.9 by 1.46.

1. New Zealand.

1. New Zealand.

New Zealand, Feb.
 New Zealand (Field Coll.).

Old Collection.

Capt. Stokes, R.N. [P.].

Dr. Lyall [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Order CORACIIFORMES.

Sub-Order STEATORNITHES.

Family STEATORNITHIDÆ.

Genus STEATORNIS, Humboldt.

Steatornis caripensis, Humboldt.

Steatornis caripensis, Thien, Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 24 (1845-54); Scl. P. Z. S. 1868, p. 73; Koenig-Warth. J. f. O. 1868, p. 384; Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 653 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 158 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 42 (1900).

The eggs of the Guacharo in the Collection vary in shape, some being of a pointed oval, others of a blunt oval, and one specimen of a spheroidal form. The shell is plain white, coarse in texture, and devoid of gloss. They measure from 1.5 to 1.7 in length, and from 1.23 to 1.27 in breadth.

2. South America.

1. Bogota, Grenada (G. Crowther).

1. Bogota.

2. Island of Hueros, Trinidad.

Old Collection.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Order PODARGI.

The eggs of the *Podargi*, or Frog-mouths, are plain white, the shell being fairly smooth in texture and slightly glossy. They are either elliptical or bluntly oval in shape.

Family PODARGIDÆ.

Sub-Family PODARGINÆ.

Genus PODARGUS, Vieill.

Podargus papuensis, Q. & G.

Podargus papuensis, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 91 (1865); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 630 (1892); Le Souëf, Ibis, 1896, p. 312; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 42 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 538 (1901).

Podargus plumiferus, Gould, tom. cit. p. 93.

An egg of the Plumed Frog-mouth in the Collection measures 2.15 by 1.3.

1. S.E. New Guinea.

Herr Weiske [C.].

Podargus strigoides (Lath.).

? Caprimulgus brachypterus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vog. tab. xlii. fig. 23 (1845-54).

Podargus strigoides, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 84 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 26, pl. vi. fig. 3 (1889); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 631 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 158 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 42 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 539 (1901).

Podargus cuvieri, Gould, tom. cit. p. 87; North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 27, pl. vi. fig. 4 (1889).

The eggs of the Tawny Frog-mouth measure from 1.6 to 1.94 in length, and from 1.15 to 1.33 in breadth.

1. Dawson River, Queensland, 27th Oct. (North Coll.).

2. New South Wales.

1. Oakleigh, Victoria, 24th Sept. (E. P. Seymour).

3. Hastings, Victoria, 10th Sept. (A. J. North).

2. Dandenong Ranges, Victoria, 30th Oct.

1. Tasmania.

Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Radcliffe Saunders Coll.

Gould Coll.

Genus BATRACHOSTOMUS, Gould.

Batrachostomus hodgsoni (Gray).

Batrachostomus hodgsoni, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 39 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 642 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 194 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 43 (1900).

An egg of Hodgson's Frog-mouth is of an oval shape, and measures 1.04 by .76.

1. Native Sikhim, 1st June (L. Mandelli). Hume Coll.

Batrachostomus moniliger, Blyth.

Batrachostomus moniliger, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 331 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 38 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 644 ((1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 196 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 44 (1900).

The egg of the Ceylonese Frog-mouth from the Hume Collection is in fragments and does not admit of measurement. Mr. Hume has made no reference to it in his writings. Portions of an egg found by Mr. Bourdillon were pure white, smooth, and devoid of gloss.

1. Kandy, Ceylon, 1800 ft. (A. Whyte). Hume Coll.

Sub-Family ÆGOTHELINÆ.

Genus ÆGOTHELES, Vig. & Horsf.

Ægotheles novæ-hollandiæ (Lath.).

Caprimulgus novæ hollandiæ, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 22 (1845-54); Kcenig-Warth. J. f. O. 1868, p. 383. Ægotheles novæ hollandiæ, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 79 (1865);

North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 26, pl. xiv. fig. 11 (1889); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 651 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 158 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 44 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, îi. p. 542 (1901). Ægotheles leucogaster, Le Souëf, Ibis, 1896, p. 313.

Two eggs of the Little Australian Frog-mouth measure respectively: 1.1 by .86; 1.09 by .83.

1. Western Australia. Gould Coll. 2. Dawson River, Queensland, 21st Oct. Crowley Bequest. (North Coll.).

Sub-Order CORACIÆ.

Family CORACHDÆ.

Sub-Family BRACHYPTERACIINÆ.

Genus CORACOPITTA, Bp.

Coracopitta pittoides (Lafr.).

Brachypteracias pittoides, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. i. p. 244, pl. 302, fig. 9 (1879).

Atelornis pittoides, Cowan, Proc. Roy. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 148 (1882); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 7 (1892); Dresser, Mon. Coraciidæ, p. 93 (1893); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 158 (1899). Coracopitta pittoides, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 46 (1900).

The eggs of the Blue-headed Ground-Roller vary from a spheroidal to a broad oval shape. They are white, smooth in texture, and moderately glossy. Examples measure from 1.31 to 1.4 in length, and from 1.05 to 1.1 in breadth.

3. Betsileo, Madagascar.

Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

4. Madagascar (Tristram Coll.).

Sub-Family CORACIINÆ.

Genus CORACIAS, Linn.

The eggs of the Rollers are usually elliptical or spheroidal in shape, but in every large series many specimens will be found of a broad oval form. The shell is very smooth, highly glossy, and plain white.

Coracias indicus, Linn.

Coracias indica, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 281 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 53 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 103 (1895).

Coracias indicus, Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 149 (1878); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 10 (1892); Dresser, Mon. Coraciidæ, p. 27 (1893); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 46 (1900).

The eggs of the Indian Roller measure from 1.25 to 1.4 in length, and from .97 to 1.12 in breadth.

4. Jerripani, Mussoori, Himalayas.
2. Sind (J. H. Gould).
Gould Coll.
Huma Call

Eastern Narra, Sind (S. Doig).
 Eastern Narra, 2nd June (S. D.).
 Hume Coll.
 Hume Coll.

5. Sambhur, Rajputana (R. M. Adam). Hume Coll.

27

1.	Sambhur, 1st May (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Sambhur, 3rd May (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Sambhur, 12th May (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Sambhur, 26th May (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
4.	Gurgaon District, 11th May.	Hume Coll.
1.	Delhi, 28th April (C. T. Bingham).	Hume Coll.
2.	Delhi, 1st May (C. T. B.).	Hume Coll.
4.	Delhi, 24th June (C. T. B.).	Hume Coll.
3.	Baraitch, 19th April.	Hume Coll.
6.	Allahabad, 6th April.	Hume Coll.
1.	Allahabad,	Hume Coll.
3.	Allahabad, 10th April.	Hume Coll.
9.	Mirzapur, April (W. E. Brooks:	Crowley Bequest
	Tristram Coll.).	
1.	Etawah, 30th March.	Hume Coll.
2.	Etawah, 15th & 17th April.	Hume Coll.
1.	Etawah, 3rd April (W. E. Brooks:	Crowley Bequest
	The factor of the	, I

Tristram Coll.).
2. Jhansi, 20th June.

Jansi, 20th June.
 Saugor, C. Provs., 15th April.
 Saugor, 25th May.
 Saugor, 4th June.

Trichinopoly, S. India.
 Sikhim Terai.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Coracias affinis, McClell.

Coracias affinis, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 56 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 13 (1892); Dresser, Mon. Coraciidæ, p. 35 (1893); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 105 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 46 (1900).

The eggs of the Burmese Roller measure from 1.23 to 1.43 in length, and from 1.03 to 1.1 in breadth.

Pegu, 26th March (E. W. Oates).
 Pegu, 30th March (E. W. O.).
 Pegu, 2nd April (E. W. O.).
 Pegu, 2nd April (E. W. O.).
 Zammee River, Tenasserim, 21st
 Oates Coll.
 Oates Coll.
 Oates Coll.
 Oates Coll.
 Oates Coll.
 Hume Coll.

March (C. T. Bingham).

Coracias garrulus, Linn.

Coracias garrula, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xli. fig. 9, a, c (1845–54);
Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 11. fig. 12 (1855–63); Hewitson, Eygs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 253, pl. lxiv. fig. iii (1856); Salvin, Ibis, 1859, p. 302; Saunders, Ibis, 1871, p. 66; Seebohn, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 327, pl. 18 (1884); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eygs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 56 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 106 (1895).
Coracias garrulus, Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 141 (1871); Sharpe, Cat. Birds

Coracias garrulus, Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 141 (1871); Sharpe, Cat. Birds
 B. M. xvii. p. 15 (1892); Dresser, Mon. Coraciidæ, p. 19 (1893);
 Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 167, pl. 48. fig. 14 (1896); Sharpe,

Hand-l. ii. p. 46 (1900).

The eggs of the European Roller measure from 1.2 to 1.51 in length, and from 1 to 1.2 in breadth.

2.	Seville, Spain (A. Ruiz).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	Seville (H. Saunders).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	Pomerania (T. Holland).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	Stettin, Pomerania (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	Styria (E. Seidensacher).	Seebohm Coll.
3.	Volga (H. F. Möschler).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	Kashmir, India, 30th May.	Hume Coll.
1.	Sind Valley, Kashmir, 9th June.	Hume Coll.
2.	Tunis.	L. Fraser, Esq. [C.].
3.	Chemora, Algeria, 30th May	Crowley Bequest.
	(H. B. Tristram).	
1.	Madracen, Algeria, 5th June	Crowley Begnest.
	(H. B. T.).	v I
1.	Ain Djendeli, Algeria, 19th May	Crowley Bequest.
	(II. B. T.).	¥ I
1.	Ain Djendeli, 21st May (H. B. T.).	Crowley Bequest.
2.	Ain Djendeli, Algeria, 20th May	Salvin-Godman Coll.
	(O. Salvin).	
5.	Ain Djendeli, 25th May (O. S.).	Salvin-Godman Coll.

Genus EURYSTOMUS, Vieill.

The eggs of the Broad-billed Rollers resemble those of the species of Coracias.

Eurystomus glaucurus (P. L. S. Müll.).

Eurystomus glaucurus typicus, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. i. p. 214, pl. 302. fig. 8 (1879).

Eurystomus madagascariensis, Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii.

p. 148 (1882).

Eurystomus glaucurus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 29 (1892); Dresser, Mon. Coraciidae, p. 53 (1893); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 47 (1900).

The eggs of the Madagascar Broad-billed Roller in the Collection measure from 1.28 to 1.4 in length, and from 1.03 to 1.18 in breadth.

3. Betsileo, Madagascar. 4. Famala Country, Madagascar (W. Deans Cowan).

1. Ain Djendeli, 5th June (O. S.).

Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Eurystomus lætior, Sharpe.

Eurystomus orientalis, Legge, Birds Ceyl. p. 285, part. (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 57, part. (1890): Dresser, Mon. Coraciida, p. 67, part. (1893); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii, p. 107 (1895).

Eurystomus lætior, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 36 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 47 (1900).

Three eggs of the South-Indian Broad-billed Roller measure respectively: 1.4 by 1.15; 1.37 by 1.13; 1.3 by 1.12.

3. Travancore, S. India, 27th March Hume Coll. (F. Bourdillon).

Eurystomus australis, Swains.

Coracias australis, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vog. tab. xli. fig. 10 (1845-54). Eurystomus pacificus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 119 (1865); Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 118 (1888); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 35, pl. xiv. fig. 1 (1889).

Eurystomus australis, *Sharpe*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* xvii. p. 36 (1892); *Le Souëf*, *Vict. Nat.* xvi. p. 70 (1899); *Sharpe*, *Hand-l*. ii. p. 47 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 544 (1901).

The eggs of the Australian Broad-billed Roller measure from 1.31 to 1.38 in length, and from 1.05 to 1.13 in breadth.

1. Australia. · Gould Coll. 1. New South Wales. Gould Coll. 2. Dawson River, Queensland, Oct. Crowley Bequest.

(North Coll.).

4. Dawson River, 5th Nov. (North Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Eurystomus calonyx, Sharpe.

Eurystomus calonyx, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 38 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii, p. 47 (1900).

Eurystomus orientalis, Dresser, Mon. Coraciidæ, p. 67, part. (1893).

The eggs of the Chinese Broad-billed Roller measure from 1.33 to 1.5 in length, and from 1.1 to 1.15 in breadth.

Seebohm Coll. 1. South China (R. Swinhoe). 4. Foochow, China, 29th May. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. 4. Foochow, 29th May. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. 4. Foochow, 30th May. C. B. Rickett, Esq. P.J. 3. Foochow, 3rd June.

Sub-Order HALCYONES.

The eggs of the Kingfishers are pure white, spheroidal in shape, and generally highly glossy. They do not require to be separately described.

Family ALCEDINIDÆ.

Sub-Family ALCEDININÆ.

Genus PELARGOPSIS, Gloger.

Pelargopsis gurial (Pearson).

Pelargopsis gurial, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 105 (1870); Legge, Birds Ceyl. p. 295 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 11 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 101 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, p. 129 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 49 (1900).

The eggs of the Indian Stork-billed Kingfisher in the Collection measure respectively: 1.08 by .97; 1.18 by 1.04; 1.14 by 1.04.

Dibrughur, Assam, 27th April Hume Coll. (J. R. Cripps).

Pelargopsis burmanica, Sharpe.

Pelargopsis burmanica, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinida, p. 109 (1870); Oates, Birds Brit. Burm. ii. p. 78 (1883); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 12 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 104 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 49 (1900).

The eggs of the Burmese Stork-billed Kingfisher vary in length from 1.12 to 1.16, and in breadth from .98 to 1.05.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Meplay River, Tenasserim, 23rd March (C. T. Bingham). Tenasserim, 5th April (C. T. B.). Sinzaway, Tenasserim, 10th April (C. T. B.). Hume Coll.

Genus CERYLE, Boie.

The eggs of the Kingfishers of this genus are less distinctly spherical than those of the other members of the family, many being of a broad oval form with the smaller end somewhat pointed. The shell is very glossy.

Ceryle rudis (Linn.).

Ceryle rudis, Allen, Ibis, 1862, p. 360; Tristram, Ibis, 1866, p. 84; Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 61 (1871); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 125 (1875); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 109 (1892); id. Hand-l, ii. p. 49 (1900).

Alcedo rudis, Bree, Birds Eur. iii. p. 166, pl. -- (1867); tom. cit. 2nd ed. iv. p. 79, pl. — (1875).

The eggs of the Pied Kingfisher measure from 1.1 to 1.17 in length, and from .87 to .97 in breadth.

2. Palestine, 20th May (H. B. Tris-Salvin-Godman Coll. tram).

Lake of Genesaret, Palestine, 28th Crowley Bequest. April (H. B. T.).

Lake of Genesaret, 21st May Crowley Bequest. (H. B. T.).

Salvin-Gedman Coll. 1. Damietta, Egypt, April (S. Stafford Allen).

River Nile. Gould Coll.

Nile Delta (J. H. Cochrane). Seebohm Coll. Cape of Good Hope (E. L. Layard: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Ceryle varia, Strickl.

Ceryle rudis, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinida, p. 61, part. (1871); Legge, Birds Ceyl. p. 288 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs, iii. p. 8 (1890).

31

Ceryle varia, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 112 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 119 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 49 (1900).

The eggs of the Indian Pied Kingfisher measure from 1.12 to 1.25 in length, and from .9 to 1 in breadth.

Delhi, N.W.P. India, 9th March Hume Coll. (C. T. Bingham).

4. Raipur, C. Provs. (F. R. Blewitt). Hume Coll. Pegu, 19th Oct. (E. W. Oates). 1. Seebohm Coll. Pegu, 19th Oct. (E. W. O.). 1. Oates Coll

Pegu, 25th Oct. (E. W. O.). Pegu, 1st Nov. (E. W. O.). 2. Oates Coll. 1. Oates Coll. Oates Coll.

Pegu, 25th Nov. (E. W. O.).

Ceryle torquata (Linn.).

Ceryle torquata, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1866, p. 191; Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 73 (1870); id. Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 121 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 160 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 259 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 50 (1900).

An egg of the Ringed Kingfisher in the Collection is covered with numerous minute blackish pores, and measures 1.73 by 1.35.

1. Upper Ucayali River, Peru (E. Bart- Crowley Bequest. lett: Tristram Coll.).

Ceryle alcyon (Linn.).

Streptoceryle alcyon, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 11. fig. 11 (1855-63). Ceryle aleyon, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 110, pl. iv. fig. 52 (1856);

A. & E. Newton, Ibis, 1859, p. 67; Lord, Proc. R. A. Inst.,

Woolwich, iv. p. 337 (1865); Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidae, p. 79
(1868); Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 392 (1874);

Seebolm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 348, pl. 18 (1884); Sharpe, Cat. Birds,

D. M. Strippe, Cat. Birds, Proc. Rep. Rick. Life, March. 2016. B. M. xvii. p. 125 (1892); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 34, pl. i. fig. 3 (1895); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 169, pl. 48. fig. 12 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 50 (1900).

The eggs of the Belted Kingfisher measure from 1.26 to 1.55 in length, and from 1.04 to 1.1 in breadth.

North America. 5. North America.

North America (Montreal Mus.).

North America.

1. North America (Smiths. Inst.).

5. Canada.

British Columbia, June (J. K.

New Brunswick, 5th May (H. E. Dresser).

Wisconsin (T. M. Brewer). 1.

New York, May (J. G. Bell: 3. Tristram Coll.).

Mayville, New York, 18th May. 6.

Old Collection.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

N. Amer. Bound. Comm.

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

5. Mayville, New York, 18th May. Radcliffe Saunders Coll.

Massachusetts (Henshaw Coll.).
 New Jersey, 8th May (W. E. D. Scott).
 Salvin-Godman Coll. Princeton University, N.J. [E.].

2. St. Croix, W. Indies (A. & E. Seebohm Coll. Newton).

Ceryle amazona (Lath.).

Ceryle amazonia, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 83 (1869).

Ceryle amazona, Sal. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 27 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 129 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 475 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamnl. p. 160 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 50 (1900); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 260 (1900).

Four eggs of the Amazon Green Kingfisher measure respectively: 1.24 by 1; 1.2 by 1.03; 1.25 by .96; 1.23 by .99.

3. British Honduras, 25th May (F. Blancaneaux).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

1. S. America.

Crowley Bequest.

Ceryle septentrionalis, Sharpe.

Ceryle americana, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 111, pl. iv. fig. 53

Ceryle cabanisi, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 87 (1868).

Ceryle americana, var. cabinisi, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 396 (1874).

Ceryle septentrionalis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. p. 134 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 50 (1900).

Ceryle americana septentrionalis, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 39, pl. i. fig. 4 (1895).

Four eggs of the Texan Green Kingfisher measure respectively: •92 by •73; •91 by •73: •95 by •73; •94 by •74.

4. S. Antonio, Texas, 16th March Salvin-Godman Coll.

(H. P. Attwater).
2. Mazatlan, Mexico, 24th May
(A. Forrer).
Crowley Bequest.

Genus ALCEDO, Linn.

The eggs of the species of this genus are perhaps more nearly spherical in shape than those of the other members of this family. They are also extremely glossy.

Alcedo ispida, Linn.

Alcedo ispida, Thien. Fortyflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xiii. fig. 2 (1845-54);
Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. ii. fig. 9 (1855-63); Hewitson, Eggs
of Brit. Birds, i. p. 255, pl. lxiv. fig. i (1856); Sharpe, Mon.
Alcedinidæ, p. 1 (1870); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 113 (1875);
Legge, Birds Ceyl. p. 292 (1878); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 341,
pl. 18 (1884); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 141 (1892); Blanf.
Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 122 (1895); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit.
Birds, p. 168, pl. 48 fig. 7 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 50 (1900).

ALCEDO. 33

Alcedo bengalensis, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 1 (1890); La Touche, Ibis, 1892, p. 479.

Eggs of the Common Kingfisher, taken in Europe, measure from ·87 to ·95 in length, and from ·72 to ·8 in breadth. Eggs of the smaller Asiatic form (A. bengalensis) measure only from ·75 to ·87 in length, and from ·65 to ·72 in breadth.

3. Keswick, Cumberland (Hargitt Seebohm Coll. Coll.).

2. Ashopton, Derbyshire, 4th May (H. Seebohm).

Cambridgeshire.
 Burn Brook, Cambridgeshire.
 Oxfordshire (H. Saunders).

Alton, Hants (J. Cooper).
 Frensham, Hants.
 Hendon, Middlesex.

8. River Thames.

6. Elbeuf, France (Noury: Hargitt Coll.).

 Elbeuf (Nowy: Hargitt Coll.).
 Stolp, Pomerania, 7th April (T. Holland).

Jerripani, Mussoori, Himalayas.
 River Jumna, 18th Sept.

6. Ahmednugger, 15th March (Rev. H. Bruce).

Neddivuttum, Madras (J. Darling).
 Nilghiri Hills, March.

2. Calcutta, 27th July.
1. Shanghai, China.

Foochow, China, 19th June.
 Foo-chow, 9th July.

Chinkiang, Foh-kien, 12th May.
 Fuji, Japan, 1st July.

Seebohm Coll.

F. Bond, Esq. [P.]. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Gould Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Crowley Bequest. J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.].

C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. Radcliffe Saunders Coll.

Alcedo meningting, Horsf.

Alcedo asiatica, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 23 (1870).
Alcedo meningting, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 329; id. Cat. Birds B. M.
xvii. p. 157 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 125 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 160 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 51 (1900).

Four eggs of the Malayan Kingfisher measure respectively: •75 by •65; •77 by •62; •79 by •65; •75 by •64.

4. Labuan, Borneo.
2. Borneo (Sir Hugh Low).

Sir Hugh Low [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Alcedo beavani, Walden.

Alcedo asiatica (nec Sw.), Oates, Birds Brit. Burn. ii. p. 73 (1883); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 6 (1890).

Alcedo beavani, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 160 (1892); Blanf. Fanna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 124 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 51 (1900).

VOL. III.

Eggs of Beavan's Kingfisher measure from '75 to '8 in length, and from '68 to '7 in breadth.

4. N. Cachar, 4th April. E. C. Stuart Baker, Esq. [C.].

1. Pegu, 2nd July (E. W. Oates). Hume Coll. 1. Pegu, 9th July (E. W. O.). Seebohm Coll.

2. Pegu, 2nd July (*E. W. O.*). Oates Coll. 3. Pegu, 9th July (*E. W. O.*). Oates Coll.

2. Pegu, 20th July (E. W. O.). Oates Coll.

Genus CORYTHORNIS, Kaup.

The eggs of the Kingfishers of this genus resemble those of the species of Alcedo, but are less glossy.

Corythornis cristata (Linn.).

Corythornis vintsioides, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 33 (1869).
Corythornis cristata, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. i. p. 255, pl. 302. fig. 12 (1879); Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 148 (1882); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 162 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 160 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 51 (1900).

Four eggs of the Dusky-crested Kingfisher measure respectively: 8 by .59; .73 by .62; .7 by .6; .75 by .6.

4. Betsileo, Madagascar.

Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.].

Corythornis cyanostigma ($R\ddot{u}pp$.).

Corythornis cristata, Gurney, Ibis, 1859, p. 245; Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidae, p. 35 (1869).

Corythornis cyanostigma, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 108 (1875-84); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 163 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 160 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 52 (1900).

Four eggs of the Malachite-crested Kingfisher measure respectively: '71 by '58; '76 by '56; '75 by '62; '74 by '62.

Natal.
 Transvaal (T. Ayres).

T. Ayres, Esq. [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Genus ALCYONE, Swains.

The eggs of the Kingfishers of this genus are similar to those of the species of *Corythornis*,

Alcyone azurea (Lath.).

Aleyone azurea, Gould, Handh. Birds Austr. i. p. 139 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 40 (1889); Nharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 168 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 160 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 52 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 547 (1901).

Alcyone diemenensis, Gould, tom. cit. p. 141.

Alcyone diemensis, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 47 (1870).

The eggs of the Azure Kingfisher measure ·85 by ·74; ·82 by ·72; ·8 by ·69; ·83 by ·73; ·89 by ·75; ·85 by ·74; ·83 by ·73.

1. New South Wales. Liverpool, N.S.W., 18th Dec. Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

(A. J. North).Murray River, N.S.W., Dec.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Alcyone pulchra, Gould.

Alcyone pulchra, Gould, Hundb. Birds Austr. i. p. 141 (1865); Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinida, p. 45 (1870); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 41 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 169 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 52 (1900). Alcyone azurea pulchra, Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii.

p. 549 (1901).

Two eggs of the Resplendent Kingfisher measure respectively: ·81 by ·72; ·82 by ·72.

2. Port Essington, Australia.

Gould Coll.

Sub-Family DACELONINÆ.

Genus CEYX, Lacép.

Ceyx dillwynni, Sharpe.

Ceyx dillwynni, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 125 (1870); id. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 330; id. Ibis, 1890, p. 19; id. Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 177 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 52 (1900).

The eggs of Dillwyn's Kingfisher in the Collection are spheroidal in shape, very glossy, and measure respectively: '77 by '6; '75 by '61; '72 by '6; '72 by '62. A specimen, taken by the late Mr. Whitehead in Borneo, is much larger, measuring .87 by .71.

1. Borneo.

Crowley Bequest. Sir Hugh Low [C.].

3. Labuan, Borneo.

Crowley Bequest.

Lawas River, Borneo, 5th April (J. Whitehead).

Genus SYMA, Less.

Syma torotoro, Less.

Syma torotoro, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 151 (1869); id, Cat, Birds B. M. xvii. p. 196 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 55 (1900).

Four eggs of the Saw-billed Kingfisher in the Collection are spheroidal in form and very glossy. They measure respectively: ·93 by ·79; ·92 by ·8; ·94 by ·8; ·93 by ·8.

4. S.E. New Guinea.

Herr Weiske [C.].

Genus DACELO, Leach.

The eggs of the large Kingfishers of this genus are either of a broad oval or of a spheroidal shape, and they exhibit but little gloss.

Dacelo gigas (Bodd.).

Dacelo gigas, Thien. Fortpflanz. p. 105, tab. xiv. fig. 18 (1845-54);
Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 122 (1865); Sharpe, Mon.
Alcedinidæ, p. 285 (1870); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds,
p. 36, pl. vi. fig. 1 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 204
(1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersannul. p. 160 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii.
p. 55 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds. ii. p. 551
(1901).

The eggs of the Laughing Kingfisher measure from 1.67 to 1.8 in length, and from 1.3 to 1.45 in breadth.

1.	New South Wales.	Gould Coll.
3.	South Australia.	Gould Coll.
2.	South Australia.	Gould Coll.
2.	Gippsland, Victoria, 13th Sept.	W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.
	Ginneland Victoria	E A Philbrick Esa K C

2. Western Port, Victoria, 14th Oct.
(A. J. North).

3. Frankston, Victoria, 21st Sept. (A. J. N.).

2. Mitchem, Victoria, 17th Oct.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

[P.].

Dacelo leachii, Vig. & Horsf.

Dacelo leachii, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 124 (1865); Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 289 (1870); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 36, pl. vi. fig. 2 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 206 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 160 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 55 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 554 (1901).

The eggs of Leach's Laughing Kingfisher measure from 1.57 to 1.8 in length, and from 1.31 to 1.47 in breadth.

Cape York, N. Australia.
 Dawson River, Queensland, Oct. (North Coll.).
 Dawson River (North Coll.).
 Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

Genus SAUROMARPTIS, Cab. & Heine.

Sauromarptis gaudichaudi (Q. & G.).

Dacelo gaudichaudi, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 295 (1869); Le Souëf, Ibis, 1900, p. 616.

Sauromarptis gaudichaudi, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 209 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 161 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 56 (1900).

Four eggs of Gaudichaud's Kingfisher in the Collection are of a very broad oval or spheroidal shape, highly glossy, and measure

respectively: 1.43 by 1.2; 1.37 by 1.2; 1.51 by 1.17; 1.45 by 1.15. Two others are of a pointed oval shape, and measure 1.5 by 1.17; 1.4 by 1.12 respectively.

Sariba Island, New Guinea, 11th Oct. C. A. Barnard, Esq. [C.].

2. Sariba Island, 20th Oct. C. A. Barnard, Esq. [C.]. 2. Aru Islands (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus HALCYON, Swains.

The eggs of the Kingfishers of this genus are very rounded and some are perfectly spherical. When fresh, they are extremely glossy.

Halcyon coromandus (Lath.).

Halcyon coromandus, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 155 (1870); id. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 331; id. Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 217 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 56 (1900); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 161 (1899). Callialeyon lilacina, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 134 (1895).

Five eggs of the Ruddy Kingfisher measure 1.2 in length, and from 1.1 to 1.2 in breadth.

5. Labuan, Borneo.

Sir Hugh Low [C.].

Halcyon smyrnensis (Linn.).

Halcyon smyrnensis, Layard, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. 2nd ser. xii. p. 172 (1853); Swinhoe, Ibis, 1860, p. 48; Tristram, Ihis, 1866, p. 86; Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 161; Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 133 (1875); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 298 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 15 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 222 (1892); La Touche, Ibis, 1892, p. 479; Blanf. Faun. Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 132 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l, ii. p. 56 (1900).

The eggs of the White-breasted Kingfisher measure from 1 to 1.25 in length, and from 0.9 to 1.05 in breadth.

1. Palestine, 23rd May (H. B. Tris-Salvin-Godman Coll. tram).

Sea of Galilee, 28th April (H. B. T.). Crowley Bequest.

4. Sind (J. H. Gould). Gould Coll. 4. Hume Coll,

Hansi, Punjab (W. Blewitt). 4. Hansi, 12th May (W. B.). Hume Coll.

Hansi, 24th May (W. B.). 3. Hume Coll.

Hansi, 27th May (W. B.). 2. Hume Coll.

2. 2. Hansi, 2nd June (W. B.). Hume Coll.

Hansi, 5th June (W. B.). Hansi, 7th June (W. B.). Hume Coll.

5. Hume Coll. 2. Hansi, 15th June (W. B.). Hume Coll.

3. Hansi, 28th June (W. B.). Hume Coll.

3. Sambhur, 27th June (R. M. Adam). Hume Coll.

3. Meerut, N.W. Proys., 9th May. Hume Coll.

Saharunpur, 25th April (G. F. L. 3. Hume Coll.

Marshall). 1. Saharunpur, 9th May (G. F. L. M.). Hume Coll.

Delhi, 5th June (C. T. Bingham). Hume Coll.

Raipur, C. Provs., 3rd July. Hume Coll. Saugor, C. Provs., 25th May. Mynall, Travancore, 9th April (F. Hume Coll. Hume Coll. 6.

Bourdillon).

Salvin-Godman Coll. 1. Ceylon (E. L. Layard). Ceylon, June (A. L. Butler). Crowley Bequest. 1.

Hume Coll. 3. Dibrughur, Assam, 27th April (J. R. Cripps)

Pegu, March (E. W. Oates). Pegu, 15th April (E. W. O.). Pegu, March (E. W. O.). Hume Coll. 6. Hume Coll. 1. Seebohm Coll. 1. Oates Coll. 1.

Pegu, 15th April (E. W. O.). Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, Col. C. T. Bingham [P.]. 2.

23rd March. Tavoy, Tenasserim, 13th March. Amoy, China (R. Swinhoe). Hume Coll. 4.

Seebohm Coll. 1. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. 1. Hong-Kong, June.

Haleyon gularis (Kuhl).

Haleyon gularis, Shurpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ. p. 165 (1870); id. Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 227 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 56 (1900).

Two eggs of the White-throated Kingfisher in the Collection measure respectively: 1.18 by 1.05; 1.19 by 1.05.

2. Marinduque Isl., Philippines, Crowley Bequest. May (Moseley).

Halcyon cyaniventris (Vieill.).

Alcedo omnicolor, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 104, tab. xiii. fig. 1 (1845-54).

Haleyon eyaniventris, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidae, p. 167 (1870); id. Cat. Birds B. M. xvii, p. 228 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii, p. 56 (1900); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 161 (1899).

Two eggs of the Many-coloured Kingfisher in the Collection measure respectively: 1.22 by 1.02; 1.2 by 1.03.

2. Lockaboeni, Java, 25th April. Crowley Bequest.

Halcyon pileatus (Bodd.).

Haleyon pileatus, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinida, p. 169 (1868); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 301 (1878); Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 331; id. Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 229 (1892); Blanf. Faun. Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 133 (1895); La Touche, Ibis, 1900, p. 44; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 57

Five eggs of the Black-capped Kingfisher in the Collection measure from 1.11 to 1.17 in length, and from .94 to 1 in breadth. Two others are of larger size, measuring respectively: 1.24 by 1.1: 1.29 by 1.08.

5. Labuan, Borneo. Sir Hugh Low [C.]. 2. Kiukiang, China (Leech: Seebohm Crowley Bequest.

Coll.).

Halcyon pallidiventris, Cab.

Halcyon semicærulea, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 173 (1870); id. ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 114 (1875-84).

Haleyon pallidiventris, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 235 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 57 (1900).

Four eggs of the Pale-bellied Kingfisher in the Collection measure respectively: .92 by .82; .95 by .82; .9 by .83; .95 by .85.

4. Ruo River, British Central Africa. A. B. Percival, Esq. [C.].

Halcyon chelicutensis (Stanley).

Halcyon chelicutensis, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinida, p. 183 (1870); id. ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 117 (1875-84); id. Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 239 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 57 (1900).

Two eggs of the Striped Kingfisher measure respectively: 9 by ·8; ·91 by ·8.

2. Zomba, British Central Africa.

Sir H. II. Johnston [P.].

Halcyon saurophagus, Gould.

Haleyon albicilla, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 197, part. (1871). Haleyon saurophagus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 249 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 58 (1900); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 161 (1899).

Two eggs of the White-and-Green Kingfisher measure respectively: 1.1 by .9; 1.1 by .85.

2. St. Aignan, Louisiade Archipelago. E. S. Meek, Esq. [C.].

Halcyon macleayi, J. & S.

Cyanaleyon macleayi, Gould, Handb, Birds Austr. i. p. 133 (1865). Halcyon macleayi, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinida, p. 207 (1870); North, Nests § Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 38 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 254 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 161 (1899); Robinson § Laverock, Ibis, 1900, p. 639; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 58 (1900); Campbell, Nests § Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 556 (1901).

The eggs of Macleay's Kingfisher measure from 9 to 103 in length, and from .81 to .88 in breadth.

1. Port Essington, N. Australia (Gould Coll.).

Moreton Bay, Queensland. Herbert River, Queensland.

1. Rockampton, Queensland, 10th

Sept. (North Coll.).

Dawson River, Queensland, 29th
Oct. (North Coll.). 5.

1. Melbourne, Victoria. Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll.

S. Boyd, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Halcyon pyrrhopygius, Gould.

Todirhamphus pyrrhopygius, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 130 (1865). Halcyon pyrrhopygius, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 211 (1870); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 38 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 258 (1892); Le Souëf, Vict. Nat. xvi. p. 70 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 59 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 557 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-backed Kingfisher measure from '92 to 1.03 in length, and from '84 to '88 in breadth.

2. South Australia.

Gould Coll.

3. Lachlan River, N.S.W., 2nd Nov. (A. J. North).

Crowley Bequest.

Halcyon sacer (Gm.).

Haleyon sacra, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 223 (1870); Layard, P. Z. S. 1875, p. 427.

Haleyon sacer, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 262 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 59 (1900); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 161 (1899).

The eggs of the White-browed Kingfisher in the Collection measure from 1.08 to 1.17 in length, and from .88 to .93 in breadth.

 Fiji Islands (E. L. Layard: Tristram Coll.).

Haleyon occipitalis (Blyth).

Halcyon occipitalis, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 19 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 265 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 58 (1900).

Sauropatis occipitalis, Blanf. Faun. Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 137 (1895).

The egg of Blyth's White-collared Kingfisher in the Collection measures 1.13 by .94.

1. Camorta, Nicobar Islands, 24th Hume Coll. Feb. (W. Davison).

Halcyon sanctus, Vig. & Horsf.

Todiramphus sanctus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 128 (1865). Halcyon sanctus, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 239 (1870); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 37 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 267 (1892); Le Souëf, Vict. Nat. xvi. p. 71 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 60 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 558 (1901).

The eggs of the Sacred Kingfisher measure from '96 to 1.04 in length, and from '83 to '87 in breadth.

Australia. Gould Coll.
 Queensland. Gould Coll.
 New South Wales. Gould Coll.

 Wellington, N.S.W., 3rd Dec. (A. Crowley Bequest. J. North).

1. Sydney, Oct. (E. P. Ramsay: Tris- Crowley Bequest. tram Coll.).

2. Albert Park, Victoria, 10th Nov. Crowley Bequest. (A. J. North).

Halcyon vagans (Less.).

Haleyon vagans, Potts, Trans. New Zeal. Inst. ii. p. 52 (1869); iii. p. 69 (1870); v. p. 172 (1872); Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinide, p. 237 (1871);
Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 121 (1888); Sharpe, Cat. Birds
B. M. xvii. p. 271 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 161 (1899);
Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 60 (1900).

The eggs of the New Zealand Kingfisher measure from 1.02 to 1.1 in length, and from .83 to .92 in breadth.

Canterbury, New Zealand.
 Capt. R. Snow [P.].
 Crowley Bequest.

mour).
2. Otago, New Zealand, 22nd Nov. Crowley Bequest.
(E. P. S.).

2. Norfolk Island (E. L. Layard: Tris- Crowley Bequest. tram Coll.).

Halcyon chloris (Bodd.).

Halevon chloris, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 229 (1870); id. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 332; id. Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 273 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 60 (1900).

Sauropatis chloris, Blanf. Faun. Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 135 (1895).

Three eggs of the White-collared Kingfisher measure from 1·1 to 1·2 in length, and from ·92 to ·98 in breadth.

 Labuan, Borneo, 22nd March.
 Akyab, Burma, 18th April (E. R. Crowley Bequest. Shopland).

Akyab, 10th May (E. R. S.).
 Akyab, 9th July (E. R. S.).
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

Genus TODIRAMPHUS, Less.

Todiramphus recurvirostris, Lafr.

Todiramphus recurvirostris, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 247 (1870); id. Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 290 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 61 (1900); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 161 (1899).

Halcyon recurvirostris, Whitmee, Ibis, 1875, p. 437.

The egg of the Flat-billed Kingfisher in the Collection is spheroidal in shape and destitute of gloss. It measures 97 by 8.

1. Samoa, Jan. Rev. S. J. Whitmee [C.].

Genus TANYSIPTERA, Vig.

Tanysiptera nigriceps, Scl.

Tanysiptera nigriceps, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 299 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 62 (1900); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 161 (1899).

The egg of the Black-headed Tanysiptera in the Collection is spheroidal in shape and almost devoid of gloss. It measures 1.12 by .93.

 Duke of York Island (Nehrkorn Crowley Bequest. Coll.).

Tanysiptera sylvia, Gould.

Tanysiptera sylvia, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 137 (1865); Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 259 (1869); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 39 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 300 (1892); Le Souëf, Ibis, 1898, p. 55; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersannd. p. 161 (1899); Robinson & Laverock, Ibis, 1900, p. 640; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 62 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 561 (1901).

The eggs of the Australian Tanysiptera are globular in shape and glossy. They measure from 1.04 to 1.08 in length, and from .88 to .94 in breadth.

2. Cape York, North Australia.

4. Cape York.

2. Cape York.

3. Somerset, Cape York, 2nd Feb.

2. Somerset (Tristram Coll.).

Gould Coll.

Gould Coll. H. Cuming, Esq. [C.].

C. A. Barnard, Esq. [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Tanysiptera dea (Linn.).

Tanysiptera nais, Sharpe, Mon. Alcedinidæ, p. 279 (1871). Tanysiptera dea, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 310 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 161 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 63 (1900).

The eggs of the Ceram Tanysiptera in the Collection are somewhat globular, exhibit a high gloss, and measure 1·15 by ·96; 1·07 by ·94 respectively.

Amboina.
 Amboina.

Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Order BUCEROTES.

The eggs of the Hornbills are of an elliptical or regular oval shape. The shell is rough in texture, granulated, frequently covered with small pimples and rugosities, and pitted with pores. When first laid they are pure white and slightly glossy, but as incubation proceeds the gloss disappears and the shell becomes of an earth-colour or dark brown.

Genus DICHOCEROS, Gloger.

Dichoceros bicornis (Linn.).

Dichoceros bicornis, Elliot, Mon. Bucer. text to pl. vi. (1877); Oates, Birds Brit. Burm. ii. p. 87 (1883); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eygs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 68 (1890); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 355 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 142 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 64 (1900).

The eggs of the Great Hornbill measure from 2.4 to 2.83 in length, and from 1.78 to 1.95 in breadth.

2. Pegu, 22nd March (E. W. Oates). Oates Coll. Pegu, 23rd March (E. W. O.).
Thoungyin River, Tenasserim,
23rd Feb. (C. T. Bingham).
Thoungyin River, 24th Feb. 1. Oates Coll. 9. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. 1. (C, T, B.).

Thoungvin River, 2nd March Hume Coll. (C. T. B.).

Genus ANTHRACOCEROS, Reichenb.

Anthracoceros convexus (Temm.).

Anthracoceros convexus, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 329; Elliot, Mon. Bucer, text to pl. xii. (1880); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 364 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 64 (1900).

Two eggs of Temminck's Pied Hornbill measure respectively: 2.07 by 1.37; 1.9 by 1.23.

2. Labuan, Borneo. 1. Borneo, May (H. Low). Sir Hugh Low [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Anthracoceros albirostris (Shaw & Nodder).

Buceros malabaricus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 71, tab. xii. fig. 8 (1845-54).

Anthracoceros malabaricus, Elliot, Mon. Bucer. text to pl. xiii. (1877); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 365 (1892).

Anthracoceros albirostris, Oates, Birds Brit. Burm. ii. p. 90 (1883); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 72 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 145 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l, ii. p. 64 (1900).

The eggs of the Indo-Burmese Pied Hornbill measure from 1.8 to 2.05 in length, and from 1.3 to 1.4 in breadth.

2. Pegu, 22nd March (E. W. Oates). Oates Coll. Hume Coll.

Sinzaway Forest, Tenasserim, 23rd March (C. T. Bingham). Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 26th Feb. (C. T. B.). 1. Hume Coll.

- Thoungvin River. 26th Feb. Hume Coll. (C, T, B.).
- Thoungyin River, 5. 5th March Hume Coll. (C, T, B.).
- 1. Thoungyin River, 23rd April Hume Coll. (C, T, B).

Genus ACEROS, Gray.

Aceros nepalensis (Hodgs.).

Aceros nepalensis, Elliot, Mon. Bucer. text to pl. xlv. (1878); Outes, Birds Brit. Burm. ii. p. 98 (1883); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eygs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 77 (1890); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 380 (1892); Blanf. Fanna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 149 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 66 (1900).

Two eggs of the Rufous-necked Hornbill measure respectively: 2.11 by 1.55; 2.23 by 1.66.

- 1. Teesta Valley, Sikhim, 28th April Hume Coll. (J. Gammie).
- Mongphoo, Sikhim, 21st May Hume Coll. (J, G_{\cdot}) .

Genus RHYTIDOCEROS, Reichenb.

Rhytidoceros undulatus (Shaw).

Rhytidoceros undulatus, Elliot, Mon. Bucer. text to pl. xxxv. (1877); Oates, Birds Brit. Burn. ii. p. 93 (1883); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 80 (1890); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 382 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 147 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 66 (1900).

The eggs of the Malayan Wreathed Hornbill measure from 2.2 to 2.85 in length, and from 1.55 to 1.85 in breadth, but a specimen taken by Mr. Theobald in Arrakan measures only 1.93 by 1.48.

- 1. Sandoway, Arrakan, 12th March Hume Coll. (W. Theobald).
- 1. Hume Coll.
- Meeawuddy, Tenasserim,
 March (C. T. Bingham).
 Thoungyin River, Tenasse
 25th Feb. (C. T. B.). 2. Tenasserim, Hume Coll.
- Thoungyin River, 5th March (C. T. B.).
 Thoungyin River, 15th March 5. Hume Coll.
- 3. Hume Coll. (C, T, B.).
- Thoungvin River, 17th March 2. Hume Coll.
- (C. T. B.).Thoungyin River, 19th March Hume Coll. (C. T. B.).

Rhytidoceros subruficollis (Blyth).

Rhytidoceros subruficollis, Elliot, Mon. Bucer. text to pl. xxxvi. (1878); Oates, Birds Brit. Burm. ii. p. 91 (1883); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 81 (1890); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 384 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 148 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 66 (1900).

The eggs of Blyth's Wreathed Hornbill in the Collection measure respectively: 2.33 by 1.8; 2.25 by 1.75; 2.3 by 1.54.

Meeawuddy, Tenasserim, 27th Feb. Hume Coll. (C. T. Bingham).

Meeawuddy, 1st March (C. T. B.). Hume Coll.

Rhytidoceros plicatus (Forst.).

Rhytidoceros plicatus, Elliot, Mon. Bucer. text to pl. xxxvii. (1878); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 385 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 66 (1900).

An egg of the Papuan Wreathed Hornbill measures 2 by 1.45.

1. New Guinea.

Old Collection.

Genus PTILOLÆMUS, Ogilvie Grant.

Ptilolæmus tickelli (Blyth).

Anorrhinus tickelli, Elliot, Mon. Bucer. text to pl. xliii. (1880); Oates, Birds Brit. Burm. ii. p. 96 (1883); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs 1nd. Birds, iii. p. 76 (1890).

Ptilolæmus tickelli, Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 392 (1892); Blant. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 151 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 67

(1900).

The eggs of Tickell's Hornbill appear to be always elliptical in shape. They measure from 1.68 to 1.9 in length, and from 1.27 to 1.36 in breadth.

Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 23rd Hume Coll. Feb. (C. T. Bingham).

Thoungyin River, 23rd 5. Feb. Hume Coll. (C, T, B.).

Thoungyin River, 5th March 9. Hume Coll.

(C. T. B.). Thoungyin 5th April Hume Coll. (C. T. B.).

Genus OCYCEROS, Hume.

Ocyceros birostris (Scop.).

Meniceros bicornis, Horne, P. Z. S. 1869, p. 241. Lophoceros birostris, Elliot, Mon. Bucer. text to pl. xlviii. (1878); Blanf, Fanna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 155 (1895).

Ocyceros birostris, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 74 (1890); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 394 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 67 (1900).

The eggs of the Common Indian Grey Hornbill measure from 1.64 to 1.82 in length, and from 1.15 to 1.3 in breadth.

1. India. Radcliffe Saunders Coll.

1. Grassmount, Mynpuri, N.W. Provs., India, 7th May (C. Hume Coll.

Pimpalnir, Khandesh, April (J.

Horne).

Hume Coll. Davidson).

1. Khandesh, 5th April (J. D.). Hume Coll. 1. Khandesh, 7th April. Crowley Bequest.

Genus LOPHOCEROS, Hempr. & Ehr.

Lophoceros melanoleucus (Licht.).

Tockus melanoleucus, Elliot, Mon. Bucer. text to pl. xlix. (1880); Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 127 (1875-84). Lophoceros melanoleucus, Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 399 (1892);

Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 67 (1900).

An egg of the Crowned Hornbill measures 1.55 by 1.09.

1. Lower Albany, S. Africa.

Dr. S. Schönland [P.].

Sub-Order UPUPÆ.

The eggs of the Hoopoes are devoid of markings and are subject to much variation of colour. When fresh the majority are of a bluish-white or pale greenish-blue colour, but some are of a pale olive-green, olive-brown, or grey colour. They exhibit a small amount of gloss. The shell is smooth and pitted with very minute pores, and is often marked with small white specks, caused by the disintegration of the surface of the shell.

The eggs are typically of a narrow oval form, a good deal pointed at the smaller end, and frequently at the broad end as well.

Family UPUPIDÆ.

Genus UPUPA, Linn.

Upupa epops, Linn.

Upupa epops, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 110, tab. xv. 10, a-c (nec 12, a-c) (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier. Eur. Vög. tab. 50. fig. 3 (1855-63); Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 249, pl. lxiii. fig. iii (1865); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 179 (1871); Saunders, Ibis, 1871, p. 67; Danford, Ibis, 1878, p. 7; Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 334, pl. 15 (1884); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 37 (1890). Solvin Cet. Birds, P. W. vije, p. (1892). Sockological Solvin Cet. Birds, P. W. vije, p. (1892). Sockological Solvin Cet. Birds, p. 1884, pl. 1892. ii. p. 337 (1890); Salvin, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 4 (1892); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 167, pl. 48. figs. 1 & 4 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 70 (1900).

The eggs of the Common Hoopoe measure from .88 to 1.15 in length, and from .63 to .77 in breadth.

Europe (H. E. Dresser).

5. Valkenswaard, Holland, 23rd May (H. Seebohm).

Dart, Holland, 31st May. 6.

Elbeuf, France (Noury: Hargitt 2. Coll.).

Vosges Mts., France (Mougel: Hargitt Coll.

2. Vosges (Mougel: Hargitt Coll.). Seville, Spain (H. Saunders). Seville, 7th May (H. S.). Seville, 9th May (H. S.). 4. 2. 2. Styria (E. Seidensacher).

3, Volga. 2. Greece.

3. Tunis (V. Bogo: Tristram Coll.). Tunis (V. B.: Tristram Coll.). 4.

1.

Egypt, 24th April. Asia Minor, 11th May (C. G. 5. Danford).

7. Asia Minor, 11th May (C. G. D.). Asia Minor, 12th May (C. G. D.).

3. Asia Minor, 12th May (C. G. D.).

Simla, Himalayas, May. Kashmir (W. E. Brooks: Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Hume Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Seebohm Coll.

Upupa indica, Reichenb. (Plate I. figs. 6 & 7.)

Upupa nigripennis, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 161 (1878). Upupa ceylonensis, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 334 (1890).

Upupa longirostis, Oates ed. Hume, tom. cit. p. 338.

Upupa indica, Salvin, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 10 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 161 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 70.

The eggs of the Indian Hoopoe resemble those of U. epops. They measure from .85 to 1 in length, and from .6 to .74 in breadth.

6. Hansi, Punjab. Hume Coll. Hansi, 10th April. Lucknow, 5th March. Hume Coll.

Baraich, Oudh, 5th March (R. M. 1. Adam).

Baraich, 2nd April (R. M. A.). Baraich, 21st April (R. M. A.).

Baraich, 28th April (R. M. A.). Baraich, 3rd May (R. M. A.).

Futtighar.

Nilghiri Hills, 20th Feb. Nilghiri Hills, April.

Pegu, 10th March (E. W. Outes).

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Crowley Bequest. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Oates Coll.

2. Pegu, 7th April (E. W. O.). Oates Coll.

1. Pegu, 7th April (E. W. O.: Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.).

4. Salang, Malay Peninsula, 24th Feb. Hume Coll. (J. Darling).

Upupa marginata, Bp.

Upupa marginata, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois.
i. p. 270 (1879); Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 148 (1882); Salvin, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 13 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 152 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 70 (1900).

The eggs of the Madagasear Hoopoe in the Collection are of a greyish-white colour and slightly glossy. Two specimens are marked with rufous spots, which, however, appear to be only nest-stains. Examples measure from 91 to 104 in length, and from 65 to 71 in breadth.

2. Betsileo, Madagascar. Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.].

5. Madagascar (W. Deans Cowan: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Upupa africana, Bechst.

Upupa africana, Sharpe, ed. Layard's B. S. Afr. pp. 134, 808 (1875-84);
Salvin, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 14 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.
p. 152 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 70 (1900).

An egg of the African Hoopoe measures 1.5 by .73 inch.

1. Grahamstown, Dec. W. I

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Sub-Order MEROPES.

Family MEROPIDÆ.

The eggs of the Bee-eaters are plain white and of a rounded shape, many being perfectly spherical. The shell is very smooth and extremely glossy.

Genus DICROCERCUS, Cab. & Heine.

Dicrocercus hirundineus (Licht.).

Dicrocercus hirundinaceus, Anderss. Birds Dam.-land, p. 63 (1872); Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 101 (1875-84).

Dicrocercus hirundineus, Dresser, Mon. Merop. p. 99 (1884); Sharpe,
 Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 43 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 72 (1900);
 Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 159 (1899).

Two eggs of the Swallow-tailed Bec-eater in the Collection measure respectively: '8 by '69; '82 by '7.

2. Omaruru, Damara-land, 31st Oct. (C. J. Andersson: Tristram Coll.).

Genus MELITTOPHAGUS, Boie.

Melittophagus swinhoei (Hume).

Merops swinhoei, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 312 (1878).

Melittophagus quinticolor, Dresser, Mon. Merop. p. 115 (1885); Outes ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 67 (1890).

Melittophagus swinhoei, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 55 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 114 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 73 (1900).

The eggs of the Chestnut-headed Bee-eater measure from '77 to '92 in length, and from '72 to '81 in breadth.

10. Nilghiri Hills, S. India, 26th Hume Coll.

Nilghiri Hills.
 Ceylon, 16th May (A. L. Butler).
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

4. Tenasserim, 2nd April (C. T. Hume Coll. Bingham).

5. Yea, Tenasserim, 26th March Hume Coll. (W. Davison).

47. Salang, Malay Peninsula, 16th Hume Coll. March (J. Darling).

2. Salang, 16th March (J. Darling). Crowley Bequest.

Genus MEROPS, Linn.

Merops bicolor, Bodel.

Merops bicolor, Dresser, Mon. Merop. p. 27 (1884); Steere, List Birds & Mamm. Philipp. p. 9 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 60 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 73 (1990).

Three eggs of the Chestnut-and-Green Bee-eater measure respectively: 91 by ·78; ·91 by ·78; ·9 by ·79.

3. Marinduque Isl., Philippines. Steere Exped.

Merops sumatranus, Raffl.

Merops sumatranus, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 329; Dresser, Mon. Merop.
p. 23 (1884); Everett, List Birds Borneo, p. 164 (1889); Sharpe,
Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 61 (1892); Hose, Ibis, 1893, p. 411;
Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 159 (1899); Butler, Journ. Bomb. Nat.
Hist. Soc. xii. p. 773 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 73 (1900).

The eggs of the Sumatran Bee-eater measure from 88 to 1 in length, and from 75 to 85 in breadth.

Singapore, 17th May (W. Davison). Hume Coll.
 Borneo (Sir Hugh Low). Crowley Bequest.

К

2. Labuan, Borneo, 3rd June (J. Whitehead).

8. Labuan.

2. Labuan, June.

6. Baram, Sarawak, Feb. & March.

Crowley Bequest.

Sir Hugh Low [C.]. A. Everett, Esq. [P.]. Dr. Charles Hose [P.].

Merops apiaster, Linn.

Merops apiaster, Thien. Fortnflanz. ges. Vög. p. 107, tab. xiii. fig. 4 (1845–54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 11. fig. 13 (1855–63); Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 254, pl. lxiv. fig. ii (1856); Salvin, Ibis, 1859, p. 303; Saunders, Ibis, 1871, p. 67: Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 96 (1875–84); Dresser. Birds Eur. v. p. 155 (1877); id. Mon. Merop. p. 75 (1884); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 321, pl. 18 (1884); Whitehead, Ibis, 1885, p. 27: Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 66 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 63 (1892); Irby, Orn. Str. Gibr. 2nd ed. p. 131 (1895); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 165, pl. 48. fig. 6 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 74 (1900).

The eggs of the Common Bee-eater measure from .95 to 1.15 in length, and from .8 to .94 in breadth.

2. Spain.

7. Spain.

1. Seville, Spain (H. Saunders: Hargitt Coll.).

6. Seville, 15th May (*H. S.*).

2. Malaga, Spain (H. S.: Hargitt Coll.).

3. Gibraltar (L. H. Irby).

6. Corsica, 4th June.
6. Kustendji, Dobrudscha, 16th June (H. Seebohm & J. Young).

1. Dobrudscha.

6. Corinth, Greece, 6th May (H. Secbohm & T. Kruper).

1. Nymphia, Greece, 7th June (H. S. & T. K.).

4. Sarepta, S. Russia.

2. Volga.

10. Southern Europe.6. Tangier, Morocco.

2. Algeria (O. Salvin).

1. Zana, Algeria, 14th June (O. S.).

6. Chemora, Algeria, 1st June (O. S.).

- 6. Chemora, 2nd June (H. B. Tristram).
- 1. Chemora, 2nd June (*H. B. T.*).

2. Tunis.

3. South Africa.

1. Kashmir, India, 28th May (C. R. Cock).

Lord Lilford [P.]. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Steedonin Con.

Seebohm Coll.
J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.].
Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.
I., Fraser, Esq. [C.].
E. L. Layard, Esq. [P.].
Hume Coll.

Merops persicus, Pall.

Merops ægyptius, Loche, Expl. Sci. Algér., Ois. ii. p. 91 (1867).

Merops persica, Bree, Birds Eur. iii. p. 162, pl. — (1867); id. tom. cit.

2nd ed. iv. p. 76, pl. — (1875).

Merops persicus, Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 155 (1877); id. Mon. Merop. p. 63 (1884); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 65 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 66 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 112 (1895); Koenig, J. f. O. 1896, p. 216, tab. vi. fig. 3; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 74 (1900).

	Algeria (Loche). Nubia (Tristram Coll.).	Salvin-Godman Coll
7	Banks of the Nile (J. H. Cochrane:	Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.
1.	Tristram Coll.).	Crowley Dequest.

Asia Minor, May.

1. Sambhur, India, 19th June (R. M.

Sambhur, 30th June (R. M. A.). 1. Sambhur, 1st July (R. M. A.).

Sambhur, 2nd July (R. M. A.). 6. 1. Sambhur, 3rd July (R. M. A.). 1.

Sambhur, 10th July (R. M. A.). 8. Sambhur, 13th July (R. M. A.). Sambhur, 27th July (R. M. A.).

8. Delhi. Delhi, 7th July (C. T. Bingham).

Gurhi Hursroo, Gurgaon Dist., 17th June (C. T. B.).

Gurhi Hursroo, 2nd July (W. N. 5. Chill).

1. Gurhi Hursroo, 5th July (W. N. (C.).

Crowley Bequest.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Merops superciliosus, Linn.

Merops superciliosus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xiii. fig. 5 (1845-54); Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 148 (1882); Dresser, Mon. Merop. p. 71 (1884); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 70 (1892); Nehrk, Kat. Eiersamml. p. 159 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l, ii. p. 74 (1900).

Merops madagascariensis typicus, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. i. p. 262, pl. 302. fig. 13 (1879).

The eggs of the Madagascar Bee-eater measure from .95 to 1 in length, and from .75 to .88 in breadth.

5. Betsileo, Madagascar. Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.]. Mahanoro, Madagascar, Nov. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.]. Madagascar (E. Newton). Crowley Bequest. 3.

Madagascar. 1.

Merops philippinus, Linn.

Merops philippinus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 306 (1878); Dresser, Mon. Merop. p. 55 (1884); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 63 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 71 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 111 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 74 (1900).

The eggs of the Blue-tailed Bee-eater measure from '82 to '97 in length, and from '67 to '85 in breadth.

13.	Lahore, Punjab, 10th June	Hume Coll.
	(C. H. T. Marshall).	
1.	Hansi, Punjab, 14th June	Hume Coll.
	(W. Blewitt).	
1.	Hansi, 18th June (W. B).	Hume Coll.
9.	Delhi, 2nd June (C. T. Bingham).	Hume Coll.
1.	Baraich, Oudh, 21st April (R. M.	Hume Coll.
1.	Adam).	Tume Com.
4.	Baraich, 28th April (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
4.	Hoshungabad, C. Provs., 28th	Hume Coll.
"X .	April (E. C. Nunn).	Tunie Con.
õ,	Hoshungabad, 1st May (E. C. N.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Hoshungabad, 3rd May (E.C. N.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Hoshungabad, 7th May (E.C. N.).	Hume Coll.
23.	Raipur, C. Provs. (F. R. Blewitt).	Hume Coll.
٠).	Akyab, Burma, 22nd April (E.	Crowley Bequest.
	R. Shopland).	
1.	Pegu, 15th April (E. W. Oates).	Seebohm Coll.
3.	Pegu, 15th April (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
3,	Pegu, 17th April (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
11.		Hume Coll.
	(E. W. O.).	2201210 00341
	() .	

Merops ornatus, Lath.

Merops ornatus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 117 (1865); Dresser, Mon. Merop. p. 51 (1884); North, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, p. 34 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 74 (1892); Le Souëf, Vict. Nat. xvi. p. 70 (1899); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 159 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 74 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 545 (1901).

The eggs of the Australian Bee-eater measure from '8 to '87 in length, and from '71 to '76 in breadth.

Ι.	Adelaide, S. Australia (E. P. Ram-	Crowley Bequest.
	say: Tristram Coll.).	• •
5.	South Australia.	Gould Coll.
4.	New South Wales.	Gould Coll.
6.	New South Wales, 30th Oct.	Crowley Bequest.
	(A. J. North).	* 1
3.	Cardington, Bell River, N.S.W.	Crowley Bequest.
	(E. P. Ramsay: Tristram Coll.).	. 1

Merops viridis, Linn.

Merops viridis, Beavan, P. Z. S. 1864, p. 375; Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 309 (1878); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 171 (1876); id. Mon. Merop. p. 31 (1884); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eyys Ind. Birds, iii. p. 60 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 78 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 110 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 74 (1900).

The eggs of the Little Green Bee-eater measure from .68 to .82 in length, and from .64 to .73 in breadth.

57.	Hansi, Punjab.	Hume Coll.
1.		Hume Coll.
	(W. N. Chill).	
1.	Sultanpur, 19th April (W. N. C.).	Hume Coll.
7.	Delhi, 30th April (W. N. C.).	Hume Coll.
3.	Delhi, 14th May (C. T. Bingham).	Hume Coll.
1.	Delhi, 16th May (C. T. B.),	Hume Coll.
2.	Delhi, 27th May (C. T. B.).	Hume Coll.
4.	Sambhur, 8th May (R. M. Adam).	Hume Coll.
17.	Sambhur, 21st May (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Sambhur, 29th May (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
3.	Sambhur, 26th June (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Sambhur, 30th June (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
3,	Ahmedabad, Gujerat, 20th April.	Hume Coll.
1.	Hoshungabad, 7th April (E. C.	Hume Coll.
	Nunn).	
2.	Maunbhoom, 18th April (R. C.	Crowley Bequest.
	Beavan).	
1.	Allahabad, N.W.P.	Hume Coll.
1.	Baraich, Oudh, 6th April (R. M.	Hume Coll.
	Adam).	
2.	Baraich, 15th April (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Baraich, 22nd April (R. M. A.).	Hume Coll.
3.	Chunra, Bengal, 15th March.	Hume Coll.

(R. C. Beavan).Calcutta, 25th April.

1.

Nilghiri Hills, 20th March. Pegu, 15th April (E. W. Oates).

Maunbhoom, Bengal, 6th April

Tenasserim, 23rd March. Tenasserim, 25th March.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Hume Coll. Seebohm Coll. Col. C. T. Bingham [P.].

Col. C. T. Bingham [P.].

Merops malimbicus, Shaw.

Merops malimbicus, Dresser, Mon. Merop. p. 87 (1884); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii, p. 86 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii, p. 75 (1900).

Two eggs of the Grey-and-Red Bee-eater measure respectively: 1.01 by .84; 1 by .78.

2. River Niger, May.

Dr. Cuthbert Christy [P.].

Genus NYCTIORNIS, Swains.

Nyctiornis athertoni, J. & S.

Nyctiornis athertoni, Dresser, Mon. Merop. p. 7 (1884); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 58 (1890); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 88 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 115 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 160 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 75 (1900).

Four eggs of the Blue-necked Bee-eater measure respectively: 1.15 by 1.03; 1.13 by .99; 1.1 by 1.01; 1.1 by 1.02.

4. Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 23rd April (C. T. Bingham).

Hume Coll.

Sub-Order MOMOTI.

Family MOMOTIDÆ.

The eggs of the Motmots vary in shape from blunt oval to spheroidal. They are very smooth, highly glossy, and of a plain white.

Genus EUMOMOTA, Scl.

Eumomota superciliaris (Sandb.).

Eumomota superciliaris, Owen, Ibis, 1861, p. 64; Sharpe, Cat. Birds
B. M. xvii. p. 317 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves,
ii. p. 464 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 162 (1899); Sharpe,
Hand-l. ii. p. 76 (1900).

The eggs of the Yucatan Motmot measure from 1.04 to 1.15 in length, and from 86 to 94 in breadth.

4. San Geronimo, Guatemala, 21st May (R. Owen).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

1. San Geronimo, 21st May (R. O.). 4. Guatemala (O. Salvin). Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Genus MOMOTUS, Briss.

Momotus æquatorialis, Gould.

Momotus æquatorialis, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 534; Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 323 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 77 (1900).

Three eggs of Gould's Motmot measure respectively: 1.52 by 1.18; 1.45 by 1.19; 1.51 by 1.2.

2. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

1. U.S. Colombia.

Crowley Bequest.

Momotus lessoni, Less.

Momotus lessoni, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 324 (1892); Cherrie, Auk, 1892, p. 322; Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 456 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 162 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 77 (1900).

An egg of Lesson's Motmot measures 1.07 by .85.

1. Chiriqui, Panama (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Momotus mexicanus, Swains.

Momotus mexicanus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 328 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 460 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 162 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 77 (1900).

Two eggs of the Mexican Motmot measure respectively: 1:11 by :95; 1:13 by :91.

2. Mazatlan, Mexico (A. Forrer).

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Order TODI.

Family TODIDÆ.

The eggs of the Todies resemble those of the Motmots.

Genus TODUS, Linn.

Todus viridis, Linn.

Todus viridis, Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 72 (1847); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 334 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 162 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 78 (1900).

The eggs of the Green Tody measure from 6 to 65 in length, and from 51 to 56 in breadth.

5. Jamaica.

1. Jamaica.

1. Jamaica.

3. Gully St. Andrew, Jamaica, 29th May (C. B. Taylor).

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Todus multicolor, Gould.

Todus multicolor, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 335 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 162 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 78 (1900).

Two eggs of the Cuban Tody measure respectively: '64 by '51; '68 by '52.

2. Cuba (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Order CAPRIMULGI.

The eggs of the Nightjars are typically of a true elliptical shape, the two ends being precisely similar in contour; in some cases, however, one end is very slightly compressed. The shell is smooth and generally glossy.

With few exceptions the eggs of these birds are double-spotted. In a few instances they are plain white, and occasionally they are single-spotted. The eggs of many Nightjars bear a close resemblance

to those of the Sand-Grouse.

Family CAPRIMULGIDÆ.

Sub-Family NYCTIBHNÆ.

Genus NYCTIBIUS, Vieill.

Nyctibius jamaicensis (Gm.).

(Plate I. fig. 13.)

Nyctibius jamaicensis, Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 41 (1847); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 625 (1892); Goëldi, Ibis, 1896, p. 299, figs. 1 & 2; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 79 (1900); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 257 (1900).

An egg of the Jamaica Nightjar presented to the Museum by Dr. Goëldi is a perfect ellipse in shape and almost devoid of gloss. It is white, sparingly marked with spots and small blotches of chocolate-brown and violet-grey. It measures 1:62 by 1:16.

 Colonia Alpina, Rio de Janeiro, Dr. E. A. Goëldi [P.]. 25th Nov.

Sub-Family CAPRIMULGINÆ.

Genus CHORDEILES, Swains.

Chordeiles virginianus (Gm.).

Caprimulgus virginianus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 17 (1845-54).

Chordeiles virginianus, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 87, pl. v. figs. 59-61 (1856); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 610 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 396 (1894); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 163, pl. iii. figs. 1-3 (1895); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 257 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 79 (1900).

Chordeiles popetue, var. popetue, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 401 (1874).

The eggs of the American Night-Hawk are of a greyish-white or cream-colour, densely marked with lavender-grey and various shades of brown. Some are speekled, others spotted and blotched, and others again are clouded and marbled. They are moderately glossy, and measure from 1.15 to 1.3 in length, and from .85 to .9 in breadth.

- 5. North America.
- North America.
 North America.
- 2. North America (Henshaw Coll.).
- 1. North America.
- 2. North America (Field Coll.).

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

Old Collection.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll,

Gould Coll.

· Crowley Bequest.

2. North America (Tristram Coll.).

Ottawa, Canada (Tristram Coll.).
 Pennsylvania (S. F. Baird: Henshaw Coll.).

2. Rock Island, Illinois (J. W. Velie: Smiths. Inst.).

1. Iowa.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godnian Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Chordeiles henryi, Cass.

Chordeiles popetue, var. henryi, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 404 (1874).

Chordeiles henryi, *Hartert*, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 612 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 79 (1900).

Chordelles virginianus henryi, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 167, pl. iii. fig. 4 (1895).

The eggs of the Western Night-Hawk are not distinguishable from those of *C. virginianus*.

2. North America.

1. North America (Field Coll.).

2. Honey Lake, California, 25th June (H. W. Henshaw).

1. Twin Lakes, Colorado, 2nd July (W. E. D. Scott).

2. Brownsville, Texas, 13th May (F. B. Armstrong).

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Princeton University, N. J.

[E.]. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Chordeiles chapmani, Coues.

Chordeiles chapmani, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 613 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 79 (1900).

Chordeiles virginianus chapmani, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 170, pl. iii. figs. 5 & 6 (1895); Hartert, Tierr. Lief. i. Caprimulgidæ, p. 19 (1897).

The eggs of the Florida Night-Hawk are similar to those of *C. virginianus*, but are rather smaller, and the markings are darker. The two eggs measure respectively: 1·14 by ·86; 1·12 by ·84.

St. Cloud, Florida, 2nd June.
 W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Chordeiles texensis, Lawr.

Chordeiles texensis, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 90, pl. v. fig. 62 (1856); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 616 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 397 (1894); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 157 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 80 (1900).

Chordeiles acutipennis, var. texensis, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 406 (1874); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii.

p. 172, pl. iii. figs. 7–10 (1895).

The eggs of the Texan Night-Hawk resemble those of *C. virgini-anus*, but are rather smaller. They measure from 1-11 to 1-17 in length, and from '77 to '85 in breadth.

North America (Smiths, Inst.).

North America (Field Coll.).

North America.

Brownsville, Texas, 18th April

(F. B. Armstrong). Comayo, Mexico, 2nd Aug. British Honduras, 28th April (F. Blancaneaux).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Chordeiles rupestris (Spix). (Plate I. fig. 5.)

Chordeiles rupestris, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1866, p. 193; Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 617 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 158 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 257 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 80 (1900).

The eggs of the Rock Night-Hawk are of the same general character as those of the other members of the genus. They are beautifully marbled and veined with lavender-grey and olive-brown, some specimens being also distinctly but sparingly spotted with darker brown. They measure from 1.02 to 1.12 in length, and from .78 to .81 in breadth.

5. Ucayali River, Amazonia (E. Bartlett).

Seebohm Coll.

Ucayali River (E. B.: Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

6. Amazonia. Crowley Bequest.

Genus NANNOCHORDEILES, Hartert.

Nannochordeiles pusillus (Gould).

Chordeiles pusillus, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 618 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 158 (1899).

Nannochordeiles pusilla, von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 257 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 80 (1900).

The egg of the Small Night-Hawk in the Collection is of a dark cream-colour, sparingly marked with pale rufous spots and underlying pale lilae smears. It measures 1.11 by .8; these dimensions being considerably in excess of those given by Herr Nehrkorn for the eggs of this species.

1. [Brazil.]

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PODAGER, Wagl.

Podager nacunda (Vieill.).

Podager nacunda, Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vi. p. 241 (1880-81); Sel. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 12 (1889); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 619 (1892); Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 186, pl. v. fig. 7; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 158 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 80 (1900); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 257 (1900). The eggs of the Nacunda Nightjar taken by Mr. Aplin are almost perfectly elliptical in shape and possess a considerable amount of gloss. They are of a pinkish cream-colour, thickly speckled, blotched and mottled with reddish brown and with faint underlying lavendergrey. They measure respectively: 1.43 by .99; 1.39 by 1.01.

A third specimen resembles the above and measures 1.45 by .97.

Uruguay.
 Brazil, 16th Oct. (Dalgleish Coll.).
 V. Aplin, Esq. [P.].
 Crowley Bequest.

Genus EUROSTOPUS, Gould.

Eurostopus albigularis (Vig. & Horsf.).

Eurostopodus albigularis, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 96 (1865); Ramsay, P. Z. S. 1875, p. 113; North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 28, pl. xi. fig. 3 (1889).

Eurostopus albigularis, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 607 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 157 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 80 (1900); Cumpbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 535 (1901).

The egg of the White-throated Nightjar in the Collection is perfectly elliptical in shape and moderately glossy. It is of a rich cream-colour, sparingly spotted with dark purplish brown and underlying deep lavender-grey. It measures 1.6 by 1.1.

1. Taylor Range, Queensland, Crowley Bequest. 11th Nov.

Eurostopus argus, Hartert.

Caprimulgus guttatus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 21 (1845–54); Koenig-Warth. J. f. O. 1868, p. 377.

Eurostopodus guttatus, Gould, Handb. B. Austr. i. p. 98 (1865); Ramsay, P. Z. S. 1875, pp. 113, 581; Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 5, pl. i. fig. 49 (1883); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 27, pl. xi. fig. 2 (1889).

Eurostopus argus, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 608 (1892); Robinson & Laverock, Ibis, 1900, p. 637; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 81 (1900).

Eurostopus guttatus, Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 536, pl. 16 (1901).

An egg of the Spotted Nightjar in the Collection is of a broad oval shape, another is elliptical. Both are almost devoid of gloss. They are of a greyish-green colour, sparingly marked with well-defined specks and spots of deep purplish brown. They measure respectively: 1·3 by 1·01; 1·34 by ·93.

A third specimen is elliptical in shape and slightly glossy. It is rather paler in ground-colour and is spotted with deep purplish brown and underlying lavender-grey. It measures 1.34 by 97.

1. Dawson River, Queensland, 16th Oct. Crowley Bequest. (North Coll.).

1. Reed-beds, Adelaide, Australia Gould Coll. (S. White):

1. New South Wales. Gould Coll.

Eurostopus nigripennis (Ramsay).

Eurostopus nigripennis, *Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M.* xvi. p. 609 (1892); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 157, tab. iv. fig. 42 (1899); *Sharpe, Hand-l.* ii. p. 81 (1900).

The eggs of the Solomon-Islands Nightjar in the Collection are almost elliptical in shape, and two of them are but very slightly glossy. They are cream-coloured, marked with well-defined spots and small blotches of blackish brown and lavender-grey. They measure respectively: 1.38 by 1; 1.45 by 1.01; 1.49 by 1.

2. Solomon Islands (C. M. Woodford). Crowley Bequest.

1. [Solomon Islands.] W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Genus LYNCORNIS, Gould.

Lyncornis cerviniceps, Gould.

(Plate I, fig. 15.)

Lyncornis cerviniceps, Oates, Birds Brit. Burm. ii. p. 22 (1883); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds. iii. p. 52 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 604 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 192 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 81 (1900).

The egg of the Burmese Earel Nightjar in the Collection is elliptical in shape, smooth and glossy. It is cream-coloured, blotched with very pale lilac-grey, looking much as if lying beneath the surface of the shell. It measures 1.65 by 1.16.

 Malewun, Tenasserim, 10th Jan. Hume Coll. (W. Davison).

Genus HYDROPSALIS, Wagler.

Hydropsalis furcifer (Vieill.).

Hydropsalis furcifera, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 15 (1889); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 599 (1892); Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 188, pl. v. fig. 5; Holland, Ibis, 1897, p. 168; von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 256 (1900).

Hydropsalis furcifer, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 82 (1900).

An egg of the Fork-tailed Nightjar taken by Mr. Aplin is of a pinkish cream-colour, thickly marked with lines, smears and veins of lilac-grey and brown and a few lines of darker purplish brown. The eggs taken by Mr. Holland are of an ashy-white colour, thickly mottled and veined with lavender-grey and ashy-brown. These three eggs are of a blunt oval shape, exhibit a slight amount of gloss, and measure respectively: 1:13 by '87; 1:15 by '81; 1:11 by '84.

Uruguay, 2nd Pec.
 Argentine Republic, Nov.

O. V. Aplia, Esq. [P.]. A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Hydropsalis climacocercus, Tsch.

Hydropsalis trifurcata, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1866, p. 193. Hydropsalis climacocercus, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. C00 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 157 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 256 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 82 (1900).

The egg of the Ladder-tailed Nightjar in the Collection is perfectly elliptical in shape and almost entirely devoid of gloss. It is of a rich cream-colour, marked all over with specks, spots and short irregular lines of lavender-grey and dark brown. It measures 1.01 by ·8.

1. Ucayali River, Amazonia Crowley Bequest. (E. Bartlett: Tristram Coll.).

Genus SCOTORNIS, Swains.

Scotornis climacurus * (Vieill.).

Caprimulgus climacurus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 19 (1845-54); Koenig-Warth. J. f. O. 1868, p. 377.

Scotornis longicauda, Hartert & Kutter, J. f. O. 1886, p. 591. Scotornis climacurus, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 596 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 157 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 82 (1900).

The eggs of the African Long-tailed Nightjar are elliptical in shape and slightly glossy. They are cream-coloured, sometimes tinged with pink, profusely smeared and blotched with grey or lavender and two shades of brown. They measure from . 97 to 1 04 in length, and from .71 to .78 in breadth.

2. Near Fashoda, White Nile, R. McD. Hawker, Esq. [P.]. 11th April. Near Fashoda, 11th April. R. McD. Hawker, Esq. [P.]. Near Fashoda, 7th May. R. McD. Hawker, Esq. [P.].

Genus MACRODIPTERYX, Swains.

Macrodipteryx longipennis (Shaw).

Macrodipteryx longipennis, Reichen. J.f. O. 1891, p. 381; Sharpe, Hand-L. ii. p. 82 (1900).

Macrodipteryx macrodipterus, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 594 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 156 (1899).

The eggs of the Standard-winged Nightjar are of a blunt oval or elliptical shape, and exhibit a considerable amount of gloss. They are of a pinkish stone-colour, clouded and mottled with pale brown and lavender-grey. Four examples measure respectively: 1.04 by ·77; 1 by ·75; 1 by ·73; ·97 by ·72.

* Mr. Hawker procured in one and the same locality birds, some of which are referable to the light and others to the dark form of this Nightjar.

1. Northern Nigeria, W. Africa.

Sierra Leone.
 Near Fashoda, White Nile.

J. F. Loder Symonds, Esq.

[P.]. C. H. Firmin, Esq. [P.].

R. McD. Hawker, Esq. [P.].

Genus COSMETORNIS, Gray.

Cosmetornis vexillarius (Gould).

Cosmetornis vexillarius, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 89 (1874–84); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 595 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 156 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 82 (1900).

The eggs of the Pennant-winged Nightjar closely resemble those of Macrodipterya longipennis, but are larger and rather more rufous in colour. Four examples measure respectively: 1.22 by .85; 1.18 by .79; 1.21 by .8; 1.15 by .8.

2. Mazoe, Mashonaland, 25th Oct.

J. Ffolliott Darling, Esq. [P.].

2. Mazoe, 6th Nov.

J. Ffolliott Darling, Esq. [P.].

Genus NYCTIDROMUS, Gould.

Nyctidromus albicollis (Gm.).

(Plate I. fig. 12.)

Nyctidromus guianensis, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1864, p. 364. Caprimulgus guianensis, Koenig-Warth. J. f. O. 1868, p. 379.

Nyctidromus albicollis, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1866, p. 193; Hartert, Cat.

Birds B. M. xvi. p. 587 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer.,

Aves, ii. p. 393 (1894); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 156 (1899);

von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 256 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l.

ii. p. 83 (1900).

The eggs of the White-necked Nightjar are elliptical in shape, moderately glossy. They are of two types of coloration. In one the eggs are of a greyish-pink colour, spotted and mottled with pale pinkish brown and underlying lavender-grey. In the other they are cream-coloured, distinctly spotted with pinkish brown and underlying lavender-grey. Specimens measure from 1.16 to 1.23 in length, and from .83 to .91 in breadth.

2. Panama (McLeannan).

Yucatan.
 S. America.

1. British Guiana.

2. Pallatanga, Ecuador (L. Fraser).

1. Ucayali River, Amazonia (E. Bartlett: Tristram Coll.).

1. Brazil (Nehrkorn Coll.).

2. Brazil.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Old Collection.
W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

[P.]. W. Ratcliffe Saunders, Esq.

[P.] Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Genus PHALÆNOPTILUS, Ridgw.

Phalænoptilus nuttalli (Audub.).

Antrostomus nuttalli, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 417 (1874).

Phalenoptilus nuttalli, *Hartert*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* xvi. p. 579 (1892); *Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer.*, *Aves*, ii. p. 389 (1894); *Bendire*, *Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds*, ii. p. 153, pl. i. fig. 23 (1895); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 156 (1899); *Sharpe*, *Hand-l.* ii. p. 83 (1900).

The eggs of Nuttall's Nightjar are of a narrow elliptical form, moderately glossy, and of a plain white. Two examples measure respectively: 1·12 by ·78; 1·1 by ·77.

2. North America (Field Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus STENOPSIS, Cass.

Stenopsis longirostris (Bp.).

Caprimulgus bifasciatus, Koenig-Warth. J. f. O. 1868, p. 382, tab. ii. fig. 3.

Stenopsis bifasciata, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 14 (1889).

Stenopsis longirostris, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 585 (1892); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 5 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 156 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 256 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 83 (1900).

The eggs of the Banded-winged Nightjar are elliptical in shape and exhibit a little gloss. They are ashy white, marked all over with specks, spots, and, in some instances, short angular lines of yellowish brown and indistinct spots and blotches of underlying grey. Six examples measure from 1 to 1.08 in length, and from .77 to .8 in breadth.

1. Chile.

Chile.
 Central Chile (Landbeck).
 Central Chile (Paulsen).

Old Collection.
Crowley Bequest.
Berkeley James Coll.
Berkeley James Coll.

Stenopsis ruficervix, Scl.

Stenopsis ruficervix, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 531; Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 584 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 156 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 84 (1900).

The eggs of the American Red-necked Nightjar are elliptical or broadly oval in shape, and are almost devoid of all gloss. The specimens in the Collection are of a plain white colour, but Mr. Salmon states that the eggs of this species are sometimes of a pale red colour with small spots. Four examples measure respectively: 1·1 by ·82; 1 06 by ·75; 1·1 by ·79; 1·08 by ·77.

 Santa Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colom-Salvin-Godman Coll. bia (T. K. Salmon).

2. Colombia. Crowley Bequest.

Genus CAPRIMULGUS. Linn.

Caprimulgus nigrescens, Cab.

Antrostomus nigrescens, Salv. Ibis, 1885, p. 438.

Caprimulgus nigrescens, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 572 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 156 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus Paulista, iv. p. 256 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 84 (1900).

The eggs of the Dusky Nightjar in the Collection are moderately glossy and of a pale pinkish-buff colour, marked with clear, welldefined spots and blotches of dark chocolate-brown and underlying lavender-grey. They measure respectively: 98 by 74; 1.05 by 73.

2. British Guiana (H. Whitely). Crowley Bequest,

Caprimulgus vociferus, Wils.

Caprimulgus vociferus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 18 a, b

(1845-54); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi, p. 568 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 156 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 84 (1900). Antrostromus vociferus, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 84, pl. v. fig. 57 (1856); Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 413 (1874); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 146, pl. i. figs. 10 & 11 (1895).

The eggs of the Whip-poor-Will are of a creamy-white colour, spotted and blotched with dark lavender-grey. Some specimens, however, are also spotted with pale rufous and various shades of brown. They have a moderate amount of gloss, and measure from 1.04 to 1.18 in length, and from .76 to .86 in breadth.

1. North America (Smiths. Inst.). Salvin-Godman Coll.

2. North America (Henshaw Coll.). Salvin-Godman Coll. North America, 13th June (Field Crowley Bequest.

Coll.). Saybrook, Connecticut. W. Radeliffe Saunders, Esq. 1. [P.].

2. Philadelphia (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Caprimulgus carolinensis (Gm.).

Antrostomus carolinensis, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 82, pl. v. fig. 56 (1856); Baird, Brever & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 410 (1874); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 142, pl. i. figs. 8, 9 (1895). Caprimulgus carolinensis, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 565 (1892);

Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 155 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 85 (1900).

The eggs of the Carolina Nightjar in the Collection are white, blotched and marbled with lavender-grey, and, in a lesser degree, with various shades of brown. They have but little gloss, and measure respectively: 1:44 by 1; 1:3 by 1; 1:44 by 1:08; 1:37 by 1.01; 1.28 by .91; 1.29 by .94.

North America (Smiths. Inst.).

2. North America (Field Coll.).

Missouri, 4th May.

1. Georgia (Tristram Coll.).

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

Crowley Bequest.

Caprimulgus natalensis, Smith.

Caprimulgus natalensis, Gurney, Ibis, 1860, p. 204; Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 88 (1875-84); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 564 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 85 (1900).

The eggs of the Natal Nightjar taken by Mr. Ayres are of a plain white colour, and measure respectively: 1.18 by .85; 1.13 by .86.

Eggs in the Crowley Bequest, assigned to this species, are quite different in colour and smaller in size. They are of a pinkish cream-colour, mottled and smeared with very pale lavender and brown. They measure respectively: 11 by 78; 111 by 76.

2. Natal (T. Ayres).

2. Krugersdorp, Transvaal.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Caprimulgus clarus, Reichenow.

(Plate I. fig. 3.)

Caprimulgus clarus, *Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M.* xvi. p. 552 (1892); *Sharpe*, *Hand-l.* ii. p. 85 (1900).

The eggs of Reichenow's Nightjar taken by Mr. Jackson are ashy white, clouded and smeared with pale brown and lavender-grey. They are slightly glossy, and measure respectively: 1.05 by 72; 1.02 by 73.

A third specimen is smaller and somewhat darker than the above. It measures '95 by '72.

2. Manda Island, E. Africa.

F. J. Jackson, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

1. Mombasa, E. Africa.

Caprimulgus eximius, Temm.

Caprimulgus eximius, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 563 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 85 (1900).

An egg of the Notable Nightjar, taken in the Soudan, very closely resembles some of the eggs of *C. mahrattensis*. It is greyish white, densely marbled with pale olivaceous brown and layender, and measures 1·11 by ·82.

1. Shendi, Sudan, 20th March.

Hon. N. C. Rothschild & A. F. R. Wollaston, Esq. [P.].

Caprimulgus mahrattensis, Sykes.

Caprimulgus mahrattensis, Barnes, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 8, pl. —. fig. 113 (1889); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 49 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 561 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 184 (1895); Rattray, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. xii. p. 342 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 85 (1900).

The eggs of Sykes's Nightjar are moderately glossy and of a greyish-white colour, spotted, marbled, and biotched with you. III,

pale olive-brown and lavender-grey. On some specimens the markings of the former colour are so pale as to be hardly noticeable. Specimens measure from 1.08 to 1.21 in length, and from .75 to .85 in breadth.

2.	Eastern Narra, Sind (S. Doig).	Hume Coll.
2.	Eastern Narra, 18th Feb. (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Eastern Narra, 20th Feb. (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Eastern Narra, 20th Feb. (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Eastern Narra, 21st Feb. (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Eastern Narra, 22nd Feb. (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Eastern Narra, 23rd Feb. (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Eastern Narra, 3rd April (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Eastern Narra, 2nd May (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Eastern Narra, 22nd July (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Eastern Narra, 25th July (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Eastern Narra, May (E. A. Butler).	Crowley Bequest.
2.	Eastern Narra, 10th Feb. (S. Doig:	Crowley Bequest.

Field Coll.).

Caprimulgus ægyptius, Licht.

Caprimulgus isabellinus, Koenig-Warth. J. f. O. 1868, p. 366; Heugl. Vög. N.O.-Afr. tab. xliii. fig. 8 (1873).

Caprimulgus ægyptius, Dresser, B. Eur. iv. p. 629 (1881); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 315 (1884); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 562 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 86 (1900).

The eggs of the Egyptian Nightjar in the Collection are not separable from many of the eggs of *C. europæus*, described below. They are ashy white, marked with yellowish brown and lavendergrey, and measure respectively: 1·19 by ·8; 1·17 by ·81.

2. Damietta, Egypt, 17th May (Field Crowley Bequest. Coll.).

Caprimulgus asiaticus, Lath.

Caprimulgus asiaticus, Beavan, P. Z. S. 1864, p. 375; Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 343 (1878); Barnes, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 7, pl. — fig. 112 (1889); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 48 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 558 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 186 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 86 (1900).

The eggs of the Common Indian Nightjar exhibit a considerable amount of gloss, and are of a pale salmon-pink colour, blotched, smeared, and occasionally spotted with brown and purplish grey. The brown markings on many specimens are tinged with red, on others with purple. Examples measure from '97 to 1.15 in length, and from '71 to '83 in breadth.

2.	India.				Crowley Bequest.
	India.	*			Hume Coll.
2.	Sambhur,	Rajputana,	27th	April	Hume Coll.

(R. M. Adam). 3. Hoshungabad, C. Provs., 22nd July. Hume Coll. 1. Raipur, C. Provs., 25th July (F. R. Hume Coll. Blewitt).

1. Saugor, C. Provs., 22nd July Hume Coll. (F. R. B.)

Dhulia, Khandesh (J. Davidson).
 Dhulia, 18th June (J. D.).
 Hume Coll.

1. Dhulia, 18th June (J. D.).
1. Dhulia, 17th July (J. D.).
Hume Coll.

Dhulia, 29th July (J. D.).
 Dhulia, 5th Aug. (J. D.).
 Hume Coll.
 Hume Coll.

3. Arvee, Khandesh, 4th-6th Sept. Hume Coll. (J. D.).

2. Maunbhoom, Bengal (R. C. Beavan). Hume Coll.

Caprimulgus affinis, Horsf.

Caprimulgus affinis, *Hartert*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* xvi. p. 549 (1892): *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 155 (1899); *Sharpe, Hand-l.* ii. p. 86 (1900).

An egg of the Allied Nightjar in the Collection is of a pale creamy-buff colour, blotched and mottled with faint brown and lavender. It measures 1.17 by .89.

1. Borneo (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Caprimulgus griseatus, G. R. Gray.

Caprimulgus griseatus, *Kutter*, *J. f. O.* 1882, p. 175; *Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M.* xvi. p. 550 (1892); *Grant & Whitehead*, *Ibis*, 1898, p. 245, pl. vi. fig. 7; *Sharpe, Hand-l*. ii. p. 86 (1900).

The eggs of the Philippine Nightjar taken by Mr. Whitehead are creamy white, marked with small blotches and smears of pale brown and grey. They are almost devoid of all gloss, and measure respectively: 1·2 by ·85; 1·26 by ·83.

 Cape Engaño, N.E. Luzon, 26th J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.]. May.

Caprimulgus monticola, Frankl.

Caprin...lgus monticolus, Beavan, P. Z. S. 1864, p. 375; Barnes, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 8, pl. —. fig. 114 (1889); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 51 (1890).

Caprimulgus monticola, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 547 (1892)

Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 185 (1895); Rattray, Journ.

Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. xii. p. 343 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 86 (1900).

The eggs of Franklin's Nightjar are of much the same type as those of *C. asiaticus*. An egg taken by Mr. Davison and another by Mr. Blewitt are salmon-pink, blotched and smeared with reddish brown and underlying lavender-grey. Two other specimens are of a pinkish cream-colour, with large underlying smudges of lavender-grey and some small spots and bletches of pale reddish brown. The

specimens are glossy, and measure respectively: 1.18 by .89; 1.22 by .88; 1.15 by .8; 1.2 by .87.

1 Khandesh, W. India, 19th July. Crowley Bequest.

 Raipur, C. Provs., India, 13th Hume Coll. July (F. R. Blewitt).

 Maunbhoom, Bengal, April (R. C. Salvin-Godman Coll. Beavan).

1. Yeaboo, Tenasserim, 10th March Hume Coll. (W. Davison).

Caprimulgus manillensis, Wald.

(Plate I. fig. 9.)

Caprimulgus manillensis, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 544 (1892); Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 246; Shurpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 86 (1900).

Two eggs of the Manila Nightjar in the Collection are cream-coloured, marked with underlying blotches of lavender-grey; one specimen is also boldly marked with pale brown, whereas the second has the surface-markings almost obsolete. These examples do not differ much from the eggs of *C. griseatus*. They measure respectively: 1·13 by ·8; 1·12 by ·8.

 Cape Engaño, N.E. Luzon, 22nd J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.]. May.

Caprimulgus macrurus, Horsf.

(Plate I. fig. 8.)

Caprimulgus macrurus, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 332; North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 29 (1889); Everett, List Birds Born, p. 153 (1889); Sharpe, Ibis, 1890, p. 22; Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 537 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 155 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 87 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 534 (1901).

The eggs of Horsfield's Nightjar are of a pale creamy-buff colour, thickly blotched and clouded with lavender-grey, over which are scattered a few surface-spots and blotches of pale brown. They are glossy, and measure from 1·1 to 1·3 in length, and from ·8 to ·91 in breadth.

3. Borneo (Tristram Coll.).

S. Labuan, Borneo. 2. Labuan, April.

2. Mt. Kina Balu, Borneo, 25th March (J. Whitehead).

(J. Whitehead).
2. Tiga Island, Borneo, April.
2. Mt. Victoria, New Guinea.

2. Australia.

1. Rockhampton Bay, Queensland, Sept. (North Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Sir Hugh Low [C.]. A. H. Everett, Esq. [C.].

Crowley Bequest.

A. H. Everett, Esq. [C.].

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Caprimulgus ambiguus, Hartert.

(Plate I. fig. 4.)

Caprimulgus macrurus, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 45 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 537, part. (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 189, part. (1895); Butler, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. xii. p. 423 (1899).

Caprimulgus ambiguus, Hartert, Ibis, 1896, p. 373; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 87 (1900).

The eggs of the Malay Nightjar resemble those of C. macrurus, but the ground is rather darker in colour and in some cases tinged with pink. They measure from 1.13 to 1.26 in length, and from ·85 to ·92 in breadth.

Tenasserim, 15th March. Hume Coll. Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 15th Hume Coll. March (C. T. Bingham). Thoungyin River, 18th March

Hume Coll. (C, T, B.).

Thoungyin River, 19th April Hume Coll. (C, T, B).

2. Kossoom, Malay Peninsula, 29th Hume Coll.

Salang, Malay Peninsula, 25th 2. Hume Coll. March.

H. N. Ridley, Esq. [P.]. 3. Singapore, 18th Dec.

Caprimulgus albinotatus, Tick.

(Plate I. figs. 1 & 2.)

Caprimulgus albinotatus, Beavan, P. Z. S. 1864, p. 375; Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 43 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 540 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 87 (1900). Caprimulgus macrurus, apud Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 188,

part. (1895).

The eggs of the Bengal Nightjar are of three types. In one the eggs resemble those of C. macrurus. In another they also resemble the eggs of C. macrurus, but they have the ground-colour decidedly tinged with salmon-pink. In a third type the ground-colour is greyish white, and this is finely spotted and blotched with lavendergrey and very pale brown, closely resembling the common type of the egg of C. europæus. Specimens measure from 1.1 to 1.3 in length, and from .88 to .92 in breadth.

1. Dhurumsala, Kashmir, 31st March Hume Coll. (C. R. Cock).

Kotgurh, Himalayas, 15th May. Hume Coll. Mussoori, 19th April (T. Hutton). Hume Coll. 2. Mussoori (T. H.). Hume Coll.

1. Jerripani, Mussoori (T. H.). Hume Coll. 1. Kumaon. Hume Coll. Sikhim Terai, 14th April. Hume Coll.

2. Maunbhoom, Bengal (R. C. Beavan). Salvin-Godman Goll.

Caprimulgus atripennis, Jerd.

Caprimulgus atripenuis, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 340 (1878); Barnes, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 7, pl. — fig. 111 (1889); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 47 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 542 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 87 (1900). Caprimulgus macrurus (nee Horsf.), Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii.

p. 188 (1895).

The eggs of the South-Indian Nightjar, from the Nilghiri Hills, resemble pale eggs of C. asiaticus. They are very glossy, and

measure respectively: 1.12 by .7; 1 by .73.

Eggs of this species taken in Ceylon by Mr. A. L. Butler are, however, of quite a different type from the above. They have a pale buff ground, and are sparingly marked with well-defined spots and small blotches of purplish brown and lavender. Four examples measure respectively: 1.19 by .85; 1.13 by .87; 1.12 by .81; 1.2 by .89.

Kotagherry, Nilghiri Hills, S. India, Hume Coll. 10th May (Miss Cockburn).

Lunugala, Ceylon, 3rd July (A. L. Crowley Bequest. Butler).

1. Lunugala, 6th July (A. L. B.). Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. 1. Lunugala, 18th Aug. (A. L. B.).

Caprimulgus andamanicus, Hume.

(Plate I. fig. 11.)

Caprimulgus andamanicus, Oates ed Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 46 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 543 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 190 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 87 (1900).

The eggs of the Andaman Nightjar in the Collection are dissimilar. The ground-colour of both is a pale salmon-pink. In one specimen, however, the markings consist of clouds of pale purplish pink, chiefly disposed about the broad end, and a few inconspicuous blotches of underlying grey. In the other, the ground is blotched, mottled, and also marked with irregular lines and scrawls of pale purplish pink of two shades, no trace of underlying markings being visible. They measure respectively: 1.11 by .85; 1.05 by .83.

2. Port Mouat, Andamans, 12th April Hume Coll. (W. Davison).

Caprimulgus madagascariensis, Sganz.

Caprimulgus madagascariensis, E. Newton, Ibis, 1863, pp. 340, 461, pl. xiii. fig. 8; Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. i. p. 206, pl. 302. fig. 7 (1879); Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 148 (1882); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 535 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 87 (1900).

The eggs of the Madagascar Nightjar are smaller than those of C. europæus, but otherwise closely resemble the common type of egg of that species. They measure from .98 to 1.09 in length, and from ·71 to ·78 in breadth.

Betsileo, Madagascar.

8. Madagascar (Tristram Coll.).

3. Madagascar. Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Caprimulgus europæus, Linn.

Caprimulgus europæus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 15, a-c (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 50. fig. 8 (1855-63); Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 270, pl. lxvi. (1856); Dresser, Birds Eur. iv. p. 621 (1875); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 309, pl. 17 (1884); Whitehead, Ibis, 1885, p. 27; Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 526 (1892). Seebohm, Eric. First Birds, pp. 47. xvi. p. 526 (1892); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 163, pl. 47. figs. 4, 5, & 6 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 87 (1900).

The majority of the eggs of the Common Nightjar have a white or pale ashy-white ground-colour, and are covered with blotches, veins, smears, and clouds of ashy brown, yellowish brown, or pale rufous, together with underlying markings of lavender-grey. On some eggs the markings almost entirely consist of well-defined blotches; on others indistinct shapeless clouds and smears, intermingled with veins and lines. The underlying markings are always very large and prominent.

Eggs of another type have the ground cream-coloured or of a pale salmon-pink colour, with the markings of the same character as

those described above.

Specimens measure from 1.1 to 1.4 in length, and from .8 to .95 in breadth.

Co. Waterford, Ireland, 3rd June.

Co. Waterford, 19th July. Cambridgeshire (F. Bond).

1. Cambridgeshire (F. B.).

New Forest, Hampshire (Hargitt Coll.).

9 New Torest (H. Saunders).

New Forest, June (H. S.).

New Forest, 12th June (H. S.).

1. Alice Holt, near Bentley, Hampshire, 29th July (Hargitt Coll.).

2. Headley, Hampshire, June.

1. Stanmore, Middlesex (Hargitt Coll.).

1. Finchley, Middlesex (O.S.).

Finchley (O. S.). Highgate Wood, Middlesex (O. S.).

5. Near London.

Surrey.

2. Churt, Surrey, May.

Churt, June.

Churt, June.

R. J. Ussher, Esq. [P.].

R. J. Ussher, Esq. [P.].

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

2.	Churt, June.	Crowley Bequest.
2.	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
	Tilford, Surrey.	Crowley Bequest.
	Tilford.	Crowley Bequest.
	Farnham, Surrey.	Seebohm Coll.
	Farnham.	Seebohm Coll.
	Farnham.	Seebohm Coll.
1.	Maidstone, Kent.	Seebohm Coll.
2.	Elbeuf, France (Noury: Hargitt	Seebohm Coll.
	Coll.).	
2.	Elbenf (Noury: Hargitt Coll.).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	Elbeuf (Noury: Hargitt Coll.).	Seebohm Coll.
2.		Seebohm Coll.
	Hargitt Coll.).	
2.	Vosges (Mougel: Hargitt Coll.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	Corsica, 6th June.	J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.].
1.	Livonia, Baltic Provs., June	Seebohm Coll.
	(Russow).	
2.	Livonia, 14th June (Russow).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	Pomerania (T. Holland).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	Pomerania (T. II.).	Seebohm Coll.

Caprimulgus unwini, Hume.

(Plate I. fig. 10.)

Caprimulgus unwini, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 47 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 528 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 87 (1900).

The eggs of Unwin's Nightjar do not appear to differ in any respect from those of *C. europæus* of the common type. Two examples measure respectively: 1.22-by .85; 1.13 by .83.

Murree, N.W. Himalayas, 5th May
 (C. H. T. Marshall).
 Murree (C. H. T. M.).
 Hume Coll.

Caprimulgus ruficollis, Temm.

Caprimulgus ruficollis, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 16 (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 50. fig. 9 (1855-63); Saunders, Ibis, 1871, p. 67; Dresser, Birds Eur. iv. p. 633 (1874); Bree, Birds Eur. 2nd ed. iv. p. 100, pl. — (1875); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 531 (1892); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 165, pl. 47. figs. 1 & 3 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 87 (1900).

The eggs of the Red-necked Nightjar are not separable from those of *C. europæus*. They measure from 1.22 to 1.3 in length, and from .88 to .91 in breadth.

1. Spain (Lord Lilford: Tristram Crowley Bequest. Coll.).

Spain, 4th June.
 Spain, 5th June (Howard Saunders).
 Crowley Bequest.

2. South Spain, 3rd July. Crowley Bequest.

1.

Arganda, Spain, June. Seville, Spain, 9th June (H. Saunders).

Coria, Spain, 16th May (H. S.). Coria, 16th May (*H. S.*).

Coria, 16th May (H. S.).

2. Malaga.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Caprimulgus rufigena, Smith.

Caprimulgus rufigena, Ayres, Ibis, 1869, p. 289; Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 85 (1875-84); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 532 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 155 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 88 (1900).

An egg of the Rufous-cheeked Nightjar taken by Mr. Ayres is of a pinkish-buff colour, distinctly spotted and, in a minor degree, blotched with lilac-red and lavender. It measures 1.08 by .78.

1. Transvaal, Oct. (T. Ayres: Tris- Crowley Bequest. tram Coll.).

Caprimulgus frænatus, Salvad.

Caprimulgus frænatus, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 533 (1892); id. Tierreich, Lief. i. Caprimulgidæ, p. 59 (1897); Sharpe, Hand-i. ii. p. 88 (1900); Hinde, Ibis, 1900, p. 499.

The eggs of Salvadori's Nightjar are cream-coloured, with underlying blotches of lavender-grey, these blotches being much more pronounced on one of the eggs than on the other, the same egg also having some surface-blotches of pale brown, which are present, but very faintly indicated, in the second. The measurements are 1.20 by .82; 1.14 by .82.

2, Kitui, Brit. E. Africa, Nov.

Dr. S. L. Hinde [P.].

Caprimulgus pectoralis, Cuv.

Caprimugus pectoralis, Koenig-Warth. J. f. O. 1868, p. 387; Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 84 (1875-84); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 534 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 88 (1900).

An egg of the South-African Nightjar is of a pinkish creamcolour, very faintly mottled all over with grey or light purple. It measures 1.07 by 8.

1. Transvaal, Oct. (T. Ayres *: Tris- Crowley Bequest. tram Coll.).

^{*} Mr. Ayres does not refer to this egg in any of his published writings.

Caprimulgus indicus, Lath.

Caprimulgus kelaarti, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 337 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 41 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds

B. M. xvi. p. 555 (1892).

Caprimulgus indicus, Burnes, Jown. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 7, pl. — fig. 107 (1889); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 40 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 190 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-list, ii. p. 88 (1900).

The eggs of the Jungle Nightjar resemble very closely those of *C. ambiguus*, but are rather more brightly coloured. They measure from 1·11 to 1·25 in length, and from ·8 to ·87 in breadth.

2. Central Provinces, 12th April (F. R. Hume Coll. Blewitt).

1. Raipur, C. Provs., 13th July Hume Coll. (F. R. B.).

1. Mysore, 8th April (C. J. W. Hume Coll. Taylor).

 Kotagherry, Nilghiri Hills, 1st April Hume Coll. (Miss Cockburn).

 Kotagherry, 18th April (Miss Cockburn).

2. Kotagherry, 10th May (Miss Cockburn).

2. Kotagherry, 11th May (Miss Cockburn).

Coonoor, Nilghiri Hills, April.
 Nilghiri Hills, 24th May.
 Hume Coll.
 Hume Coll.

Ceylon, 4th May (A. L. Butler). Crowley Bequest.
 Ceylon, 9th May (A. L. B.). Crowley Bequest.

Caprimulgus jotaka, Temm. & Schleg.

(Plate I. fig. 14.)

Caprimulgus jotaka, Godw.-Aust. Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xliii. pt. ii. p. 153 (1874); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 45 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 552 (1892); Tacz. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 162 (1893); La Touche, Ibis, 1900, p. 41; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 88 (1900).

The eggs of the Japanese Nightjar resemble those eggs of *C. europæus* which have the ground-colour white or ashy white. Six examples measure respectively: 1·16 by ·9; 1·2 by ·88; 1·23 by ·87; 1·22 by ·87; 1·2 by ·91; 1·27 by ·91.

 Eastern Siberia (Dybowski: Tristram Coll.).

Hondo, Japan, 28th June.
 Shillong, Assam, 29th May.
 Crowley Bequest.
 H. H. Godwin-Austen

 Kuatun, Fohkien, China, 21st May.
 Kuatun, Fohkien, China, C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

Sub-Order CYPSELI.

The eggs of the Swifts are of a narrow cylindrical or lengthened blunt oval form. They are of a plain white, and seldom exhibit any gloss.

Family MACROPTERYGIDÆ.

Genus MACROPTERYX, Swains.

Macropteryx coronata (Tickell).

Dendrochelidon coronata, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 328 (1878). Macropteryx coronata, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 36 (1890); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 512 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 180 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 154 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 88 (1900).

The eggs of the Indian Crested Swift in the Collection differ considerably in size, measuring respectively: .91 by .62 and .86 by .5.

Chanda District, Central Provinces, Hume Coll. India, 7th May (R. Thompson).

Nilghiri Hills (Capt. Mitchell).

Hume Coll.

Family CYPSELIDÆ.

Sub-Family CHÆTURINÆ.

Genus COLLOCALIA, Gray.

Collocalia lowi, Sharpe.

Collocalia lowi, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 498 (1892); Hose, Ibis, 1893, p. 406; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 89 (1900).

The eggs of Low's Swiftlet measure from '92 to '97 in length, and from ·6 to ·63 in breadth.

Baram, Sarawak, Borneo. 7. Niah Caves, Sarawak, Dec.

Dr. Charles Hose [P.]. Dr. Charles Hose [P.].

Collocalia fuciphaga (Thunb.).

Collocalia fuciphaga, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 498 (1892); Hose, Ibis, 1893, p. 405; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 89 (1900).

The eggs of Thunberg's Swiftlet measure from '76 to '89 in length, and from '48 to '56 in breadth.

Borneo.

P. L. Sclater, Esq. [P.]. Dr. Charles Hose [P.].

Niah Caves, Sarawak, Borneo.

Collocalia unicolor (Jerd.).

Collocalia francica, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 324 (1878).

Collocalia unicolor, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 28 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 90 (1900).

Collocalia fuciphaga, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 498, part. (1892);
Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 176 (1895).

The eggs of the South Indian Swiftlet resemble those of *C. fuci-phaga* in all respects.

30. Vingorla Rocks, W. Coast of Hume Coll. India, 12th June (G. Vidal).

7. Nilghiri Hills, April. Hume Coll.

Nilghiri Hills.
 Ootacamund, Nilghiri Hills.
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

Bramagherri Hills, Madras.
 Mynall, Travancore (F. W. Bourdillon).

4. Lunugala, Ceylon, 18th April Crowley Bequest. (A. L. Butler).

Collocalia francica (Gm.).

Collocalia francica, E. Newton, Ibis, 1861, p. 271; Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 503 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 154 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 90 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 532 (1901).

Two eggs of the Grey-rumped Swiftlet measure respectively: ·79 by ·51; ·72 by ·5.

 Mauritius, 25th Nov. (E. Newton). Crowley Bequest, Crowley Bequest.

Collocalia inexpectata, Hume.

Collocalia spodiopygia, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 35 (1890).

Collocalia inexpectata, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 505 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 90 (1900).

Collocalia francica, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 178, part. (1895).

The single egg of Hume's Swiftlet in the Collection measures *82 by *53.

 Little Button Island, Andamans, Hume Coll. 21st March (A. O. Hume).

Collocalia leucopygia, Wall.

Collocalia leucopygia, Layard, Ibis, 1878, p. 252; Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 506 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 90 (1900).

An egg of Wallace's Swiftlet measures 77 by '49.

 New Caledonia (E. L. Layaro: Crowley Bequest, Tristram Coll.).

Collocalia uropygialis, Gray.

Collocalia uropygialis, Layard, Ibis, 1878, p. 253; Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi, p. 507 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 154 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 90 (1900).

The eggs of Gray's Swiftlet measure from .67 to .7 in length, and .43 in breadth.

4. New Caledonia (E. L. Layard: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

1. Loyalty Islands (Lieut. Gunn: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Collocalia linchi, Horsf. & Moore.

Collocalia linchi, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 33 (1890); Sharpe, Ibis, 1890, p. 23; Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 508 (1892); Hose, Ibis, 1893, p. 406; Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 178 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 90 (1900).

The eggs of Horsfield's Swiftlet measure from .63 to .71 in length, and from 42 to 46 in breadth.

Andamans. Hume Coll. Jolly Boy Island, Andamans, 9th March (A. O. Hume). Jolly Boy Island, 9th March

(A. O. H.).

S.E. Borneo (Grabowski). 4. Sarawak, Borneo. 1. Lobok Bungi Cave, Sarawak.

Lobok Bungi Cave. 1. Sibuli, Borneo, 5th Dec. 2. Mt. Kina Balu, Borneo, 22nd Feb. (J. Whitehead).

Mindanao, Philippine Islands (Koch).

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Dr Charles Hose [P.]. Dr. Charles Hose P.J.

Dr. Charles Hose P. Dr. Charles Hose [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Collocalia esculenta (Linn.).

Collocalia esculenta, Meyer, Ibis, 1879, p. 65; Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 509 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 154 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. i. p. 91 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 533 (1901).

Two eggs of the Edible-nest Swiftlet in the Collection measure respectively: .62 by 41; .68 by .42.

1. St. Aignan, Louisiade Archipelago. E. S. Meek, Esq. [C.]. 1. Amboina (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus CHÆTURA, Steph.

Chætura caudacuta (Lath.).

Acanthylis caudacuta, Dresser, Birds Eur. iv. p. 613 (1880). Chætura caudacuta, Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 303 (1884); Tacz. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 170 (1891); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 472 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 91 (1900).

Two eggs of the Siberian Spine-tailed Swift measure respectively: 1.22 by .75; 1.2 by .75.

2. Sega, N. Mongolia (A. Rückheil). Crowley Bequest.

Chætura zonaris (Shaw).

Hemiprocne zonaris, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 531; Scl. & Huds.

Argent. Orn. ii. p. 11 (1889).

Chætura zonaris, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 476 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 373 (1893); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 154 (1899); Sharpe, Hund-l. ii. p. 91 (1900); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, p. 255 (1900).

The eggs of the Ringed Spine-tailed Swift in the Collection measure 1.28 by .88; 1.27 by .88; 1.29 by .85 respectively.

Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

2. Colombia. Crowley Bequest.

Chætura pelagica (Linn.).

Hirundo pelasgia, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 5 (1845-54). Acanthylis pelasgia, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 108, pl. iv. fig. 51 (1856).

Chætura pelagica, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 432 (1874); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 480 (1892); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 177, pl. i. fig. 25 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 154 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 92 (1900).

The eggs of the American Chimney-Swift measure from '75 to '85 in length, and from .49 to .55 in breadth.

1. North America (Smiths. Inst.). Salvin-Godman Coll. North America (Henshaw Coll.).

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest. North America. 6.

Crowley Bequest. 3. North America (Tristram Coll.).

Chætura vauxi (Towns.).

Chætura vauxi, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 435 (1874); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 481 (1892); Salv. S. Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 375 (1894); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 183, pl. i. fig. 26 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 154 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 92 (1900).

The eggs of Vaux's Swift in the Collection measure respectively: ·75 by ·53; ·77 by ·53.

2. North America.

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Family CYPSELINÆ.

Genus TACHORNIS, Gosse.

Many of the eggs of the Swifts of this genus exhibit a considerable amount of gloss.

Tachornis parvus (Licht.).

Cypselus parvus, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 94 (1875-84). Tachornis parva, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 463 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 154 (1899).

Tachornis parvus, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 94 (1900).

An egg of the Little African Palm-Swift in the Collection measures '72 by '46.

1. East Africa (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Tachornis balasiensis (J. E. Gray).

Cypselus batassiensis, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 322 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 25 (1890).

Tachornis batassiensis, Hartert, Čat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 466 (1892);
Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 170 (1895).
Tachornis balasiensis, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 94 (1900).

The eggs of the Palm-Swift measure from '65 to '75 in length, and from '42 to '48 in breadth.

India.	Crowley Bequest.
Mirzapur, N.W. Provs., 18th	Hume Coll.
March (R. Thompson).	
Allahabad, 30th July (C. T.	Hume Coll.
Bingham).	
Chupra, Bengal, 8th March.	Hume Coll.
Chupra, 9th March.	Hume Coll.
Chupra, 10th March.	Hume Coll.
Chupra, 11th March.	Hume Coll.
Chupra, 12th March.	Hume Coll.
Chupra. 13th March.	Hume Coll.
	Mirzapur, N.W. Provs., 18th March (R. Thompson). Allahabad, 30th July (C. T. Bingham). Chupra, Bengal, 8th March. Chupra, 9th March. Chupra, 10th March. Chupra, 11th March. Chupra, 12th March.

Tachornis infumatus (Scl.).

Cypselus tectorum, Godw.-Aust. Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xxxix. pt. ii. p. 94 (1870).

Cypselus infumatus, Oates ed. Humc, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 27 (1890).

Tachornis infumatus, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 467 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 171 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 154 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 94 (1900).

The eggs of Sclater's Palm-Swift measure from '72 to '67 in length, and from '47 to '42 in breadth.

Garo Hills, Assam.
 Assam, 25th May.
 Burma, 22nd March.
 Col. II. II. Godwin-Austin [C.].
 E. C. Stuurt Baker, Esq. [P.].
 W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Tachornis phænicobius, Gosse.

Tachornis phœnicobia, Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 58 (1847); Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 468 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 94 (1900).

The eggs of the Jamaica Palm-Swift in the Collection measure respectively: .68 by .45; .72 by .43; .66 by .43.

3. Rae Town, Jamaica, 15th June Crowley Bequest. (C. B. Taylor).

Genus CYPSELUS, Illiger.

Cypselus melba (Linn.).

Hirundo melba, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 10, a, b (1845-54).

Cypselus melba, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 50. fig. 1 (1855-63); Dresser, Birds Eur. iv. p. 603 (1874); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 317 (1878); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 297, pl. 18 (1884); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 20 (1890); Blanf, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 164 (1895); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 162, pl. 48, fig. 3 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 95 (1900).

Cypselus alpinus, Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 269, pl. lxv. fig. vi

Micropus melba, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 438 (1892).

The eggs of the Alpine Swift measure from 1.09 to 1.3 in length, and from '7 to '77 in breadth.

Europe (Kjærbolling). Crowley Bequest.

Berne, Switzerland. Crowley Bequest. Berne (H. Saunders: Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest. 3.

Seebohm Coll. Berne (H. Saunders).

Berne Cathedral (H. S.). Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Berne Cathedral (H. S.).

Seebohm Coll. Berne Cathedral (H, S.). St. Gothard (T. Krüper). St. Gothard (T. K.). Seebohm Coll. 1. Seebohm Coll.

4. Bernese Oberland. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest. 2. Bernese Oberland. 1. Kotagherry, Nilghiri Hills, S. India Hume Coll. (Miss Cockburn).

Cypselus apus (Linn.).

Hirundo apus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Voy. tab. xlii. fig. 9, a, b (1845-54). Cypselus apus, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vog. tab. 50. fig. 2 (1855-63);
 Dresser, Birds Eur. iv. p. 583 (1874); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii.
 p. 292, pl. 18 (1884); id. Eggs of Brit. Birds. p. 161, pl. 48, fig. 2 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 95 (1900).

Cypselus murarius, Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 267, pl. lxv. fig. v (1856).

Micropus apus, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 442 (1892).

The eggs of the Common Swift measure from .94 to 1.1 in length, and from .59 to .66 in breadth.

Seebohm Coll. 2. Inverness-shire (Hargitt Coll.).

Salvin-Godman Coll. Brandon, Northumberland.

Preston, Lancashire. Seebohm Coll. Edwinstow, 14th June (C. J. 3. Seebohm Coll. Fleming).

Taunton, Somerset. Seebohm Coll. New Forest, Hants, 1st June. Seebohm Coll. 6. Alton Church, Hants. Crowley Bequest. 4. Goderstone Church, Surrey. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Harting, Sussex, June (J. E. Harting). 4. Seebohm Coll.

2. Sweden (Hargitt Coll.). Seebohm Coll. 2. Berlin, 8th June (T. Holland). Seebohm Coll. 2. Seebohm Coll. Dorpat, Baltic Provinces (Russow). Switzerland (Hargitt Coll.). Seebohm Coll.

Cypselus murinus, Brehm.

Cypselus pallidus, Dresser, Birds Eur. iv. p. 597 (1875); Sharpe, Ibis, 1891, p. 110.

Micropus murinus, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 446 (1892).

Cypselus murinus, Irby, Orn. Str. Gibr. 2nd ed. p. 123 (1895); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 166 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 95 (1900).

The eggs of the Pale Brown Swift measure from .94 to 1.03 in length, and from .57 to .65 in breadth.

Gibraltar, 12th June. Shelley Coll. 3. Fao, Persian Gulf. W. D. Cumming, Esq. [P.].

Cypselus pacificus (Lath.).

Cypselus vittatus, Swinhoe, Ibis, 1863, p. 353. Cypselus pacificus, Oates, Birds Brit. Burm. ii. p. 1 (1883); Tacz. Faun. Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 168 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 167 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 96 (1900).

Micropus pacificus, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 448 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 153 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 530 (1901).

The eggs of the White-rumped Large Swift measure from 1.04 to 1.12 in length, and from .65 to .69 in breadth.

Siberia. Crowley Bequest. Darasun, Dauria, 17th July (Dy-1. Crowley Bequest.

bowski). Formosa (R. Swinhoe). Seebohm Coll. Ningpo, China (R. S.: Tristram Crowley Bequest.

Coll.).

Cypselus streubeli, Hartl.

Micropus streubeli, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 452 (1892). Cypselus streubeli, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 96 (1900).

Two eggs of Hartlaub's Swift in the Collection measure respectively: 94 by 57; 87 by 54.

Dr. Lucan [C.]. 2. Congo. VOL. III.

Cypselus affinis, Gray & Hardw.

Cypselus affinis, Beavan, P. Z. S. 1864, p. 375; Dresser, Birds Eur. iv. p. 591 (1874); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 319 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, iii. p. 21 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 168 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 96 (1900).

Micropus affinis, Hartert, Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 453 (1892).

The eggs of the Common Indian Swift measure from '78 to '96 in length, and from '51 to '61 in breadth.

India.
 Simla, Himalayas, 20th Aug. (A. Hume Coll.
 Dhurumsala, Kashmir, 17th April.
 Kootub, near Delhi.
 Delhi, 14th April (C. T. Bingham).
 Jodhpur, 3rd April.

Crowley Bequest.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

5. Etawah, 18th Feb. (W. E. Brooks).
3. Etawah, 27th May.

Hume Coll.
Hume Coll.

L. Etawah, 23rd June.

L. Etawah, 23rd June.

Hume Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Tristram Coll.).

2. Saugor, C. Provs., 16th July.

2. Barrackpur, Bengal (R. C. Bea-Salvin-Godman Coll. van).

4. Ceylon, 13th June (A. L. Butler). Crowley Bequest.

Cypselus subfurcatus, Blyth.

Cypselus subfurcatus, Swinhoe, Ibis, 1867, p. 227; Oates, Birds Brit.

Burm. ii. p. 2 (1883); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 169
(1895); Baker, Ibis, 1896, p. 356; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 96 (1900).

Micropus subfurcatus, Hartert, Cut. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 456 (1892); id.

Nov. Zool, i. p. 674 (1894); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 153 (1899).

Four eggs of the White-rumped Black Swift in the Collection measure respectively: '9 by '58; '85 by '56; '91 by '57; '85 by '6.

Amoy, China (R. Swinhoe).
 Amoy (Nehrkorn Coll.).
 Seebohm Coll.
 Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Order TROCHILI.

Family TROCHILIDÆ.

The eggs of the Humming-birds are typically of an elongated cylindrical shape, with the two ends quite similar, but some examples are of an elongated oval form. They are plain white and entirely devoid of gloss.

Genus THRENETES, Gould.

Threnetes ruckeri (Bourc.).

Glaucis ruckeri, Gould, Mon. Troch. i. pl. 11 (1851).

Threnetes ruckeri, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 265 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 316 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 153 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 98 (1900).

An egg of Rucker's Hermit measures .57 by .37.

1. Chiriqui, Panama (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus GLAUCIS, Boie.

Glaucis hirsuta (Gm.).

Glaucis hirsuta, Gould, Mon. Troch. i. pl. 5 (1858); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 41 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 255 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 152 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 252 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 98 (1900).

The eggs of the Hairy Hermit in the Collection measure respectively: '6 by '38; '59 by '37; '61 by '38.

Grenada, W. Indies (J. G. Wells).
 [S. America.]

Crowley Bequest.

ica.] Crowley Bequest.

Genus PHAËTHORNIS, Swains.

Phaëthornis eurynome (Less.).

Phaëthornis eurynome, Gould, Mon. Troch. i. pl. 16 (1849); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 276 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 153 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 253 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 98 (1900).

An egg of Lesson's Hermit measures .57 by .34.

1. [Brazil.]

Crowley Bequest.

Phaëthornis augusti (Bourc.).

Phaëthornis augusti, Gould, Mon. Troch. i. pl. 29 (1854); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 277 (1892); Nehrk, Kat. Eiersamml. p. 153 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 99 (1900).

The eggs of Salle's Hermit measure, on the average, .55 by .37.

10. Venezuela (Gugenheimer).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus CAMPYLOPTERUS, Swains.

Campylopterus hemileucurus (Licht.).

Campylopterus delattrii, Gould, Mon. Troch. ii. pl. 45 (1855). Campylopterus hemileucurus, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 291 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 323 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 102 (1900).

The eggs of Delattre's Sabre-wing in the Collection measure respectively: '67 by '45; '65 by '46.

2. Costa Rica, 3rd July.

C. F. Underwood, Esq. [C.].

Genus PATAGONA, Gray.

Patagona gigas (Vieill.).

Patagona gigas, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 232 (1855); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 4 (1889); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 348 (1892); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 5 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 103 (1900).

The eggs of the Giant Humming-bird measure from .76 to .82 in length, by .5 in breadth.

Central Chile, Jan.
 Central Chile, Nov.

2. Central Chile, Nov. 2. Central Chile, Dec.

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Genus SAUCEROTTEA, B_P .

Saucerottea warscewiczi (Cab. & Heine).

Amazilia warszewiczi, Sharpe in Gould's Mon. Troch., Suppl. (1887); Sulv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 222 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 152 (1899).

Saucerottea warscewiczi, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 107 (1900).

The average dimensions of five eggs of Warscewicz's Amazili are .57 by .36.

5. Venezuela (Gugenheimer).

Crowley Bequest.

Saucerottea sophiæ (Bourc. & Muls.).

Erythronota sophiæ, Gould, Mon. Troch. v. pl. 322 (1861). Amazilia sophiæ, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 224 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 303 (1892). Saucerottea sophiæ, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 107 (1900).

The eggs of Sophia's Amazili in the Collection measure respectively: 53 by 35; 53 by 36.

2. Azahar de Carfago, Costa Rica, Crowley Bequest. 1st Dec. (C. F. Underwood).

Saucerottea erythronota (Less.).

Erythronota antiqua, Gould, Mon. Troch. v. pl. 316 (1860). Amazilia erythronota, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 225 (1892). Saucerottea erythronota, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 107 (1900).

The egg of the Trinidad Amazili measures .48 by .31.

1. [Trinidad.]

Crowley Bequest.

Saucerottea feliciæ (Less.).

Erythronota feliciæ, Gould, Mon. Troch. v. pl. 317 (1849). Amazilia feliciæ, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 226 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 152 (1899). Saucerottea feliciæ, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 107 (1900).

An egg of Felicia's Amazili measures .57 by .37.

1. Venezuela (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus AMAZILIA, Reichenb.

Amazilia tzacatl (La Llave).

Amazilia riefferi, Gould, Mon. Troch. v. pl. 311 (1860); Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 530; Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 216 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 300 (1892).

Amazilia tzacatl, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 108 (1900).

Two eggs of Rieffer's Amazili measure respectively: 53 by 36; 52 by 35.

2. Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salvin-Godman Coll. Salmon).

Amazilia guatemalensis (Gould).

Cyanomyia cyanocephala, Salv. & Scl. Ibis, 1860, p. 39. Cyanomyia guatemalensis, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 198 (1892); id. & Godm, Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 291 (1892). Amazilia guatemalensis, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 109 (1900).

Two eggs of the Guatemala Amazili measure respectively: .56 by .37; .57 by .35.

2. Dueñas, Guatemala (O. Salvin). Salvin-Godman Coll.

Genus HYLOCHARIS, Boie.

Hylocharis leucotis (Vieill.).

Heliopædica melanotis, Gould, Mon. Troch. ii. pl. 64 (1858).
Basilinna leucotis, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 252 (1892); vd. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 312 (1892); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 227 (1895).
Hylocharis leucotis, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 110 (1900).

An egg of the White-eared Humming-bird measures ·49 by ·3.

1. Mazatlan, Mexico (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus CHLOROSTILBON, Gould.

Chlorostilbon gibsoni (Fraser).

Chlorostilbon angustipennis, Gould, Mon. Troch. v. pl. 353 (1861); Scl.
 & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 531; Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 52 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersannul. p. 152 (1899).

Chlorostilbon gibsoni, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 112 (1900).

The eggs of the Colombian Emerald in the Collection measure respectively: •45 by •29; •49 by •29; •52 by •34.

 Medellin, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

1. U.S. Colombia (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Chlorostilbon stenura (Cab. & Heine).

Panychlora stenura, Sharpe in Gould's Mon. Troch., Suppl. pl. 58 (1883); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 71 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 152 (1899).

Chlorostilbon stenura, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 114 (1900).

Four eggs of the Venezuela Emerald measure respectively: .52 by .38; .51 by .38; .53 by .34; .49 by .32.

4. Venezuela (Gugenheimer).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus RICORDIA, Reichenb.

Ricordia elegans (Vieill.).

Sporadinus elegans, Gould, Mon. Troch. v. pl. 347 (1859); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 59 (1892).
Ricordia elegans, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 114 (1900).

An egg of the St. Domingo Humming-bird measures .45 by .3.

1. St. Domingo (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus THALURANIA, Gould.

Thalurania glaucopis (Gm.).

Thalurania glaucopis, Gould, Mon. Troch. ii. pl. 99 (1856); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 77 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 152 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 252 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 115 (1900).

Four eggs of the Brazilian Wood-nymph measure respectively: 5 by 31; 5 by 32; 49 by 3; 48 by 31.

2. S.E. Brazil (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

2. S. Brazil.

Thalurania colombica (Bourc.).

Thalurania columbica, Gould, Mon. Troch. ii. pl. 106 (1858); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 79 (1892).
Thalurania colombica, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 256

(1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 116 (1900).

The eggs of the Colombian Wood-nymph in the Collection are both imperfect, but their approximate dimensions are .6 by .37.

2. Bogotá (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Thalurania furcata (Gm.).

Thalurania furcata, Gould, Mon. Troch. ii. pl. 101 (1858); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 84 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 116 (1900).

An egg of the Cayenne Wood-nymph measures 5 by 34.

1. Guiana.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PETASOPHORA, G. R. Gray.

Petasophora cyanonota (Bourc. & Muls.).

Petasophora cyanotus, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 228 (1853). Petasophora cyanotis, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 110 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 152 (1899).

Petasophora cyanonota, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 117 (1900).

Two eggs of the Little Violet-ear measure 58 by 38; 56 by .35.

1. United States, 3rd July.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

1. [South America.]

Crowley Bequest.

Petasophora iolata (Gould).

Petasophora iolata, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 225 (1853); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 107 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 117 (1900).

The egg of the Bolivian Violet-ear in the Collection is imperfect, but appears to have measured about .62 by .38.

1. Venezuela (Gugenheimer).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus LAMPORNIS, Swains.

Lampornis mango (Linn.).

Lampornis mango, Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 88 (1847); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 91 (1892); Nehrk, Kat. Eiersamml, p. 152 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 118 (1900). Lampornis porphyrurus, Gould, Mon. Troch. ii. pl. 81 (1858).

The eggs of the Porphyry-tailed Humming-bird in the Collection measure respectively: .62 by .4; .59 by .39; .6 by .4.

2. Kingston, Jamaica, May (C. B. Crowley Bequest. Taylor).

1. [Jamaica.]

Crowley Bequest.

Lampornis dominicus (Linn.).

Lampornis aurulentus, Gould, Mon. Troch. ii. pl. 79 (1858). Lampornis dominicus, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 96 (1892); Sharpe, *Hand-l.* ii. p. 119 (1900).

Two eggs of the Haitian Humming-bird measure respectively: ·51 by ·32; ·51 by ·34.

2. St. Domingo (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus CHRYSOLAMPIS, Boie.

Chrysolampis mosquitus (Linn.).

Chrysolampis moschitus, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. p. 204 (1856); Salr. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 113 (1892); Lodge, Ibis, 1896, p. 514; von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 253 (1900). Chrysolampis mosquitus, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 119 (1900).

An egg of the Ruby-and-Topaz Humming-bird measures .51 by :35.

1. South America (Dr. Kutter).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus SERICOTES, Reichenb.

Sericotes holosericeus (Linn.).

Eulampis holosericeus, Gould, Mon. Troch. ii. pl. 83 (1857); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 104 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 152 (1899).

Eulampis chlorolæmus, A. & E. Newton, Ibis, 1859, p. 138. Sericotes holosericeus, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 120 (1900).

The eggs of the Green-breasted Humming-bird in the Collection measure respectively: .59 by .37; .56 by .38.

2. St. Croix, W. Indies (A. & E. Crowley Bequest. Newton: Tristram Coll.).

Genus LEUCOCHLORIS, Reichenb.

Leucochloris albicollis (Vieill.).

 Leucochloris albicollis, Gould, Mon. Troch. v. pl. 291 (1855); Scl. & Huds, Argent. Orn. ii. p. 7 (1889); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 178 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 152 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 253 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 120 (1900).

Two eggs of the White-throated Humming-bird measure respectively: 62 by 36; 63 by 38.

2. Iguapé, Brazil, 3rd Oct.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus AITHURUS, Cab. & Heine.

Aithurus polytmus (Linn.).

Trochilus polytmus, Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 97 (1847); Gould, Mon. Troch. ii. pl. 98 (1857).

Aithurus polytmus, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 64 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 152 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 120 (1900).

The eggs of the Black-capped Humming-bird in the Collection measure respectively: ·51 by ·36; ·54 by ·32.

[Jamaica.]
 St. Thomas, Jamaica, 2nd July

(C. B. Taylor).

Crowley Bequest.
Crowley Bequest.

Genus OREOTROCHILUS, Gould.

Oreotrochilus leucopleurus, Gould.

Oreotrochilus leucopleurus, Gould, Mon. Troch. ii. pl. 71 (1849); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 1 (1889); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 336 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 121 (1900).

An egg of the White-sided Hill-Star measures .66 by .39.

1. Puenta del Inca, Andes of Chile E. A. Fitzgerald, Esq. [P.]. (P. H. Gosse, Junior).

Genus OREOPYRA, Gould.

Oreopyra leucaspis, Gould.

Oreopyra leucaspis, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 264 (1861); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 306 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 332 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 153 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 123 (1900).

The eggs of the White-throated Oreopyra in the Collection measure respectively: 57 by 38; 53 by 35.

2. Chiriqui, Panama (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Oreopyra calolæma, Salvin.

Oreopyra calolæma, Sharpe in Gould's Mon. Troch., Súppl. pl. 6 (1885); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 307 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 333 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 123 (1900).

Two eggs of the Purple-throated Oreopyra measure respectively: ·58 by ·4; ·6 by ·4.

2. Azahar de Cartago, Costa Rica, Crowley Bequest. 28th Dec. (C. F. Underwood).

Genus HELIANTHEA, Gould.

Helianthea torquata (Boiss.).

Bourcieria torquata, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 251 (1854); Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 530; Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 130 (1892). Helianthea torquata, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 126 (1900).

The eggs of the Collared Inca in the Collection measure respectively: '64 by '4; '61 by '38; '66 by '39.

2. Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

1. [S. America.]

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PTEROPHANES, Gould.

Pterophanes temmincki (Boiss.).

Pterophanes temmincki, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 178 (1849); Whitely, P. Z. S. 1873, p. 190; Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 118 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 127 (1900).

An egg of Temminck's Sapphire-wing measures .78 by .5.

1. Cachupata, Peru [H. Whitely].

Crowley Bequest.

Genus ERIOCNEMIS, Reichenb.

Eriocnemis cupreiventris (Fraser).

Eriocnemis cupreiventris, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 270 (1853); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 367 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 129 (1900).

The egg of the Coppery-bellied Puff-leg in the Collection is imperfect, but measures approximately '62 by '4.

1. Bogotá (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Eriocnemis lugens (Gould).

Eriocnemis lugens, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 282 (1854); Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 530; Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 371 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 129 (1900).

Two eggs of the Hoary Puff-leg measure respectively: .54 by .35; .55 by .35.

 Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salvin-Godman Coll. Salmon).

Genus ADELOMYIA, Bp.

Adelomyia melanogenys (Fraser).

Adelomyia maculata, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 199 (1861). Adelomyia melanogenys, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 169 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 131 (1900).

An egg of the Spotted Humming-bird in the Collection is imperfect, but measures approximately '5 by '3.

1. [S. America.]

Crowley Bequest.

Genus HELIANGELUS, Gould.

Heliangelus clarissæ (Longuem.).

Heliangelus clarisse, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 242 (1855); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 160 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 131 (1900).

Two eggs of the Sun-Angel measure respectively: '55 by '39; '56 by '37.

U.S. Colombia.
 Bogotá (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Heliangelus exortis (Fraser).

Heliotrypha parzudakii, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 240 (1860); Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 529. Heliotrypha exortis, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 165 (1892).

Heliangelus exortis, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 131 (1900).

Two eggs of Parzudaki's Star-frontlet measure respectively: ·55 by ·34; ·56 by ·35.

2. Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Genus METALLURA, Gould.

Metallura tyrianthina (Lodd.).

Metallura tyrianthina, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 195 (1859); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 152 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-t. ii. p. 133 (1900).

An egg of the Tyrian-tail measures 5 by 33.

1. Bogotá (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Metallura smaragdinicollis (d'Orb. & Lafr.).

Metallura smaragdinicollis, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 196 (1859); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 154 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 133 (1900).

An egg of the Violet-tail measures .5 by .33.

1. [Peru.]

Crowley Bequest.

Genus OXYPOGON; Gould.

Oxypogon guerini (Boiss.).

Oxypogon guerini, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 182 (1849); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 340 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 133 (1900).

An egg of Guérin's Helmet-crest measures 59 by 4.

1. Bogotá (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus EUSTEPHANUS, Reichenb.

Eustephanus galeritus (Molina).

Eustephanus galeritus, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 265 (1852); Salv. Cat.
 Birds B. M. xvi. p. 156 (1892); James, New List Chilian Birds,
 p. 5 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 135 (1900).

Four eggs of the Chilian Fire-crown measure respectively: 61 by 41; 59 by 4; 59 by 37; 59 by 38.

Central Chile, Oct.
 Central Chile (Landbeck).

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Genus PSALIDOPRYMNA, Cab. & Heine.

Psalidoprymna gouldi (Lodd.).

Lesbia gouldi, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 167 (1856); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 149 (1892).

Psalidoprymna gouldi, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 136 (1900).

The eggs of the Bogotá Train-bearer in the Collection measure respectively: .55 by .38; .55 by .39.

2. Bogotá (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus DORICHA, Reichenb.

Doricha henicura (Vieill.).

Thaumastura enicura, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 157 (1859); Salvin, Ibis, 1860, p. 264.

Doricha enicura, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 381 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 345 (1892).

Doricha henicura, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 140 (1900).

Two eggs of the Slender Shear-tail measure respectively: 48 by 3; 51 by 3.

2. Dueñas, Guatemala (O. Salvin). Salvin-Godman Coll.

Genus TROCHILUS, Linn.

Trochilus colubris, Linn.

Trochilus colubris, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 131 (1858); Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 448 (1874); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 399 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 357 (1892); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 192, pl. i. fig. 27 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 140 (1900).

The eggs of the Ruby-throated Humming-bird measure from 48 to 53 in length, and from 32 to 34 in breadth.

2. North America.

3. North America.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Trochilus alexandri (Bourc. & Muls.).

Trochilus alexandri, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 132 (1857); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 402 (1892); id. S. Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 359 (1892); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 198 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 140 (1900).

The eggs of the Purple-throated Humming-bird in the Collection measure 5 by 35; 51 by 34; 53 by 38; 54 by 35.

1. North America.

1. North America.

2. California, 10th May.

Crowley Bequest.
W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Trochilus anna (Less.).

Calypte annæ, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. p. 135 (1856); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 403 (1892).

Calypte anna, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 206 (1895). Trochilus anna, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 140 (1900).

The eggs of Anna's Calypte in the Collection measure respectively: 53 by 35; 56 by 34; 53 by 33; 5 by 36; 51 by 33; 51 by 32; 52 by 31.

1. California.

2. [California (Tristram Coll.).]

4. Ualifornia, 10th May.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Genus SELASPHORUS, Swains.

Selasphorus rufus (Gm.).

Selasphorus rufus, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 137 (1852); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 392 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 353 (1892); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 213 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 140 (1900).

An egg of the Rufous Flame-bearer measures .51 by .35.

1. North America.

Crowley Bequest.

Selasphorus torridus, Salvin.

Selasphorus torridus, Sharpe in Gould's Mon. Troch., Suppl. (1887); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 395 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 354 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 141 (1900).

An egg of the Torrid Flame-hearer in the Collection measures ·48 by ·32.

2. Irazu, Costa Rica, 20th Feb. Crowley Bequest. (C. F. Underwood).

Selasphorus scintilla (Gould).

Selasphorus scintilla, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 138 (1852); Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 395 (1892); id. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 353 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 141 (1900).

An egg of the Little Flame-bearer measures ·43 by ·3.

 Azahar de Cartago, Costa Rica, 28th Dec. (C. F. Underwood).

Genus CHÆTOCERCUS, Gray.

Chætocercus rosæ (Bourc. & Muls.).

 Calothorax rosæ, Gould, Mon. Troch. iii. pl. 149 (1857).
 Chætocercus rosæ, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 414 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 141 (1900).

The egg of the Crimson-throated Wood-star in the Collection measures 49 by 3.

2. Venezuela (Gugenheimer).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus BELLONA, Muls. & Verr.

Bellona cristata (Linn.).

Orthorhynchus cristatus, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 205 (1857). Bellona cristata, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 353 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 142 (1900). COLIDÆ. 95

The measurements of four eggs of the Blue-crest average '48 by '33.

4. Grenada, W. Indies (J. G. Bell). Crowley Bequest.

Bellona ornata (Gould).

Orthorhynchus ornatus, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 206 (1861). Bellona ornata, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 354 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 142 (1900).

The eggs of the Green-and-Blue-crest in the Collection measure respectively: '47 by 3; '45 by '3.

2. St. Vincent, W. Indies, April Salvin-Godman Coll. (Mrs. H. H. Smith).

Genus STEPHANOXYS, Simon.

Stephanoxys lalandei (Vieill.).

Cephalepis delalandi, Gould, Mon. Troch. iv. pl. 208 (1861). Cephalolepis delalandi, Salv. Cat. Birds B. M. xvi. p. 356 (1892). Stephanoxys lalandei, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 142 (1900).

An egg of Delalande's Plover-crest measures .53 by .32.

1. [Brazil.]

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Order COLII.

Family COLIIDÆ.

The eggs of the Colies are typically of a regular oval shape, the shell being somewhat rough to the touch and quite devoid of all gloss.

Genus COLIUS, Briss.

Colius striatus, Gm.

Colius striatus, Gurney, Ibis, 1860, p. 213; 1864, p. 359; Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 555 (1875–84); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii, p. 339 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 162 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 145 (1900).

The eggs of the South-African Coly vary from plain white to pale yellowish-white in colour. They measure from '77 to '92 in length, and from '63 to '68 in breadth.

4. S. Africa.

3. Natal.

3. Natal (T. Ayres).

2. Cape Colony.

Crowley Bequest. T. Ayres, Esq. [C.].

Salvin-Godman Coll.

E. L. Layard, Esq. [P.].

Colius leucotis, Rüpp.

Colius leucotis, Heugl. Orn. N.O.-Afr. i. p. 710 (1870, pt.); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 341 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 145 (1900).

The eggs of the White-eared Coly very closely resemble those of C. striatus. The measurements of four eggs in the Collection vary from .82 to .88 in length, and from .62 to .69 in breadth.

4. Harrar, S. Abyssinia.

M. P. Zaphiro [C.].

Colius colius (Linn.).

Colius capensis, Anderss. Birds Dam.-land, p. 202 (1872); Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 552 (1875-84).

Colius colius, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 343 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml, p. 162 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii, p. 146 (1900).

The eggs of the White-backed Coly are not separable from those of C. striatus. They measure from .8 to .9 in length, and from ·61 to ·67 in breadth.

1. S. Africa (E. L. Layard).

Crowley Bequest.

4. Cape Colony. 2. Damara-land (C. J. Andersson:

E. L. Layard, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Tristram Coll.). 2. Laid in confinement (Zool. Gardens, Zool. Society. London).

Colius erythromelon (Vieill.).

Colius erythromelon, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 551 (1875-84); id. Cat. Birds B. M. xvii, p. 344 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 162 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 146 (1900).

The eggs of the Quiriva Coly resemble those of C. striatus and C. colius. Three examples measure respectively: .82 by .65; .81 by ·6; ·82 by ·62.

Cape of Good Hope (E. L. Layard: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Cape Colony (T. Atmore: Tris-Crowley Bequest. tram Coll.).

Colius macrurus (Linn.).

Colius macrurus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 345 (1892); id. Hand-l. ii. p. 146 (1900).

Two eggs of the Long-tailed Coly in the Collection are of a dull white colour, sparingly marked with small blotches of chocolatebrown. One example measures ·8 by ·57.

2. Khartum, Sudan, 28th May.

R. McD. Hawker, Esq. [P.].

Order TROGONES.

Family TROGONIDÆ.

The eggs of the Trogons are always plain, some being white or cream-coloured and others of a bluish-green colour.

Genus PHAROMACRUS, De La Llave.

The Trogons of this genus lay bluish-green eggs of a spheroidal shape and exhibiting a slight gloss.

Pharomacrus mocinno, De La Llave.

Pharomacrus paradiseus, Owen, Ibis, 1861, p. 66, pl. ii. fig. 1.
Pharomacrus mocinno, Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 431 (1892);
Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 481 (1896); Nehrk.
Kat. Eiersamml. p. 163, pl. iv. fig. 46 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii.
p. 146 (1900).

Two eggs of the Resplendent Trogon, or Quezal, measure respectively: 1.38 by 1.13; 1.4 by 1.15.

2. Chilasco, Vera Paz, Guatemala, Salvin-Godman Coll. 11th June (R. Owen).

Pharomacrus auriceps (Gould).

(Plate II. fig. 1.1.)

Pharomacrus auriceps, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 535; Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 434 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 146 (1900).

An egg of the Golden-headed Trogon measures 1.46 by 1.14.

1. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus TROGON, Linn.

The eggs of the Trogons of this genus are typically of a broad oval form, and exhibit a considerable amount of gloss.

Trogon mexicanus, Swains.

Trogon mexicanus, Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 444 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 487 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 147 (1900).

The eggs of the Mexican Trogon in the Collection are those described by Salvin (Biol. l. c.) as being of a very pale greenish vol. III.

colour, but they have now faded to white. They measure respectively: 1.2 by 93; 1.19 by .92; 1.15 by .93.

3. Chuacus, Guatemala, June Salvin-Godman Coll. (O. Salvin).

Trogon collaris, Vieill.

Trogon collaris, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 534; Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 448 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 163 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 147 (1900).

Two eggs of the Collared Trogon are white, and measure respectively: 1.14 by .88; 1.09 by .9.

2. Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Trogon ambiguus, Gould.

Trogon ambiguus, Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 451 (1892); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 32 (1895); Salv. & Godman, Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 490 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 148 (1900).

An egg of the Coppery-tailed Trogon in the Collection is white, of a broad elliptical shape, almost devoid of gloss. It measures 1.03 by .82.

1. Mazatlan, Mexico (A. Forrer). Crowley Bequest.

Trogon puellus, Gould.

Trogon puella, Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 452 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 491 (1896); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 163 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 148 (1900).

An egg of the Ray-tailed Trogon in the Collection is of a broad oval shape, glossy, and white. It measures 1·1 by ·85.

1. Guatemala (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Trogon chionurus, Scl. & Salv.

Trogon chionurus, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 535; Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 460 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol., Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 495 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 148 (1900).

An egg of the Snowy-tailed Trogon in the Collection is white, and measures 1.1 by .94.

1. Remedios, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Trogon melanocephalus, Gould.

Trogon melanocephalus, Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 462 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 498 (1896); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 164 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 148 (1900).

The eggs of the Black-headed Trogon are white and fairly glossy. They measure from 1.1 to 1.18 in length, and from .9 to .95 in breadth.

- 2. British Honduras, 26th May (F. Salvin-Godman Coll. Blancaneaux).
- 4. British Honduras, 2nd June (F. B.). Salvin-Godman Coll.

Trogon caligatus, Gould.

Trogon caligatus, Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 465 (1892); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 500 (1896); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 164 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 148 (1900).

An egg of the Gartered Trogon in the Collection is white, of a blunt oval form, glossy. It measures 1.14 by .89.

1. Honduras, 4th Aug.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PYROTROGON, Bp.

Pyrotrogon fasciatus (Penn.).

Harpactes fasciatus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 269 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 340 (1890); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 485 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 199 (1895).

Pyrotrogon fasciatus, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 150 (1900).

The eggs of the Malabar Trogon in the Collection are spheroidal in shape, glossy, and of a very pale creamy-white. They measure respectively 1.1, 1.09, and 1.06 in length, by .95 in breadth.

3. Kaken Cotta, Mysore, 26th April Hume Coll. (*Iver Macpherson*).

Pyrotrogon erythrocephalus (Gould).

Harpactes erythrocephalus, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 339 (1890); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 488 (1892); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 200 (1895).

Pyrotrogon erythrocephalus, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 151 (1900).

The eggs of the Red-headed Trogon are spheroidal in shape and very glossy. They vary from creamy white to rich cream-colour. They measure from 1.05 to 1.1 in length, and from 88 to 1 in breadth.

[Sikhim.]
 Mongphoo, Darjiling, 19th May (J. Gammie).

Crowley Bequest.
Hume ('off.

Hume Coll. Valley of the Teesta, 15th July 1. (L. Mandelli).

Pegu, 8th May (E. W. Oates). 1. Seebohm Coll.

Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 11th Hume Coll. 1. March (C. T. Bingham).

Thoungyin River, 9th March (C. Crowley Bequest. 1. T.B.).

Pyrotrogon orescius (Temm.).

(Plate II. fig. 1.)

Harpactes oreskios, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 342 (1890); Grant, Cat. Birds B. M. xvii. p. 494 (1892). Harpactes orescius, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 202 (1895).

Pyrotrogon orescius, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 151 (1900).

The eggs of the Yellow-breasted Trogon are glossy, and vary in shape from pointed oval to spheroidal. They are of a deep creamcolour, and measure from .92 to 1.18 in length, and from .79 to .87 in breadth.

Meetan, Tenasserim, 11th Feb. (W. Davison). Hume Coll.

Meetan, 12th Feb. (W. D.). 6. Hume Coll. 2.

Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 22nd Hume Coll. Feb. (C. T. Bingham).

2. Thoungvin River, 27th Feb. (C. Hume Coll, $T. \ \widetilde{B}$.).

Thoungyin River, 8th March (C. Hume Coll. 1. $T. \widetilde{B}$.).

3. Thoungyin River, 2nd April (C. Hume Coll. T, B.).

1. Thoungyin River, 13th April (C. Seebohm Coll. T. B.).

Meplay River, Tenasserim, 19th Feb. (C. T. B.). 1. Hume Coll.

2. Meplay River, 21st Feb. (C. T. B.). Hume Coll.

1. Meplay River, 12th March (C. T. B.). Hume Coll.

2. Meplay River, 15th March (C. T. B.). Hume Coll.

Meplay River, 16th March (C. T. B.). Meplay River, 24th March (C. T. B.). Meplay River, 1st April (C. T. B.). Meplay River, 4th April (C. T. B.). 1. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. 1.

Hume Coll. 4. Hume Coll.

Meplay River, 19th April (C. T. B.). 1. Hume Coll.

3. Meplay River, 26th April (C. T. B.). Hume Coll.

Sinzaway Forest, Tenasserim, 11th March (C. T. B.). 1. Hume Coll.

2. Sinzaway Forest, 19th March (C. Hume Coll.

T. B.).
Tongdee, Tenasserim, 21st Feb. (C. Hume Coll. T. B.

Order COCCYGES.

Sub-Order MUSOPHAGI.

Family MUSOPHAGIDÆ.

Genus TURACUS, Cuv.

Turacus erythrolophus (Vieill.).

Corythaix paulina, Monteiro, Ibis, 1862, p. 338. Corythaix erythrolophus, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 144 (1875-84).

Turacus erythrolophus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 444 (1891).

An egg of the Red-crested Plantain-eater is of a broad elliptical shape, plain white, and devoid of gloss. It measures 1.55 by 1.27.

1. Angola, W. Africa.

J. J. Monteiro, Esq. [P.].

Genus SCHIZORHIS, Wagler.

Schizorhis concolor (Smith).

Schizorhis concolor, Anderss. Birds Damara-land, p. 204 (1872); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 453 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 154 (1900).

The eggs of the Grey Plantain-eater are of a broad elliptical shape, moderately glossy, and of a pale bluish-white colour. Two examples measure respectively: 1.7 by 1.33; 1.67 by 1.31.

2. Ondonga, Ovampo-land, March (C. J. Crowley Bequest. Andersson: Tristram Coll.).

Genus GYMNOSCHIZORHIS, Schalow.

Gymnoschizorhis leopoldi (Shelley).

Gymnoschizorhis leopoldi, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 456 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 174 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 154 (1900).

An egg of Leopold's Plantain-eater in the Collection is of a very broad oval shape, smooth, glossy, and of a plain white. It measures 1.64 by 1.25.

1. Kakoma, E. Africa.

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Order CUCULI.

Family CUCULIDÆ.

Sub-Family CUCULINÆ.

Genus COCCYSTES, Gloger.

Coccystes glandarius (Linn.).

Oxylophus glandarius, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 50, fig. 4 (1855-63);

Baedeker, L. Brehm & A. Brehm, J. f. O. 1853, p. 117, taf. v. fig. 4; Salvin, Ibis, 1859, p. 316; Saunders, Ibis, 1869, p. 401; 1871, p. 66. Cuculus glandarius, Hewitson, Ibis, 1859, p. 76, pl. ii. figs. 1 & 2; Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 386, pl. 68 (1884); id. Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 174, pl. 49. fig. 7 (1896).

Coccystes glandarius, Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 219 (1874); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 212 (1891); Irby, Orn. Str. Gibr. 2nd ed. p. 136 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 155 (1900); Ivy, Ibis, 1901, p. 22.

The eggs of the Great Spotted Cuckoo are almost invariably of an elliptical form, the two ends being quite alike in contour. shell is smooth and possesses a considerable amount of gloss. ground-colour is pale greenish blue, and this is thickly speckled and streaked with pale reddish brown and underlying violet-grey. On some specimens there are, in addition, some scrawls and hairlines of deep brown, forming a wreath round the larger end. They measure from 1.23 to 1.4 in length, and from .92 to 1.05 in breadth.

The eggs of this Cuckoo may be separated from those of the Magpie, in the nest of which it usually deposits its eggs, by their elliptical shape and reddish-brown markings, those of the Magpie being of a pointed oval shape and the markings olive-brown.

Spain (H. Saunders),

3. Aranjuez, Spain, 30th April (H. S.).

1. Aranjuez, 8th May (H. S.).

Seville, Spain, 6th April (H. S.).

Seville, 24th May.

Near Seville (L. H. Irby). 6.

Malaga, Spain, 26th April.

New Castile, Spain, May (Lord Lilford: Tristram Coll.).

1. Algeria, 20th May (H. B. Tristram).

1. Batna, Algeria, 4th June (H. B. T.).

1. Madracen, Algeria, 5th June (H. B. T.).

Ain Djendeli, Algeria, 20th May 1. (O. Salvin).

Ain Djendeli, 25th May (O. S.),

With two eggs of Pica pica, Andalusia, 1st May (H. Saunders).

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

2. With four eggs of *P. pica*, Andalusia, 3rd May (*H. S.*).

With three eggs of *P. pica*, Aranjuez, Spain, 29th April (*H. S.*). Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Coccystes coromandus (Linn.).

(Plate II. fig. 4.)

Coccystes coromandus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 249 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 391 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 214 (1891); Blanf. Fauna-Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 226 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 170 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 155 (1900).

An egg of the Red-winged Crested Cuckoo, taken by Mr. Valentine Irwin from the oviduct of a female in Tippera, is spheroidal in shape, smooth, very glossy, and of a plain pale blue colour. It measures 1.03 by .88.

1. Tippera (V. Irwin).

4.

Hume Coll.

Coccystes jacobinus (Bodd.).

(Plate II. fig. 6.)

Coccystes jacobinus, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 158 (1875–84); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 246 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 388 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 217 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 225 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 170 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 155 (1900); Ivy, Ibis, 1901, p. 23.

The eggs of the Pied Crested Cuckoo are usually deposited in India in the nests of the various species of Babblers (Argya and Crateropus), the eggs of which birds they closely resemble in size and colour: The Cuckoo's eggs are of a spheroidal or broad elliptical shape, very smooth and glossy, and of a dark blue colour. The eggs of the Babblers are almost invariably of a pointed oval shape, and the Cuckoo's eggs may generally be separated from them by their shape. They measure from '88 to 1.02 in length, and from '72 to '82 in breadth.

1. India.

1. South Africa.

1. Sind.

1. Futteghur.

Allahabad, India.
 Allahabad, 28th July.

1. Jhansi, N.W. Provs., Aug. (F. R. Blewitt).

1. Jhansi, 28th June (F. R. B.).

Jhansi, 18th July.

1. Jubbulpur, 2nd July (J. A. Kemp).

2. Nilghiri Hills, 22nd Feb.

1. Aptoor, Madras, 18th Aug. (A. G. R. Theobald).

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Old Collection. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Coccystes cafer (Licht.).

Coccystes cafer, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 158 (1875–84); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 221 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 156 (1900).

An egg of Levaillant's Cuckoo in the Collection is nearly elliptical in shape, and quite devoid of all gloss. It is of a pale greyish colour, very densely spotted and freekled all over with lavender and two shades of brown. It measures 1.09 by .8.

1. Bissao, Senegambia (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus SURNICULUS, Less.

Surniculus lugubris (Horsf.).

Surniculus lugubris, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 227 (1891); Blanf.
 Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 223 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.
 p. 170 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 156 (1900).

The eggs of the Drongo Cuckoo are of a blunt oval shape and moderately glossy. They are of a pinkish-white colour, marked, chiefly in the form of a zone round the broad end, with pale lilacbrown and lavender. Two examples measure respectively: '8 by '59; '79 by '54.

Himalayas (Nehrkorn Coll.).
 Java, 2nd May (with 2 eggs of Crowley Bequest.

Pycnonotus aurigaster).

Genus HIEROCOCCYX, S. Müll.

Hierococcyx varius (Vahl).

(Plate II. fig. 7.)

Hierococcyx varius, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 240 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Egys Ind. Birds, ii. p. 383 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 234 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 213 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 170 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 157 (1900).

An egg of the Common Indian Hawk-Cuckoo found by Mr. Iver. Macpherson in the nest of *Crateropus canorus* is of a broad elliptical form, smooth, highly glossy, and of a deep blue colour. It measures 1·12 by ·82. Nehrkorn describes the egg as being spotted.

 Mysore, S. India, 26th May (I. Mac-Hume Coll. pherson).

Hierococcyx fugax (Horsf.).

Hierococcyx fugax, Sharpe, Ibis, 1889, p. 202; 1890, p. 10; Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix, p. 236, part. (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 170 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l, ii. p. 157 (1900). An egg taken by Whitehead in Borneo, and attributed by him to Horsfield's Hawk-Cuckoo, is of a blunt oval form, moderately glossy, of a white colour, marked, chiefly in a zone round the broad end, with specks and spots of pale brown and lavender. It measures '88 by '65. Nehrkorn describes the egg of this species as being dark bluish green.

1. Mt. Kina Balu, Borneo, 29th April Crowley Bequest. (J. Whitehead: with two eggs of Culicicapa ceylonensis).

Genus CUCULUS, Linn.

Cuculus canorus, Linn.

Cuculus canorus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 82, tab. xv. fig. 1, a-e (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 50. fig. 5 (1855-63); Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 251, pl. lxiii. figs. i & ii (1856); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 199 (1878); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 378, pl. 20 (1884); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 379 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 245 (1891); Rey in Marshall's Zool. Vorträge, Heft xi. (1892); Bidwell, Bull. B. O. C. v. p. xxix (1896); id. Ibis, 1896, p. 594; Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 174, pl. 49. figs. 1-5, 9-13 (1896); Rey, Eier Vög. Mitteleur. p. 93, taf. 30 & 31 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 158 (1900).

The eggs of the Common Cuckoo are usually of a blunt oval form, but occasionally they are nearly elliptical in shape. They exhibit a moderate amount of gloss. The shell is thick and hard, and weighs considerably more than the shell of any egg of a Passerine bird of the same size. The eggs are very variable in size, measuring from '76 to '98 in length, and from '57 to '73 in breadth.

The eggs of the Common Cuekoo also vary much in colour and in the character of the markings, but the great majority resemble the eggs of the Skylark (Alauda arvensis) and Meadow-Pipit (Anthus pratensis), and are subject to the same variations as the eggs of those two species. The ground-colour varies from greyish white to pale green on the one hand, and from pale stone-colour to greyish brown on the other. The markings are densely disposed over the whole shell as a rule, and consist of smears, blotches, spots, and streaks of various shades of brown, greyish yellow, olive-brown, lavender, and lilac, and frequently of blackish dots.

As eggs of the above type, with their numerous slight variations, constitute the bulk of the Cuckoo's eggs in the Collection, it will be unnecessary to attempt to describe them in any further detail. In the following remarks, therefore, only those eggs will be described

which differ from this common type.

Eggs of the Common Cuckoo in the Collection disassociated from those of the foster-parents.

2.	Middlesex.	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Finchley, Middlesex (O. S.).	Salvin-Godman Coll.
1.	Hampstead, Middlesex (O. S.).	Salvin-Godman Coll.
1.	Avington, Hants (G. E. Shelley).	Seebohm Coll.
5.	Holland.	Salvin-Godman Coll.
2.	Stolp, Pomerania (T. Holland).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	Dhurumsala, Himalayas, 29th May	Hume Coll.
	$(R. \ C. \ Cock).$	
1.	Murri, Himalayas, 13th June	Hume Coll.
	(C. H. T. Marshall).	
1.	Kotgarh, Himalayas, 12th May	Hume Coll.

Among these specimens there is one which, but for its size, might be taken for the egg of Fringilla cœlebs; several which have a white ground-colour spotted and mottled with lilac-red and lavender; and one with a pinkish ground, mottled with pale rufous and lilac-grey. The remaining specimens are more or less of the common type.

Eggs of the Common Cuckoo in the Collection associated with those of their foster-parents.

Muscicapa grisola.

1. With 3 eggs of foster-parents, Churt, Surrey, Crowley Bequest.

May.

Of the common type.

(Capt. Blair).

Anorthura troylodytes.

1.	With 2	eggs of foster-p	arents.	Germany.	Purchased.
	With 1	",		Pomerania, 30th	Seebohm Coll.
			Ma	y (T. Holland).	
1.	With 2	29	Stolp,	2nd June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 2	11	Stolp,	2nd June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 3	12	Stolp,	4th June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 3	,,	Stolp,	16th June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 2	,,	Stolp,	18th June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 4	27	Stolp,	19th June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 1	12	Stolp,	24th June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 4	,,	Stolp,	25th June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 2	11	Stolp,	26th June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 1	21	Stolp,	27th June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 5	**		29th June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 1	19	Brand	enburg, 15th June.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 4	11		enburg, 4th May.	Crowley Bequest.

All of the same type, with pale green ground-colour and many specks of black in addition to the usual markings.

Erithacus rubecula.

1.	With 5 eggs	of foste	r-parents, England, 6th June.	Purchased.
1.	With 3	22	Stockbridge, Hants,	W. H. Turle, Esq.
			17th May.	[P.].
1.	With 5		Churt, May.	Crowley Bequest

cuculus. 107

1.	With 4 eggs of fos	ter-parer	its, Churt, May.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 6	,,	Churt, May.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 4 ,,	11	Churt, June.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With nest and 4 eg		Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With , 4	,,	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With ", 5	22	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.

Of the common type, with variations.

Ruticilla phænicura.

 With 5 eggs of foster-parents, Dorking, Surrey, Purchased. 29th May.

1. With 5 Finland, 6th June. Crowley Bequest. With 4 Finland, 20th June. 1. Crowley Bequest. 99 1. With 5 Finland, 7th July. Crowley Bequest. " With 4 Valkenswaard, Holland, Seebohm Coll. 28th May (H. Seebohm & H. J. Elwes).

1. With 5 , Brandenburg, 12th June. Crowley Bequest.

Four examples are blue and two of the common type.

Saxicola cenanthe.

1. With 2 eggs of foster-parents, Hanover, 2nd June. Crowley Bequest.

Of the common type.

Saxicola melanoleuca.

1. With 3 eggs of foster-parents, Parnassus, Greece, Seebohm Coll. 12th May.

Blue, sparingly spotted at the broad end with pale lilac, and closely resembling the fosterer's eggs.

Tharrhaleus modularis.

With nest and 4 eggs of foster-parents, Churt. 1. Crowley Bequest. 1. With 3 eggs of foster-parents, Durham, 1st June. Crowley Bequest. 1. With 1 Cheshire, 24th May (H. Seebohm Coll. E. Smith). 1. With 1 Cheshire, 24th May (H. Seebohm Coll. E. S.). With 2 Derbyshire. Seebohm Coll. With 3 W. H. Turle, Esq. Leatherhead, Surrey, 29th May. FP. 1. With 2 Hayward's Heath, 10th Seebohm Coll. May (Swaysland). 1. With 3 Churt, June. Crowley Bequest.

All densely marked eggs of the common type, and in no instance of a blue colour.

Sylvia nisoria.

 With 4 eggs of foster-parents, Berlin, 30th May. Crowley Bequest. Greyish cream-colour, smeared with greyish yellow and lavender.

Sylvia curruca.

With 4 eggs of foster-parents, Churt.
 With 3 - Brandenburg, 17th May. Crowley Bequest.

One example is of the common type; another resembles the fosterer's eggs so closely in colour as to lead to the suspicion that it may be only a double-yolked egg of *S. curruca*.

Sylvia orpheus.

- 2. With 4 eggs of foster-parents, Malaga, Spain Seebohm Coll. (A. Ruiz).
- With 4 , Smyrna, 13th May (T. Seebohm Coll. Krüper).
- 1. With 4 ,, Smyrna 16th May (T.K.). Seebohm Coll.

Three examples closely resemble the fosterers' eggs; a fourth is of the common type.

Sylvia atricapilla.

- 1. With 5 eggs of foster-parents, Harrow, Middlesex. Purchased.
- 1. With 3 ", ", Churt, May. Crowley Bequest.

 Both of the common type.

Sylvia simplex.

- 1. With 5 eggs of foster-parents, Stolp, Pomerania, Seebohm Coll. 6th June (T. Holland).
- 1. With 3 ,, Saxony, 10th May. Crowley Bequest.
 1. With 3 ,, Brandenburg, May. Crowley Bequest.

Varied forms of the common type.

Melizophilus undatus.

1. With nest and 2 eggs of foster-parents, Churt. Crowley Bequest. Of the common type.

Phylloscopus sibilator.

1. With 3 eggs of foster-parents, Malvern, Worcestershire.

Of the common type.

Phylloscopus trochilus.

- With 4 eggs of foster-parents, Churt.
 With 3 "Hayward's Heath, Sussex, 24th May

 Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.
- 1. With 2 , (Swaysland).
 1. With 2 , Pomerania, 29th July. Crowley Bequest.
 1. With 4 , Frankfurt-on-Oder, 24th Purchased.

May.

Of various forms of the common type.

Phylloscopus minor.

1. With 2 eggs of foster-parents, Churt, 21st May. Crowley Bequest. Of the common type.

Acrocephalus phragmitis.

- 1. With 4 eggs of foster-parents, Tenby, Wales, Crowley Bequest. 19th June.
- 1. With 6 , Harrow, Middlesex. Purchased.

- 1. With 4 eggs of foster-parents, Sussex, 30th May Seebohm Coll. (Swaysland).
- (Swaysland).

 1. With nest and 5 eggs of foster-parents, England. Crowley Bequest.
- 1. With ,, 3 ,, Valkenswaard, Crowley Bequest. Holland, 1st July.

Of the common type.

Acrocephalus streperus.

- With 1 egg of foster-parents, England.
 With 1 "Fullerton, Hants, 14th June.

 Crowley Bequest.
 W. H. Turle, Esq.
 [P.].
- 1. With 4 ,, Avington, Hants (G. Seebohm Coll. E. Shelley).
- 2. With 1 ,, Eastbourne, Sussex, Seebohm Coll. 4th June (H. Saunders).
- 1. With 1 ,, Pomerania, 25th May Seebohm Coll. (T. Holland).
- 1. With 2 ,, Pomerania, 8th June Seebohm Coll. (T. H.).
- 2. With 2 ,, Anhalt, Germany, 2nd Seebohm Coll. June (Dr. Rey).
- 1. With nest and 1 egg of foster-parents, England Crowley Bequest. (Tristram Coll.).
- With ", 2 ", Staines, Middlesex. Crowley Bequest.
 With ", 5 ", Staines. Crowley Bequest.

Eggs placed in the nests of the Reed-Warbler are of a varied nature. Nine examples are more or less forms of the common type; two, placed in one nest, are white, spotted with lavender and speckled with dark brown; and one is of a greyish-pink colour, marked with lilac and rich purplish-red.

Acrocephalus palustris.

1. With 3 eggs of foster-parents, Halle-on-Saale, Purchased, 4th June.

Of the common type.

Locustella nævia.

1. With nest and 4 eggs of foster-parents, Brighton. Crowley Bequest. Of the common type.

Lanius collurio.

With 5 eggs of foster-parents, Churt, June.
 With 3 " Halle-on-Saale, 21st May.

Of the common type, and very different from the fosterers' eggs.

Lanius pomeranus.

1. With 3 eggs of foster-parents, South Spain, 10th May.

Of the common type; greenish white, mottled with brown and lavender.

Lanius minor.

1. With 2 eggs of foster-parents [Europe].

Crowley Bequest.

A very pale example; greenish white, sparingly smeared and blotched with pale lavender and very pale brown.

Regulus ignicapillus.

1. With 5 eggs of foster-parents, Alsace, 16th May. Crowley Bequest.

Purplish white, mottled with pale lilac and lavender, and speckled with dark brown.

Motacilla lugubris.

1.		eggs o	f foster		ts, Dollar,			Purchased.
2.	With 4		29		ibroke, 13t		е.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 5		29	Ten	by, 28th M	lay.		Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 4		"	Lan	cashire, 20	6th Ma	ıy	Seebohm Coll.
				(I	I. E. Smite	h).		
1.	With 1		,,	Wh	erwell, H	ants,	3rd	W. H. Turle, Esq.
				Ju	ine.			[P.].
1.	With 4		11	Coo	kham, Ber	ks, Ma	y.	Gould Coll.
1.	With 5		,,	Chu	rt, May.			Crowley Bequest.
1.	With ne	st and		of fos	ter-parents	s, Chui	rt.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With	22	6	2.7	22	Chui	rt.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With	"	6	"	12	Chui	rt.	Crowley Bequest.
	With	11	5	"	"	Chui	et.	Crowley Bequest.
	** 1011	77		77	"	0 22 112		ore may be queen

Mostly of the common type. One example, however, is marked with short lines and scrawls, similar to those on a Bunting's egg, and another is blotched with chestnut-brown.

Motacilla alba.

With 4 egg	gs of foster-		Seebohm Coll.
With 2	"	Frankfurt-on-the-Oder,	Purchased.
With 3	11		Crowley Bequest.
With 1	"	Brandenburg, 30th May.	Crowley Bequest.
With 3	"	Brandenburg, 21stJune.	Crowley Bequest.
With 1	,,	Brandenburg,24thJune.	Crowley Bequest.
With 1	,,	Brandenburg, 1st July.	Crowley Bequest.
With 2	,,	Brandenburg, 2nd July.	Crowley Bequest.
With 2	"	Brandenburg, 2nd July.	Crowley Bequest.
With 3	11		Crowley Bequest.
With 4	99		Crowley Bequest.
With 2	77	Brandenburg, 17thJuly.	Crowley Bequest.
	With 2 With 3 With 1 With 3 With 1 With 1 With 2 With 2 With 3 With 4	With 2 " With 3 " With 1 " With 3 " With 1 " With 1 " With 2 " With 2 " With 3 " With 4 "	With 3 ,, Brandenburg, 17th May. With 1 ,, Brandenburg, 30th May. With 3 ,, Brandenburg, 21st June. With 1 ,, Brandenburg, 21st June. With 1 ,, Brandenburg, 1st July. With 2 ,, Brandenburg, 2nd July. With 2 ,, Brandenburg, 2nd July. With 3 ,, Brandenburg, 3rd July. With 4 ,, Brandenburg, 4th July. With 9 , Brandenburg, 4th July.

All of the common type except one specimen, which is of a purplishwhite colour, smeared with lavender and speckled with black.

Motacilla campestris.

With 4 eggs of foster-parents, Churt, May.
 With nest and 5 eggs of foster-parents, Valkenswaard, Holland, 17th June.

Crowley Bequest.
Crowley Bequest.

Both specimens closely resemble the eggs of the foster-parents.

111 CUCULUS.

Motacilla flava.

1. With 3 eggs of foster-parents, Valkenswaard, Seebohm Coll. 28th May(*H. Seebohm*). Saxony, 13th June.

1. With 1 Crowley Bequest. " With 3 Brandenburg, 1st July. Crowley Bequest.

Two examples are of a pale colour, and closely resemble the eggs of the foster-parents. A third is of the common type, but much speckled with dark brown.

Anthus trivialis.

1.	With 5	eggs (of fo	oster-parents	, King	sley, Cheshire.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 3		22	,,	Odih	am, Hants.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 4		11	11	Chur	t, June.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 4		7.5	21	Chur	t.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 5		"	,,	Chur	t.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 4		27	,, Hass	socks (Gate, Sussex,	Seebohm Coll.
				14t	th May	(Swaysland).	
1.	With n	est an	d 3	eggs of foste	er-pare	nts, England.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With	,,	-3	11	22	England.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With	"	3	29	,,	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With	,,	5	,,	,,	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With	23	5	,,	7.7	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
						C11 /	
1.	With	11	4	,,	2.9	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.

All of the common type except one, which is of a pinkish-grey colour, clouded with lilac and marked with scrawls and spots of rich purplish red, resembling in this respect the eggs of some of the Buntings.

Anthus pratensis.

			1	
1.	With 5	eggs of foster-pa	rents, Lochend, Inverness (Hargitt Coll.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 3	"	Lochend, May (Hargitt Coll.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 2	,,	Mossford, Inverness (Hargitt Coll.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 2	,,	England.	R. Swinhoe, Esq.
1.	With 4	,,	England.	J. B. Greenshield,
1.	With 3	7.7	Lancashire (H. E. Smith).	Esq. [P.]. Seebohm Coll.
2.	With 4	,,	Lancashire, 28th May (H. E. S.).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	With 1	"	Lancashire, 30th May (H. E. S.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 3	"	Lancashire, 13th June (H. E. S.).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	With 1	,,	Lancashire, 29th June	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 4	,,	(H. E. S.). Cheshire (H. E. S.).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	With 3	* 9	Cheshire (H. E. S.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 1		Cheshire (H. E. S.).	Seebohm Coll.
î.	With 1	19	Cheshire (<i>H. E. S.</i>).	
		1,		Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 1	17	Cheshire (H, E, S) .	Seebohm Coll.

_			. 61 11		G 1 1 6 11
1.	With 3 e	ggs of foster	-parents, Cheshir		Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 3	29	Cheshire $(H.$	E. S.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 1	27	Cheshire (H.	E. S.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 1	27	Cheshire, 11		Seebohm Coll.
~ 0		77	(H E, S)		
1.	With 3		Cheshire, 22	nd Mar	Seebohm Coll.
1.	11111111	. 22		na may	Seenonin Con.
-	*******		(H. E. S.).	.1 35	C 1 -1 C-11
1.	With 1	22	Cheshire, 24	th May	Seebohm Coll.
			(H. E. S.).		
1.	With 2	22	Cheshire, 25	th May	Seebohm Coll.
		**	(H. E. S.).		
1.	With 2	"	Cheshire, 28	th May	Seebohm Coll.
1.	*******	77	(H. E. S.).	J	
1.	With 1		Cheshire, 28	th May	Seebohm Coll.
1.	** 1111 1	22	(H. E. S.).	en may	CCCDOIIII COII.
-	777741 0			th June	Seebohm Coll.
1.	With 3	"	Cheshire, 14	tii June	Seebonin Con.
			(H, E, S).		G 1 B
1.	With 3	22	Tenby, 27th 1		Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 3	22	Porchester, 1	Hants, 1st	J. Stares, Esq. [P.].
			June.		
1.	With 3	22	Churt, Surrey	,	Gould Coll.
î.	With 4	"	Churt, May.		Crowley Bequest.
î.	With 3		Churt, June.		Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 4	19	Churt, June.		Crowley Bequest.
		27	Churt, June.		Crowley Bequest.
1.	With 4	27		th Tune	
1.	With 3	. 22	Friesland, 18		Crowley Bequest.
1.			s of foster-parent	s, Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With	,, 4	29 29	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With	,, 3	29 29	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With	,, 3	22 22	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
1.	With	,, 4	22 22	Churt.	Crowley Bequest.
				,	1 1

All of various forms of the common type, and more or less resembling the eggs of the fosterers.

Anthus obscurus.

With 5 eggs of foster-parents, Farn Islands. Crowley Bequest.
 Of the common type.

Galerita cristata.

- 1. With 3 eggs of foster-parents, Brandenburg, Crowley Bequest. 5th June.
- 1. With 3 ,, Tancedo, Spain, 28th Crowley Bequest.
 April (H. Saunders).

Of the common type.

'Alauda arvensis.

- 1. With 1 egg of foster-parents, North Uist, Hebrides, 5th June $(E.\ V.\ Seebohm)$.
- 1. With 3 ,, ,, Churt, May. Crowley Bequest.
 Of the common brown type.

CUCULUS. 113

Ligarinus chloris.

With 4 eggs of foster-parents, Churt, June.
 With nest and 4 eggs , Churt: Crowley Bequest.
 With , 4 , Churt. Crowley Bequest.

en type

Of the common rufous-brown type.

Fringilla cœlebs.

1. With 4 eggs of foster-parents, Harrow, Middlesex. Purchased.

1. With 3 ", ", Churt. Crowley Bequest.

Of the common type and bearing no resemblance whatever to the eggs of the foster-parents.

Cannabina cannabina.

With 4 eggs of foster-parents, Churt, June.
 With nest and 5 eggs , Churt.
 With , 4 ,, Churt.
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

Of the common brown type.

Passer domesticus.

1. With 1 egg of foster-parents, Cheshire, Seebohm Coll. 16th May (H. E. Smith).

Of the common type.

VOL. III.

Passer montanus.

1. With 3 eggs of foster-parents, Germany, 26th May. Crowley Bequest.

Greyish pink, smeared with lavender and pale brown.

Emberiza schæniclus.

With 3 eggs of foster-parents, England, 27th May. Crowley Bequest.
 A pale egg of the common type.

Emberiza citrinella.

 With 5 eggs of foster-parents, Shropshire, 26th May.

1. With 4 ,, ,, Churt, June. Crowley Bequest.
1. With 2 ,, ,, Frankfurt-on-Purchased.

Oder, 6th June.

1. With nest and 4 eggs, Churt. Crowley Bequest.
Of the common brown type.

Miliaria miliaria.

1. With 3 eggs of foster-parents, Wareham, Dorset, C. E. Radcliffe, July. Esq. [P.].

1. With 2 ,, , , Halle-on-Saale, Crowley Bequest. Germany, 20th May.

One of the brown type; the other has a few scrawls and lines similar to those on some Buntings' eggs.

1

Cuculus saturatus, Hodgs.

Cuculus striatus, Swinhoe, Ibis, 1861, pp. 259, 340.
Cuculus indicus, Tacz. J. f. O. 1873, p. 95, taf. i. figs. 7 & 8.
Cuculus intermedius, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii.
p. 381 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 252 (1891).

Cuculus saturatus, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 207 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 158 (1900).

An egg of the Asiatic Cuckoo in the Collection taken by Swinhoe from a nest of Pycnonotus sinensis is now imperfect, but appears to correspond well with Mr. Hume's description of an egg of this species. It is of a pinkish-white colour, thickly freekled with purplish grey. It measures .67 in breadth.

1. Amoy (R. Swinhoe: Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Cuculus poliocephalus, Lath.

(Plate II. fig. 3.)

Cuculus poliocephalus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 231 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 382 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 255 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 208 (1895); Osmaston, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. xi. p. 472 (1898); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 171 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 158 (1900).

Cuculus poliocephalus, var. rochii, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. i. p. 176 (1879).

Cuculus rochii, Cowan, Proc. Roy. Phys. Soc. Edinb. pp. 142, 149 (1882).

The eggs of the Grey-headed Cuckoo taken in Madagascar by Mr. Cowan are of a regular oval shape, smooth and very glossy. They are white, spotted and speckled with umber-brown, more thickly at the large end than elsewhere, and with a few underlying pale purplish markings. They measure respectively: '75 by '55; ·7 by ·48; ·72 by ·56; ·75 by ·54.

Some eggs of this species from the Crowley Collection are very similar, but the markings are more numerous, and form a well-

defined zone round the broad end.

An egg taken by Mr. Osmaston and attributed to this species is described as being chocolate-colour. It was probably the egg of Chalcococcyx maculatus.

An egg taken by Mr. Brooks, and believed to belong to this species, is described as being pure white and glossy.

4. Madagascar.

Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Madagascar. Tamala Country, Madagascar (W. Deans Cowan).

Crowley Bequest.

Cuculus pallidus (Lath.).

Cacomantis pallidus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 615 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 243 (1889).

Cuculus pallidus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 261 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 171 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 159 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 564, pl. 16 (1901).

The eggs of the Pallid Cuckoo are of a pointed oval shape and exhibit a considerable amount of gloss. They are flesh-coloured, very sparingly speckled with chestnut. Five examples measure from .92 to .98 in length, and from .68 to .7 in breadth.

Australia (E. D. Atkinson).

Australia.

Crowley Bequest. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.] Crowley Bequest.

1. Oakleigh, Victoria (E. P. Seymour). Western Point, Victoria, 19th Oct.

(A. J. North).

 Melbourne, 1st Oct. (A. J. N.).
 Gippsland, Victoria.
 Canterbury, New South Wales, 20th Oct. (with 2 eggs of Ptilotis auricomis).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

F. A. Philbrick, Esq., K.C. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Genus PENTHOCERYX, Cab.

Penthoceryx sonnerati (Lath.).

(Plate II. fig. 2.)

Cuculus sonnerati, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 233 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 382 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 262 (1891).

Penthoceryx sonuerati, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 219 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 159 (1900).

Two eggs in the Collection, attributed to the Banded Bay Cuckoo, must be accepted with great doubt in view of Mr. Hume's statement that the fragments of an egg-shell extracted from the oviduct of a female of this species were pale bluish green and quite spotless.

They are of a rather pointed oval form, smooth, and very glossy. The ground-colour is white, and they are marked with brick-red. In one specimen the markings are minute specks; in the other spots and small blotches. They measure respectively: 82 by 64; ·8 by ·61.

2. Coorg, S. India, 18th July.

Hume Coll.

Genus CACOMANTIS, S. Müll.

Cacomantis flabelliformis (Lath.).

Cuculus cineraceus, Ramsay, P. Z. S. 1865, p. 463; 1869, p. 360, pl. xxvii. fig. 4.

Cacomantis flabelliformis, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 618 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 244, pl. xiii. fig. 7 (1889); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 266 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 159 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 568 (1901).

An egg of the Fan-tailed Cuckoo in the Collection is of a narrow blunt oval shape, moderately glossy, and of a white colour, thickly speckled with pale chestnut and lilac-grey. It measures '88 by '6.

1. Tasmania.

Gould Coll.

Cacomantis variolosus (Horsf.).

Cacomantis variolosus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 272 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 160 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr-Birds, ii. p. 572, pl. 17 (1901).

An egg of the Square-tailed Cuckoo in the Collection is of a blunt oval shape and moderately glossy. It is white, marked, chiefly in the form of a zone round the broader end, with spots of pale rufous and lavender. It measures '73 by '56.

 Wellington, New South Wales, 12th Crowley Bequest. Dec. (with two eggs of Rhipidura albiscapu).

Cacomantis insperatus (Gould).

(Plate II. fig. 9.)

Cacomantis insperatus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 273 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 171, taf. iv. fig. 45 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 160 (1900).

Two eggs, said to be those of the Papuan Cuckoo, are of a narrow oval form, moderately glossy, and of an olive-brown colour, marked at the broader end with a few minute specks of darker brown. They measure respectively: '8 by '56; '79 by '51.

They are hardly separable from the eggs of *Cacomantis bronzinus* and *Chalcococcyx plagosus*, but they differ altogether from the specimen figured by Herr Nehrkorn (l. c.). The authenticity of these eggs, therefore, requires confirmation.

2. S.E. New Guinea (with 3 eggs Herr Weiske [C.]. of Todopsis cyanocephala).

Cacomantis bronzinus (Gray).

Cacomantis bronzinus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 275 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 171 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 160 (1900).

An egg of the New Caledonian Cuckoo in the Collection is almost elliptical in shape, moderately glossy, and of a plain olive-brown colour. It measures '8 by 53. This specimen closely resembles the eggs of *C. insperatus*, described above.

1. Noumea, New Galedonia (with two crowley Bequest. eggs of Pseudogerygone flavilateralis; E. L. Layard: Tristram Coll.).

Cacomantis passerinus (Vahl).

(Plate II. fig. 10.)

Cuculus passerinus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 235 (1878). Cacomantis passerinus, Outes ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 385 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 277 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 216 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 160 (1900).

The eggs of the Indian Plaintive Cuckoo are almost elliptical in shape, slightly glossy, and of a pale blue colour, sparingly spotted and blotched with pale reddish brown and lilac-grey. Two examples measure respectively: '76 by '51; '78 by '55.

 Kotagherri, Nilghiri Hills, 22nd Hume Coll. Sept. (Miss Cockburn).

 Kotagherri, 26th Sept. (Miss Cockburn).

Genus CHRYSOCOCCYX, Boie.

Chrysococcyx klaasi (Steph.).

Cuculus klaasi, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 155 (1875–84).
Chrysococcyx klaasi, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 283 (1891);
Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 171 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 161 (1900); Ivy, Ibis, 1901, p. 28.

An egg in the Collection, attributed to Klaas's Cuckoo, is nearly elliptical in shape and moderately glossy. It is cream-coloured, very densely freekled with greyish brown over the whole surface. It measures '74 by '5.

1. Potchefstroom, Transvaal (T. Ayres: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Chrysococcyx cupreus (Bodd.).

Chrysococcyx cupreus, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 153 (1875-84); Ayres, Ibis, 1878, p. 407, 1879, p. 297; Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 285 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 171 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 161 (1900); Haugner, Ibis, 1901, p. 16; Ivy, Ibis, 1901, p. 26.

An egg, said to be that of the Golden Cuckoo, is nearly an ellipse in shape and is moderately glossy. It is of a bluish-white colour, spotted and mottled with greyish brown and lavender. It resembles some eggs of *Passer domesticus*. It measures 9 by 6.

1. Natal (T. Ayres: Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus CHALCOCOCCYX, Cab.

Chalcococcyx maculatus (Gm.).

(Plate II. fig. 8.)

Cuculus maculatus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 238 (1878). Chalcococcyx maculatus, Outes ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 387 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 291 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 161 (1900).

Chrysococcyx maculatus, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 222 (1895).

An egg, attributed to the Indian Emerald Cuckoo by Mr. Hume, is almost a perfect ellipse in shape and possesses a fair amount of gloss. It is of a brownish-pink colour and measures ·8 by ·62.

1. Lebong, Sikhim, 12th July (L. Mandelli).

Hume Coll.

Chalcococcyx basalis (Horsf.).

Chalcites lucidus (nec Gm.), Ramsay, P. Z. S. 1865, p. 460.

Lamprococcyx basalis, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 626 (1865);
Ramsay, P. Z. S. 1869, p. 359, pl. xxvii. fig. 2; North, Nests & Eggs

Austr. Birds, p. 247, pl. xiii. fig. 13 (1889).

Chalcococcyx basalis, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 294 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 171 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 162 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 576, pl. 17 (1901).

The eggs of the Narrow-billed Bronze Cuckoo are of a narrow elliptical shape, slightly glossy, and of a pinkish-white colour, thickly speckled all over with reddish brown. They measure from '68 to '79 in length, and from '5 to '53 in breadth.

5. Australia.

2. Australia (E. D. Atkinson).
1. New South Wales.

1. Dobroyde, N.S.W. (E. P. Ramsay: Tristram Coll.).

 Bogan River, N.S.W., 30th Sept. (with 3 eggs of Malurus cyaneus).
 Victoria (E. P. Seymour).

1. Victoria, 1st Jan.

1. Yarra River, Victoria, 22nd Nov. (A. J. North).

1. Melbourne, 7th Dec. (with 3 eggs of Acanthiza chrysorrhoa: W. Bridger).

2. Tasmania.

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Gould Coll.

Chalcococcyx lucidus (Gm.).

(Plate II. fig. 5.)

Chrysococcyx lucidus, Potts, Tr. N.Z. Inst. ii. p. 65 (1869); Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 132 (1888).

Chalcococcyx lucidus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix, p. 295 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 172 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 162 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Egys Austr. Birds, ii. p. 580 (1901).

An egg of the Broad-billed Bronze Cuckoo in the Collection is of an ordinary oval shape and faintly glossy. It is pale greenish blue, sparingly speckled round the broader end with black and lavender. It measures ·8 by ·6.

1. South Island, New Zealand.

Crowley Bequest.

Chalcococcyx plagosus (Lath.).

Lamprococcyx plagosus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 623 (1865); Ramsay, P. Z. S. 1869, p. 359, pl. xxvii. fig. 1; North, Nests & Egys Austr. Birds, p. 246, pl. ix. fig. 13 (1889). Chalcites lucidus, apud Ramsay, P. Z. S. 1865, p. 460 (pt.).

Chalcococcyx plagosus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 297 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 172 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 162 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 582, pl. 17 (1901).

The eggs of the Australian Bronze Cuckoo are of a regular oval form, slightly glossy, and uniform brown or olive-brown in colour. On very close inspection a few darker specks may be discovered at the broad end of the egg. Four examples measure respectively: ·68 by ·5; ·69 by ·47; ·68 by ·47; ·76 by ·51.

1. New South Wales.

Dobroyde, N.S.W., Sept. (E. P. Ramsay: Tristram Coll.).
2. New South Wales.
1. Belmore, N.S.W., 18th Oct. (with

 $3 \operatorname{eggs}$ of Acanthiza chrysorrhoa).

Melbourne, Victoria.

Yarra River, Victoria, 20th Sept. (A. J. North).

West Australia, Dec. (with 5 eggs 1. of Acanthiza chrysorrhoa).

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll.

Genus COCCYZUS, Vieill.

The eggs of the Cuckoos of this genus are elliptical in shape and almost devoid of gloss. They are plain white of various shades of greenish blue or green.

Coccyzus minor (Gm.).

Coccygus minor, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 482 (1874).

Coccyzus minor, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 304 (1891); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 17 (1895); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 523 (1896); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 172 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 263 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 163 (1900).

The eggs of the Mangrove Cuckoo are of a pale bluish-green colour. They measure from 1.2 to 1.31 in length, and from .87 to ·92 in breadth.

4. Port Henderson, Jamaica, 1st Aug. Crowley Bequest. (G. W. Field).

7. Jamaica (Field Coli.). Crowley Bequest.

Coccyzus melanocoryphus (Vieill.).

(Plate II. fig. 15.)

Coccyzus melanocoryphus, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 38 (1889);
 Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 307 (1891); Holland, Ibis, 1892,
 p. 203; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 172 (1899); von Ihering, Rev.
 Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 263 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 163 (1900).

The eggs of the South-American Black-billed Cuckoo are of a pale green colour. Examples measure from 1·12 to 1·21 in length, and from ·85 to ·93 in breadth.

Argentine Republic, Nov.
 Argentine Republic.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Coccyzus americanus (Linn.).

Coccyzus americanus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 87, tab. xv. fig. 5 (nec 6) (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 50. fig. 6 (1855-63); Dresser, Ibis, 1865, p. 467; id. Birds Eur. v. p. 227 (1876); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 390, pl. 68 (1884); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 308 (1891); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 525 (1896); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 19, pl. v. fig. 1 (1895); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 175, pl. 49, fig. 8 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 164 (1900).

Coccygus americanus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 477

(1874).

The eggs of the Yellow-billed Cuckoo are of a pale bluish-green colour. They measure from 1·16 to 1·32 in length, and from ·87 to ·96 in breadth. One exceptionally small example measures only 1·07 by ·77.

North America (Tristram Coll.).
 North America (Henshaw Coll.).

1. North America (*Hensman Coll.*). Salvin-Goulman 1. North America (*Whiteaves: Hargitt* Seebohm Coll.).

4. Los Angeles, California, 10th June.

B. Bexar, Texas (Hargitt Coll.).

1. San Antonio, Texas (Dr. Heer-mann).

San Antonio, June (H. E. Dresser).
 San Antonio (H. E. D.).

1. Rio Medina, Texas, 5th July (H. E. D.).

2. Texas (H. E. D.).

1. Iowa.

2. Massachusetts (Tristram Coll.).

2. Gettysburg, Pennsylvania (B. Hitz: Smiths. Inst.).

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Seebohm Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Coccyzus erythrophthalmus (Wils.).

Coccygus erythrophthalmus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 484 (1874).

Coccyzus erythrophthalmus, Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 231 (1876); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 311 (1891); Bendire, Life-Hist.

N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 27, pl. v. figs. 3 & 4 (1895); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 175, pl. 49. fig. 6 (1896); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 526 (1896); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 172 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 164 (1900).

The eggs of the Black-billed Cuckoo are of a somewhat deep greenish-blue colour. They measure from 1.03 to 1.16 in length, and from '79 to '87 in breadth.

North America (Smiths. Inst.).

12. North America (Henshaw Coll.).

3. North America.

1. North America (Tristram Coll.).

9. United States of America.

2. River St. Croix, Nova Scotia (H. E. Dresser).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Coccyzus cinereus, Vieill.

Coccyzus cinereus, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 38 (1889); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 312 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 172 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 164 (1900).

The eggs of the Cinereous Cuckoo are of a plain white colour. Two examples measure respectively: 1.1 by .77; 1 by .76.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus URODYNAMIS, Salvad.

Urodynamis taitiensis (Sparrm.).

Eudynamis taitensis, Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 127 (1888). Urodynamis taitiensis, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 314 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 164 (1900).

An egg of the Long-tailed Cuckoo in the Collection is spherical in shape, rough in texture, and pale buff in colour. The measurements are 1.1 by .85.

1. New Zealand.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

Genus EUDYNAMIS, Vig. & Horsf.

Eudynamis honorata (Linn.).

Eudynamis orientalis, Layard, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. (2) xiii. p. 451 (1854).

Eudynamis honorata, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 251 (1878); Barnes, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 19, pl. —. fig. 214 (1889); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 392 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 316 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 228 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 164 (1900).

Eudynamis maculata, La Touche, Ibis, 1892, p. 480.

The eggs of the Indian Koel bear a general resemblance to those of the Crows (Corvus), in the nests of which birds they usually deposit their eggs. They are of a blunt oval form and are moderately glossy. The ground-colour is somewhat variable, being generally of some shade of green, tinged with olive or brown, but sometimes pale buff or stone-colour. The surface-markings, which consist of specks, spots, streaks, and blotches, also vary in extent and in shade of colour. Frequently they are densely distributed over the whole shell, but oftener, perhaps, they are most numerous at the broad end, where they form a cap or zone. They vary in colour from olive-brown to reddish brown. The underlying markings are dull purple or lavender-grey, and are of the same character as the surface-markings.

Specimens measure from 1.08 to 1.29 in length, and from .89 to ·96 in breadth.

India. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.] Crowley Bequest. Sind. Sikhim Terai, 15th April. Hume Coll. Sikhim Terai, 28th April. Hume Coll. Sikhim Terai, 19th May. Hume Coll. 4. 1. Delhi, 17th June (C. T. Bingham). Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Bareilly. 1. Bareilly, 23rd May (A. O. H.). Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Bareilly, 6th June (A. O. H.). 1. 1. Bareilly, 23rd June (A. O. H.). Hume Coll. Mirzapur, 8th June (W. E. Brooks: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.). 1. Allahabad. Hume Coll. Allahabad, 10th July. Hume Coll. Lucknow, 30th June. Lucknow, 9th July. Hume Coll. 1. Hume Coll. 1. Hume Coll. 1. Lucknow, 17th July. Calcutta, 16th April. Crowley Bequest. 1. 1. Jhansi, N.W. Provs. Hume Coll. Hoshungabad, C. Provs., 22nd July. Hume Coll. 1. Belgaum, 13th March (E. A. Hume Coll. 6. Butler). Belgaum, 14th March (E. A. B.). Hume Coll. Belgaum, 20th March (E. A. B.). Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Belgaum, May (E. A. B.). 1. Belgaum, 1st June (E. A. B.). Hume Coll. Belgaum, 6th June (E. A. B.). Hume Coll. Belgaum, 7th June (E. A. B.). Ceylon (E. L. Layard). Hume Coll. 1. Salvin-Godman Coll. 1. Foochow, China, May. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. 1.

Eudynamis cyanocephala (Lath.).

Eudynamis flindersii, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 632 (1865);

Bennett, P. Z. S. 1873, p. 519. Eudynamis cyanocephala, North, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S. W. (2) ii. p. 554 (1887); (2) x. p. 215 (1895); id. Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 249 (1889); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 324 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 165 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 586, pl. 17 (1901).

An egg of the Australian Koel is of an elongated oval shape and

moderately glossy. The ground-colour is pale salmon-pink, and this is sparingly and very delicately marked with spots and very small blotches of pale chestnut and underlying lavender-grey. It measures 1.42 by .96.

1. Australia.

Gould Coll.

Sub-Family CENTROPODINÆ.

Genus CENTROPUS, Illiger.

The eggs of the Coucals or Crow-Pheasants vary from a broad oval or elliptical shape to a spheroidal one. They are plain white and moderately glossy. The shell is chalky in texture and somewhat rough to the touch.

Centropus ateralbus, Less.

Centropus ateralbus, Layard, Ibis, 1880, p. 300; Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 334 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 172 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 166 (1900).

Two eggs of the Pied Coucal in the Collection measure respectively: 1.33 by 1.19; 1.54 by 1.3.

2. New Britain.

Crowley Bequest.

Centropus menebiki (Less. & Garn.).

Centropus menebiki, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 336 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 166 (1900).

An egg of the Giant Coucal in the Collection measures 1.45 by 1.05.

1. S.E. New Guinea.

Herr Weiske [C.].

Centropus nigricans (Salvad.).

Centropus nigricans, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 339 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 172 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 166 (1900).

Two eggs of the Blackish Coucal measure respectively: 1.48 by 1.11; 1.41 by 1.09.

 Fergusson Island, New Guinea, Crowley Bequest. 30th Oct. (A. S. Meek).

Centropus phasianus (Lath.).

Centropus phasianus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 634 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 249 (1889); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 340 (1891); Le Souëf, Vict. Nat. xvi. p. 72 (1899); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 172 (1899); Robinson & Laverock, Ibis, 1900, p. 64; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 166 (1900); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 590 (1901). Varying much in size, the eggs of the Australian Coucal range from 1.60 to 1.31 in length, and from 1.29 to 1.02 in breadth.

1. Australia, 16th Dec.

1. Port Essington, Australia (Wilson).

25. North Queensland, Jan. & Feb.

Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Centropus sinensis (Steph.).

Centropus philippensis, Layard, Ann. May. Nat. Hist. (2) xiii. p. 450 (1854).

Centropus rufipennis, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 260 (1878).

Centrococcyx rufipennis, C. intermedius, & C. maximus, Oates ed. Hume,

Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. pp. 400-405 (1890).

Centropus sinensis, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 343 (1891); Blanf.
 Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 239 (1895); La Touche, Ibis, 1892,
 p. 480; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 167 (1900).

The eggs of the Common Coucal or Crow-Pheasant measure from 1·2 to 1·6 in length, and from 1 to 1·23 in breadth.

8.	Eastern Narra, Sind, 3rd July	Hume Coll.
	$(Scrope\ Doig).$	
26.	Eastern Narra (S. D.).	Hume Coll.
3.	Agra, 25th July.	Hume Coll.
2.	Agra, Aug.	Hume Coll.
1.	Mirzapur, 20th May (W. E. Brooks:	Crowley Bequest.
	Tristram Coll.).	<i>J</i> 1
12.	Allahabad.	Hume Coll.
3.	Allahabad, 4th July.	Hume Coll.
9	Allahabad, 21st Aug.	Hume Coll.
2. 1.	Etawah, 1st-Aug.	Hume Coll.
3.	Jhansi, 23rd June.	Hume Coll.
2.	Jhansi, 18th July.	Hume Coll.
9	Jhansi, 6th Aug.	Hume Coll.
2. 7.	Jhansi, 7th Aug.	Hume Coll.
1.	Raipur, C. Provs., 2nd June (F. R.	Hume Coll.
	Blewitt).	Hume Con.
1.	Raipur, 15th June (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.
5.	Raipur, 20th June (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.
ບ, ຄ	Raipur, 5th July (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.
2. 1.	Dainer 15th July (F. D. R.)	Hume Coll.
	Raipur, 15th July (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.
5.	Raipur, 20th July (F. R. B.).	
3.	Monghyr, Bengal.	Prof. Oldham [P.].
1.	Nilghiri Hills, S. India, May.	Hume Coll.
1.	Kotagherri, Nilghiri Hills, 31st	Hume Coll.
	March (Miss Cockburn).	G 1 D
2.	Ceylon (E. L. Layard: Tristram	Crowley Bequest.
	Coll.).	** 0 11
1.	Tippera, 20th May (V. Irwin).	Hume Coll.
1.	Pegu, 24th Aug. (E. W. Oates).	Hume Coll.
1.	Peon. 26th Aug. (E, W, O_i) .	Hume Coll.
1.	Pegu, 26th Aug. (E. W. O.). Pegu, 25th July (E. W. O.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	Pegu, 25th July (<i>E. W. O.</i>).	Oates Coll.
1.	Pegu, 12th Aug. (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
1.	Pegu, 24th Aug. (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.

Pegu, 26th Aug. (E. W. O.). Pegu, 1st Sept. (E. W. O.).

Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 2. 13th July.

Salween River, Tenasserim, 15th July (C. T. Bingham). Kussoom, Malay Peninsula, 22nd 1.

3. July (J. Darling, Jun.).

1. Foochow, China, 21st June. Foochow (R. Swinhoe: Tristram

Coll.).

Oates Coll. Oates Coll.

Col. C. T. Bingham [P.].

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Centropus toulou (P. L. S. Müller).

Centropus madagascariensis, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat.

Madag., Ois. p. 179, pl. 302. fig. 4 (1879). Centropus tolou, Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 149 (1882). Centropus toulou, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 350 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 172 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 167 (1900).

Eggs of the Madagascar Coucal measure from 1.1 to 1.32 in length, and from '91 to 1 in breadth.

Madagascar (W. T. Gerrard: Tristram Coll.).

1. Tamatave, Madagascar (W. T. G.: Tristram Coll.).

Betsileo, Madagascar.

Tamala Country, Madagascar (W. Deans Cowan: Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Centropus bengalensis (Gm.).

Centrococcyx bengalensis, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 406 (1890).

Centropus bengalensis, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 352 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 243 (1895); La Touche, Ibis, 1898, p. 371; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 167 (1900).

The eggs of the Lesser Indian Coucal measure from 1.05 to 1.3 in length, and from .9 to 1.07 in breadth.

1. Sikhim, 15th May (J. Gammie).

Sikhim, 25th May (J. G.). 1. 3. Sikhim, 24th July (J. G.).

3. Calcutta, 19th July.

4. Sadiya, Assam, 25th May. 4.

Pegu, 29th Aug. (E. W. Oates). Pegu, 19th Aug. (E. W. O.). 2. Pegu, 19th Aug. (E. W. O.).

South China (R. Swinhoe). 55. 1. Amoy, China (R. S.: Tristram Coll.).

Formosa (R. S.: Tristram Coll.).

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Oates Coll. Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Centropus javanicus (Dumont).

Centropus affinis, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 89, tab. xiv. fig. 16 (1845-54).

Centropus javanensis, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 328; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 173 (1899).

Centropus javanicus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 354 (1891).

The eggs of the Java Lesser Coucal measure from 1.05 to 1.21 in length, and from .91 to 1 in breadth.

2. Labuan, Borneo, April (A. Everett).

2. Labuan, July (A. E.).

9. Labuan.

3. Alor Island, 27th April.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Sir Hugh Low [C.]. A. H. Everett, Esq. [C.].

Centropus burchelli, Swains.

Centropus superciliosus, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 163, part. (1875-84).

Centropus senegalensis, Ayres, Ibis, 1884, p. 225.

Centropus natalensis, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 362 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 173 (1899); Ivy, Ibis, 1901, p. 28.
 Centropus burchelli, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 168 (1900).

Two eggs of the Natal Coucal measure respectively: 1.25 by 1.05; 1.32 by 1.03.

2. Natal (T. Ayres).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Centropus superciliosus, Hempr. & Ehr.

Centropus superciliosus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 363 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 173 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 168 (1900).

Two eggs of the White-eyebrowed Coucal measure respectively: 1.33 by .98; 1.31 by .97.

1. East Africa (Nehrkorn Coll.).

1. East Africa (Fischer).

2. East Africa.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Centropus andamanensis, Tytler.

Centrococcyx andamanensis, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 404 (1890).

Centropus andamanensis, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 366 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 242 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 168 (1900).

Two eggs of the Andaman Coucal measure respectively; 1.3 by 1.1; 1.3 by 1.08.

2. Port Blair, Andaman Islands, June Hume Coll. (Capt. Wimberley).

Sub-Family PHŒNICOPHAINÆ.

The eggs of the Cuckoos of this group are plain white and bear a close resemblance to those of the Coucals. They differ, however, in being rather longer in relation to their breadth, comparatively few specimens being spheroidal in shape.

Genus TACCOCUA, Less.

Taccocua leschenaulti, Less.

Taccocua leschenaulti, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 266 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 408 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 237 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 170 (1900).

Taccocua sirkee, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 408 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 381 (1891).

The eggs of the Sirkeer Cuckoo measure from 1.25 to 1.55 in length, and from 1.03 to 1.13 in breadth.

Ű.	Deini, our April (C. 1. Bingnam).	riume Coll.
3.	Jhansi, 25th June (F. R. Blewitt).	Hume Coll.
1.	Jhansi, 18th July (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Jhansi, 24th July (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Allahabad, 12th April.	Hume Coll.
2.	Allahabad, 3rd July.	Hume Coll.
1.	Chunar, Bengal, 26th May (W. E.	Hume Coll.
	Brooks),	
1.	Chunar, 1st June (W. E. B.:	Crowley Bequest.
	Tristram Coll.).	<i>v</i> 1
3.	Saugor, C. Provs., 7th July.	Hume Coll.
3.	Saugor, 30th July.	Hume Coll.

9 Della: Ctl. Ameil (C. T. Dinglam)

1. Saugor, 30th July (Tristram Coll.).

1. Raipur, C. Provs., 10th July.

2. Saugor, 31st July.

Genus RHOPODYTES, Cab. & Heine.

Rhopodytes tristis (Less.).

Crowley Bequest.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Rhopodytes tristis, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 397 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 386 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 232 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 170 (1900).

The eggs of the Large Green-billed Malkoha measure from 1.25 to 1.6 in length, and from 1 to 1.15 in breadth.

1.	Sikhim, 10th May (J. Gammie).	Hume Coll.
2.	Sylhet, 12th May (J. R. Cripps).	Hume Coll.
1.	Pegu, 20th June (E. W. Oates).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	Pegu, 24th June (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.

1.	Pegu, 10th Sept. (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Pegu, 11th June (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
2.	Pegu, 16th June (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
1.	Pegu, 20th June (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
	Pegu, 10th Sept. (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
1.	Men and Management 204h	
4.	Meeawuddy, Tenasserim, 28th	Hume Coll.
	Feb. (C. T. Bingham).	II G 11
3.	Yeaboo, Tenasserim, 5th March	Hume Coll.
	(C, T, B.).	
J.	Yeaboo, 5th March (C.T. B.).	Crowley Bequest.
5.	Meplay River, Tenasserim, 19th	Hume Coll.
	March (C. T. B.).	
2.	Meplay River, 20th March (C.	Hume Coll.
	T. B .).	
1.	Meplay River, 2nd April (C. T. B.).	Hume Coll.
3.	Meplay River, 17th April (C.	Hume Coll.
	T. B.).	
1.	Taoo, Tenasserim, 18th April (C.	Hume Coll.
	T. B.).	22,4110 0011
1.	Taoo, 18th April (C. T. B.).	Crowley Bequest.
2.	Houndraw, Tenasserim, 21st April	Hume Coll.
and o	(C. T. B.).	Traine Con.
1		Humo Coll
1.		Hume Coll.
	Davison).	

Genus RHINOCOCCYX, Sharpe.

Rhinococcyx curvirostris (Shaw & Nodder).

Rhinococcyx curvirostris, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 397 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 171 (1900).

The eggs of the Curve-billed Malkoha in the Collection measure from 1.07 to 1.15 in length, and from .9 to .96 in breadth.

Java. Crowley Bequest.
 W. Java, 28th March. Crowley Bequest.

Genus COUA, Cuv.

Coua cærulea (Linn.).

Coua cærulea, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. i. p. 148 (1879); Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 149 (1882); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 406 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 172 (1900).

An egg of the Blue Malkoha measures 1.29 by .99.

1. Madagascar (W. Deans Cowan). Crowley Bequest.

Coua reynaudi, Pucher.

Coua reynaudi, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. i. p. 141 (1879); Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 149 (1882); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 407 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 173 (1900).

Three eggs of Reynaud's Malkoha measure respectively: 1:36 by 1:06; 1:45 by 1:1; 1:4 by 1:1.

2. Betsileo, Madagascar.

1. Madagascar.

Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Family NEOMORPHINÆ.

The eggs of the Cuckoos of this group resemble those of the *Phænicophainæ*.

Genus CARPOCOCCYX, Gray.

Carpococcyx radiatus (Temm.).

Carpococcyx radiatus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 414 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 173 (1900).

An egg of the Bornean Malkoha in the Collection is elliptical in form, and measures 1.92 by 1.31.

1. Borneo.

Old Collection.

Genus GEOCOCCYX, Wagl.

Geococcyx mexicanus (Gm.).

Geococcyx californianus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 472 (1874); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 13, pl. i. fig. 2 (1895); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 534 (1896).

Geococcyx mexicanus, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 419 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 174 (1900).

The eggs of the Road-Runner measure from 1.5 to 1.62 in length, and from 1.18 to 1.22 in breadth.

North America (Smiths. Inst.).
 N. America (Field Coll.).

4. San Diego, California, 5th April.

4. Tucson, Arizona (J. A. Spring & H. Buchanan: Henshaw Coll.).

San Antonio, Texas (Dr. Ogden).
 San Antonio (H. E. Dresser:

1. San Antonio (H. E. Dresser . Tristram Coll.).

1. Matagorda, Mexico (Berlandier: Tristram Coll.)..

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.]. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Milli Godinia Com

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Geococcyx affinis, Hartl.

Geococcyx affinis, Salvin, Ibis, 1861, p. 67; Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 421 (1891); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 536 (1896); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 173 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 174 (1900).

The eggs of the Allied Road-Runner measure from 1.31 to 1.45 in length, and from 1 to 1.08 in breadth.

VOL. III.

1. Mexico (Nehrkorn Coll.).

3. San Geronimo, Guatemala, 3rd April (R. Owen).

1. San Geronimo, May (O. Salvin: Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Family CROTOPHAGINÆ.

The eggs of the Cuckoos of this group are of a blue colour, more or less covered by a white chalky deposit. They are elliptical in shape.

Genus CROTOPHAGA, Linn.

Crotophaga major, Gm.

Crotophaga major, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 91, tab. xv. fig. 8 (nec 10) (1845-54); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 428 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 173 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 263 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 175 (1900).

An egg of the Greater Ani in the Collection is of a deep blue colour, covered over the larger part of its surface with a thin white deposit. It measures 1.7 by 1.35.

1. Brazil.

Crowley Bequest.

Crotophaga ani, Linn.

Crotophaga ani, D'Orb. in De La Sagra's Hist. Cuba, Aves, pl. xxxi. fig. 22 (1839); Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 90, tab. xv. fig. 9, a, b (1845-54); Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 282 (1847); A. & E. Nevton, Ibis, 1859, p. 148, pl. xii. fig. 5; Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 488 (1874); Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. x. p. 81 (1888-90); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 31 (1889); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 429 (1891); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 6, pl. i. fig. 6 (1895); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 544 (1896); Christy, Ibis, 1897, p. 331; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 173 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 263 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 175 (1900).

Many of the eggs of the Black Ani or Savanna Blackbird are of a deep blue colour; others are thickly covered with white chalky matter, which becomes scratched or worn away in places and allows the blue shell beneath to be visible. Specimens measure from 1.26 to 1.48 in length, and from .9 to 1.1 in breadth.

5. N. America.

1. Jamaica (W. Osburn: Tristram Coll.).

2. Jamaica, 11th Aug.

2. Jamaica.

3. Jamaica.

1. St. Croix, W. Indies (A. & E. Newton).

2. St. Croix (A. S. E. N.).

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Rev. Barham Zincke [P.]. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

St. Croix, 18th June (A. & E. N.). St. Croix, 2nd July (A. & E. N.). 1.

St. Croix (A. & E. N.). 1. Cuba (Tristram Coll.).

Grenada, W. Indies (J. G. Wells).

1. British Guiana.

1. Brazil.

Iguape, Brazil, Oct.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Old Collection.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crotophaga sulcirostris, Swains.

Crotophaga sulcirostris, Taez. P. Z. S. 1877, p. 753; Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 432 (1891); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 9, pl. i. fig. 7 (1895); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 545 (1896); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 173 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 175 (1900).

The eggs of the Groove-billed Ani are covered with a coat of white chalky matter, through scratches in which the blue shell beneath is indistinctly visible. Examples measure from 1.1 to 1.34 in length, and from .83 to 1.03 in breadth.

Mazatlan, Mexico (A. Forrer). 2. Tanchico, Mexico, May (Field Coll.).

Yucatan. 1.

Costa Rica, 9th May.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll. C. F. Underwood, Esq. [C.].

Genus GUIRA, Less.

Guira guira (Gm.).

(Plate II. fig. 12.)

Crotophaga guira, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 91, tab. xv. fig. 11 (1845–54); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 173 (1899). Guira piririgua, Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. viii. p. 87 (1883–5);

x. p. 82 (1888-90); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 32 (1889); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 202; Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 191.

Guira guira, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 433 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 175 (1900); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 263

The eggs of the Guira Cuckoo are of a deep blue colour covered with a delicate tracery or irregular network of blotches and lines of white chalky matter of varying thickness. They measure from 1.45 to 1.6 in length, and from 1.12 to 1.24 in breadth. Occasionally a specimen is entirely devoid of chalky matter.

S. America.

1. Uruguay.

3. Uruguay. 3. Uruguay.

3. Argentine Republic.

1. Argentine Republic. 3. Argentine Republic.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

A. R. MacKinnon, Esq. [P.].

O. V. Aplin, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

R. Lydekker, Esq. [P.]. A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Order SCANSORES.

Sub-Order INDICATORES.

Family INDICATORIDÆ.

Genus INDICATOR, Vieill.

Indicator minor, Steph.

Indicator minor, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 169 (1875–84);
Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 9 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 176 (1900).

The eggs of the Little Honey-Guide in the Collection are white, of an oval form, smooth in texture, with a slight amount of gloss. They measure respectively: '88 by '69; '85 by '69; '82 by '61.

3. S. Africa.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Sub-Order CAPITONES.

Family CAPITONIDÆ.

The eggs of the Barbets are plain white. The shell is compact and firm, but has seldom much gloss. They are generally of a regular oval form.

Genus TRICHOLÆMA, J. & E. Verr.

Tricholæma leucomelan (Bodd.).

Pogonorhynchus leucomelas, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 17:3 (1875–84)

Tricholaema leucomelan, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 31 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 180 (1900); Ivy, Ibis, 1901, p. 22.

An egg of the Pied Barbet in the Collection is of a narrow oval form, slightly rough in texture, and devoid of gloss. It measures 92 by 63.

1. Cape Colony (T. Atmore: Tris- Crowley Bequest. tram Coll.).

Genus MEGALÆMA, Gray.

Megalæma virens (Bodd.).

Megalæma virens, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 319 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 52 (1891); Blanf. Faun. Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 86 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 183 (1900).

The eggs of the Great Chinese Barbet are of a broad pointed oval shape, and have only a trace of gloss. Four examples measure respectively: 1.31 by 1.04; 1.32 by 1.03; 1.29 by 1.02; 1.36 by 1.

3. Meplay River, Tenasserim, 12th Hume Coll. Feb. (C. T. Bingham).

 Meplay River, 26th March (C. Hume Coll. T. B.).

Megalæma marshallorum, Swinh.

Megalæma virens, Marshall, Mon. Capit. p. 33 (1871).

Megalæma marshallorum, Óates ed. Hume, Nests & Eygs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 318 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 53 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 84 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 183 (1900).

An egg of the Great Himalayan Barbet in the Collection resembles those of M, virens, and measures 1.35 by 1.01.

1. Sikhim, 4000 ft., 20th May Hume Coll. (J. Gammie).

Genus CYANOPS, Bp.

The eggs of the Barbets of this genus are generally devoid of gloss. They vary in shape, every considerable series containing specimens which are oval, elliptical or even biconical in form.

Cyanops asiatica (Lath.)

Megalæma asiatica, Marshall, Mon. Capit. p. 63 (1871). Cyanops asiatica, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 320 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 62 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 92 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l, ii. p. 184 (1900).

The eggs of the Blue-faced Barbet measure from 1.03 to 1.13 in length, and from .79 to .87 in breadth.

2. Sikhim. Crowley Bequest. Darjiling, Sikhim, May. Hame Coll. 5. Mongphoo, Darjiling (J. Gammie). Hume Coll. Calcutta, 11th April., Calcutta, 3rd May. Hume Coll. 1. Hume Coll. 1. 1. Calcutta, 30th May. Hume Coll. Calcutta, 4th June. Hume Coll.

Calcutta, 8th May. Crowley Bequest.

Cyanops davisoni (Hume).

Cyanops davisoni, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eyys Ind. Birds, ii. p. 321 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 65 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 93 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 184 (1900).

Three eggs of Davison's Barbet measure respectively: 1·12 by ·8; 1·12 by ·8; 1·12 by ·8. They are very glossy.

2. Meplay River, Tenasserim, 16th Hume Coll. March (C. T. Bingham).

1. Meplay River, 28th March (C. Hume Coll. T. B.).

Cyanops franklini (Blyth).

Megalæma franklini, Marshall, Mon. Capit. p. 51 (1871).

Cyanops franklini, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Egys Ind. Birds, ii. p. 322 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 69 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 96 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 184 (1900).

An egg of the Golden-throated Barbet in the Collection measures 1.11 by .82.

1. Darjiling, Sikhim, 5th Aug. (L. Hume Coll. Mandelli).

Genus THEREICERYX, Blanford.

Thereiceryx zeylonicus (Gm.).

Megalæma inornata, Marshall, Mon. Capit. p. 89 (1871).

Megalæma caniceps, Marshall, t. c. p. 91.

Megalæma zeylanica, Marshall, t. c. p. 95; Leyge, Birds Ceylon, p. 208 (1878).

Cyanops caniceps, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 322 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 78 (1891).

Cyanops zeylonica, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 324 (1890).

Thereiceryx zeylonicus, Blanf. Favn. Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 86 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 185 (1900).

Eggs of the Common Indian Green Barbet are slightly glossy, an measure from 1·1 to 1·3 in length, and from ·84 to ·95 in breadth.

India. Crowley Bequest. 2. India. Hume Coll. 1. Lucknow, 21st April (G. Reid). Hume Coll. Sitapur, Oudh, 7th April (C. R. Hume Coll. Cock). Sitapur, 9th April (C. R. C.). 1. Hume Coll. Allahabad, 10th April. Hume Coll.

Thereiceryx lineatus (Vieill.).

Megalæma hodgsoni, Marshall, Mon. Capit. p. 85 (1871).

Megalæma lineata, Marshall, t. c. p. 88.

Cyanops lineata, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 325 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 80 (1891).

Thereiceryx lineatus, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 88 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 185 (1900).

The eggs of the Lineated Barbet are devoid of gloss. Four eggs of the Continental race of this Barbet measure respectively: 1·35 by ·88; 1·36 by ·88; 1·3 by ·92; 1·25 by ·95. Three of the smaller Burmese bird measure respectively: 1·13 by ·84; 1·19 by ·82; 1·15 by ·82.

Sikhim Terai, 6th May.
 Sylhet (J. R. Cripps).
 Sinzaway, Tenasserim, 25th March (C. T. Bingham).

Hume Coll.
Hume Coll.

Thereiceryx viridis (Bodd.).

Megalæma viridis, Marshall, Mon. Capit. p. 81 (1871).

Cyanops viridis, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Egys Ind. Birds, ii. p. 325 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 83 (1891).

Thereiceryx viridis, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 89 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 185 (1900).

The eggs of the Small Green Barbet are slightly glossy, and measure from 1.07 to 1.22 in length, and from .75 to .96 in breadth.

India.
 Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].
 Belgaum (E. A. Butler).
 Crowley Bequest.

Belgaum, India, 6th Feb. (E. A. B.). Hume Coll.
 Belgaum, 23rd March (E. A. B.). Hume Coll.

4. Nilghiri Hills, S. India. Hume Coll.

Nilghiri Hills (Nehrkorn Coll.).
 Nilghiri Hills.
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

 Kotagherri, Nilghiri Hills, 20th Hume Coll. May (Miss Cockburn).

3. Curzon, Nilghiri Hills, 30th April Hume Coll.

(J. Darling.

Curzon, 4th May (J. D.).
 Coonoor, Nilghiri Hills, 15th March
 Hume Coll.
 Hume Coll.

(J. D.).
2. Coonoor, Nilghiri Hills, 25th March Hume Coll.

(*J. D.*).

3. Coonoor, 3rd April (*J. D.*, *Jun.*). Hume Coll.

Genus MESOBUCCO, Shelley.

Mesobucco cyanotis (Blyth).

Megalæma cyanotis, Marshall, Mon. Capit. p. 77 (1871). Mezobucco cyanotis, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 328 (1890). Mesobucco cyanotis, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 87 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 185 (1900).

Cyanops eyanotis, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 95 (1895).

The eggs of the Blue-eared Barbet are of a lengthened elliptical shape and devoid of gloss. They measure from ·85 to 1 in length, and from ·65 to ·7 in breadth.

2. Wimjeo River, Tenasserim, 12th Hume Coll. Feb. (C. T. Bingham).

3. Tavoy, 15th April (J. Darling). Hume Coll.

Genus XANTHOLÆMA, Bp.

Xantholæma hæmatocephalum (P. L. S. Müll.).

Xantholæma hæmacephala, Marshall, Mon. Capit. p. 101 (1871); Legge, Birds (eylon, p. 218 (1878); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 329 (1890).

Xantholæma hæmatocephala, Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 89 (1891); Blanf. Faunu Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 98 (1895).

Xantholæma hæmatocephalum, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. pp. 185, 238 (1900).

The eggs of the Crimson-breasted Barbet are usually of a lengthened cylindrical shape, and exhibit a small amount of gloss. They measure from .87 to 1.07 in length, and from .62 to .72 in breadth.

1. India. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.]. Hume Coll. Hansi, Punjab, 25th April. Allahabad. Hume Coll. 1. Lucknow, 17th March. Hume Coll. Lucknow, 24th March. Hume Coll. 2. Bareilly, 8th May. Hume Coll. Bareilly, 9th May. Bareilly, 12th May. Hume Coll. Hume Coll. 1. Bareilly, 15th May. Hume Coll. 1. Bareilly, 20th May. Hume Coll. Chupra, Bengal, 21st March. Central India (R. C. Beavan). Hume Coll. 1. Crowley Bequest. Hume Coll. 4.

1. Central India (C. C. Betaul).

1. Raipur, C. Provs. (F. R. Blewitt).

1. Pegu, 6th March (E. W. Oates).

1. Pegu, 20th March (E. W. O.).

1. Pegu, April (E. W. O.).

1. Pegu, April (E. W. O.).

2. Pegu, April (E. W. O.).

3. Seebolm Coll.

Pegu, 1st April (E. W. O.).
 Pegu, 5th April (E. W. O.).
 Oates Coll.
 Oates Coll.

Pegu, 1st May (E. W. O.). Hume Coll.

Xantholæma malabaricum (Blyth).

Xantholæma malabarica, Marshall, Mon. Capit. p. 111 (1871); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Egys Ind. Birds, ii. p. 332 (1890); Shelley, Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 95 (1891); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 99 (1895).

Xantholæma malabaricum, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 186 (1900).

An egg of the Crimson-throated Barbet is of a lengthened cylindrical shape and devoid of gloss. It measures '98 by '65.

1. Travancore, S. India, 6th March (F. W. Bourdillon).

Sub-Order RHAMPHASTIDES.

Family RHAMPHASTIDÆ.

Genus PTEROGLOSSUS, Illig.

Pteroglossus flavirostris, Fraser.

Pteroglossus flavirostris, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 144 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 169 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 262 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 190 (1900).

An egg of the Yellow-billed Toucan in the Collection is elliptical in shape, the ends being somewhat pointed, moderately glossy, and plain white. The shell is smooth, but is covered with shallow pores and longitudinal furrows or grooves, extending more or less from one end of the egg to the other. It measures 1.3 by .92.

1. Peru (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Order PICIFORMES.

Sub-Order BUCCONES.

Family BUCCONIDÆ.

Genus BUCCO, Briss.

Bucco maculatus (Gm.).

Bucco maculatus, Scl. Mon. Jacam. & Puff-birds, p. 99 (1879-82); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 30 (1889); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 190 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 197 (1900).

Two eggs in the Collection, said to be those of the Spotted Puffbird, are of a somewhat narrow oval shape, smooth in texture, devoid of gloss and plain white. They measure respectively: 1.21 by .83; 1.23 by .86.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus MONASA, Vieill.

Monasa nigrifrons (Spix).

Monacha nigrifrons, Scl. Mon. Jacam. & Puff-birds, p. 159 (1879-82); id. Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 206 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 170 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 261 (1900). Monasa nigrifrons, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 200 (1900).

An egg of the Black-fronted Puff-bird in the Collection is spheroidal in shape, smooth in texture, glossy and of a white colour. It measures 1.03 by .9.

1. Peru (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus CHELIDOPTERA, Gould.

Chelidoptera tenebrosa (Pall.).

Chelidoptera tenebrosa, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1866, p. 192; 1867, p. 583; Scl. Mon. Jacam. & Puff-birds, p. 161 (1879-82); id. Cat. Birds B. M. xix. p. 207 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 200 (1900).

The eggs of the Smaller Swallow-wing are spheroidal in shape, smooth in texture, glossy and of a white colour. Three examples measure respectively: .99 by .77; .93 by .75; .93 by .8.

2. Ucayali River, E. Peru, 10th Sept. P. L. Sclater, Esq. [P.]. (E. Bartlett).

1. Ucayali River (E. B.).

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Order PICI.

The eggs of the Woodpeckers are typically of a broad oval form, but some are of an elliptical and others of a spheroidal shape. They are always plain white. The shell is fine and smooth, and in most cases exhibits a large amount of gloss.

Family PICIDÆ.

Sub-Family PICINÆ.

Genus GEOCOLAPTES, Swains.

Geocolaptes olivaceus (Gm.).

Geocolaptes olivaceus, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 187 (1875-84); Butler, Feilden & Reid, Zool. 1882, p. 208; Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 9 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 200 (1900).

139 COLAPTES.

The eggs of the Ground Woodpecker in the Collection are excessively glossy and measure respectively: 1.08 by .85; 1.09 by .82; 1.11 by .79; 1.12 by .82.

4. Newcastle, Natal, 2nd Aug. (E. A. Crowley Bequest. Butler).

Genus COLAPTES, Swains.

The eggs of the Woodpeckers of this genus are highly glossy.

Colaptes luteus, Bangs.

Colaptes auratus (nec Linn.), Ross, Nat. Hist. Rev. 1862, p. 278; id. Canad. Nat. vii. p. 143 (1862); Blakiston, Ibis, 1862, p. 3; Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 575, part. (1874); Coues, Birds N. West, p. 292 (1874); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 12, part. (1890); Bendire, Life-Hist. N.-Amer. Birds, ii. p. 129 (1895). Colaptes auratus luteus, Bangs, Auk, xv. p. 177 (1898).

Colaptes luteus, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 201 (1900).

The eggs of the Golden-winged Woodpecker measure from 1 to 1.23 in length, and from .78 to .91 in breadth.

North America.

11. North America (Henshaw Coll.).

North America (Montreal Mus.: Hargitt Coll.).

6. Fort Simpson, Mackenzie River District.

6. Great Slave Lake, 9th June (L. Clarke, Jun.: Tristram Coll.).

Fort Rae, Great Slave Lake, 20th June (L. Clarke, Jun.: Smiths. Inst.).

Carlton, Canada, 1st June (T. W. 1. Blakiston).

4. Pennsylvania (Hargitt Coll.).

6. New York, 17th May.

Highland Falls, New York, 21st May (E. A. Mearns: Hargitt Coll.).

4. Madison, Connecticut.

28. Princeton, New Jersey (W. E. D.

Princeton, 10th May (W. E. D. S.). 8. 7.

Princeton, 13th May (W. E. D. S.). Princeton, 16th May (W. E. D. S.). Princeton, 27th May (W. E. D. S.). 7.

10.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll. Seebohm Coll.

B. R. Ross, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Princeton University, N. J. [E.].

Colaptes collaris, Vig.

Colaptes mexicanus (nec Swains.), Lord, Proc. R. A. Inst. Woolwich, iv. p. 337 (1865); Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 578, part. (1874); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 17, part. (1890).

Colaptes cafer, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 129, part (1895).

Colaptes cafer collaris, Nelson, Auk, xvii. p. 123 (1900). Colaptes collaris, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 201 (1900).

The eggs of the Red-shafted Woodpecker vary from 1.05 to 1.26 in length, and from .84 to .92 in breadth.

5. Monterey, California (C. A. Caufield: Henshaw Coll.).

Monterey, May (C. A. Caufield: Tristram Coll.). 3.

6. San Diego, California, 1st May.

California (Smiths. Inst.).

3. British Columbia, July. 4. Fort Colville, Columbia River.

3. Esquimalt, Vancouver Island.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Salvin-Godman Coll. J. K. Lord, Esq. [P.].

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Colaptes campestris (Vieill.).

Colaptes campestris, Dalgleish, Proc. Roy. Phys. Soc. Edin. x. p. 80 (1888-90); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 23 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 164 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 258 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 201 (1900).

Two eggs of the Field Woodpecker in the Collection measure respectively: 1.12 by .9; 1.11 by .9.

2. Brazil, 30th Sept.

Crowley Bequest.

Colaptes agricola (Malh.).

Colaptes agricola, Dalgleish, Proc. Roy. Phys. Soc. Edin. viii. p. 87 (1883-85); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 24 (1889); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 25 (1890); Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 189, pl. v. fig. 6; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 164 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 201 (1900).

Six eggs of the Pampas Woodpecker measure respectively: 1.14 by .88; 1.14 by .91; 1.15 by .9; 1.1 by .9; 1.1 by .91; 1.11 by .91.

4. Uruguay, Nov. 2. Argentine Republic. O. V. Aplin, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Colaptes pitius (Mol.).

Colaptes pitius, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 28 (1890); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 5 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 164 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 202 (1900).

Three eggs of the Chilian Woodpecker measure respectively: 1.15 by .86; 1.21 by .9; 1.21 by .87.

3. Central Chile, Oct.

Berkeley James Coll.

Genus HYPOXANTHUS, Bp.

Hypoxanthus brevirostris, Tacz.

Hypoxanthus rivolii (nec Boiss.), Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 533. Hypoxanthus brevirostris, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 31 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 202 (1900).

An egg of the Short-billed Woodpecker in the Collection is of a narrow oval form and very glossy. It measures 1.25 by .85.

1. Santa Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Salvin-Godman Coll. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

Genus GECINUS, Boie.

The eggs of the Woodpeckers of this genus are very glossy.

Gecinus viridis (Linn.).

Picus viridis, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 99, tab. xiii. fig. 14, a b (1845-54); Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 239, pl. lxi. fig. ii (1856).

Gecinus viridis, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 11. fig. 1 (1855–63); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 77 (1871); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 364, pl. 18 (1884); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 36 (1890); Seebohm, Eygs of Brit. Birds, p. 172, pl. 48. fig. 15 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 202 (1900).

The eggs of the Green Woodpecker measure from 1.2 to 1.4 in length, and from .9 to .95 in breadth.

1. England. R. T. Frere, Esq. [P.]. 8. England. Seebohm Coll. 4. Banks of the Ouse, Hunts, 4th June Crowley Bequest. (G. Dawson Rowley). 2. Elveden, Norfolk, 20th May. Salvin-Godman Coll. 2. Devonshire. Montagu Museum. 3. New Forest, Hampshire (H. Saun-Seebohm Coll. ders). New Forest. 3. Seebohm Coll.

New Forest, June (C. B. Wharton). 6. Seebohm Coll. 3. New Forest, 7th June. Salvin-Godman Coll. Hendon, Middlesex (O. S.). 3. Salvin-Godman Coll. Southgate, Middlesex (O.S.). Salvin-Godman Coll. Caen Wood, Hampstead (O. S.). Salvin-Godman Coll. 3. Farnham, Surrey. Seebohm Coll. Farnham, May. 6.

3. Farnham, Surrey. Seebohm Coll.
6. Farnham, May. Seebohm Coll.
6. Churt, Surrey, May. Crowley Bequest.
7. Churt, June. Crowley Bequest.
2. Livonia, Baltic Provs., 14th May Seebohm Coll.

(Russow).
6. Stolp, Pomerania, 21st May Seebohm Coll. (T. Holland).

Gecinus sharpei, Saunders.

Geeinus viridis, apud Saunders, Ibis, 1871, p. 65.

Gecinus sharpei, *Dresser*, *Birds Eur.* v. p. 89 (1872); *Bree*, *Birds Eur.* 2nd ed. iv. p. 74, pl. — (1875); *Hargitt*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* xviii, p. 40 (1890); *Sharpe*, *Hand-l*. ii. p. 202 (1900).

The eggs of Sharpe's Green Woodpecker vary from 1·15 to 1·23 in length, and from ·85 to ·95 in breadth.

Spain.
 Spain, 4th May (H. Saunders).
 Aranjuez, Spain, 4th May (H. S.).
 Aranjuez, 4th May (H. S.).
 Seebohm Coll.
 Seebohm Coll.

 Aranjuez, 5th May (H. S.).
 Seville, 12th May (J. J. Dalgleish).
 Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Gecinus vaillanti (Malh.).

Gecinus levaillantii, Salvin, 1bis, 1859, p. 315.

Gecinus vaillanti, *Dresser*, *Birds Eur.* v. p. 93 (1873); *Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M.* xviii. p. 41 (1890); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 165 (1899); *Sharpe, Hand-l.* ii. p. 202 (1900).

The eggs of the Algerian Green Woodpecker measure from 1·16 to 1·3 in length, and from ·84 to ·96 in breadth.

2. Kef Laks, Algeria, 21st April Crowley Bequest.
(H. B. Tristram).

Kef Laks, 21st April (O. Salvin).
 Algeria (Noury: Hargitt Coll.).
 Seebohm Coll.

Morocco, 11th Aug. (Field Coll.).
 Morocco, 11th May (Field Coll.).
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

Gecinus awokera (Temm.)

Picus awokera, Seebohm, Birds Japan. Emp. p. 147 (1890). Gecinus awokera, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 41; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 165 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 202 (1900).

Two eggs of the Japanese Green Woodpecker in the Collection measure respectively: 1·1 by ·85; 1·1 by ·85.

2. Hondo, Japan, 26th May. Crowley Bequest.

Gecinus squamatus (Vig.).

Gecinus squamatus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 43 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 297 (1890); Blant. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 19 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 202 (1900).

The eggs of the Scaly-bellied Green Woodpecker measure from 1·12 to 1·34 in length, and from ·85 to ·99 in breadth.

Murri, N.W. Himalayas, 21st April (C. H. T. Marshall).
 Murri, 4th June (C. H. T. M.). Crowley Bequest.

4. Kumaon, Himalayas, April Hume Coll. (R. Thompson).

5. Kotegurh, Himalayas, 13th April. Hume Coll.

Gecinus striolatus (Blyth).

Gecinus striolatus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 194 (1878); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii, p. 50 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 298 (1890); Blanf, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 20 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 203 (1900).

Two eggs of the Lesser Indian Green Woodpecker measure respectively: 1.05 by .76; 1.06 by .73.

1. Kotegurh, Himalayas, 18th May. Hume Coll. 1. Kotagherri, Nilghiri Hills, Hume Coll. 6th May (Miss Cockburn).

Gecinus canus (Gm.).

Picus canus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 101, tab. xiii. fig. 15 (1845-

54); Bree, Birds Eur. iii. p. 136, pl. — (1867).
Gecinus canus, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 11. fig. 2 (1855-63);
Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 95 (1872); Bree, t. e. 2nd ed. iv. p. 69
pl. — (1875); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 52 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 203 (1900).

Eggs of the Grey-headed Green Woodpecker measure from 1 to 1.14 in length, and from .78 to .87 in breadth.

1. Europe (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest. 4. Europe (Field Coll.). Crowley Bequest. Norway, 26th May.
 Vosges, France, 25th July (Mougel: Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Hargitt Coll.). Styria (E. Seidensacher).

Seebohm Coll. 5. 5. Styria (E, S.). Seebohm Coll.

2. Cilli, Styria, 30th April (E. S.). Salvin-Godman Coll. 2. Russia (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Gecinus guerini (Malh.).

Gecinus guerini, *Hargitt*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* xviii, p. 55 (1890); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 165 (1899); *La Touche*, *Ibis*, 1900, p. 42; Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 203 (1900).

The eggs of Guérin's Woodpecker measure from 1.1 to 1.15 in length, and from .85 to .9 in breadth.

6. Kuatun, N.W. Fohkien, China, C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. 6th May (J. D. La Touche). 5. Kuatun, 24th May (J. D. La T.). C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

Gecinus oocipitalis (Viq.).

Gecinus occipitalis, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 56 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 299 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 22 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 203 (1900).

The eggs of the Black-naped Green Woodpecker measure from ·97 to 1·32 in length, and from ·83 to ·92 in breadth.

144 PICIDÆ.

Murri, N.W. Himalayas, 20th Crowley Bequest. April (C. H. T. Marshall). 1. Murri, 31st May (C. H. T. M.). Hume Coll. 8. Sikhim. Hume Coll. Sadiya, Assam. Hume Coll. Pegu, 6th May (E. W. Oates). Pegu, 7th May (E. W. O.). 1. Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Pegu, 7th May (E. W. O.). 1. Seebohm Coll. Pegu, 14th May (E. W. O.).
Meplay River, Tenasserim, 26th
March (C. T. Bingham).
Thoungyin River, Tenasserim,
11th April (C. T. B.). 1. Seebohm Coll. 1. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. 1.

Sinzaway, Tenasserim, 28th April (C. T. B.). Hume Coll. 5.

Gecinus chlorolophus (Vieill.).

Gecinus chlorolophus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 59 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 300 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 23 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 203 (1900).

The eggs of the Lesser Yellow-naped Woodpecker in the Collection measure respectively: .97 by .75; .99 by .72; 1.01 by .72.

Hume Coll.

3. Darjiling, Sikhim, 25th May.

Gecinus nigrigenis, Hume.

Gecinus nigrigenis, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 67 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 300 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 26 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 204 (1900).

Two eggs of the Red-rumped Green Woodpecker in the Collection measure respectively: 1.16 by .81; 1.16 by .8.

2. Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 18th March (C. T. Bingham). Hume Coll.

Genus CHLORONERPES, Swains.

Chloronerpes aurulentus (Temm.).

Chloronerpes aurulentus, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 21 (1889); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 79 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 165 (1899); von Thering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 258 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 204 (1900).

Two eggs of the Gold-backed Woodpecker in the Collection are moderately glossy, and measure respectively: .97 by .7; .95 by .7.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus CHRYSOPTILUS, Swains.

Chrysoptilus cristatus (Vieill.).

Chrysoptilus cristatus, Dalgleish, Proc. Roy. Phys. Soc. Edin. viii. p. 86 (1883-5); x. p. 80 (1888-90); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 21 (1889); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 112 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 165 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 207 (1900).

Three eggs of the Argentine Red-crested Woodpecker in the Collection are highly glossy and measure respectively: 1.05 by .83; 1.03 by .8; 1.12 by .81.

3. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus ASYNDESMUS, Coues.

Asyndesmus torquatus (Wils.).

Melanerpes torquatus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 561 (1874); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 117 (1895). Asyndesmus torquatus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 137 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 165 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 209 (1900).

An egg of Lewis's Woodpecker is glossy, and measures 1.02 by .81.

1. North America.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus MELANERPES, Swains.

The eggs of the Woodpeckers of this genus appear to be very glossy when fresh, but the gloss disappears with incubation.

Melanerpes erythrocephalus (Linn.).

Melanerpes erythrocephalus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 564 (1874); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 145 (1890); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 107 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 165 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 209 (1900).

The eggs of the Red-headed Woodpecker measure from $\cdot 95$ to $1\cdot 07$ in length, and from $\cdot 73$ to $\cdot 82$ in breadth.

13. North America (Field Coll.).

1. North America (T. M. Brewer).

2. North America (Smiths. Inst.).

1. North America.

4. United States.

4. Kansas (C. W. Spencer: Henshaw Coll.).

3. Pennsylvania (T. M. Brewer: Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Old Collection.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.]. Salvin-Godman Coll.

C . 1 70 . . .

Crowley Bequest.

VOL. III.

Melanerpes melanopogon (Temm.).

Melanerpes formicivorus, var. formicivorus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 566 (1874).

Melanerpes melanopogon, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 151 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 209 (1900).

Melanerpes formicivorus, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 412 (1895).

Melanerpes formicivorus bairdi, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 112 (1895).

Eggs of the Californian Woodpecker measure from '91 to 1 in length, and from '7 to '8 in breadth.

[California.]
 Los Angeles, California, 16th May.

Crowley Bequest.
Crowley Bequest.

Melanerpes cruentatus (Bodd.).

Melanerpes cruentatus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 155 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 165 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 258 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 210 (1900).

Two eggs of the Small South-American Black Woodpecker measure respectively: '78 by '62; '8 by '62.

2. Peru (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Melanerpes cactorum (Lafr. & d'Orb.).

Picus cactorum, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. ii. p. 19 (1889). Melanerpes cactorum, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 162 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 210 (1900).

Two eggs of the Cactus Woodpecker measure respectively: 9 by 68; 85 by 64.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Melanerpes carolinus (Linn.).

Centurus carolinus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 554 (1874).

Melanerpes carolinus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 170 (1890); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 121 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 211 (1900).

Eggs of the Red-bellied Woodpecker measure from '98 to 1.1 in length, and from '75 to '8 in breadth.

N. America, 15th April.
 N. America (Field Coll.).
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

1. Iowa. Crowley Bequest.

Melanerpes dubius (Cabot).

Melanerpes dubius, *Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M.* xviii. p. 172 (1890); *Salv.* & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 422 (1895); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 166 (1899); *Sharpe, Hand-l.* ii. p. 211 (1900).

The eggs of Cabot's Woodpecker measure from .85 to 1.02 in length, and from .7 to .76 in breadth.

British Honduras (F. Blancaneaux).
 British Honduras, 25th May (F. B.).
 Salvin-Godman Coll.

3. Yucatan (Nehrkhorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Melanerpes aurifrons (Wagl.).

Centurus aurifrons, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 557 (1874).

Melanerpes aurifrons, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 177 (1890);
Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 124 (1895); Nehrk. Kat.
Eiersamml. p. 166 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 211 (1900).

The eggs of the Golden-fronted Woodpecker measure from $\cdot 97$ to $1\cdot 02$ in length, and from $\cdot 71$ to $\cdot 79$ in breadth.

North America (Smiths, Inst.).
 North America (Field Coll.).

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Melanerpes santacruzi (Bp.).

Centurus santacruzi, Owen, Ibis, 1861, p. 67. Melanerpes santacruzi, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 179 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 420 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 211 (1900).

Eggs of the Santa Cruz Woodpecker in the Collection measure from 1.01 to 1.06 in length, and from .77 to .79 in breadth.

4. San Geronimo, Guatemala, 2nd Salvin-Godman Coll. June (R. Owen).

Melanerpes uropygialis (Baird).

Centurus uropygialis, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 558 (1874).

Melanerpes uropygialis, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 182 (1890); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 127 (1895); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 423 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii p. 212 (1900).

Four eggs of the Gila Woodpecker measure respectively: 1 by '7; '98 by '72; '93 by '72; '95 by '71.

2. Mazatlan, Mexico (A. Forrer).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

2. Mazatlan, 28th April.

Melanerpes elegans (Swains.).

Melanerpes elegans, *Hargitt*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* xviii. p. 184 (1890); *Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer.*, *Aves*, ii. p. 424 (1895); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 166 (1899); *Sharpe, Hand-l.* ii. p. 212 (1900).

Four eggs of the Elegant Woodpecker measure respectively: 1.04 by .71; 1.02 by .7; 1 by .69; 1 by .7.

[Mexico.]
 Mazatlan, Mexico, 11th June.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

2. Mazatlan (A. Forrer).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus SPHYROPICUS, Baird.

Sphyropicus varius (Linn.).

Sphyrapicus varius, Ross, Nat. Hist. Rev. 1862, p. 278; id. Canad. Nat. vii. p. 143 (1862); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 82 (1895).

Sphyropicus varius, var. varius, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds

ii. p. 539 (1874).

Sphyropicus varius, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 188 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 166 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 212

Eggs of the Yellow-bellied Woodpecker measure from .85 to .95 in length, and from .67 to .7 in breadth. They exhibit very little gloss.

Fort Simpson, Mackenzie River 5. District.

B. R. Ross, Esq. [P.].

4. N. America.

Crowley Bequest.

4. Iowa, 3rd June.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus HYPOPICUS, Bp.

Hypopicus hyperythrus (Vig.).

Hypopicus hyperythrus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 199 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 301 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 32 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 212 (1900).

An egg of the Rufous-bellied Pied Woodpecker in the Collection is glossy, and measures .85 by .66.

1. Murri, N.W. Himalayas, 21st April Hume Coll. (C. H. T. Marshall).

Genus DENDROCOPUS, Koch.

Dendrocopus major (Linn.).

Picus major, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 96, tab. xiii. fig. 9 (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vog. tab. 11. fig. 4 (1855–63); Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 240, pl. lxi. fig. iii (1856); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 19 (1871); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 354, pl. 18 (1885); id. Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 170, pl. 48. fig. 13 (1896).

Dendrocopus major, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 211 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 213 (1900).

The eggs of the Greater Spotted Woodpecker exhibit little gloss, and measure from .91 to 1.15 in length, and from .71 to .82 in breadth.

8. England.

Gould Coll. 1. Caen Wood, Hampstead (O. S.). Salvin-Godman Coll.

4. Caen Wood (O. S.).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

3. Lyndhurst, New Forest, May (F. D. Godman).

6. New Forest (H. Saunders). Churt, Surrey, May.

5. Elbeuf, France (Noury: Hargitt Coll.).

Elbeuf (Noury: Hargitt Coll.). 2. 8.

Stolp, Pomerania, 15th May (T. Holland).

Stolp, 17th May (T. H.). 4.

Styria, 18th May (E. Seidensacher). Cilli, Styria, 26th April (E. S.). Sweden (H. W. Wheelwright: 5. Tristram Coll.).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Dendrocopus canariensis, Koeniq.

Dendrocopus major canariensis, Koenig, J. f. O. 1890, p. 350. Dendrocopus canariensis, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 213 (1900).

The eggs of the Canary-Islands Spotted Woodpecker in the Collection are moderately glossy, and measure respectively: 1·1 by ·75; 1·05 by ·77; 1·08 by ·75.

3. Teneriffe, 24th April (Ramon Gomez).

H. E. Dresser, Esq. [E.].

Dendrocopus japonicus (Seebohm).

Picus japonicus, Seebohm, Ibis, 1883, p. 24. Picus major japonicus, Seebohm, Birds Japan. Emp. p. 154 (1890). Dendrocopus japonicus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 216 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 213 (1900).

Two eggs of the Japanese Pied Woodpecker measure respectively: 1 by .76; .93 by .74.

2. Hondo, Japan, 13th June.

Crowley Bequest.

Dendrocopus mauritanus (Brehm).

Dendrocopus mauritanus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 216 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 213 (1900).

The eggs of the Morocco Pied Woodpecker measure from .94 to 1 in length, and from .7 to .73 in breadth.

5. Morocco, 8th May (Field Coll.). 2. Morocco, 13th June.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Dendrocopus numidicus (Malh.).

Picus numidicus, Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 33 (1871). Dendrocopus numidicus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 217 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 213 (1900).

An egg of the Algerian Pied Woodpecker in the Collection is moderately glossy, and measures .98 by .75.

1. Algeria.

Old Collection.

Dendrocopus himalayensis (Jard. & Selby).

Dendrocopus himalayensis, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 220 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 301 (1890); Blant, Fanna Brit Ind., Birds, iii. p. 34 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 213 (1900).

An egg of the Himalayan Pied Woodpecker in the Collection is moderately glossy, and measures .98 by .73.

1. Kotegurh, Himalayas, 28th June. Hume Coll.

Dendrocopus cathpharius (Hodgs.).

Dendrocopus cathpharius, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 223 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 302 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 37 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 213 (1900).

An egg of the Lesser Pied Woodpecker in the Collection is moderately glossy, and measures .77 by .61.

1. Darjiling, Sikhim, 4000 feet, 19th Hume Coll. April (J. Gammie).

Dendrocopus syriacus (Hempr. & Ehrenb.).

Picus syriacus, Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 35 (1871). Dendrocopus syriacus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 225 (1890);

Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 166 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 214 (1900).

The eggs of the Syrian Pied Woodpecker are very glossy, and measure from .97 to 1.1 in length, and from .67 to .78 in breadth.

Smyrna, 12th May (T. Krüper: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Smyrna, 12th May (T. Krüper). Seebohm Coll. 3. Mersina, Asia Minor, 14th May. Crowley Bequest.

Beyrut, Syria, 28th May (Field Crowley Bequest. Coll.).

Dendrocopus villosus (Linn.).

Picus villosus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 503 (1874);

Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 171 (1896).

Dendrocopus villosus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 230 (1890);

Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 166 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 214 (1900).

Dryobates villosus, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 46 (1895).

The eggs of the Hairy Woodpecker are very glossy, and measure from 9 to 1 in length, and from 7 to 75 in breadth.

- 1. Canada (Montreal Mus.: Hargitt Seebohm Coll. Coll.).
- Toronto, 24th May. 5. Crowley Bequest.
- 5. Toronto, 1st June.3. Oxford, Maine, 25th May. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. P.
- W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Dendrocopus pubescens (Linn.).

Picus pubescens, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 509 (1874); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 171 (1896).

Dendrocopus pubescens, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 238 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 166 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 214 (1900). Dryobates pubescens, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 55, pl. i.

fig. 24 (1895).

The eggs of the Downy Woodpecker are highly glossy, and measure from .67 to .84 in length, and from .57 to .62 in breadth.

North America (Henshaw Coll.).

North America (Smiths, Inst.). 1.

N. America. 3.

6. Saybrook, Connecticut, 6th June.

3. Ithaca, New York.

Highland Falls, New York, 17th May (E. A. Mearns: Hargitt Coll.).

5. Nebraska, 31st May.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Princeton University, N.J. [E.].

Seebohm Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Dendrocopus gairdneri (Aud.).

Picus pubescens, var. gairdneri, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 512 (1874).

Dendrocopus gairdneri, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 241 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 214 (1900).

Dryobates pubescens gairdneri, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 58 (1895).

The eggs of Gairdner's Woodpecker measure from .79 to .82 in length, and from .57 to .61 in breadth.

5. N. America (Field Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

California (T. M. Brewer: Tris- Crowley Bequest. tram Coll.).

Dendrocopus scalaris (Wagl.).

Picus scalaris, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 515 (1874).

Dendrocopus scalaris, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 246 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 435 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Éiersanml. p. 166 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 215 (1900). Dryobates scalaris bairdi, Eendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 63

(1895).

The eggs of Baird's Woodpecker in the Collection measure respectively: .81 by .6; .81 by .62; .82 by .6; .8 by .6.

1. Mexico, Dec. (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest. 3. Mexico, 7th April (Field Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Dendrocopus lucasanus (Xantus).

Pieus scalaris, var. lucasanus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 519 (1874).

Dendrocopus lucasanus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii, p. 250 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 215 (1900).

Dryobates scalaris lucasanus, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 65 (1895).

Four eggs of the St. Lucas Woodpecker in the Collection measure respectively: .82 by .62; .9 by .65; .81 by .62; .86 by .62.

4. California, 3rd April (Field Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Dendrocopus minor (Linn.).

Picus minor, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 97, tab. xiii. fig. 12, a, b (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 11. fig. 6 (1855-63); Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 241, pl. lxi. fig. iv (1856); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 53 (1872); Seebolom, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 359, pl. 18 (1885); id. Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 171, pl. 48, fig. 8 (1896). Dendrocopus minor, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 252 (1890);

Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 215 (1900).

The eggs of the Lesser Spotted Woodpecker are highly glossy. They measure from .64 to .9 in length, and from .53 to .65 in breadth.

Caen Wood, Hampstead (O. S.).

Cookham, Berkshire (W. Briggs). 4.

New Forest (F. Bond). 4. New Forest (Hargitt Coll.).

New Forest (W. Farren). Sweden (H. W. Wheelwright). 6.

2.

Uleaborg, Finland. Stolp, Pomerania, 17th May Stolp, Pomera (T. Holland).

Germany.

Cilli, Styria, 24th May (E. Seidensacher).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Gould Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Dendrocopus pipra (Pall.).

Dendrocopus pipra, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 255 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 215 (1900).

Picus minor kamtschatkensis, Tacz. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 706 (1893).

The eggs of Pallas's Lesser Spotted Woodpecker in the Collection measure respectively: .73 by .6; .73 by .61; .76 by .6; .71 by .6.

4. Altai Mts., C. Asia, 17th May (Field Crowley Bequest. Coll.).

Dendrocopus lignarius (Molina).

Dendrocopus lignarius, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 257 (1890); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 5 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 167 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 215 (1900).

Four eggs of Molina's Woodpecker in the Collection are moderately glossy, and measure respectively: . 9 by .67; . 9 by .65; ·88 by ·68; ·86 by ·67.

3. Central Chile, Oct. 1. Central Chile (Landbeck).

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Dendrocopus macei (Vieill.).

Dendrocopus macei, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 260 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 303 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 39 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 215 (1900).

The eggs of the Fulvous-breasted Pied Woodpecker in the Collection are moderately glossy and measure respectively: 9 by 65; ·85 by ·64; ·9 by ·65; ·87 by ·65; ·88 by ·65.

Jerripani, near Mussoori, Hima-Hume Coll. layas (T. Hutton).

Near Mussoori, 20th May (T. H.). Hume Coll. 1. Calcutta, 27th April. Hume Coll.

1. Akyab, 19th April (E. R. Shopland). Crowley Bequest.

Dendrocopus auriceps (Vig.).

Dendrocopus brunneifrons, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 264 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 304 (1890).

Dendrocopus auriceps, Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 40 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 216 (1900).

Three eggs of the Brown-fronted Pied Woodpecker are moderately glossy, and measure respectively: .85 by .67; .86 by .65; ·9 by ·67.

3. Jerripani, near Mussoori, Hima- Hume Coll. layas (T. Hutton).

Dendrocopus leuconotus (Bechst.).

Picus leuconotus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 95, tab. xiii. fig. 8 (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 11. fig. 7 (1855-63); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 39 (1871); Bree, Birds Eur. iv. p. 56, pl. — (1875); Tacz. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 701 (1893).

Dendrocopus leuconotus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 268 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 216 (1900).

The eggs of the White-backed Woodpecker measure from 1.1 to 1.21 in length, and from .8 to .88 in breadth.

4. Altai Mts., C. Asia (Field Coll.). Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

 Altai Mts., 27th May (Field Coll.),
 Altai Mts., 10th May.
 Amur-land, 10th May. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Genus PICOIDES, Lacép.

Picoides tridactylus (Linn.).

Picus tridactylus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 94, tab. xiii. fig. 11 (1845-54); Bree, Birds Eur. 2nd ed. iv. p. 66, pl. — (1875); Seebohm & Harvie-Brown, Ibis, 1876, p. 112.

Apternus tridactylus, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 11. fig. 8 (1855-63). Picoides tridactylus, Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 69 (1872); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 275 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 216 (1900).

The eggs of the Three-toed Woodpecker are very glossy, and measure from .94 to 1.03 in length, and from .74 to .76 in breadth.

1. Petchora River, Lat. $66\frac{1}{2}$ ° N., 14th Seebohm Coll. June (H. Seebohm & J. A. Harvie-Brown).

Salmojeroi, Finland (J. Wolley: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Tornea, Finland, 5th June (Meves). Seebohm Coll. 4. 1. Finland, June (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Picoides crissoleucus (Bp.).

Picoides crissoleucus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 277 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 167 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 216 (1900).

Picoides tridactylus crissoleucus, Tacz. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 722 (1893).

Two eggs of the Siberian Three-toed Woodpecker in the Collection are extremely glossy, and measure respectively: 1.08 by .72; 1.05 by .8.

2. Amur-land, 17th May (Tancré). Crowley Bequest.

Genus DENDROCOPTES, Cab. & Heine.

Dendrocoptes medius (Linn.).

Picus medius, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 96, tab. xiii. fig. 10 (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vog. tab. 11. fig. 5 (1855–63); Bree, Birds Eur. iii. p. 146, pl. — (1867); 2nd ed. iv. p. 62, pl. — (1875); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 47 (1871).

Dendrocoptes medius, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 286 (1890);

Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 217 (1900).

The eggs of the Middle Spotted Woodpecker are very glossy, and measure from .86 to 1.02 in length, and from .71 to .76 in breadth.

5. Europe (Field Coll.).

Crowley Bequest. 3. Europe. Linkspring, Sweden (Tristram 1. Crowley Bequest. Coll.).

Denmark, 13th May. Stolp, Pomerania, 21st May.

Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus LIOPICUS, Bp.

Liopicus mahrattensis (Lath.).

Picus mahrattensis, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 184 (1878). Liopicus mahrattensis, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 290 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 305 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 43 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 217 (1900).

The eggs of the Yellow-fronted Pied Woodpecker are glossy, and measure from ·8 to ·88 in length, and from ·61 to ·68 in breadth.

	mansi, i dujan.	munic Con.
	Hansi, 20th April.	Hume Coll.
1.	Hansi, 10th June.	Hume Coll.
1.	Delhi, 30th March (C.T. Bingham).	Hume Coll.
1.	Etawah, 30th March (A. O. Hume).	Hume Coll.
1.	Etawah, 9th April (A. O. H.).	Hume Coll.
	Maunbhum, 9th April (R. C.	Crowley Bequest.
	Beavan: Tristram Coll.).	

Genus IYNGIPICUS, Bp.

Iyngipicus auritus (Gm.).

Yungipicus fusco-albidus, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 326. Iyngipicus auritus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 325 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 220 (1900).

The eggs of the Red-eared Pigmy Woodpecker in the Collection are almost devoid of gloss, and measure respectively: '73 by '52; '71 by '56; '65 by '54; '65 by '53.

4. Labuan, Borneo.

9 Hanci Puniah

Sir Hugh Low [C.].

Humo Coll

Iyngipicus hardwickei (Jerd.).

Iyngipicus hardwickii, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 328 (1890);
Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 306 (1890); Blanf.
Fauna Brit, Ind., Birds, iii. p. 47 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 220 (1900).

Two eggs of the Indian Pigmy Woodpecker in the Collection are moderately glossy, and measure respectively: '7 by '5; '71 by '6.

 Lucknow, India, 24th March (G. Hume Coll. Reid).

1. Sitapur, Oudh, 5th May (C. R. Hume Coll. Cock)

Genus MICROPTERNUS, Blyth.

Micropternus phæoceps, Blyth.

Micropternus phæoceps, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 393 (1890);
Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 308 (1890); Blanf.
Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 55 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.
p. 167 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 224 (1900).

Four of the eggs of the Common Indian Rufous Woodpecker in the Collection are of a narrow cylindrical shape, and a fifth is of an ordinary oval form. They are devoid of gloss, and measure from 1.01 to 1.2 in length, and from .77 to .8 in breadth.

4. Mongphoo, Darjiling, 1st May Hume Coll. (J. Gammie).

1. Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 12th Hume Coll. March (C. T. Bingham).

Genus BRACHYPTERNUS, Strickl.

Brachypternus aurantius (Linn.).

Brachypternus aurantius, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 404 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 309; Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 58 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 167 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 225 (1900).

The eggs of the Golden-backed Woodpecker are sometimes highly glossy, and sometimes without any gloss. They measure from '99 to 1·12 in length, and from '75 to '85 in breadth.

2.	Hansi, Punjab, 27th March	Hume Coll.
	(W. Blewitt).	
2.	Hansi, 2nd June (W. B.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Hansi, 17th July (W. B.).	Hume Coll.
3.	Delhi, 24th April (C. T. Bingham).	Hume Coll.
8.	Allahabad, 6th April.	Hume Coll.
1.	Etawah, 11th March.	Hume Coll.
1.	Etawah, 12th March.	Hume Coll.
1.	Etawah, 23rd March (A.O. Hume).	Hume Coll.
2.	Sikhim, 3rd Feb. (J. Gammie).	Hume Coll.
4.	Calcutta, May.	Crowley Bequest.

Genus TIGA, Kaup.

Tiga javanensis (Ljung).

Tiga javanensis, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 326; Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 412 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 311 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 61 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 167 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 225 (1900).

The eggs of the Golden-backed Three-toed Woodpecker are somewhat pyriform and moderately glossy. They measure from .97 to 1.16 in length, and from .72 to .8 in breadth.

2. Pegu, 7th May (E. W. Oates: Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.).

Meplay River, Tenasserim, 22nd Hume Coll. March (C. T. Bingham).
 Meplay River, 23rd March (C. Hume Coll.

3. Meplay River, 23rd March (C. Hume Coll. T. B.).

1. Labuan, Borneo. Sir Hugh Low [C.].

Genus HEMICERCUS, Swains.

Hemicercus canente (Less.).

Hemicercus canente, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii, p. 486 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 314; Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 69 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 168 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 230 (1900).

The eggs of the Heart-spotted Woodpecker are moderately glossy, and measure from '85 to '9 in length, and from '66 to '69 in breadth.

1. Moulmein, Tenasserim, 16th Dec. Hume Coll. (W. Davison).

(W. Davison).

2. Meplay River, Tenasserim, 11th Hume Coll.
March (C. T. Bingham).

2. Kussoom, Malay Peninsula, 2nd Hume Coll. July (J. Darling).

Genus ALOPHONERPES, Reichenb.

Alophonerpes pulverulentus (Temm.).

Hemilophus pulverulentus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 494 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 315 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 71 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 168 (1899).

Alophonerpes pulverulentus, Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 230 (1900).

Two eggs of the Great Slaty Woodpecker in the Collection are somewhat spheroidal in shape, and moderately glossy. They measure respectively: 1.4 by 1.1; 1.4 by 1.12.

2. Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 30th Hume Coll. April (C. T. Bingham).

Genus CEOPHLŒUS, Cab. & Heine,

Ceophlœus scapularis (Vig.).

Ceophlœus scapularis, *Hargitt*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* xviii. p. 510 (1890); *Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer.*, *Aves.*, ii. p. 450 (1895); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 168 (1899); *Sharpe, Hand-l.* ii. p. 232 (1900).

The eggs of the White-billed Woodpecker in the Collection are of a very narrow oval shape, and extremely glossy. Four examples measure respectively: 1.15 by .78; 1.28 by .78; 1.19 by .8; 1.1 by .74.

2. Mazatlan, Mexico (A. Forrer).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

2. Mazatlan.

Genus DRYOTOMUS, Swains.

Dryotomus pileatus (Linn.).

Hylotomus pileatus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 550 (1874).

Dryotomus pileatus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 515 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 232 (1900).

Ceophlœus pileatus, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 102, pl. i. fig. 5 (1895).

Four eggs of the Pileated Woodpecker measure respectively: 1.28 by .95; 1.26 by .98; 1.23 by .97; 1.27 by .98. They are exceedingly glossy.

4. N. America (Field Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PICUS, Linn.

Picus martius, Linn.

Picus martius, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vog. p. 98, tab. xiii. fig. 13 (1845–54); Simpson, Ibis, 1859, p. 264; Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 518 (1890); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 172, pl. 48. fig. 9 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 232 (1900).

Dryocopus martius, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög, tab. 11, fig. 3 (1855-63); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 3 (1871).

The eggs of the Great Black Woodpecker are of a peculiar pointed oval shape, and some are quite pyriform. They are highly glossy, and measure from 1.2 to 1.45 in length, and from .9 to 1.05 in breadth.

4. Sweden (II. W. Wheelwright: Tristram Coll.).

2. Gefle, Sweden, April.

5. Sweden.

4. Sweden, 30th April (Meves).

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest. Gould Coll. Seebohm Coll.

4. Sweden, 5th June (Meves).

Stolp, Pomerania, 5th May (T. 4. Holland).

Tchelfer, near Dorpat, Baltic 3.

Provinces, April (Russow). Lucerne, Switzerland, 25th April (H. F. Möschler). 4.

4. Switzerland, 17th April. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Family PICUMNINÆ.

Genus PICUMNUS, Temm.

Picumnus innominatus, Burton.

Picumnus innominatus, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 549 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 316 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind. Birds, iii. p. 76 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 168 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 235 (1900).

The eggs of the Speckled Piculet in the Collection are of a broad oval shape, and very glossy. They measure respectively: .57 by ·47: ·54 by ·45: ·53 by ·45.

2. Sikhim (J. Gammie).

1. Sikhim (*J. G.*).

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Genus SASIA, Hodgs.

Sasia ochracea, Hodgs.

Sasia ochracea, Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 555 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 317 (1890); Blanf, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 77 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 168 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 236 (1900).

The eggs of the Rufous Piculet in the Collection are broad ovals, and moderately glossy. They measure from '6 to '64 in length. and from .48 to .52 in breadth.

2. Mongphoo, Darjiling 2nd July (J. Gammie).

Hume Coll.

1. Darjiling, 14th June.

Hume Coll.

Darjiling, June. 1.

Hume Coll.

Sub-Family IYNGINÆ.

Genus IYNX, Linn.

Iynx torquilla, Linn.

Iynx torquilla, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 92, tab. xiii. fig. 6 (1845-54) ; Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 50. fig. 7 (1855-63); Dresser, Birds Eur. v. p. 103 (1875); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 372, pl. 18 (1885); Hargitt, Cat. Birds B. M. xviii. p. 560 (1890); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 173, pl. 48. fig. 10 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. ii. p. 236 (1900).

Yunx torquilla, Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 242, pl. lxii. fig. i (1856).

The eggs of the Wryneck are of a blunt oval form, and moderately glossy. They measure from '75 to '93 in length, and from '56 to '67 in breadth.

6. England. Gould Coll. 8. Cambridgeshire. F. Bond, Esq. [P.]. 4. Taunton, Somersetshire, June. Seebohm Coll. Devon (Tristram Coll.). 3. Crowley Bequest. Hampstead, Middlesex. Salvin-Godman Coll. 4. 4. Hampstead. Salvin-Godman Coll. 4. Hendon, Middlesex. Salvin-Godman Coll. 7. Churt, Surrey, May. Crowley Bequest. 9. Churt, June. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. 9. Churt, June. 6. Elbeuf, France (Noury: Hargitt Seebohm Coll. Coll.). St. Aubin, Elbeuf (Noury: Har- Seebohm Coll. gitt Coll.). 4. Prussia, 22nd May. Seebohm Coll. Politz, Pomerania (T. Holland). Seebohm Coll. Stolp, Pomerania, 7th June (T. H.). 5. Seebohm Coll. Stolp, 21st June (T. H.). Esthonia, 24th May (Russow). 6. Seebohm Coll. 5. Seebohm Coll. Esthonia, 30th May (Russow). Seebohm Coll.

Order EURYLÆMIFORMES.

Family EURYLÆMIDÆ.

The eggs of the Broadbills are normally of a narrow oval form, and exhibit a moderate amount of gloss. Some of the species lay eggs of two or more distinct types of coloration.

Sub-Family CALYPTOMENINÆ.

Genus CALYPTOMENA, Raffles.

Calyptomena viridis, Raffles.

Calyptomena viridis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 456 (1888); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 288 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 12 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 1 (1901).

The eggs of the Green Broadbill are of a plain light yellow colour. They measure from 1.05 to 1.21 in length, and from .74 to .82 in breadth.

3. Nwalabo, Tenasserim, 3rd April Hume Coll. (J. Darling). Nwalabo, 10th April (J. D.).

3.

Marudi, N.W. Borneo.

Hume Coll.

Dr. Charles Hose [P.].

Calyptomena whiteheadi, Sharpe.

Calyptomena whiteheadi, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 457 (1888); Sharpe, Ibis, 1889, p. 436; id. Hand-l. iii. p. 1 (1901).

An egg of Whitehead's Broadbill in the Collection is of the same colour as those of C. viridis, but is much larger, measuring 1.26 by .97.

1. Mt. Kina Balu, N.W. Borneo, Crowley Bequest. 13th March (J. Whitehead).

Sub-Family EURYLÆMINÆ.

Genus PSARISOMUS, Swains.

Psarisomus dalhousiæ (Jameson).

(Plate II. fig. 16.)

Psarisomus dalhousiæ, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 458 (1888); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 289 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 11 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 147 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 1 (1901).

The eggs of the Long-tailed Broadbill are either plain white, or white boldly spotted and blotched with brownish chestnut and lilac. They measure from .95 to 1.14 in length, and from .65 to ·76 in breadth.

India. Crowley Bequest. 2.

Darjiling, Sikhim (J. Gammie). Hume Coll. 2. Darjiling (J. G.). Hume Coll. 2.

Darjiling (J, G_{\cdot}) . Hume Coll. Darjiling (J, G_{\cdot}) . Hume Coll.

Genus SERILOPHUS, Swains.

Serilophus lunatus (Gould).

(Plate II. figs. 13 & 14.)

Serilophus lunatus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 460 (1888); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 291 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 9 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 147 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 2 (1901).

The eggs of Gould's Broadbill are of three types: plain white; M YOL. III.

white, speckled all over with numerous dots of purplish brown and lavender; or pink, speckled and spotted, chiefly at the broad end, with purplish red, lavender, and lilac. They measure from ·85 to 1 in length, and from ·62 to ·69 in breadth.

2. Pegu, 12th May (E. W. Oates: Crowley Bequest.

Seebohm Coll.).

Tenasserim (C. T. Bingham).

Amherst, Tenasserim, 11th July

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

(W. Davison).
2. Thoungyin Valley, Tenasserim, Hume Coll.
23rd April (C. T. Bingham).

5. Thoungyin Valley, 26th April Hume Coll. (C. T. B.).

3. Tavoy, Tenasserim, 20th April. Hume Coll.

Serilophus rubropygius (Hodgs.).

Serilophus rubropygius, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 461 (1888); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 293 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 9 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 147 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 2 (1901).

The eggs of Hodgson's Broadbill in the Collection resemble the eggs of S. lunatus of the second type, described above. They measure respectively: '95 by '64; '92 by '65.

2. Darjiling, Sikhim, 15th May Hume Coll. (J. Gammie).

Genus EURYLÆMUS, Horsf.

Eurylæmus javanicus, Horsf. (Plate II. figs. 17 & 18.)

Eurylæmus javanicus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 463 (1888); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 294 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 4 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 2 (1901).

The eggs of Horsfield's Broadbill appear to be of two types. In one they are cream-coloured, densely freckled with dull chestnut and lavender, the markings being more or less confluent at the broad end. In the other they are white, spotted and blotched all over with slaty-black and lavender-grey. Four examples measure respectively: 1 by '73; 1'06 by '75; 1 by '72; '99 by '72.

 Bankasun, Tenasserim, 21st March Hume Coll. (W. Davison).

2. N.W. Borneo (Sir Hugh Low). Crowley Bequest.

Genus CYMBORHYNCHUS, Vigors.

Cymborhynchus macrorhynchus (Gm.).

(Plate II. fig. 19.)

Cymborhynchus macrorhynchus, Sharpe, Ibis, 1879, p. 264; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 468 (1888); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 294 (1890); Blanf. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, iii. p. 7 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 147, taf. iv. fig. 44 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 3 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-and-Red Broadbill appear to be of three types. In the commonest type they vary from cream-colour to rich buff, and are thickly and coarsely mottled with dull chestnut and lavender. In another they resemble the second type of egg of Eurylamus javanicus, being white, spotted and blotched with slaty-black and slaty-grey, the markings at the broad end being denser than elsewhere and more or less confluent. In the third type, of which there is only one specimen in the Collection, the egg is of a plain bluish-white colour. This example is said to have been found in a nest together with two eggs of the first or common type. Specimens measure from 1.99 to 1.2 in length, and from .7 to .78 in breadth.

2. Kussoom, Malay Peninsula, 4th June (W. Davison & J. Davling).

4. Kussoom, 4th June (W. D. &

J. D.).
3. N.W. Borneo.
3. N.W. Borneo.

3. Baram, Sarawak.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Sir Hugh Low [C.]. Sir Hugh Low [C.]. Dr. Charles Hose [P.].

Order MENURIFORMES.

Family MENURIDÆ.

Genus MENURA, Davies.

The eggs of the Lyre-birds vary from a regular oval to an elliptical shape. The shell is somewhat rough in texture, slightly

glossy, and pitted with minute pores.

The eggs of the three species of Lyre-birds are not distinguishable by any character. They are of a darker or paler purplish-grey colour, spotted and blotched, more densely at the broad end than elsewhere, with brown, umber-brown, and lavender.

Menura superba, Davies.

Menura superba, Cab. J. f. O. 1856, p. 132; Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 298 (1865); Ramsay, P. Z. S. 1868, p. 49; North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 119, pl. x, fig. 4 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xiii. p. 661 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 136 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 507 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 3 (1901).

The eggs of the Common Lyre-bird measure from 2.28 to 2.48 in length, and from 1.55 to 1.7 in breadth.

New South Wales (E. P. Ramsay).

3. Clarence River, N.S.W.

1. Grafton, N.S.W.

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Menura victoriæ, Gould.

(Plate III. fig. 18.)

Menura victoriæ, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 302 (1865); Cab. J. f. O. 1881, taf. iii. fig. 2; Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S. W. vii. p. 51, pl. 4. figs. 1-4 (1882); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 122, pl. x. figs. 1 & 2 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xiii. p. 662 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanenl. p. 436 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 510, pl. 16 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 3 (1901).

The eggs of Queen Victoria's Lyre-bird measure from 2.37 to 2.5 in length, and from 1.6 to 1.77 in breadth.

1.

[Victoria.] Gippsland, Victoria.

Gippsland, 10th July (A. J. North). Gippsland, 30th July (A. J. N.). Dandenong Ranges, S. Gippsland,

August.

Victoria.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Gould Coll.

Menura alberti, Gould.

Menura alberti, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. ic. fig. 9 (1845-54); Gould, P. Z. S. 1853, p. 45, Aves, pl. liii.; id. Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 307 (1865); Leycester, Ibis, 1861, p. 167; Ramsay, Proc. Linu. Soc. N.S.W. vii. p. 50, pl. 5. figs. 1 & 2 (1882); North, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, p. 122, pl. x. fig. 3 (1889); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. xiii, p. 662 (1890); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 523 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 3 (1901).

The eggs of Prince Albert's Lyre-bird measure from 2.21 to 2.5 in length, and from 1.64 to 1.78 in breadth.

٦. Australia.

Australia. Mary River, Queensland. Gould Coll. Purchased.

Crowley Bequest.

Order PASSERIFORMES.

Sub-Order MESOMYODI.

Division TRACHEOPHONÆ.

Family PTEROPTOCHIDÆ.

The eggs of the species of Pteroptochidæ represented in the Collection are of a broad oval, approaching an elliptical form, smooth in texture, almost devoid of gloss, and plain white.

Genus SCYTALOPUS, Gould. .

Scytalopus magellanicus (Gm.).

Scytalopus magellanicus, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 528; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 338 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 151 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 4 (1901).

An egg of the Magellanic Tapacola measures .9 by .7.

1. Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Scytalopus obscurus (King).

Scytalopus obscurus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 340 (1890); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 4 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 5 (1901).

Four eggs of King's Tapacola measure respectively: .87 by .65; .82 by .65; .88 by .67; .81 by .64.

4. Central Chile (Landbeck).

Berkeley James Coll.

Scytalopus indigoticus (Wied).

Scytalopus indigoticus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 341 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 5 (1901).

Two eggs of the White-breasted Tapacola measure respectively: *81 by *68; *88 by *65.

2. Serra do Mar, Brazil, 30th Nov. Crowley Bequest.

Genus PTEROPTOCHUS, Kittl.

Pteroptochus albicollis, Kittl.

Pteroptochus albicollis, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 207 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 346 (1890); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 5 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 151 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 6 (1901).

An egg of the White-necked Tapacola measures 1.2 by .96.

1. Central Chile, Oct.

Berkeley James Coll.

Genus HYLACTES, King.

Hylactes megapodius (Kittl.).

Hylactes megapodius, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 349 (1890); Lane, Ibis, 1897, p. 45; Scl. Bull. B. O. C. vii. p. xxiii (1897); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 7 (1901).

An egg of the Turco measures 1.35 by 1.05.

1. Mansel, Central Chile (A. A. Lane). Berkeley James Coll.

Family CONOPOPHAGIDÆ.

Genus CONOPOPHAGA, Vieill.

Conopophaga lineata (Wied). (Plate III, fig. 12.)

Conopophaga lineata, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 333 (1890); Nehrk.
 Kat. Eiersamml. p. 151 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv.
 p. 251 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 8 (1901).

An egg of the Lineated Gnat-cater in the Collection is spheroidal in shape, slightly glossy, and cream-coloured, smeared here and there with pale brownish pink. It measures '83 by '7. A second example is of a pointed oval shape, moderately glossy, and of a pinkish cream-colour, clouded, chiefly at the broad end, with pale rufous brown. It measures '93 by '7.

2. Iguapé, Brazil, 20th Oct.

Crowley Bequest.

Family FORMICARIIDÆ.

Genus THAMNOPHILUS, Vieill.

Thamnophilus guttatus, Vieill. (Plate III. fig. 9.)

manhilus cuttatus Sal Cat Rivdo R M

Thamnophilus guttatus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 182 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 150 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 248 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 10 (1901),

The eggs of the Spotted Bush-bird are of a narrow oval shape and moderately glossy. They are white, streakily blotched and spotted with two shades of rich brownish purple. Two specimens in the Collection have the markings evenly distributed over the shell; a third has them grouped chiefly at the broad end. They measure respectively: '95 by '62; '89 by '67; '9 by '66.

Brazil, 24th Oct.
 Rio de Janeiro (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Thamnophilus major, Vieill.

(Plate III. fig. 1.)

Thamnophilus major, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 203 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 186 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 150 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 248 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 11 (1901).

The eggs of the Large Bush-bird are of an ordinary oval shape, and moderately glossy. They are white or cream-coloured, marked with blotches, spots, and lines of various shades of brownish-purple and lavender-grey. In one specimen the markings form a dense confluent cap at the broad end; in another they are sparingly distributed over the whole shell. Two examples measure respectively: 1·11 by ·8; 1·11 by ·8.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Thamnophilus ruficollis, Spix. (Plate III. fig. 2.)

(Flate 111. ng. 2.)

Thamnophilus amazonicus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 199 (1890). Thamnophilus ruficollis, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 14 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-necked Bush-bird in the Collection are of an extremely narrow oval form, and moderately glossy. They are creamy white, mottled, more densely at the broad end than elsewhere, with reddish brown and lilac. Two examples measure respectively: 1.04 by .65; 1.08 by .65.

2. British Guiana (H. Whitely).

Crowley Bequest.

Thamnophilus doliatus (Linn.).

Thamnophilus doliatus, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 321, tab. xxxi. fig. 13 (1845-54); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 207 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 202 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 150 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 249 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 15 (1901).

The eggs of the Crafty Bush-bird are of a regular oval shape, and exhibit a small amount of gloss. They are creamy white in ground-colour, marked with rich brownish purple and lilac-red. In two specimens in the Collection the markings consist of distinct roundish spots, combined with some fine scrawls. In others they consist of streaky spots and blotches, combined with coarse scrawls and finer twisted lines. Five examples measure respectively: 94 by 67; 1 by 7; 1 by 7; 9 by 69.

1. Yucatan (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Valladolid, Yucatan (G. F. Gaumer).
 British Honduras (F. Blancaneaux).

Gould Coll.
Salvin-Godman Coll.

1. Brazil (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Thamnophilus multistriatus, Lafr.

(Plate III. fig. 3.)

Thamnophilus multistriatus, Sel. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 524; Sel. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 211 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 16 (1901).

An egg of the Striated Bush-bird in the Collection resembles the eggs of *T. doliatus* of the second type. It measures 1 by 65.

 Medellin, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Thamnophilus palliatus (Licht.).

(Plate III. fig. 5.)

Thamnophilus palliatus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 212 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 151 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 17 (1901).

An egg of the Mantled Bush-bird in the Collection is of a broad oval shape, and exhibits little gloss. It is of a creamy-white colour, marked, in the form of a broad, irregular, and more or less confluent band round the larger end, with deep brownish red, lavender and lilac. The markings consist of spots, blotches and a few lines. The specimen measures '84 by '67.

1. Sta. Catharina, Brazil.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus DYSITHAMNUS, Cab.

Dysithamnus unicolor, Scl.

Dysithamnus unicolor, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 525, pl. xliii. fig. 9; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 225 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 20 (1901).

An egg of the Colombian Plumbeous Bush-bird is of a regular oval shape, and possesses little gloss. It is creamy white, marked, chiefly round the middle portion of the shell, with rich brownish-purple and dark lavender spots and blotches. It measures '95 by '64.

1. Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Crowley Bequest. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus MYRMOTHERULA, Scl.

Myrmotherula surinamensis (Gm.).

(Plate III. fig. 7.)

Myrmotherula surinamensis, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 525; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 231 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 209 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 20 (1901).

The eggs of the Surinam Bush-bird in the Collection are of a sharply pointed oval form and devoid of gloss. They are of an extremely pale green or greenish-white colour, and measure respectively: '78 by '63; '84 by '65.

2. Remedios, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus CERCOMACRA, Scl.

Cercomacra nigricans, Scl.

(Plate III. fig. 6.)

Cercomacra nigricans, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 526; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 267 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 215 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 29 (1901).

The eggs of Sclater's Black Bush-bird in the Collection are of a blunt oval shape and devoid of gloss. They are of a pink colour, mottled and blotched all over with dark purplish red and lavender. There are also some dark irregular lines scattered over the shell. Two specimens measure respectively: '85 by '6; '84 by '6.

2. Remedios, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Sulmon).

Genus PYRIGLENA, Cab.

Pyriglena leucoptera (Vieill.).

(Plate III. fig. 4.)

Pyriglena leucoptera, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 269 (1890); Nehrk.
 Kat. Eiersamml. p. 151 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv.
 p. 250 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 29 (1901).

Eggs of the White-winged Bush-bird in the Collection are of a

ereamy-white colour, marked all over, but more densely at the broad end than elsewhere, with spots, blotches, and fine twisted lines of deep brownish purple and lilae-red. Two examples measure respectively: '99 by '73; 1.05 by '75.

2. Iguapé, Brazil, 25th Oct.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus GRALLARIA, Vieill.

Grallaria ruficeps, Scl.

Grallaria ruficeps, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 526, pl. xliii. fig. 5; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 317 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 42 (1901).

Eggs of the Red-headed Brown Ant-bird in the Collection are of an elliptical shape and slightly glossy. They are of a deep blue colour. Two examples measure respectively: 1.45 by 1.1; 1.43 by 1.06.

2. Medellin, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Grallaria ruficapilla, Lafr.

Grallaria ruficapilla, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 527, pl. xliii. fig. 6; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 320 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 43 (1901).

Eggs of the Chestnut-headed Ant-bird in the Collection are spheroidal in shape, almost devoid of all gloss, and of a dull green colour. They measure respectively: 1·18 by 1; 1·22 by 1·03.

2. Concordia, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus GRALLARICULA, Scl.

Grallaricula cucullata (Scl.).

(Plate III. fig. 8.)

Grallaricula cucullata, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 527; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 327 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 45 (1901).

An egg of the Little Hooded Ant-bird in the Collection is spheroidal in shape and but slightly glossy. It is of a buff colour, marked with large confluent blotches of very deep reddish brown at the broad end, and with rufous and lavender specks and spots elsewhere. It measures '8 by '63.

1. Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Family DENDROCOLAPTIDÆ.

The eggs of the species of Dendrocolaptide represented in the Collection are all unmarked, and vary in colour from white, through greenish white and pale greenish blue, to deep blue.

Sub-Family FURNARIINÆ.

The eggs of the birds of this sub-family are white and moderately glossy.

Genus GEOSITTA, Swains.

Geositta cunicularia (Vieill.).

Geositta cunicularia, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 165 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 5 (1890); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 201; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 148 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 45 (1901).

The eggs of the Common Miner are of a somewhat pointed oval form, and measure from '92 to 1'02 in length, and from '72 to '75 in breadth.

6. Argentine Republic, Nov.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Genus FURNARIUS, Vieill.

Furnarius rufus (Gm.).

Furnarius rufus, Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vi. p. 242 (1880-81);
x. p. 79 (1888-90); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 167 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 11 (1890); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 201;
Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 181; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 148 (1899);
von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 241 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 46 (1901).

The eggs of the Red Oven-bird are of a regular oval shape, and measure from 1.06 to 1.21 in length, and from .8 to .87 in breadth.

5. Argentine Republic, Nov.

2. Argentine Republic.

2. 70 miles S.W. of Buenos Ayres.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Crowley Bequest. G. S. Morris, Esq. [P.].

Furnarius minor, Pelz.

Furnarius minor, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1873, p. 268; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 14 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 47 (1901).

An egg of the Smaller Oven-bird is of a regular oval shape, and measures .88 by .68.

1. Upper Amazonia (E. Bartlett).

Crowley Bequest.

Furnarius torridus, Scl. & Salv.

Furnarius torridus, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1873, p. 268; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 15 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 47 (1901).

An egg of Bartlett's Oven-bird is almost elliptical in shape, and measures 1 by ·71.

1. Upper Amazonia (E. Bartlett). Crowley Bequest.

Furnarius cinnamomeus (Less.).

Furnarius cinnamomeus, Scl. P. Z. S. 1860, p. 277; Tacz. P. Z. S. 1877, p. 751; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 15 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 148 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 47 (1901).

The eggs of the Long-billed Oven-bird in the Collection are of a regular oval form, and measure respectively: 1.05 by .74; 1.05 by ·76: 1·12 by ·82.

2. Peru (Nehrkorn Coll.). 1. Peru (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Genus UPUCERTHIA, Geoffr. St.-Hilaire.

Upucerthia fitzgeraldi, Scott.

Upucerthia fitzgeraldi, Scott, Bull. B. O. C. x. p. lxiii (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 48 (1901).

The eggs of FitzGerald's Ground-creeper in the Collection are of a regular oval form, and measure respectively: 1.15 by 8; 1.13 by ·85; 1·13 by ·81.

3. Puerte del Inca, Argentine Republic E. A. FitzGerald, Esq. [P.]. (P. H. Gosse, Junior).

Genus CINCLODES, Gray.

Cinclodes nigrifumosus (d'Orb. & Lafr.).

Cinclodes nigrifumosus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 21 (1890); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 4 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 148 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 49 (1901).

The eggs of the Smoky-black Cinclodes are of an ordinary oval.

Five examples measure respectively: 1 by .78; 1 by .8; 1.02 by .79; .91 by .71; 1.08 by .81.

3. Central Chile (Landbeck).

1. Chile (Tristram Coll.).

1. Chile, June (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Berkeley James Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Cinclodes fuscus (Vieill.).

Cinclodes fuscus, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 172 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 23 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 50 (1901).

The eggs of the Brown Cinclodes are of a broad oval shape. Five examples measure respectively: '99 by '75; '99 by '76; 1.02 by '8; 1.07 by '84; 1.05 by '82.

3. Andes of the Argentine Republic, 14th Dec. (P. H. Gosse, Junior).

2. Argentine Republic, 24th Oct.

E. A. FitzGerald, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Genus LOCHMIAS, Swains.

Lochmias nematura (Licht.).

Lochmias nematura, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 174 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 28 (1890); Goëldi, Ibis, 1894, p. 490, figs. 2 & 3; von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 242 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 51 (1901).

Two eggs of the Brazilian Lochmias are of a regular oval form. One of these measures 95 by 7.

 Colonia Alpina, Rio de Janeiro, Dr. E. A. Goëldi [P.]. 2nd Sept.

Sub-Family SYNALLAXINÆ.

The eggs of the species of *Synallaxinæ* are variable in colour, some being white, others pale green, and those of one species deep blue.

Genus APHRASTURA, Oberholser.

Aphrastura spinicauda (Gm.).

Oxyurus spinicauda, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 30 (1890); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 4 (1892).

Aphrastura spinicauda, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 51 (1901).

The eggs of the Chilian Spine-tail are of a regular oval form, almost devoid of all gloss, and of a white colour. The specimens in the Collection are of the same size, and measure '75 by '55.

2. Central Chile, Oct.

3. Central Chile, Oct.

Central Chile, Oct.
 Central Chile, Oct.

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Genus SYLVIORTHORHYNCHUS, Des Murs.

Sylviorthorhynchus desmursi, Gay.

Sylviorthorhynchus desmursi, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 31 (1890); Nehrk. Cat. Eiersamml. p. 148 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 52 (1901).

An egg of Des Murs's Spine-tail is of a pointed oval form, moderately glossy, and white in colour. It measures 82 by 6.

1. Chile.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PHLŒOCRYPTES, Cab. & Heine.

Phleocryptes melanops (Vieill.).

(Plate III. fig. 14.)

Phlœocryptes melanops, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 174 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 33 (1890); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 4 (1892); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 201; Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 182; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 148 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 242 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 52 (1901).

The eggs of the Rush-loving Spine-tail are of a regular oval form, glossy, and of a deep blue colour. They measure from .75 to .91 in length, and from .6 to .65 in breadth.

4. Chile.

1. Chile.

1. Chile (Tristram Coll.).

Central Chile, Sept.
 Central Chile, Sept.

3. Central Chile, Oct.

3. Central Chile, Oct.

2. Santiago, Chile, 3rd Dec. (Tristram Coll.).

Argentine Republic, Oct.
 Argentine Republic, Oct.

4. Argentine Republic, Oct.

2. Uruguay, Dec.

Old Collection.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

A. H. Holland. Esq. [C.].

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.]. O. V. Aplin, Esq. [P.].

Genus LEPTASTHENURA, Reichenb.

Leptasthenura ægithaloides (Kittl.).

Leptasthenura ægithaloides, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 177 (1888);
Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 35 (1890); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 4 (1892); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 201; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 148 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 53 (1901).

The eggs of the Tit-like Spine-tail are of a regular oval shape, devoid of gloss, and plain white in colour. They measure from '65 to '72 in length, and from '52 to '56 in breadth.

3. Central Chile, Oct.

Central Chile, Nov.

Central Chile, Oct. 3.

3. Central Chile, Oct.

Chile.

Argentine Republic, Nov.

Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll. Crowley Bequest.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Genus SYNALLAXIS, Vieill.

Synallaxis ruficapilla, Vieill.

Synallaxis ruficapilla, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 38 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 148 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 242 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 54 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-capped Spine-tail are of a broad oval form, devoid of gloss, and of a greenish-white colour. They measure from .72 to .78 in length, and from .56 to .6 in breadth.

4. Brazil.

2. Rio Grande, Brazil.

Spencer Moore, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Synallaxis frontalis, Pelz.

Synallaxis frontalis, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 520; Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 178 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 39 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 148 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 54 (1901).

The eggs of the Brown-fronted Spine-tail are of a regular oval shape, slightly glossy, and of a very pale greenish-white colour. Four examples measure respectively: ·83 by ·64; ·8 by ·62; ·78 by .58; .76 by .59.

Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Synallaxis albescens, Temm.

(Plate III. fig. 11.).

Synallaxis albescens, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 521; Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 179 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 43 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 147 (1891); Holland, Ibis, 1895, p. 216; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 148 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 243 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 54 (1901).

The eggs of Temminck's White-throated Spine-tail are of a regular oval shape, slightly glossy, and of a bluish-white colour. They measure from .79 to .87 in length, and from .55 to .65 in breadth.

Medellin, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Argentine Republic, Nov.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Argentine Republic.

Synallaxis pudica, Scl.

(Plate III. fig. 10.)

Synallaxis pudica, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 521; Scl. Cat. Birds
B. M. xv. p. 45 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii.
p. 149 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 148 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii, p. 55 (1901).

The eggs of Sclater's Spine-tail in the Collection are of a broad oval form, devoid of gloss, and of a pale bluish-green colour. They measure respectively: .85 by .64; .84 by .65; .94 by .7.

2. Remedios, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

1. U.S. Colombia.

Crowley Bequest.

Synallaxis guianensis (Gm.).

Synallaxis guianensis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 46 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 55 (1901).

An egg of the Guiana Spine-tail in the Collection is elliptical in shape, and of a white colour, very faintly tinged with green. It measures '82 by '68.

1. [U.S. Colombia.]

Crowley Bequest.

Synallaxis cinnamomea (Gm.).

Synallaxis mentalis, Euler, J. f. O. 1867, p. 400.
 Synallaxis cinnamomea, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 50 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 148 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 243 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 56 (1901).

The eggs of the Cinnamon Spine-tail are of an ordinary oval form, devoid of gloss, and of an ashy-white colour. They measure from '77 to '8 in length, and from '6 to '62 in breadth.

1. Brazil. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

2. Brazil, 1st Nov. Crowley Bequest.

Iguapé, Brazil, 20th Oct.
 [Brazil (Nehrkorn Coll.).]
 Crowley Bequest.

Synallaxis castanea, Scl.

Synallaxis castanea, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 53 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 56 (1901).

An egg of the Chestnut Spine-tail in the Collection is of a pointed oval shape, slightly glossy, and of a pale greenish-white colour. It measures '8 by '61.

1. Venezuela (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Synallaxis gularis, Lafr.

Synallaxis gularis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 55 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 57 (1901).

An egg of Lafresnaye's White-throated Spine-tail in the Collection is of a regular oval shape, devoid of gloss, and of a very pale greenish white. It measures '85 by '68.

1. Venezuela (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Synallaxis erythrothorax, Scl.

Synallaxis erythrothorax, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 55 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 150 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 57 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-breasted Spine-tail in the Collection are white, of a regular oval form, and devoid of gloss. Three examples measure respectively: '84 by '6; '8 by '62; '8 by '61.

3. British Honduras (F. Blancaneaux). Salvin-Godman Coll.

Synallaxis phryganophila (Vieill.).

Synallaxis phryganophila, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 181 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 57 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 58 (1901).

The eggs of the Yellow-throated Spine-tail in the Collection are white, of a regular oval form, and devoid of gloss. They measure respectively: '77 by '58; '77 by '16.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus SIPTORNIS, Reichenb.

Siptornis erythrops (Scl.).

Synallaxis erythrops, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 521.
Siptornis erythrops, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 60 (1890); Salv. & Godm.
Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 151 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii.
p. 59 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-faced Spine-tail in the Collection are white, of a pointed oval shape, and devoid of gloss. They measure respectively: '95 by '65; '88 by '6.

 Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T, K, Salmon).

Siptornis striaticeps (d'Orb. & Lafr.).

Siptornis striaticeps, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 182 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 63 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 59 (1901).

The eggs of the Striped Spine-tail appear to be generally of a regular shape, but one example in the Collection is cylindrical in form. They are white and but slightly glossy. Four specimens measure respectively: ·8 by ·6; ·79 by ·59; ·75 by ·55; ·9 by ·52.

2. Argentine Republic. 2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Siptornis humicola (Kittl.).

Siptornis humicola, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 65 (1890); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 4 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 60 (1901).

The eggs of the Ground Spine-tail vary from a pointed to a blunt oval shape, and are sometimes elliptical. They are white and slightly glossy. They measure from 85 to 92 in length, and from ·62 to ·68 in breadth.

Bolivia (Tristram Coll.). 4. Central Chile, Oct. 4. Central Chile, Oct. 3. Central Chile, Oct.

 Central Chile (Landbeck).
 Central Chile (Landbeck).
 Central Chile (Landbeck). 1. South Chile (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest. Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Siptornis sordida (Less.).

Synallaxis sordida, Durnford, Ibis, 1877, p. 35; Scl. & Huds. Argent.
 Orn. i. p. 184 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1893, p. 487.
 Siptornis sordida, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 68 (1890); Nehrk. Kat.

Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 61 (1901).

The eggs of the Sordid Spine-tail are of a regular oval form, slightly glossy, and of a very pale greenish colour *. They measure from .66 to .73 in length, and from .54 to .6 in breadth.

Argentine Republic, Nov.
 Argentine Republic, Nov.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.]. A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Siptornis anthoides (King).

Siptornis anthoides, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 70 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 61 (1901).

An egg taken in Bolivia, and referred to the Pipit-like Spine-tail, is of a somewhat narrow shape, pointed at both ends, devoid of gloss, and plain white. It measures .92 by .67.

1. Bolivia (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

^{*} Both Mr. Hudson and Herr Nehrkorn state that the eggs of this bird are white.

Siptornis hudsoni (Scl.).

Synallaxis hudsoni, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 186 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 201.

Siptornis hudsoni, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 70 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 61 (1901).

An egg of Hudson's Spine-tail is a broad ellipse in shape, slightly glossy, and plain white. It measures .85 by .59.

1. Argentine Republic, Dec. A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Genus PSEUDOCOLAPTES, Reichenb.

Pseudocolaptes boissoneaui (Lafr.).

Pseudocolaptes boissoneaui, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 521; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 78 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 62 (1901).

An egg of Boissoneau's Spine-tail in the Collection is a perfect ellipse in shape, devoid of gloss, and white. It measures 1.11 by .78.

1. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Sub-Family PHILYDORINÆ.

The eggs of the species of Philydorina are white, generally of a regular oval shape, with little or no gloss.

Genus ANUMBIUS, d'Orb. & Lafr.

Anumbius acuticaudatus (Less.).

Synallaxis hudsoni (lapsu), Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. vi. p. 246 (1880-1).

Anumbius acuticaudus, Dalgleish, tom. cit. p. 254 a.

Anumbius acuticaudatus, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 189 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 75 (1890); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 202; Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 183; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 63 (1901). Anumbius anumbi, von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 245 (1900).

The eggs of the Firewood-gatherer measure from .85 to 1 in length, and from '66 to '71 in breadth.

5. Argentine Republic, Nov.

Argentine Republic.

Villa Mercedes, Argentine Republic, 1. Nov.

1. Uruguay.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Crowley Bequest. The Directors of the Pacific & European Telegraph Co. [P.].

O. V. Aplin, Esq. [P.].

N2

Genus PHACELODOMUS, Reichenb.

Phacelodomus ruber (Vieill.).

Phacellodomus ruber, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 194 (1888);

Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. x. p. 79 (1888-90).

Phacelodomus ruber, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 80 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 63 (1901).

Two eggs of the Red Thorn-bird measure respectively: .85 by .66; .9 by .65.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Phacelodomus striaticollis (d'Orb. & Lafr.).

Phacellodomus striaticollis, Scl. & Huds, Argent. Orn. i. p. 194 (1888); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 245 (1900).

Phacelodomus striaticollis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 82 (1890);

Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 183; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899);

Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 64 (1901).

An egg of the Red-winged Thorn-bird measures '92 by '6.

1. Uruguay, 9th Nov.

O. V. Aplin, Esq. [P.].

Genus THRIPOPHAGA, Cab.

Thripophaga sclateri, Berlepsch.

Thripophaga sclateri, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 84 (1890); von Thering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 245 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 64 (1901).

Two eggs of Sclater's Worm-eater measure respectively: '79 by '63; '75 by '6.

2. South Brazil, 2nd Dec.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PSEUDOSIZURA, Reichenb.

Pseudosizura lophotes, Reichenb.

Homorus lophotes, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 195 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 85 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899).

Pseudosizura lophotes, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 65 (1901).

The eggs of the Brown Cachalote in the Collection are very dissimilar in size, and measure respectively: 1.21 by .82; 1.1 by .73.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus AUTOMOLUS, Reichenb.

Automolus holostictus, Scl. & Salv.

Automolus holostictus, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 522; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 89 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 65 (1901).

The eggs of the Striated Automolus in the Collection measure respectively: 1.15 by .82; 1.17 by .81.

- 1. Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).
- 1. U.S. Colombia.

Crowley Bequest.

Automolus rufobrunneus (Lawr.).

Automolus rufobrunneus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 89 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 154 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 65 (1901).

The eggs of the Rufous-brown Automolus in the Collection measure respectively: 1·2 by ·83; 1·15 by ·85; 1·26 by ·88; 1·2 by ·85.

- 2. Costa Rica, 9th May. C. F. Underwood, Esq. [C.].
- 2. Costa Rica, 28th May (C. F. Underwood).

Automolus ignobilis, Scl. & Salv.

Automolus ignobilis, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 522; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 89 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii, p. 65 (1901).

The egg of the Obscure Automolus in the Collection measures 1·16 by ·86.

1. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Automolus leucophthalmus (Wied).

Automolus leucophthalmus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 95 (1890) von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 247 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l.; iii. p. 67 (1901).

An egg in the Crowley Bequest, on which the words "Anabates sulphurascens" are pencilled, appears to be referable to the White-eyed Automolus. It measures 1.2 by .82.

1. [Brazil.]

Crowley Bequest.

Genus THRIPADECTES, Scl.

Thripadectes flammulatus (Eyton).

Thripadectes flammulatus, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 521; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 102 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 69 (1901).

The egg of the Flammulated Worm-eater in the Collection measures 1.3 by .88.

1. Frontino, Antiequia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T, K, Salmon).

Sub-Family SCLERURINÆ.

Genus SCLERURUS, Swains.

Sclerurus umbretta (Licht.).

Sclerurus umbretta, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 114 (1890); Goöldi, Ibis, 1896, p. 305, figs. 3 & 4; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 247 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 72 (1901).

The eggs of the Brazilian Leaf-turner in the Collection are of an elliptical shape and devoid of gloss. They measure respectively: 1.06 by .78; 1.1 by .82.

2. Colonia Alpina, Rio de Janeiro, Dr. E. A. Goëldi [P.].

Sub-Family MARGARORNITHINÆ.

The birds of this sub-family lay plain white eggs.

Genus MARGARORNIS, Reichenb.

Margarornis perlata (Less.).

Margarornis perlata, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 523; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 121 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 149 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 73 (1901).

The eggs of the Spotted Wood-hewer are of a sharply-pointed oval shape and slightly glossy. Two examples measure respectively: '75 by '51; '75 by '52.

2. Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus PREMNOPLEX, Cherrie.

Premnoplex brunnescens (Scl.).

Margarornis brunnescens, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 123 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 170 (1891). Premnoplex brunnescens, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 74 (1901).

An egg of the Brownish Wood-hewer in the Collection is closely elliptical in shape and devoid of gloss. It measures *85 by *66.

1. U.S. Colombia.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PYGARRHICUS, Burm.

Pygarrhicus albigularis (King).

Pygarrhicus albigularis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 126 (1890); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 4 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 74 (1901). The eggs of the White-throated Wood-hewer are of a pointed oval shape and moderately glossy. Three examples measure respectively: '85 by '67; '86 by '67; '87 by '66.

3. Central Chile, Nov.

Berkeley James Coll.

Sub-Family GLYPHORHYNCHINÆ.

The eggs of the birds of this sub-family are plain white.

Genus GLYPHORHYNCHUS, Wied.

Glyphorhynchus cuneatus (Licht.).

Glyphorhynchus castelnaudi (nec Des Murs), Scl. P. Z. S. 1859, p. 141. Glyphorhynchus cuneatus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 124 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 175 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 74 (1901).

The eggs of the Wedge-billed Wood-hewer in the Collection are of a regular broad oval shape, and quite devoid of all gloss. They measure respectively: '8 by '5; '77 by '5.

2. Pallatanga, Ecuador, Dec. (L. Fraser).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Genus DENDROCICHLA, Gray.

Dendrocichla anabatina, Scl.

Dendrocincla anabatina, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 162 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 172 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 150 (1899).

Dendrocichla anabatina, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 74 (1901).

An egg of Sclater's Wood-hewer in the Collection is of an elliptical shape and slightly glossy. It measures 1.07 by .79.

1. Central America (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Family DENDROCOLAPTINÆ.

The eggs of the species of Dendrocolaptine are plain white.

Genus PICOLAPTES, Less.

Picolaptes lacrymiger (Des Murs).

Picolaptes lacrymiger, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 524; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 148 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 83 (1901).

The egg of Des Murs's Wood-hewer in the Collection is elliptical in form, and exhibits a slight amount of gloss. It measures 1.02 by .77.

1. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Picolaptes angustirostris (Vieill.).

Picolaptes angustirostris, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 201 (1888);
Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 155 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.
p. 150 (1899); von Hering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 247 (1900);
Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 85 (1901).

The eggs of the Narrow-billed Wood-hewer are of a blunt oval form, and almost devoid of all gloss. Three examples measure respectively: 1.01 by .75; 1 by .74; 1.04 by .78.

3. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus DRYMORNIS, Eyton.

Drymornis bridgesi (Eyton).

Drymornis bridgesi, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 199 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 157 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 150 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iiî. p. 85 (1901).

The egg of Bridges' Wood-hewer in the Collection is of an ordinary oval form and moderately glossy. It measures 1.22 by .92.

1. [Argentine Republic.]

Crowley Bequest.

Genus XIPHORHYNCHUS, Swains.

Xiphorhynchus trochilirostris (Licht.).

Xiphorhynchus trochilirostris, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 524; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 159 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 188 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 86 (1901).

The egg of the Slender-bifled Wood-hewer in the Collection is spheroidal in shape, and exhibits a small amount of gloss. It measures '92 by '82.

1. Remedios, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus DENDROCOLAPTES, Herm.

Dendrocolaptes validus, Tsch.

Dendrocolaptes validus, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 523; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xv. p. 172 (1890); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 191 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 87 (1901).

The egg of the Black-spotted Wood-hewer in the Collection is elliptical in shape and devoid of gloss. It measures 1·13 by ·81.

1. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Division OLIGOMYODÆ.

Family TYRANNIDÆ.

Genus AGRIORNIS, Gould.

Agriornis livida (Kittl.).

(Plate III, fig. 19.)

Agriornis livida, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 4 (1888); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 3 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 88 (1901).

The egg of the Livid Tyrant-bird in the Collection is spheroidal in shape and slightly glossy. It is of a pale green colour, marked all over, but more densely at the broad end than elsewhere, with spots and small blotches of reddish brown and pale lavender. It measures 1·12 by ·91.

1. Central Chile (Paulsen).

Berkeley James Coll.

Agriornis solitaria, Scl.

(Plate III. fig. 17.)

Agriornis solitaria, Scl. P. Z. S. 1860, p. 78; id. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 7 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 89 (1901).

The eggs of the Solitary Tyrant-bird are of a somewhat narrow oval shape and devoid of gloss. They are cream-coloured, marked with specks and small spots of lilac-red and lavender. Five examples measure from 1·16 to 1·3 in length, and from ·85 to ·9 in breadth.

5. Quito (L. Fraser).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Genus TÆNIOPTERA, Bp.

Tænioptera nengeta (Linn.).

Tænioptera nengeta, Dalyleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. vi. p. 243, pl. vii. fig. 1 (1880-81); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 11 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 114 (1888); Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 175, pl. v. figs. 3 & 4; von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 223 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 89 (1901).

The eggs of the Pepoaza Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval shape and moderately glossy. They are of a pinkish-white colour, sparingly spotted, almost entirely at the broad end, with lilac-red, deep purplish red, and lavender. Four examples measure respectively: 1·15 by ·8; 1·05 by ·8; 1·1 by ·8; 1·08 by ·8.

2. Uruguay, 8th Nov.

2. Argentine Republic.

O. V. Aplin, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Tænioptera irupero (Vieill.).

(Plate III, fig. 15.)

Tenioptera irupero, Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. vi. p. 244, pl. vii. fig. 2 (1880-81); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 13 (1888); id. § Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 118 (1888); Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 176; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 136 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 223 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 90 (1901).

The eggs of the Argentine Tyrant-bird are moderately glossy, and appear to be of two types. Two specimens in the Collection are of a plain cream-colour. Another is white, rather densely speckled, especially at the broad end, with lilac-red and lavender. They measure respectively: .85 by .67; .88 by .7; .98 by .7.

2. Argentine Republic. 1. Argentine Republic. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Tænioptera pyrope (Kittl.).

(Plate III. fig. 16.)

Tænioptera pyrope, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 15 (1888); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 3 (1892); Lane, Ibis, 1897, p. 30; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 136 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 90 (1901).

The eggs of the Buff-flanked Tyrant-bird are of a broad oval form and glossy. They are white, very sparingly marked with roundish spots and small blotches of deep purplish red and chocolate-brown. They measure from .93 to .96 in length, and from .68 to .75 in breadth.

3. Chile.

3. Central Chile, Oct.

3. Central Chile, Oct. 3. Central Chile, Nov.

1. Chile.

2. Chile.

Old Collection.

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus OCHTHECA, Cab.

Ochthæca fumicolor, Scl.

(Plate III, fig. 13.)

Ochtheeca fumicolor, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 19 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 136 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 91 (1901).

The eggs of the Sooty Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a blunt oval shape and slightly glossy. They are of a creamy-white colour, sparingly speckled with deep purplish brown. They measure respectively: ·76 by ·59; ·78 by ·6.

2. U.S. Colombia.

Crowley Bequest.

Ochtheeca enanthoides (d'Orb. & Lafr.).

Ochtheca fumicolor, apud Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 511. Ochtheca cenanthoides, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 20 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 91 (1901).

The eggs of the Colombian Tyrant-bird do not appear to be separable from those of *O. fumicolor*. Four examples measure respectively: '75 by '58; '74 by '57; '74 by '58; '75 by '57.

2. Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salvin-Godman Coll. Salmon).

2. Sta. Elena, Antioquia (T. K. S.). Salvin-Godman Coll.

Ochthæca cinnamomeiventris (Lafr.).

(Plate IV. fig. 1.)

Ochtheea cinnamomeiventris, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 511; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 24 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 93 (1901).

The eggs of the Chestnut-bellied Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval shape and almost devoid of all gloss. They are cream-coloured, marked, more thickly at the broad end than elsewhere, with specks and dots of lilac-red and here and there a small dot of pale lavender. They measure from '71 to '76 in length, and from '55 to '57 in breadth.

3. Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salvin-Godman Coll. (Salmon).

2. Sta. Elena, Antioquia (T. K. S.). Salvin-Godman Coll.

Ochtheca diadema (Hartl.).

Ochtheca diadema, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 511; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 26 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 93 (1901).

The eggs of Salmon's Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a pointed oval shape and slightly glossy. They are of a plain yellowish-white colour, and measure respectively: '68 by '51; '7 by '54.

 Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus MECOCERCULUS, Scl.

Mecocerculus leucophrys (d'Orb. & Lafr.).

(Plate IV. fig. 2.)

Ochtheca leucophrys, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 121 (1888). Mecocerculus leucophrys, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 27 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 94 (1901).

The eggs of the White-browed Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval

shape and slightly glossy. They are pale green, densely mottled, especially at the broad end, with deep reddish brown and lavender. They measure '85 by '6.

3. Bogotá (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus FLUVICOLA, Swains.

Fluvicola albiventris (Spix).

(Plate IV. fig. 3.)

Fluvicola albiventris, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 121 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 36 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 137 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 224 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 95 (1901).

The egg of the White-bellied Tyrant-bird in the Collection is of a regular oval shape, slightly glossy and white, blotched, almost entirely round the broad end, with umber-brown. It measures '73 by '56.

1. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus ARUNDINICOLA, d'Orb.

Arundinicola leucocephala (Linn.).

Arundinicola leucocephala, Scl. & Huds, Argent. Orn. i. p. 122 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 37 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersumml. p. 137 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 224 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 95 (1901).

The eggs of the White-headed Tyrant-bird in the Collection are white, of a narrow oval shape, and slightly glossy. They measure '8 by '55.

2. Iguapé, Brazil, 24th Oct.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus ALECTRURUS, Vieill.

Alectrurus risorius (Vieill.).

Alectrurus guira-yetapa, Gibson, Ibis, 1885, p. 279.
 Alectrurus risorius, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 123 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 39 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1893, p. 485; von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 225 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 96 (1901).

The eggs of the Racket-tailed Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval shape, slightly glossy, and of a plain white colour. Four examples measure respectively: '86 by '61; '87 by '67; '85 by '67; '88 by '65.

4. Argentine Republic, Nov.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Genus SISOPYGIS, Cab. & Heine.

Sisopygis icterophys (Vieill.).

(Plate IV. fig. 4.)

Sisopygis icterophrys, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 125 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 41 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 137 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 225 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 96 (1901).

The eggs of the Yellow-browed Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval form and almost devoid of gloss. They appear to be variable in coloration. The examples taken in Brazil are white, sparingly marked with spots and small blotches of dark umber-brown. Of two others taken in Argentina, one is white, marked at the broad end with umber-brown and lilac, and the other is pale pink, marked with chocolate-brown and lilac. Four examples measure respectively: '8 by '61; '8 by '6; '81 by '58; '79 by '58.

2. Iguapé, Brazil, 10th Nov.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Genus LICHENOPS, Sundev.

Lichenops perspicillata (Gm.).

(Plate IV. fig. 6.)

Lichenops perspicillata, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 48 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 129 (1888); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 3 (1892); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 199; Lane, Ibis, 1897, p. 31; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 137 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 225 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 97 (1901).

The eggs of the Silver-billed Tyrant-bird are of a broad oval shape and very glossy. They are white, very sparingly spotted and blotched at the broad end with chestnut. They measure from '82 to '85 in length, and from '63 to '66 in breadth.

2. Argentine Republic, Nov.

Central Chile, Dec.
 Central Chile, Dec.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.] Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Genus MACHETORNIS, Gray.

Machetornis rixosa (Vieill.).

(Plate IV. fig. 5.)

Machetornis rixosa, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 52 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 131 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 199; Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 178; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 137 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 226 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii, p. 98 (1901).

The eggs of the Short-winged Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval

shape and devoid of all gloss. They are of a dark cream or pale buff-colour, densely streaked and mottled with purplish brown and layender. They measure from '86 to 1 in length, and from '66 to '72 in breadth.

Bahia (Tristram Coll.).
 Argentine Republic, Oct.
 Argentine Republic, Oct.
 Argentine Republic, Oct.
 Argentine Republic, Oct.
 Argentine Republic.
 Argentine Republic.
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

Genus MUSCISAXICOLA, d'Orb. & Lafr.

Muscisaxicola maculirostris, d'Orb. & Lafr.

(Plate IV. fig. 7.)

Muscisaxicola maculirostris, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 59 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 134 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 99 (1901).

The eggs of the Spotted-bill Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of an oval shape and moderately glossy. One specimen is plain white, and measures '66 by '55; another is white, very sparingly dotted with black, and measures '74 by '56.

Chile.
 Chile.
 E. C. Reed, Esq. [P.].
 Crowley Bequest.

Genus CENTRITES, Cab.

Centrites niger (Bodd.).

(Plate IV. fig. 8.)

Centrites niger, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 61 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 134 (1888); James, New List of Chilian Birds, p. 3 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 137 (1892); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 100 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-backed Tyrant-bird are of a blunt oval shape and slightly glossy. They are greyish white, densely freekled with greyish brown and lavender. They measure from '76 to '83 in length, and '6 in breadth.

Central Chile (Landbeck).
 Central Chile, Oct.
 Berkeley James Coll.
 Berkeley James Coll.

Genus PLATYRHYNCHUS, Desm.

Platyrhynchus cancrominus, Scl. & Salv.

(Plate IV. fig. 10.)

Platyrhynchus cancrominus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 66 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 5 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 100 (1901).

An egg of the Boat-billed Tyrant-bird is of a broad oval form and devoid of gloss. It is of a pinkish-white colour, marked round the broad end with a zone of more or less confluent spots and specks of pale lilac-red and lavender. A few specks of the same colours are scattered over the remainder of the shell. It measures '66 by '51.

1. British Honduras (F. Blancaneaux). Salvin-Godman Coll.

Genus RHYNCHOCYCLUS, Cab. & Heine.

Rhynchocyclus fulvipectus (Scl.).

(Plate IV. fig. 9.)

Rhynchocyclus fulvipectus, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 513; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 167 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 101 (1901).

The eggs of the Fulvous-breasted Tyrant-bird are of an elongated blunt oval form and but slightly glossy. They are white, freekled with minute yellowish-brown speeks, chiefly disposed round the broad end. They measure respectively: '96 by '66; '94 by '67.

2. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Rhynchocyclus cinereiceps (Scl.).

(Plate IV. fig. 13.)

Rhynchocyclus cinereiceps, Nehrk. J. f. O. 1879, p. 356; id. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 140 (1899); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 169 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 10 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 102 (1901).

The eggs of the Grey-headed Tyrant-bird are of a pointed oval shape and devoid of gloss. They appear to be variable in coloration. Examples taken by Blancaneaux are white, very sparingly marked with dark reddish-brown or black specks. A specimen from the Nehrkorn Collection is cream-coloured, marked with a broad zone of lilac-red spots round the larger end. Five eggs measure respectively: '8 by '56; '82 by '54; '8 by '57; '8 by '56; '82 by '58.

British Honduras (F. Blancaneaux). Salvin-Godman Coll.
 Veragua (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus TODIROSTRUM, Less.

Todirostrum cinereum (Linn.).

Todirostrum cinereum, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 512; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 69 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 12 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 138 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 227 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 103 (1901).

The eggs of the Cinereous Tyrant-bird are of a pointed oval shape, devoid of gloss, and of a plain white colour. They measure from '64 to '67 in length, and '41 to '47 in breadth. Other specimens from the Crowley Collection are white, speckled with very pale rufous at the broad end.

4. British Honduras, May (F. Blanc-Salvin-Godman Coll. aneaux).

Chiriqui, Panama (Nehrkorn Coll.).
 New Granada.
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

New Gravada.
 Medellin, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

Crowley Bequest.
Salvin-Godman Coll.

Todirostrum poliocephalum (Wied).

(Plate IV. fig. 12.)

Todirostrum poliocephalum, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 71 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 138 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 226 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 103 (1901).

The eggs of the Grey-crowned Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a regular oval shape and but slightly glossy. They are of a pale salmon-pink colour, freckled, chiefly at the broad end, with light red. They measure respectively: 59 by 4; 6 by 42.

2. Iguapé, Brazil, 4th Nov.

Crowley Bequest.

Todirostrum schistaceiceps, Scl.

(Plate IV. fig. 14.)

Todirostrum schistaceiceps, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 74 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 13 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 138 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 104 (1901).

The eggs of the Slaty-headed Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a pointed oval shape, and almost devoid of all gloss. They are white, boldly speckled and spotted with umber-brown and purplish red. They measure respectively: '7 by '49; '65 by '48.

2. British Honduras, 20th June (F. Blancaneaux).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Todirostrum ruficeps, Kaup.

(Plate IV. fig. 11.)

Todirostrum ruficeps, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 512; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 75 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 104 (1901).

The sole egg of the Red-headed Tyrant-bird in the Collection is of a regular oval shape, slightly glossy, and of a white colour, very sparingly marked with minute reddish-brown specks. It measures ·62 by ·46.

1. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus EUSCARTHMUS, Wied.

Euscarthmus gularis (Temm.).

(Plate IV. fig. 15.)

Euscarthmus gularis, Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 136 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 81 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 138 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 228 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 105 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-throated Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a regular oval shape and devoid of gloss. They are white, marked with spots and small blotches of dull chestnut and lilac-red. They measure respectively: '68 by '49; '7 by '5.

2. Ararangua, Sta. Catharina, Brazil, Crowley Bequest.
4th Dec.

Euscarthmus granadensis (Hartl.).

Euscarthmus granadensis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 82 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 106 (1901).

The eggs of the Colombian Tyrant-bird are of an elliptical shape, moderately glossy, and of a pale yellowish-white colour. Two examples measure respectively: ·74 by ·59; ·71 by ·53.

2. New Granada.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus HAPALOCERCUS, Cab.

Hapalocercus flaviventris (d'Orb. & Lafr.).

Hapalocercus flaviventris, Scl. & Huds, Argent. Orn. i. p. 137 (1888); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 94 (1888); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 3 (1892); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 229 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 109 (1901).

The eggs of the Reed Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval shape and slightly glossy. They are of a dark cream-colour without markings. Four examples measure respectively: '68 by '49; '66 by '5; '68 by '49; '64 by '5.

4. Central Chile (Landbeck).

Berkeley James Coll.

Hapalocercus hollandi, Scl.

Hapalocercus hollandi, Scl. Ibis, 1896, p. 316; Holland, Ibis, 1897, p. 167; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 110 (1901).

The eggs of Holland's Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval shape, almost devoid of all gloss, and of a pale creamy-white colour. They measure respectively: '62 by '5; '64 by '46.

2. Argentine Republic, Jan. vol. III.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Genus HABRURA, Cab. & Heine.

Habrura pectoralis (Vieill.).

Habrura pectoralis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 96 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 138 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1893, p. 486; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 110 (1901).

The eggs of the Narrow-tailed Tyrant-bird are of a pointed oval shape, almost devoid of gloss, and of a pale cream-colour. They measure from '63 to '66 in length, and from '43 to '49 in breadth.

Argentine Republic, Dec.
 Argentine Republic, Dec.
 Argentine Republic, Dec.
 Argentine Republic, Dec.
 A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].
 A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Genus SERPHOPHAGA, Gould.

Serphophaga sub-cristata (Vieill.).

Serphophaga sub-cristata, Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. viii. p. 82 (1883-5); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 102 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 140 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 200; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 138 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 229 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 111 (1901).

Three eggs of the Small-crested Tyrant-bird are of a somewhat pointed oval shape, almost devoid of all gloss, and of a very pale yellowish colour. They measure respectively: 58 by 46; 6 by 46; 58 by 45.

3. Argentine Republic, Oct.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Serphophaga cinerea (Strickl.).

Serphophaga cinerea, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 512; Scl. Cat. Birds
B. M. xiv. p. 103 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves,
ii. p. 20 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 138 (1899); Sharpe,
Hand-l. iii. p. 112 (1901).

The eggs of the Grey Tyrant-bird in the Collection resemble those of S. sub-cristata, but are slightly larger, measuring respectively: 65 by 5; 64 by 48.

2. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Celombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Serphophaga nigricans (Vieill.).

Serphophaga nigricans, Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. vi. p. 248, pl. viii. fig. 3 (1880-81); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 104 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 141 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 199; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 138 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 229 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 112 (1901).

The eggs of the Black Tyrant-bird resemble those of S. sub-cristata and S. cinerea, but are larger, measuring from .64 to .7 in length, and from .49 to .51 in breadth.

Iguapé, Brazil, 9th Nov.

Argentine Republic, Oct.

Argentine Republic, Oct.

Buenos Ayres (with 2 of Molothrus

A. II. Holland, Esq. C. .
W. H. Hudson, Esq. [P.]. bonariensis).

Crowley Bequest.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.]. A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Genus ANÆRETES, Reichenb.

Anæretes parulus (Kittl.).

Anæretes parulus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 106 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 141 (1888); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 3 (1892); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 138 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 112 (1901).

The eggs of the Tit-like Tyrant-bird are of a pointed oval form, devoid of gloss, and of a plain white colour. They measure from ·65 to ·72 in length, and from ·5 to ·54 in breadth.

Chile (Tristram Coll.).
 Central Chile, Oct.

4. Central Chile (Landbeck).

Crowley Bequest. Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Genus CYANOTIS, Swains.

Cyanotis rubrigaster (Vieill.).

Cyanotis azaræ, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 110 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 142 (1888); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 3 (1892); Lane, Ibis, 1897, p. 33; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 139 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 230 (1900).

Cyanotis rubrigaster, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 113 (1901).

The eggs of the Many-coloured Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval shape and slightly glossy. They vary from pale to dark cream-colour, many being plain, and others being marked at the broad end with an indistint cap of minute pale rufous and lilac specks. They measure from .62 to .7 in length, and from .45 to .5 in breadth.

1. Iguapé, Brazil, 12th Nov. 1. La Plata (Tristram Coll.).

3. Central Chile, Oct.

3. Central Chile, Oct. 3. Central Chile, Oct.
3. Central Chile, Oct.

Central Chile, Oct.

Central Chile, Oct.

Chile.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest. Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll. Crowley Bequest.

02

Genus MIONECTES, Cab.

Mionectes striaticollis (d'Orb. & Lafr.).

Mionectes striaticollis, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 512; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 111 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 113 (1901).

Two eggs of the Stripe-necked Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a regular oval shape, slightly glossy, and of a plain white colour. They measure respectively: .81 by .55; .8 by .56.

2. Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus MYIOPAGIS, Salv. & Godm.

Myiopagis placens, Scl.

(Plate IV. fig. 16.)

Elainea placens, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 148 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 139 (1899).

Myiopagis placens, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 26 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 116 (1901).

The eggs of Sclater's Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a regular oval shape and devoid of gloss. They are cream-coloured, streaked and spotted, more densely at the broad end where the markings form a wide zone, with purplish brown and deep lavender. They measure respectively: ·71 by ·54; ·72 by ·51.

2. British Honduras, May (F. Salvin-Godman Coll. Blancaneaux).

Genus ELAINEA, Sundev.

Elainea pagana (Licht.).

(Plate IV. fig. 17.)

Elainea pagana, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 513; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 137 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 34 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 139 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 230 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 122 (1901).

The eggs of the Rustic Tyrant-bird are of a broad oval shape and exhibit but little gloss. They are of a pinkish cream-colour, speckled and spotted, almost entirely at the broad end where the markings form a cap or interrupted zone, with purplish red or lilac-red and lavender. They vary much in size, measuring from ·7 to ·84 in length, and from ·56 to ·65 in breadth.

2. Medellin, Antioquia, U.S. Co-Salvin-Godman Coll.

lombia (T. K. Salmon).
2. Medellin (T. K. S.) Salvin-Godman Coll. Antioquia (T. K. S.).

U.S. Colombia.

Venezuela (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Cayenne (Tristram Coll.).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Elainea martinica (Linn.).

(Plate IV. fig. 18.)

Elainea martinica, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 141 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 36 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 123 (1901).

The eggs of the Martinique Tyrant-bird are of a broad oval shape and nearly devoid of all gloss. They are of a pinkish-white colour, and while some are marked, almost entirely in the form of a zone round the broad end, with blotches of deep purplish brown and lavender, others are more delicately marked, also at the broad end, with small spots of lilac-red and lavender. They measure from ·78 to ·87 in length, and from ·63 to ·67 in breadth.

Grenada, W. Indies, 19th May (J. G. Wells).

Crowley Bequest.

Grenada, 7th June (J. G. W.). Grenada (J. G. IV.).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Elainea albiceps (d'Orb. & Lafr.).

Elainea albiceps, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 141 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 145 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 139 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 231 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 123 (1901).

The eggs of the White-crested Tyrant-bird vary from a regular oval to an elliptical shape and are devoid of gloss. Two examples in the Collection are of a plain white colour. Another is white, marked with a blotch and a few specks of reddish brown, and a fourth is white, sparingly speckled over the larger half with deep purplish They vary much in size, the four examples measuring respectively: .75 by .59; .76 by .59; .88 by .62; .89 by .65.

Chile. 2. Chile, Dec. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Elainea frantzii, Lawr.

(Plate IV. fig. 19.)

Elainea frantzii, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 513; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 145 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 36 (1888); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 139 (1899); *Sharpe, Hand-l.* iii. p. 124 (1901).

The eggs of Frantzius' Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval shape and devoid of all gloss. They are of a creamy white colour, sparingly spotted, in the case of two specimens, with purplish red, and in the case of another with pale lilac-red, the markings being chiefly at the broad end. Three examples measure respectively: .77 by .55; .75 by .57; .7 by .52.

2. Sta. Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

1. U.S. Colombia.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus LEGATUS, Scl.

Legatus albicollis (Vieill.).

(Plate IV. fig. 20.)

Legatus albicollis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 155 (1888); Salv. §. Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 38 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 139 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 125 (1901).

The eggs of the White-necked Tyrant-bird are of a blunt oval shape and devoid of gloss. They are of a pinkish-white colour, blotched and spotted, chiefly round the larger end, with purplish red and layender, and sometimes with lilac-red in addition. Five examples measure respectively: '84 by '65; '77 by '62; '78 by '58; '78 by '57; '84 by '65.

1. Yucatan.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Honduras, 14th Sept.
 Chiriqui, Panama.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Genus MYIOZETETES, Scl.

Myiozetetes cayennensis (Linn.).

(Plate IV. fig. 21.)

Myiozetetes texensis (nec Giraud), Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 513.

Myiozetetes cayennensis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 160 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 40 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 139 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 233 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 126 (1901).

The eggs of the Cayenne Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval shape and devoid of gloss. They are of a white colour, spotted and blotched with chocolate-brown and lilac-grey, the markings being denser at the broad end than elsewhere. Four examples measure respectively: 8 by 61; 82 by 62; 96 by 67; 97 by 66.

2. Medellin, Antioquia, U.S. Co-Salvin-Godman Coll. lombia (T. K. Salmon).

2. Venezuela (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Myiozetetes similis (Spix).

Myiozetetes texensis, Scl. & Salv. Ibis, 1859, p. 123, pl. v. fig. 5; Owen, Ibis, 1861, p. 64; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 162 (1888); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 254, pl. i. fig. 22 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 139 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 233 (1900).

Myiozetetes similis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 161 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 41 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 139 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 233 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 126 (1901).

The eggs of Giraud's Tyrant-bird are normally of a narrow oval shape and exhibit a varying amount of gloss. They are white, marked with spots and small blotches of purplish red, lilac-red, and lavender. In the majority of specimens, the markings are more dense at the broad end and form an irregular cap, but in others they are evenly distributed over the entire shell. Examples measure from '85 to 1.02 in length, and from '67 to '71 in breadth.

2. Mexico.

2. Mexico (Tristram Coll.).

2. Yucatan.

1. Central America.

2. San Geronimo, Guatemala (R. Owen).

4. San Geronimo, 5th May (R. O.).

1. Guatemala (R. O.).

1. Dueñas, Guatemala, 12th June (O. Salvin).

8. British Honduras (F. Blancaneaux).

2. Rio Janeiro.

1. Iguapé, Brazil, 15th Oct.

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Alexander Fry, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Genus PITANGUS, Swains.

Pitangus derbianus (Kaup).

Pitangus derbianus, Scl. & Salv. Ibis, 1859, p. 120, pl. v. fig. 3; Owen, Ibis, 1861, p. 63; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 175 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 43 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 251, pl. i. figs. 20 & 21 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 140 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 127 (1901).

The eggs of Lord Derby's Tyrant-bird are of a broad, pointed oval shape, and slightly glossy. They are cream-coloured, and while some are marked with spots and small blotches of dark umber-brown and lavender, others are marked with huge confluent blotches of light reddish brown together with spots of dark reddish brown and lavender most densely at the broad end, where the markings often form a cap. Specimens measure from 1.06 to 1.25 in length, and from .81 to .9 in breadth.

2. Mazatlan, Mexico, 8th June.

1. Dueñas, Guatemala, 29th May (O. Salvin).

5. San Geronimo, Guatemala, 10th April (R. Owen).

4. San Geronimo (R. O.).

1. San Geronimo (R. O.).

Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Pitangus sulphuratus (Linn.).

Pitangus sulphuratus, Sclater, Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 177 (1888), part.; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 127 (1901).

An egg of the Amazonian Sulphur-breasted Tyrant-bird in the Collection is of a regular oval form, with no gloss, and is cream-coloured, with a few dark umber and lavender blotches or spots, which are almost confined to the broader end. The measurements are 1.08 by .79 inch.

1. British Guiana.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Pitangus maximiliani (Cab. & Heine).

(Plate V. fig. 1.)

Tyrannus sulphuratus, d'Orb. Voy., Ois. pl. 39. fig. 3, & pl. 49. fig. 3 (1835-44).

Pitangus sulphuratus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 176, part. (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 140 (1899).

Pitangus sulphuratus maximiliani, von Thering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 234 (1900).

Pitangus maximiliani, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 127 (1901).

The eggs of Maximilian's Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a regular oval shape, slightly glossy and cream-coloured, spotted with dark umber-brown and lavender. They measure respectively: 1.08 by .8; 1.12 by .83; 1.12 by .85; 1.1 by .85; 1.1 by .8.

3. Brazil (Nehrkorn Coll.).

2. Brazil.

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Pitangus bolivianus (Lafr.).

Pitangus bellicosus, Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. vi. p. 247, pl. viii. fig. 1 (1880-1).

Pitangus bolivianus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 177 (1888); id. § Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 147 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 200; Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 179; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 140 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 127 (1901).

Pitangus sulphuratus bolivianus, von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 234 (1900).

The eggs of the Bienteveo Tyrant-bird are of a somewhat pointed oval shape and but very slightly glossy. They vary from cream-colour to pale buff, spotted, blotched, and otherwise marked with chocolate-brown and lavender. The markings are almost entirely confined to the broad end. Specimens measure from 1·1 to 1·2 in length, and from ·77 to ·87 in breadth.

3. Brazil.

2. Brazil (Nehrkorn Coll.).

5. Uruguay, 22nd Nov.

2. Uruguay.

5. Argentine Republic, Oct.

4. Argentine Republic.

Spencer Moore, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

O. V. Aplin, Esq. [P.]. A. K. Mackinnon, Esq. (P.]. A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Crowley Bequest.

Pitangus lictor (Cab.).

(Plate V. fig. 2.)

Pitangus lictor, Sel. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 178 (1888); Salv. & Godm.
Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 45 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.
p. 140 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 235 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 128 (1901).

The eggs of the Lictor Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of an ordinary oval shape, moderately glossy and cream-coloured, delicately marked with specks, spots, and tiny blotches of deep blackish brown and lavender. They measure respectively: 1.03 by .75; 1.04 by .75.

2. Brazil, 30th Oct.

Crowley Bequest.

Pitangus caudifasciatus (d'Orb.).

(Plate V. fig. 3.)

Tyrannus caudifasciatus, Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 177 (1847). Pitangus caudifasciatus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 179 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 140 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 128 (1901).

The eggs of the Petchary Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval form and moderately glossy. They vary from creamy white to pale pinkish buff, and they are coarsely spotted, streaked, and blotched with chestnut and lilac-grey. They measure from '95 to 1 in length, and from '7 to '72 in breadth.

4. Jamaica.

2. Jamaica.
6. Jamaica.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Rev. Barham Zincke [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Genus MYIODYNASTES, Bp.

Myiodynastes luteiventer, Bp.

Myiodynastes luteiventris, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 183 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 48 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 256, pl. ii. fig. 7 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 140 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 129 (1901).

The eggs of the Sulphur-bellied Tyrant-bird are of a blunt oval shape, slightly glossy and of a pinkish-cream colour, coarsely marked with confluent streaks and blotches of dark reddish brown and layender. They measure from '97 to 1.02 in length, and from '7 to '77 in breadth.

1. Valladolid, Yucatan (Gaumer).

Yucatan.
 Yucatan (Nehrkorn Coll.),

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Genus MEGARHYNCHUS, Thunb.

Megarhynchus pitangua (Linn.). (Plate V. fig. 4.)

Megarhynchus pitangua, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 189 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 51 (1889); Nehrk. Cat. Eiersamml. p. 140 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 235 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 130 (1901).

The eggs of the Pitangua Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a regular oval shape, slightly glossy and cream-coloured, densely speckled, spotted, and blotched with reddish brown and lavender. The markings are more dense at the broad end than elsewhere, forming at that part an irregular cap. Two examples measure respectively: 1.15 by .82; 1.11 by .82.

4. Costa Rica, 14th May.

C. F. Underwood, Esq. [C.].

Megarhynchus chrysocephalus (Tschudi).

Myiodynastes chrysocephalus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 187 (1888). Megarhynchus chrysocephalus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 130 (1901).

Of the eggs of the Golden-headed Tyrant-bird in the Collection, two specimens are inseparable from those of Myjodynastes luteiventer, and two very closely resemble the eggs of Pitangus caudifasciatus. Four examples measure respectively: 1.1 by .71; 1.03 by .73; 1.03 by .72; 1.05 by .71.

4. Venezuela (Gugenheimer). Crowley Bequest.

Genus ONYCHORHYNCHUS, Fischer.

Onychorhynchus mexicanus (Scl.).

(Plate V. fig. 12.)

Muscivora mexicana, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 193 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 53 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 141 (1899).

Onychorhynchus mexicanus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 130 (1901).

The eggs of the Fan-crested Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval shape and devoid of gloss. They are of a pinkish cream-colour, very thickly streaked and smeared with deep vinous brown, to such an extent in some specimens that little of the ground-colour remains visible. Four examples measure respectively: 8 by 58; 81 by 56; ·85 by ·55; ·84 by ·55.

4. Panama (McLeannan).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Genus MYIOBIUS, Gray.

Myiobius barbatus (Gm.).

Myiobius barbatus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p 199 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 56 (1889); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 236 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 131 (1901).

Two eggs of the Yellow-rumped Tyrant-bird in the Collection appear to be quite indistinguishable from those of the next species. One example measures '7 by '55.

2. Rio Janeiro.

Alexander Fry, Esq. [P.].

Myiobius nævius (Bodd.).

(Plate V. fig. 6.)

Myiobius nævius, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 514; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 209 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 151 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 58 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 141 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 236 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 133 (1901).

The eggs of the Little Brown Tyrant-bird are of a pointed oval shape and almost devoid of gloss. They are of a rich cream-colour, spotted and blotched, chiefly over the larger half of the egg, with reddish brown, lilac-red, and lavender. They measure from 65 to 7 in length, and from 5 to 52 in breadth.

1. Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Medellin, Antioquia (T. K. S.).
 Rio de Janeiro.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

4. Argentine Republic.

Alexander Fry, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Genus PYROCEPHALUS, Gould.

Pyrocephalus rubineus (Bodd.).

(Plate V. fig. 5.)

Pyrocephalus rubineus, Huds. P. Z. S. 1872, p. 808; Tacz. P. Z. S. 1877, p. 752; Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 515; Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. viii. p. 82 (1883–5); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 211 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 152 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 60 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 141 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 236 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 134 (1901).

The eggs of the Scarlet Tyrant-bird are of a pointed oval shape and devoid of gloss. They are cream-coloured, spotted and blotched with sepia-brown and deep lavender-grey, the markings being often disposed most densely round the larger end or the middle of the egg, where they form a very broad but irregular zone. They measure from '65 to '7 in length, and from '5 to '57 in breadth.

6. Medellin, Antioquia, U.S. Co-

2. Medellin (T. K. S.).
 Antioquia (T. K. S.).
 Argentine Republic, Nov.

3. Buenos Ayres.

Salvin-Godman Coll. lombia (T. K. Salmon).

Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll. A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

W. H. Hudson, Esq. [P.].

Pyrocephalus mexicanus, Scl.

Pyrocephalus rubineus, var. mexicanus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 387 (1874).

Pyrocephalus mexicanus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 213 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 141 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 134 (1901).

Pyrocephalus rubineus mexicanus, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 322, pl. ii. figs. 34 & 35 (1895).

The eggs of the Vermilion Tyrant-bird appear to be inseparable from those of P. rubineus. Three examples measure respectively: ·71 by ·52; ·68 by ·52; ·72 by ·53.

3. Mexico.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus EMPIDOCHANES, Scl.

Empidochanes fuscatus (Wied).

(Plate V. fig. 8.)

Empidochanes fuscatus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 216 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 141 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 236 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 135 (1901).

The eggs of the Dusky Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of an ordinary oval shape. One is cream-coloured, a second is of a pinkish-white colour, and both are spotted and blotched, chiefly at the broad end, with reddish brown, lilac-red, and lavender. They measure respectively: ·72 by ·6; ·76 by ·59.

2. Iguapé, Brazil, 20th Nov.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus SAYORNIS, Bp.

Sayornis phæbe (Lath.).

Sayornis fuscus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 343 (1874).

Empidias fuscus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 264 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1899).

Sayornis phœbe, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 63 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 272, pl. i. fig. 28 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 136 (1901).

The eggs of the Phoebe Tyrant-bird are of a pointed oval shape and moderately glossy. The majority are plain white; others are sparingly speckled with rufous brown at the broad end. They measure from .71 to .84 in length, and from .55 to .61 in breadth.

14. N. America (Henshaw Coll.).

N. America. 1. N. America.

Illinois, 20th June.

3. Virginia.

Princeton, New Jersey, 11th May 3. (W. E. D. Scott).

4. Princeton, 12th May (W. E. D. S.).

Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Princeton University [E.].

Princeton University [E.].

Sayornis saya (Bp.).

Sayornis sayus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 347 (1874).

Sayornis pallida, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 32 (1888); Nehrk, Kat.

Eiersamml, p. 136 (1899).

Sayornis saya, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 62 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 276, pl. i. fig. 29 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 136 (1901).

The eggs of Say's Tyrant-bird are of a pointed oval shape, slightly glossy, and of a plain white. Seven examples measure respectively: ·76 by ·59; ·78 by ·6; ·77 by ·6; ·71 by ·6; ·78 by ·6; ·78 by ·59; ·77 by ·59.

3. Boulder Co., Colorado, May.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

4. Meade Co., Missouri, 20th June (J. H. Jackson).

Crowley Bequest.

Sayornis nigricans (Swains.).

Sayornis nigricans, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 340 (1874); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 33 (1888); Salv. § Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 64 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist, N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 280, pl. i. fig. 30 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 136 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 136 (1901).

The eggs of the Black Tyrant-bird resemble those of S. phabe, some being plain white, and others speckled. They measure from ·71 to ·78 in length, and from ·55 to ·62 in breadth.

4. N. America.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.]

5. California (R. Ridgway). Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

California, 18th May (A. J. Burrows). 4. Los Angeles, California, 2nd June.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

Sayornis cineracea (Lafr.).

Sayornis cineracea, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 511; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 34 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml, p. 136 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 137 (1901).

The eggs of the Ashy Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a regular

oval shape, slightly glossy, and of a white colour. Two examples measure respectively: .75 by .57; .79 by .58.

2. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus EMPIDONAX, Cab.

Empidonax pusillus (Swains. & Richards.).

Empidonax pusillus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 366 (1874); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 225 (1888); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 305, pl. ii. figs. 28 & 29 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 141 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 138 (1901). Empidonax pusillus, var. trailli, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds,

ii. p. 369 (1874).

Empidonax trailli, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 226 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 71 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 141 (1899).

Empidonax pusillus traillii, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 310

pl. ii. fig. 30 (1895).

The eggs of the Little Tyrant-bird are of a pointed oval shape, and slightly glossy. They vary from white to pale cream-colour, marked with purplish red and lilac-red. On some specimens the markings consist of small spots and specks; on others of spots and small blotches. Examples measure from 67 to 74 in length, and from ·51 to ·55 in breadth.

N. America (Henshaw Coll.).

N. America.

- Black Hawk Co., Iowa, 9th July.
- 4. McLean, Illinois, 16th June.

1. California.

4. Honey Lake, California, 25th June (Henshaw Coll.).

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radeliffe Saunders, Esq.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Empidonax minimus (Baird).

Empidonax minimus, Ross, Canad. Nat. vii. p. 144 (1862); id. Nat. Hist. Rev. 1862, p. 278; Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 372 (1874); Sel. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 227 (1888); Salr. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 72 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist, N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 312, pl. ii. fig. 31 (1895); Nebrik. Kat. Eigenstyl, p. 144 (1890). Shore, Heard, iii. p. 128 (1901). Eiersamml, p. 141 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii, p. 138 (1901).

The eggs of the Least Tyrant-bird are white, of a pointed oval shape, and almost devoid of gloss. They measure from .6 to .7 in length, and from '46 to '54 in breadth.

13. N. America (Henshaw Coll.).

N. America (Smiths, Inst.). 1.

4. N. America.

5. Mackenzie River District.

Cobourg, Ontario, 10th July.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

R. B. Ross, Esq. [P.]

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. P.7.

Empidonax virescens, Vieill.

Empidonax acadicus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 374 (1874); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 228 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Ares, ii. p. 70 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 302, pl. ii. figs. 26 & 27 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 141 (1899).

Empidonax virescens, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 138 (1901).

The eggs of the Acadian Tyrant-bird resemble those of *E. pusillus* of the coarsely-marked type. They measure from '72 to '77 in length, and from '52 to '58 in breadth.

1. N. America (Smiths. Inst.).

4. N. America, 15th May.

3. Washington District, Columbia (Henshaw Coll.).

1. Columbus, Ohio (Henshaw Coll.).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Empidonax flaviventris (Baird).

Empidonax flaviventris, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii, p. 378 (1874); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 230 (1888); Salv. & Godm, Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 73 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 295, pl. ii. fig. 23 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 142 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 139 (1901).

An egg of the Yellow-bellied Tyrant-bird in the Collection is of a pointed oval shape, devoid of gloss, and plain white. It measures '69 by '51. The eggs of this species appear to be often speckled with rufous.

1. Grand Menan Island, Bay of Fundy (T. M. Brewer: Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Empidonax difficilis, Baird.

Empidonax flaviventris, var. difficilis, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer.

Birds, ii. p. 380 (1874).

Empidonax difficilis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 229 (1888); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 298, pl. ii. figs. 24, 25 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 142 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 139 (1901).

The eggs of the Western Tyrant-bird are of a pointed oval shape, slightly glossy and white, speckled and blotched, chiefly round the broad end, with pale chestnut and lilac-red. Four examples measure respectively: '62 by '51; '66 by '52; '68 by '52; '65 by '51.

1. North America.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

3. Alameda, California, 11th May (H. B. Taylor).

Crowley Bequest.

Empidonax flavescens, Lawr.

(Plate V. fig. 9.)

Empidonax flavescens, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 231 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 75 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 139 (1901).

The eggs of the Yellow Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a blunt oval shape, devoid of gloss, and of a pinkish cream-colour, boldly spotted and blotched, especially at the broad end, with chestnut, lilac-red, and lavender. There are also a few black specks at the broad end. Two examples measure respectively: '69 by ·55: ·7 by ·58.

2. Costa Rica, 4th June (C. F. Crowley Bequest. Underwood).

Empidonax hammondi (De Vesey).

Empidonax hammondi, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 383 (1888); Sel. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 232 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 76 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 315, pl. ii. fig. 32 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 142 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 139 (1901).

An egg of Hammond's Tyrant-bird in the Collection is of a regular oval shape, moderately glossy, and plain white. It measures 65 by '5.

1. North America (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus HORIZOPUS, Oberh.

Horizopus virens (Linn.).

Contopus virens, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 357 (1874); Sel. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 238 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 84 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 288, pl. ii. figs. 18 & 19 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 142 (1899).

Horizopus virens, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 141 (1901).

The eggs of the Wood Pewee are of a pointed oval shape, and almost devoid of gloss. They are cream-coloured, spotted and blotched, chiefly in the form of a band round the broad end, with rich purplish brown and deep lavender-grey. On some specimens the markings are dense and more or less confluent; on others sparse and detached from each other. Examples measure from .7 to .75 in length, and from .52 to .55 in breadth.

North America (Henshaw Coll.). Massachusetts (T. M. Brewer).

West Newbury, Massachusetts, 4. 19th June.

West Chester, Pennsylvania, 23rd

June (T. H. Jackson).
Summit, New Jersey, 3rd May
(W. E. D. Scott).

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

Princeton University, N.J. [E.].

Horizopus richardsoni (Swains.).

Contopus virens, var. richardsoni, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer.

Birds, ii. p. 360 (1874).

Contopus richardsoni, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 239 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 85 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 291, pl. ii. figs. 20–22 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 142 (1899).

Horizopus richardsoni, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 142 (1901).

The eggs of the Western Wood Pewee resemble those of *H. virens*, but the shell-markings are more of a lilac-grey colour. They measure from .69 to .78 in length, and from .53 to .56 in breadth.

2. North America.

California, 30th May (J. Grünnell).
 Susanville, California (Henshaw Coll.).

4. Riverside, California, 10th May.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Genus MYIARCHUS, Cab.

Myiarchus crinitus (Linn.).

Myiarchus crinitus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 334 (1874); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 247 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 87 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 259, pl. ii. figs. 8 & 9 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 142 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 144 (1901).

The eggs of the Great Crested Tyrant-bird vary from an oval to a spheroidal shape, and are slightly glossy. The ground-colour ranges from eream-colour to pale buff, and the egg is more or less densely marked with blotches, longitudinal streaks and scratches, and intricate tangles of lines of umber-brown, purple, and lavender-grey. On some examples lines preponderate, on others streaks and blotches. Specimens measure from '84 to '94 in length, and from '67 to '69 in breadth.

I. North America.

3. North America (Henshaw Coll.).

4. North America.

4. North America (D. G. Elliot: Tristram Coll.).

1. North America.

1. New York, May (Tristram Coll.).

4. Rhode Island, 20th May.

3. Princeton, New Jersey, 9th June (W. E. D. Scott).

Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Princeton University, N.J. [E.].

Myiarchus cinerascens (Lawr.).

Myiarchus crinitus, var. cinerascens, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 337 (1874).

Myiarchus cinerascens, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv, p. 248 (1888); Salv. & vol. III.

Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 91 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 266, pl. ii. fig. 13 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 142 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 144 (1901).

The eggs of the Ash-throated Tyrant-bird resemble those of *M. crinitus*. The specimens in the Collection measure from 9 to 97 in length, and from 68 to 75 in breadth.

2. California (A. Forrer).

4. Los Angeles, California, 2nd June.

Crowley Bequest.
W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

Myiarchus mexicanus (Kaup).

Myiarchus mexicanus, Sclater, Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 250 (1888); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 263, pl. ii. figs. 10 & 11 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 142 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 144 (1901).

Myiarchus magister, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 89

(1888).

Eggs of the Mexican Tyrant-bird in the Collection resemble those of *M. crinitus*. The measurements are from '80 to '92 in length, and from '65 to '70 in breadth.

5. Tampico, Mexico, 10th April.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Myiarchus tyrannulus (P. L. S. Müll.). (Plate V. fig. 10.)

Myiarchus tyrannulus, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 515; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 251 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 156 (1888); Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. x. p. 79 (1888-90); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 145 (1901).

The eggs of the Rusty-tailed Tyrant-bird in the Collection resemble those of M. crinitus. Two examples measure '9 by '7.

2. Santa Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Salvin-Godman Coll. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

Myiarchus oberi, Lawr.

Myiarchus tyrannulus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 251 (1888, part.). Myiarchus oberi, Hartert, Ibis, 1893, p. 298; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 145 (1901).

The eggs of Ober's Tyrant-bird are inseparable from those of *M. tyrannulus*. Four examples measure respectively: 9 by 73; 95 by 72; 94 by 71; 9 by 73.

4. Grenada, W. Indies (J. G. Wells). Crowley Bequest.

Myiarchus ferox (Gm.).

Myiarchus ferox, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 253 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 156 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves. ii. p. 92 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 142 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 237 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l, iii. p. 145 (1901).

An egg of the Fierce Tyrant-bird in the Collection resembles many of the eggs of *M. crinitus*, and measures '93 by '67.

1. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Myiarchus lawrencei (Giraud).

Myiarchus lawrencei, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 256 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 94 (1889, part.); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 270 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 142 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 146 (1901).

The eggs of Lawrence's Tyrant-bird resemble those of *M. crinitus*. Two examples measure respectively: ·8 by ·65; ·82 by ·68.

2. North America.

Crowley Bequest.

Myiarchus nigricapillus, Ridgw.

(Plate V. fig. 11.)

Myiarchus nigricapillus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 257 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 146 (1901).

Myiarchus lawrencii, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 94 (1889, part.).

The eggs of the Black-capped Tyrant-bird resemble in general character those of *M. crinitus* and the other species of the genus already described, but the markings are denser and on the whole smaller and more delicate. Three examples measure respectively: 8 by 62; 82 by 62; 8 by 61.

3. Costa Rica, 15th May.

C. F. Underwood, Esq. [C.].

Myiarchus stolidus (Gosse).

(Plate V. fig. 13.)

Myiobius stolidus, Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 168 (1847). Myiarchus stolidus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 260 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml, p. 142 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 147 (1901).

The eggs of the Foolish Tyrant-bird resemble those of *M. crinitus*. Three specimens measure respectively: '92 by '65; '79 by '61; '85 by '67.

3. Jamaica.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Myiarchus barbirostris (Swains.).

(Plate V. fig. 7.)

Myiobius tristis, Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 167 (1847). Blacicus barbirostris, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 244 (1888). Myiarchus barbirostris, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 147 (1901). The eggs of the Black-billed Tyrant-bird are of a regular oval shape, and almost devoid of gloss. They are of a creamy-white colour, spotted, chiefly round the broad end, with rusty brown and lilac-grey. Two examples measure respectively: '7 by '52; '72 by '53.

2. Jamaica.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus EMPIDONOMUS, Cab. & Heine.

Empidonomus varius (Vieill.).

(Plate V. fig. 16.)

Empidonomus varius, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 265 (1888); Nehrk.
 Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1889); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv.
 p. 237 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 148 (1901).

The eggs of the Striated Tyrant-bird in the Collection are of a blunt oval form, and almost devoid of all gloss. They are cream-coloured, marked with more or less confluent streaks and blotches of rich umber-brown, purple, and lavender-grey. They measure respectively: '83 by '63; '82 by '62.

2. Iguapé, Brazil, 11th Oct.

Crowley Bequest.

Empidonomus inca (Scl.).

(Plate V. figs. 14 & 15.)

Empidonomus aurantio-atro-cristatus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 266 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 157 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1899); von Thering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 237 (1900).

Empidonomus inca, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 148 (1901).

Two eggs, said to be those of the Black-and-Yellow-crested Tyrant-bird, differ from each other. One is of a narrow oval form and of a pinkish cream-colour, marked round the broad end with a wide band of confluent smears and spots of pale rusty, purplish brown, and lavender-grey. The second is of a broad oval shape and cream-coloured, marked, chiefly at the broad end, with well-defined spots of blackish brown and lavender-grey. They measure respectively: *86 by *59; *88 by *66.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus TYRANNUS, Cuv.

Tyrannus tyrannus (Linn.).

Tyrannus carolinensis, Lord, Proc. R. A. Inst., Woolwich, iv. p. 338 (1865); Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 316 (1874).

Tyrannus pipiri, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 267 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 97 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1899). Tyrannus tyrannus, Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 236, pl. i. figs. 14 & 15 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 148 (1901).

The eggs of the King-bird are of a regular oval shape, and exhibit a considerable amount of gloss. They are of a creamy-white colour, blotched and spotted with blackish brown and lavendergrey, and occasionally with ochraceous brown. The markings are larger and more numerous at the broad end than elsewhere. Specimens measure from '9 to 1.05 in length, and from '65 to '75 in breadth.

1. North America.

4. North America (Smiths. Inst.).

10. North America (J. G. Bell: Tristram Coll.).

2. North America (D. G. Elliot: Tristram Coll.).

1. North America (Bourgeau).

2. British Columbia, June (J. K. Lord).

2. British Columbia, June (J. K. L.).

British Columbia, June (J. K. L.).
 British Columbia, June (J. K. L.).

5. Red River, North America, 15th June (G. M. Dawson).

3. St. Paul, Illinois, 6th June.

6. Massachusetts (Henshaw Coll.).

3. New York (R. Beck: Smiths. Inst.).

4. Providence, Rhode Island, 2nd May.

2. Princeton, New Jersey, 3rd June (W. E. D. Scott).

2. Princeton, 9th June (W. E. D. S.).

3. Princeton, 13th June (W.E.D.S.).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Old Collection.

N. Amer. Bound. Comm.

N. Amer. Bound. Comm. N. Amer. Bound. Comm.

N. Amer. Bound. Comm.

N. Amer. Bound. Comm.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Princeton University, N.J. [E.].

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Princeton University [E.].

Princeton University [E.]. Princeton University [E.].

Tyrannus verticalis, Say.

Tyrannus verticalis, Lord, Proc. R. A. Inst., Woolwich, iv. p. 338 (1865);

Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 324 (1874); Scl. Cat.

Birds B. M. xiv. p. 269 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer.,

Aves, ii. p. 100 (1889); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii.

p. 245, pl. i. figs. 16 & 17 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143
(1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 148 (1901).

The eggs of the Arkansas King-bird are not separable from those of *T. tyrannus*.

5. British Columbia, May (J. K. Lord).

4. Fort Laramie, Wyoming (D. G. Elliot: Tristram Coll.).

4. Honey Lake, California (Henshaw Coll.).

4. California, May.

N. Amer. Bound. Comm.

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Tyrannus vociferans, Swains.

Tyrannus vociferans, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 327 (1874); Sclater, Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 269 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 99 (1888); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 249, pl. i. figs. 18 & 19 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 149 (1901).

The eggs of Cassin's King-bird in the Collection are of a regular oval form, and glossy. The colour is creamy white, marked with spots of reddish brown and a few underlying markings of pale lavender, which are more numerous towards the larger end. Five specimens measure from '83 to 1.0 in length, and '65 to '70 in breadth.

5. California, 20th May.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Tyrannus niveigularis, Scl.

(Plate V. figs. 19 & 20.)

Tyrannus niveigularis, Tacz. P. Z. S. 1877, p. 753; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 270 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 149 (1901).

One of the eggs of the White-throated King-bird in the Collection is marked with rich ochraceous brown and lavender, and resembles some of the eggs of *T. tyrannus*. Two others are delicately spotted and streaked all over with ochraceous brown and with lavender. These examples measure respectively: '95 by '67; '95 by '7; '99 by '7.

Tumbez, Peru (L. Taczanowski).
 Peru (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Tyrannus crassirostris, Swains.

(Plate V. fig. 21.)

Tyrannus crassirostris, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 271 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 103 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 149 (1901).

The eggs of the Thick-billed King-bird in the Collection are of a creamy-white colour, blotched and spotted, chiefly at the broad end, with deep purplish brown and lavender-grey. They differ greatly in size, one measuring 1.18 by .72 and the other .89 by .7.

2. Mazatlan, Mexico (A. Forrer).

Crowley Bequest.

Tyrannus dominicensis (Gm.).

Tyrannus dominicensis, Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 169 (1847); A. & E. Newton, Ibis, 1859, p. 146, pl. xii. fig. 4; Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 319 (1874); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 241, pl. ii. figs. 3 & 4 (1895); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 149 (1901).

Tyrannus griseus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 271 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 98 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1899).

The eggs of the Grey King-bird resemble those of *T. tyrannus* in general character, but the ground is of a salmon-pink colour, and the markings brownish-red and lavender. They measure from '96 to 1.1 in length, and from '7 to '78 in breadth.

1. St. Croix, W. Indies, 25th June (A. & E. Newton).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

St. Croix, July (A. & E. N.).
 St. Croix, July (A. & E. N.).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

4. Jamaica.

Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Tyrannus rostratus, Scl. (Plate V. figs. 17 & 18.)

Tyrannus rostratus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 273 (1888); Feilden, Ibis, 1889, p. 486; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 149 (1901).

The eggs of the Large-billed Grey King-bird are of a pointed oval shape, and almost devoid of all gloss. They vary from creamywhite to pinkish cream-colour, and are spotted and blotched, chiefly at the broad end, with umber-brown and dark lavender-grey. Six examples measure from 1 to 1·12 in length, and from '67 to '75 in breadth.

1. Barbados, 7th June.

Col. H. W. Feilden [P.].

Preference, Grenada (J. G. Bell).
 Preference, 4th June (J. G. B.).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Tyrannus melancholicus, Vieill.

Tyrannus melancholicus, d'Orb. Voy. Amér. Mérid., Ois. pl. 51. fig. 3, pl. 54. fig. 3 (1835-44); Scl. & Salv. Ibis, 1859, p. 121, pl. v. fig. 4; Owen, Ibis, 1861, p. 63; Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 516; Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. viii. p. 83 (1883-85); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 273 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 158 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 101 (1889); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 200; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 149 (1901).

Tyrannus melancholicus couchii, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 329 (1874); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii.

p. 243, pl. ii. figs. 5 & 6 (1895).

The eggs of the Melancholy King-bird are of two types, some resembling the eggs of *T. tyrannus* and others those of *T. dominicensis*. They measure from '9 to 1.05 in length, and from '66 to '73 in breadth. An abnormally large specimen in the Collection measures 1.1 by '8.

4. Florence, Arizona, 15th May.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

2. Dueñas, Guatemala (O. Salvin).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

2. Dueñas, 8th May (O. Salvin).

Dueñas, 27th May (O. S.).
 Dueñas, 28th May (O. S.).

1. Dueñas, 28th May (O. S.).

4. San Geronimo, Guatemala, 5th May (R. Owen).

3. Yucatan.

5. British Honduras(F.Blancaneau.v).

2. Costa Rica, 17th May.

2. S. America.

2. Medellin, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

4. Venezuela.

1. Brazil.

3. Brazil.

4. Argentine Republic, Nov.

1. Uruguay.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Salvin-Godman Coll.

C. F. Underwood, Esq. [C.]. W. Radeliffe Saunders, Esq.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Spencer Moore, Esq. [P.].
A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].
A. K. Mackinnon, Esq. [P].

Genus MUSCIVORA, Cuv.

Muscivora tyrannus (Linn.).

Tyrannus savanha, d'Orb. Voy., Ois. pl. 44. fig. 3 (1835–44).
Milvulus tyrannus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 309 (1874); Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 516; Dalgleish, Proc. Roy. Phys. Soc. Edin. vi. p. 248, pl. viii. fig. 2 (1880 1); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 277 (1888); id. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 160 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Accs, ii. p. 104 (1889); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 201; Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 231 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1899).

Muscivora tyrannus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 150 (1901).

The eggs of the Fork-tailed Tyrant-bird are of a very regular oval shape, and exhibit a small amount of gloss. They are of a creamywhite colour, spotted and blotched with lavender-grey and rich purplish or reddish brown. The markings often form a zone round the broad end. Specimens measure from '82 to '9 in length, and from '61 to '66 in breadth.

2. Medellin, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

1. Medellin.

6. Brazil.

Brazil.
 Brazil.

5. Argentine Republic, Nov.

1. Argentine Republic.

1. Buenos Ayres, with 2 eggs of Molothrus bonariensis.

1. Buenos Ayres, with 8 eggs of Molothrus bonariensis.

1. Buenos Ayres, with 2 eggs of Molothrus bonariensis.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Spencer Moore, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Crowley Bequest.

W. H. Hudson, Esq. [P.].

W. H. Hudson, Esq. [P.].

W. H. Hudson, Esq. [P.].

Muscivora forficatus (Gm.).

Milvulus forficatus, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 311 (1874); Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 279 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 106 (1890); Bendire, Life-Hist. N. Amer. Birds, ii. p. 233, pl. i. figs. 12 & 13 (1895); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 143 (1899).

Muscivora forficatus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 150 (1901).

The eggs of the Scissor-tailed Tyrant-bird resemble those of *M. tyrannus*, but have the lavender-grey markings less conspicuous. They measure from ·8 to ·88 in length, and from ·63 to ·65 in breadth.

3. North America (Smiths. Inst.).

4. Brownsville, Texas, 2nd June.

4. Western Texas (Tristram Coll.).

1. [Texas (Tristram Coll.).]

4. Central America.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

W. G. Littsom, Esq. [P.].

Family PIPRIDÆ.

Sub-Family PIPRINÆ.

Genus MACHÆROPTERUS, Bp.

Machæropterus regulus (Hahn & Küster).

(Plate VI. fig. 1.)

Machæropterus regulus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 304 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 156 (1901).

An egg of the Striped Manikin in the Collection is of a blunt oval form, devoid of gloss, and cream-coloured, streaked and mottled with pale umber-brown and lavender. It measures 7 by 52.

1. Rio Janeiro.

Alexander Fry, Esq. [P.].

Genus CHIROXIPHIA, Cab.

Chiroxiphia caudata (Shaw).

(Plate VI. fig. 3.)

Pipra caudata, Euler, J. f. O. 1867, p. 223. Chiroxiphia caudata, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 310 (1888); id. § Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 161 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 144 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 238 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 156 (1901).

An egg of the Long-tailed Manikin is of a narrow oval shape, devoid of gloss, and of a light ochre-colour, streaked and blotched, chiefly round the broad end, with brown and lavender. It measures 1 by .65.

1. Iguapé, Brazil, 23rd Nov.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus MANACUS, Briss.

Manacus manacus (Linn.).

Chiromachæris manacus, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 517, pl. xlii. fig. 11; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 313 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml, p. 144, taf. iv. fig. 38 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 238 (1900).

Manacus manacus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 157 (1901).

The eggs of the White-bellied Manikin in the Collection are of a blunt oval form and exhibit no gloss. They are of a light ochrecolour, marked all over with streaks and blotches of umber-brown and lavender, the markings being confluent and forming a zone round the broad end. They measure respectively: '81 by '57; '76 by '57.

2. Remedios, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Manacus gutturosus (Desm.).

(Plate VI. fig. 2.)

Pipra manacus (nec Linn.), Euler, J. f. O. 1867, p. 223. Chiromachæris gutturosa, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 313 (1888); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 238 (1900). Manacus gutturosus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 158 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-headed Manikin in the Collection resemble those of *Machæropterus regulus* and *Manacus manacus* very closely in coloration. They measure respectively: 82 by 6; 8 by 6; 8 by 6.

Rio Janeiro.
 Iguapé, Brazil, 14th Nov.

Alexander Fry, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Manacus vitellinus (Gould).

Chiromachæris vitellina, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. p. 517, pl. xlii. fig. 10; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 315 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 114 (1890).
Manacus vitellinus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 158 (1901).

The eggs of the Yellow-throated Manikin in the Collection are of the same character as those of *M. manacus*. Two are cream-coloured, marked with confluent streaks of umber-brown and lavender, chiefly round the broad end. The other two are of a light ochre-colour, densely smeared over the broader half with umber-brown, pale brown, and lavender. They measure respectively: '79 by '6; '86 by '6; '87 by '61; '83 by '61.

- 2. Remedios, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).
- 2. U.S. Colombia.

Crowley Bequest.

Family COTINGIDÆ.

Sub-Family TITYRINÆ.

Genus TITYRA, Vieill.

Tityra semifasciata (Spix).

Tityra personata, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 517.

Tityra semifasciata, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 330 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 118 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 161 (1901).

The eggs of the Masked Becard are elliptical in shape, moderately glossy, and plain white. Two examples measure respectively: 95 by 77; 1.01 by 77.

2. Remedios, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Genus PLATYPSARIS, Scl.

Platypsaris atricapillus (Vieill.).

(Plate VI. figs. 6 & 7.)

Hadrostomus atricapillus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 333 (1888);
Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 144 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 239 (1900).
Platypsaris atricapillus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 163 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-headed Becard in the Collection are of a blunt oval form and exhibit no gloss. One is cream-coloured, blotched chiefly at the broad end with pale ochre and lavender. The other is similarly marked with lilac-grey and lavender on a white ground. They measure respectively: 1.03 by .72; 1 by .76.

2. Iguapé, Brazil, 20th Oct.

Crowley Bequest.

Platypsaris homochrous (Scl.).

Hadrostomus homochrous, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 517, pl. xlii. fig. 12;
Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 334 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.Amer., Aves, ii. p. 124 (1890).

Platypsaris homochrous, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 163 (1901).

An egg of Sclater's Becard is of a regular oval form, devoid of gloss, and of a pinkish buff-colour, marked with a zone of small specks and indistinct lines of pale rufous round the broad end. It measures '9 by '63.

1. Remedios, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Platypsaris albiventris, Lawr.

(Plate VI. fig. 4.)

Hadrostomus albiventris, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 335 (1888); Nehrk, Kat, Eiersamml, p. 144 (1899).

Platypsaris albiventris, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 163 (1901).

The eggs of Xantus's Becard in the Collection are of a somewhat pointed oval shape, and exhibit a slight amount of gloss. They are of a pinkish-buff colour, marked chiefly about the broad end with rich umber-brown. In one specimen the markings consist of confluent streaks and blotches; in the other they form a dense cap. They measure respectively: .88 by .64; .88 by .63.

2. Mazatlan, Mexico (A. Forrer). Crowley Bequest.

Platypsaris aglaiæ (Lafr.). (Plate VI. figs. 9 & 10.)

Pachyrhamphus aglaiæ, Owen, Ibis, 1861, p. 64, pl. ii. fig. 4. Hadrostomus aglaiæ, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 335 (1888); Salv. & Godm. Centr.-Amer., Aves, ii. p. 121 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 144 (1899).

Platypsaris aglaiæ, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 163 (1901)

The eggs of the Rose-throated Becard in the Collection vary from a narrow to a broad oval shape, are devoid of gloss, and are of three types of coloration. Those of one type resemble the egg described and figured by Owen (l. c.), which is cream-coloured, densely marked with lines, scrawls, and spots of purplish-pink and clouds of lilac. Of a second type are eggs of a pinkish-buff ground-colour, marked, chiefly at the broad end, with blotches, scrawls, and spots of umberbrown and purplish grey. Eggs of the third type are of a pale creamy-buff colour, sparingly spotted all over with pale greyish brown. Specimens measure from 91 to 96 in length, and from ·65 to ·7 in breadth.

Valladolid, Yucatan (Gaumer). Yucatan.

Gould Coll.

2. San Geronimo, Guatemala, 15th May Salvin-Godman Coll. (R. Owen).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PACHYRHAMPHUS, Gray.

Pachyrhamphus viridis (Vieill.).

(Plate VI. fig. 5.)

Pachyrhamphus viridis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 338 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 144 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 239 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 164 (1901).

An egg of Vieillot's Becard is of an ordinary oval shape and

devoid of gloss. It is of a pale buff-colour, densely smeared and streaked with umber-brown and lavender. It measures .88 by .64.

1. Iguapé, Brazil, Sept.

Crowley Bequest.

Pachyrhamphus rufus (Bodd.). (Plate VI. fig. 8.)

Pachyrhamphus rufus, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 343 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l, iii. p. 165 (1901).

Two eggs of the Chestnut Becard are of a blunt oval shape, and exhibit a small amount of gloss. They are white, marked with spots and small blotches of rich purplish-red, lilac, and dark brown or black. They measure respectively: 9 by 65; 95 by 7.

2. Rio Janeiro.

Alexander Fry, Esq. [P.].

Sub-Family RUPICOLINÆ.

Genus RUPICOLA, Briss.

Rupicola rupicola (*Linn.*). (Plate VI. fig. 18.)

Rupicola crocea, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 369 (1888); Lloyd, Ibis, 1896, p. 429; von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 240 (1900). Rupicola rupicola, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 171 (1901).

An egg of the Demerara Cock-of-the-Rock from the Tristram Collection differs considerably from those of the next species. It is of an elliptical shape, almost devoid of all gloss, and of a creamy-buff colour, thickly marked with lines, scrawls, spots, and small blotches of dark brown, pale umber, and dark lavender. It measures 1.8 by 1.32.

1. [Brazil (Tristram Coll.).]

Crowley Bequest.

Rupicola sanguinolenta, Gould. (Plate VI. fig. 19.)

Rupicola sanguinolenta, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 519; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 371 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 145 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 171 (1901).

The eggs of the Colombian Cock-of-the-Rock are of a broad oval shape, and exhibit a moderate amount of gloss. They are

of a pale buff-colour, spotted and blotched, chiefly at the broad end, with dark umber-brown, deep grey, and lavender. Three examples measure respectively: 1.75 by 1.34; 1.85 by 1.3; 1.87 by 1.21.

2. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Crowley Bequest. (T. K. Salmon).

1. Antioquia.

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Family COTINGINÆ.

Genus PHIBALURA, Vieill.

Phibalura flavirostris, Vieill.

(Plate VI. fig. 11.)

Phibalura flavirostris, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 372 (1888); Goëldi, Ibis, 1894, p. 484, fig. 1; von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 240 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 171 (1901).

The eggs of the Crested Shortbill presented by Dr. Goëldi approach the spheroidal in shape and are quite devoid of all gloss. They are of a pale green colour, spotted and blotched, chiefly on the broader half, with very dark brown or black, deep grey, and lavender. They measure respectively: 9 by .75; 9 by .72.

2. Colonia Alpina, Rio Janeiro, 17th Dr. E. A. Goëldi [P.]. Nov.

Genus PIPREOLA, Swains.

Pipreola riefferi (Boiss.).

Pipreola riefferi, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 519, pl. xliii. fig. 8; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 377 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 172 (1901).

The eggs of Rieffer's Pipreole are of a regular oval shape, and exhibit a moderate amount of gloss. They are of a white or pinkish cream-colour, sparingly marked with small round spots of rich purplish red. On one of the examples in the Collection there is, in addition to the small spots, a large blotch which is blurred at the edges and runs into the surrounding ground-colour Five specimens measure respectively: .99 by .8; 1.06 by .8; 1 by .74; 1.04 by .72; 1.07 by .8.

2. Santa Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).
2. Antioquia (T. K. S.).

1. U.S. Colombia.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Family GYMNODERINÆ.

Genus PYRODERUS, Gray.

Pyroderus granadensis (Lafr.).

Pyroderus granadensis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 398 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-t. iii. p. 176 (1901).

An egg of the Colombian Fruit-Crow in the Collection resembles those of Rupicola sanguinolenta. It measures 1.83 by 1.31.

1. U.S. Colombia.

Crowley Bequest.

Fyroderus orenocensis (Lafr.).

Pyroderus orenocensis, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 520, pl. xliii. fig. 7; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 398 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 145 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 177 (1901).

The eggs of the Orinoco Fruit-Crow are inseparable from those of *P. granadensis* and *Rupicola sanguinolenta*. Two examples measure respectively: 1.87 by 1.3; 1.8 by 1.3.

2. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia Salvin-Godman Coll. (T. K. Salmon).

Family PHYTOTOMIDÆ.

Genus PHYTOTOMA, Molina.

Phytotoma rara, Molina.

(Plate VI. fig. 13.)

Phytotoma rara, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 403 (1888); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 3 (1892); Lane, Ibis, 1897, p. 35; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 145 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 178 (1901).

The eggs of the Chilian Plant-cutter are of a pointed oval form and very glossy. They are of a greenish-blue colour, speckled and spotted, chiefly at the broad end, with very dark chocolate-brown or black, and occasionally with lilac also. They measure from 95 to 1.12 in length, and from 7 to 76 in breadth.

9.	Central Chile, Oct.	Berkeley James Coll.
	Central Chile, Oct.	
	Central Chile, Oct.	Berkeley James Coll.
		Berkeley James Coll.
	Central Chile, Oct.	Berkeley James Coll.
	Central Chile, Jan.	Berkeley James Coll.
	Central Chile (Landbeck).	Berkeley James Coll.
1.	Chile (Tristram Coll.).	Crowley Bequest.

5. Rio Bueno, Valdivia, Chile, 25th Dec. Crowley Bequest.

Phytotoma rutila, Vieill.

(Plate VI. fig. 12.)

Phytotoma rutila, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 407 (1888); id. & Huds.

Argent. Orn. i. p. 164 (1888); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 178 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-breasted Plant-cutter are of a blunt oval form, and exhibit a slight gloss. They are of an olive-grey or pale olive-green colour, spotted, chiefly at the broad end, with umber or deep purplish brown, pale brown, and lavender. Four examples measure respectively: ·83 by ·68; ·87 by ·65; ·96 by ·68; ·94 by ·68.

2. Argentine Republic, 8th Sept.

Crowley Bequest.
Crowley Bequest.

2. Esperanza, Argentine Republic.

Family PITTIDÆ.

The eggs of the Pittas vary from a broad blunt oval to a spheroidal shape. They are double-spotted, and in most cases exhibit a large amount of gloss.

Genus ANTHOCINCLA, Blyth.

Anthocincla phayrei, Blyth.

(Plate VI. fig. 14.)

Anthocinela phayrii, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 413 (1888); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 387 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 279 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 179 (1901).

The eggs of Phayre's Pitta are white, marked with specks and small spots of black and lavender, more densely at the broad end than elsewhere. Four examples measure respectively: 1·1 by ·88; 1·09 by ·85; 1·08 by ·85; 1·1 by ·86.

4. Thoungyin Valley, Tenasserim, 21st April (C. T. Bingham).

Hume Coll.

Genus HYDRORNIS, Blyth.

Hydrornis nipalensis (Hodgs.).

(Plate VI. fig. 15.)

Pitta nipalensis, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 414 (1888); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 389 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eygs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 281 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 145 (1899). Hydrornis nipalensis, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 179 (1901).

The eggs of the Blue-naped Pitta are of a creamy-white colour,

225 PITTA.

marked with specks, spots, and, sometimes, small blotches of grey and two or more shades of brown. The markings are set more densely at the broad end than elsewhere. Specimens measure from 1.1 to 1.2 in length, and from .88 to .98 in breadth.

Sikhim, 5000 feet, 10th June (J. Hume Coll. Gammie).

Sikhim, 5000 feet, 19th May (J. G.). Sikhim, 4000 feet, 21st May (J. G.).

Sikhim, 19th May.

Sikhim.

4. Darjiling, Sikhim (J. Gammie).

3. Sadiya, Assam, 14th May.

2. N. Cachar Hills.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

W. Radeliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Genus PITTA, Vieill.

Pitta cyanea, Blyth.

Pitta cyanea, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 417 (1888); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 391 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 282 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 179 (1901).

The eggs of the Blue Pitta are creamy-white, pretty densely marked with spots, streaks, and fine angular lines of dark purplishbrown or black and grey. On some specimens the markings are very coarse, on others very delicate and fine. Specimens measure from 1.05 to 1.09 in length, and from .82 to .86 in breadth.

Kaukarit, Tenasserim, 23rd May (C. T. Bingham).

Hume Coll.

Kaukarit, 26th May (C. T. B.).

Hume Coll.

Pitta cyanoptera, Temm. (Plate VI. fig. 16.)

Pitta moluccensis, Oates, Birds Brit. Burmah, i. p. 415 (1883). Pitta cyanoptera, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 420 (1888); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 392 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 283 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 146 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 180 (1901).

The eggs of the Lesser Blue-winged Pitta are of two very distinct types. In one, they are creamy-white, thickly marked with spots, blotches, streaks, and occasional lines of purplish brown and grey. In the second (a specimen of which is figured), they are very beautifully clouded with lilac-grey and marked with fine lines and scrawls of purple. Examples measure from 95 to 1.15 in length, and from .78 to .9 in breadth.

2. Pegu, 11th June (E. W. Oates).

Pegu, 11th June (E. W. O.).

Oates Coll. Crowley Bequest. 3.

Pegu, 27th June (E. W. O.). Hume Coll. Pegu, 27th June (E. W. O.). Crowley Bequest. Amherst, Tenasserim, 15th July Hume Coll.

(W. Davison). Pynekyun, Tenasserim, 2nd May

(C. T. Bingham). Moulmein, Tenasserim, 9th May Hume Coll. 3.

(C. T. B.).Kaukarit, Tenasserim, 25th May 4. Hume Coll. (C. T. B.).

Pitta megarhyncha, Schl.

Hume Coll.

Pitta megarhyncha, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 421 (1888); Oates, Fanna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 393 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 285 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 180 (1901).

A single egg of the Larger Blue-winged Pitta in the Collection is very imperfect, but appears to be similar to the eggs of P. cyanoptera of the first type described above, and of about the same size.

Tongkah Island, Malay Peninsula, Hume Coll. 17th April (J. Darling).

Pitta brachyura (Linn.).

Pitta brachyura, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 423 (1888); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 393 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 285 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml, p. 146 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 180 (1901).

The eggs of the Indian Pitta are of a china-white, marked with spots and small blotches of dark brown or black, brownish red, umber-brown, and lavender. On some specimens there are also some hair-like lines and scrawls. Examples measure from .96 to 1.07 in length, and from .8 to .9 in breadth.

Raipur, Central Provinces, India Hume Coll. (F. R. Blewitt).

Raipur, June (F. R. B.). Hume Coll. 28. Raipur, July (F. R. B.). Hume Coll.

1. Raipur, May (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest. Raipur, 7th June. Crowley Bequest.

Pitta strepitans, Temm.

Pitta strepitans, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 430 (1865); Ramsay, Ibis, 1867, p. 414, pl. viii, fig. 2; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 428 (1888); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 172, pl. xi. fig. 7 (1889); Nehrl. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 146 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 525, pl. 16 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 181 (1901).

The eggs of the Noisy Pitta are variable in coloration and size,

227 PITTA:

some resembling those of Hydrornis nipalensis, and others those of Pitta cyanea. They measure from 1.05 to 1.3 in length, and from ·93 to 1·02 in breadth.

Cape York, N. Australia.

3. Cape York.

4. N. Australia (Cockerell).

Australia.

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Pitta mackloti, Temm.

Pitta mackloti, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 436 (1888); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 174, pl. xi. fig. 9 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 146 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, ii. p. 528 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 183 (1901).

The eggs of the Blue-breasted Pitta bear a close resemblance to those of P. cyanoptera of the first type. They measure from 1.05 to 1.12 in length, and from .85 to .92 in breadth,

3. Cape York, N. Australia.

Gould Coll.

4. Cape York.

Gould Coll.

Pitta finschi, Ramsay.

Pitta finschi, Ramsay, Proc. Linn, Soc. N.S. W. ix. p. 864 (1884); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 183 (1901).

One of the eggs of Finsch's Pitta in the Collection is white, marked all over with coarse and well-defined blotches of pale brown and lavender. The other is creamy-white, densely streaked and mottled with pale brown and lavender. Both are devoid of gloss, nd they measure respectively: 1.13 by .92; 1.09 by .82.

2. Fergusson Island, New Guinea Crowley Bequest. (A. S. Meek).

Pitta atricapilla, Less.

Pitta atricapilla, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 438 (1888); Sharpe, Ibis, 1894, p. 256; Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 245; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 146 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 183 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-headed Pitta in the Collection are white. marked with brown and lavender. In one specimen the markings consist entirely of specks; in two others of both specks and coarse spots. They measure respectively: 1 by 82; 1.09 by 83; 1.1 by ·84.

1. Samar, Philippine Islands, 30th June. J. Whitehead, Esq. [P.].

Tawi-tawi Island, Sulu Archipelago Crowley Bequest. (A, H. Everett).

228 PITTIDÆ.

Pitta mülleri, Bp. (Plate VI. fig. 17.)

Pitta muelleri, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 346; Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 439 (1888); Sharpe, Ibis, 1889, p. 443; Hose, Ibis, 1893, p. 404; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 146 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 183 (1901).

The eggs of Müller's Pitta resemble these of *P. cyanoptera* of the first type described. They measure from .92 to 1.03 in length, and from .79 to .81 in breadth.

5. Labuan, Borneo.
4. Labuan.
3. Labuan (Sir Hugh Low).
4. Labuan (Sir Hugh Low).
5. Labuan, Dec. (J. Whitehead).
6. Baram, Sarawak, 14th May.
7. Crowley Bequest.
7. Crowley Bequest.
8. Dr. Charles Hose [P.].

Pitta cucullata, Hartl.

Pitta eucullata, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 442 (1888); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 395 (1890); id. cd. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 286 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 147 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 184 (1901).

The eggs of the Green-breasted Pitta resemble those of *P. cyanea* very closely, and require no separate description. They measure from 1 to 1·1 in length, and from ·82 to ·86 in breadth.

Dibrughar, Assam, 23rd June.
 Sadiya, Assam, 18th May.
 Sylhet, 25th May (J. R. Cripps).
 Amherst, Tenasserim, 12th July (W. Davison).

Hume Coll.
Hume Coll.
Hume Coll.

Genus EUCICHLA, Cab. & Heine.

Eucichla cyanura (Bodd.).

Eucichla cyanura, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 445 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 147 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 184 (1901).

Two eggs of the Blue-tailed Pitta in the Collection are white, sparingly spotted on the broader half with dark slaty-brown and lavender. They measure respectively: 1·15 by ·8; 1·1 by ·85.

2. Java.

Crowley Bequest.

Family PHILEPITTIDÆ.

Genus PHILEPITTA, Geoffr.

Philepitta jala (Bodd.)

Philepitta castanea, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois, p. 296, pl. 302, fig. 14 (1879).

Philepitta jala, Scl. Cat. Birds B. M. xiv. p. 410 (1888); Sibree, Ibis, 1891, p. 442; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 145 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 185 (1901).

An egg of Boddaert's Philepitta is of a very narrow oval shape, slightly rough in texture, moderately glossy, and pure white. It measures 1.1 by .72.

1. Madagascar (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Sub-Order ACROMYODI.

PASSERES NORMALES.

Family HIRUNDINIDÆ.

The eggs of the Swallows are either plain white or spotted with rufous.

Genus CHELIDONARIA, Reichenow.

The eggs of the House-Martins are generally of a regular oval shape, moderately glossy, and plain white.

Chelidonaria urbica (Linn.).

Hirundo urbica, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xlii. fig. 3, a, b, c (1845–54); Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 261, pl. lxv. fig. ii (1856); Seebolm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 178, pl. 17 (1884); id. Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 269, pl. 58 A, fig. 19 (1896).

p. 269, pl. 58 A. fig. 19 (1896).

Chelidon urbica, Bacdeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 52. fig. 14 (1855–63);

Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 495 (1875); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x.
p. 87 (1885); id. § Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 7 (1885–1894);

Oates ed. Hume, Nests § Eggs. Ind. Birds, ii. p. 177 (1890).

Chelidonaria urbica, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 187 (1901).

The eggs of the House-Martin measure from ·74 to ·85 in length, and from ·52 to ·58 in breadth.

Norfolk. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Norfolk, 30th June (F. Norgate). Taunton, Somerset, June (Hargitt Seebohm Coll.

Coll.). 1. Hounsdown, Hants, 7th June

(Hargitt Coll.). London.

4. Churt, Surrey. Tilford, Surrey. 6.

4. Reval, Baltic Provinces (Russow).

4. Delphi, Greece, 3rd May (H. Seebohm & T. Krüper).

1. Mysore, S. India, 1st May (M. F. Coussmaker).

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Hume Coll.

Chelidonaria cashmiriensis (Gould).

Chelidon cashmiriensis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 90 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 19 (1885-94).

Chelidon cashmirensis, La Touche, Ibis, 1899, p. 430.

Chelidonaria cashmiriensis, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 188 (1901).

Three eggs of the Kashmir House-Martin measure respectively: •71 by •51; •74 by •52; •73 by •52.

3. Kuatun, Foh-kien, China, 16th May C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. (J. D. La Touche).

Chelidonaria dasypus (Bp.).

Chelidon dasypus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 91 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinida, i. p. 23 (1885-94); Seebohm, Birds Japan. Emp. p. 144 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 84 (1899). Chelidonaria dasypus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii, p. 188 (1901).

The eggs of Blakiston's House-Martin in the Collection measure respectively: .76 by .54; .77 by .55; .79 by .54.

3. Japan (H. Pryer).

Seebohm Coll.

Chelidonaria lagopus (Pall.).

Chelidon lagopoda, Seebohm, Ibis, 1879, p. 17.

Chelidon lagopus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 93 (1885); id. & Wyatt,

Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 25 (1885–94). C'helidon urbica lagopoda, Tacz. Fanne Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 184 (1891). Chelidonaria lagopus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 188 (1901).

Three eggs of Pallas's House-Martin measure respectively: ·8 by ·52; ·8 by ·55; ·77 by ·55.

2. Krasnoyarsk, Siberia, 22nd June Seebohm Coll. (Kibort).

Yenesei River, Lat. 67° N., 4th Seebohm Coll. July (H. Seebohm).

Genus CLIVICOLA, T. Forster.

'The eggs of the Sand-Martins are of a somewhat pointed oval shape, nearly devoid of all gloss, and of a plain white.

Clivicola riparia (Linn.).

Hirundo riparia, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xli. fig. 2, a, b, c (1845–54); Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 264, pl. lxv. fig. i (1856); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 184, pl. 17 (1884); id. Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 270, pl. 58 A. fig. 18 (1896).

Cotyle riparia, Buedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 52. fig. 15 (1855–63);

Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 105, pl. iv. fig. 49 (1856).

Cotile riparia, Dresser, Birds Hur. iii. p. 505 (1874); Sharpe, Cat. Birds

B. M. x. p. 96 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 43 (1885-94).

Clivicola riparia, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 189 (1901).

The eggs of the Sand-Martin measure from 6 to 76 in length, and from .46 to .53 in breadth.

North America (Smiths. Inst.). Salvin-Godman Coll. 2. North America (Henshaw Coll.). Salvin-Godman Coll.

4. North America. 1. North America (J. M. Brewer:

Tristram Coll.). 4. North America (D. G. Elliot: Tristram Coll.).

Alaska (Henshaw Coll.). 3.

4. Bangor, Maine, 12th June.

Hartford, Connecticut, 2nd June. 4.

5. England.

9. Carlisle (Heysham).

Ashopton, Derbyshire, 4th June 13. (H. Seebohm).

Ringwood, Hants (C. B. Wharton). 4.

New Forest, 25th June (H. 4. Saunders).

Tilford, Surrey. 13.

Pomerania, June (T. Holland). 4.

6. Berlin (T. Holland).

4. Reval, Baltic Provinces (Russow).

6. Foochow, China, Feb.

Princeton University, N.J. [E.].

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Gould Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

Clivicola shelleyi (Sharpe).

Cotyle riparia, Shelley, Birds Egypt, p. 124 (1872).

Cotile shelleyi, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 100 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 65 (1885-94).

Clivicola shelleyi, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 189 (1901).

The eggs of the Egyptian Sand-Martin measure from 6 to 71 in length, and from '46 to '5 in breadth.

7. Egypt.

Col. E. Larking [P.].

Clivicola cineta (Bodd.).

Cotyle cincta, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Afr. p. 358 (1883). Cotile cincta, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 101 (1885). Clivicola cincta, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 189.

Two eggs of the Brown-collared Sand-Martin measure ·7 by ·5.

2. Carolina, Transvaal, 24th March. Capt. W. A. Payn [P.].

Clivicola paludicola (Vieill.).

Cotyle paludicola, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 360 (1875-81).
Cotile paludicola, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 102 (1885); Nehrk.
Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85 (1899); Stark & Sclater, Fauna S. Africa,
Birds, ii. p. 283 (1901).

Clivicola paludicola, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 189 (1901).

The eggs of the South-African Sand-Martin in the Collection measure respectively: '73 by '49; '7 by '48; '7 by '5.

3. Nels Poort, S. Africa (E. Atmore: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Clivicola cowani (Sharpe).

Cotyle cowani, Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. vii. p. 148 (1882).
Cotyle paludicola, var. cowani, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat.
Madag., Ois. ii. p. 398 (1885).

Cotile cowani, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 104 (1885); id & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinide, i. p. 79 (1885-94).

Clivicola cowani, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 189 (1901).

Three eggs of Cowan's Sand-Martin measure respectively: '7 by '51; '7 by '59; '72 by '58.

2. Betsileo, Madagascar.

Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

2. Madagascar.

Clivicola sinensis (J. E. Gray).

Cotile sinensis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 104 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 81 (1885-94); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 273 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 178 (1890).

Clivicola sinensis, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 190 (1901).

The eggs of the Indian Sand-Martin measure from ·63 to ·73 in length, and from ·45 to ·53 in breadth.

4.	Sikhim Terai, 13th Oct.	Hume Coll.
	Sikhim Terai, 17th Oct.	Hume Coll.
7.	Sikhim Terai, 26th Oct.	Hume Coll.
2.	Sikhim Terai, 14th Nov.	Hume Coll.
2.	Sikhim Terai, 24th Nov.	Hume Coll.
0	Silkhim Torgi 25th Nov	Humo Coll

1. Delhi, 8th April (C. T. Bingham). Hume Coll.

1.	N.W. India (A. A. Anderson:	Crowley Bequest.
	Tristram Coll.).	
3.	Agra, 1st Feb.	Hume Coll.
1.	Etawah, 12th March.	Hume Coll.
1.	Jumna River, Etawah, 14th Jan.	Hume Coll.
	Bharaitch, 17th June.	Hume Coll.
4.	Allahabad, 26th Feb.	Hume Coll.
2.	Chupra, 15th March.	Hume Coll.
	Raipur, C. Provinces.	Hume Coll.

3. Akyab, Burma, 15th Feb. (E. R. Shopland).

Genus PTYONOPROGNE, Reichenb.

Crowley Bequest.

The eggs of the Rock-Martins are all of the same type and hardly separable from one another. They are of a somewhat lengthened oval shape, and exhibit a moderate amount of gloss. The ground-colour is white, speekled and spotted, and at times blotched, with brownish red or chestnut and underlying grey or lavender. The markings are almost invariably dense and more or less confluent at the broad end, where they form an irregular zone or imperfect cap.

Ptyonoprogne rupestris (Scop.).

Cotile rupestris, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 52. fig. 16 (1855-63); Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 513 (1874); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 109 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 96 (1885-94). Hirundo rupestris, Bree, Birds Eur. 2nd ed. iv. p. 96, pl. — (1875). Biblis rupestris, Sharpe & Wyatt, op. cit. p. 129. Ptyonoprogne rupestris, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 190 (1901).

The eggs of the Rock-Martin measure from '69 to '83 in length, and from '52 to '57 in breadth.

	June (T. Holland).	
2.	Mont Cenis (T. Krüper).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	Styria.	Gould Coll.
1.	Styria. Styria.	Salvin-Godman Coll.
4.	Parnassus, Greece, 1st June (T.	Seebohm Coll.
	Krüper).	
1.	Parnassus, 2nd June (T. K.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	Parnassus, 5th June (T. K.).	Seebohm Coll.
].	Greece (Tristram Coll.).	Crowley Bequest.
2.	Smyrna, 4th May (T. K.).	Seebohm Coll.
٦.	Thebes, Egypt, Feb. (C. Cavendish	Crowley Bequest.

Taylor).

4. St. Gotthard, Switzerland, 12th Seebohm Coll.

Ptyonoprogne obsoleta (Cab.).

(Plate VII. fig. 2.)

Cotile obsoleta, *Dresser*, *Birds Eur*. iii. p. 521 (1875); *Sharpe*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* x. p. 111 (1885); *id. & Wyatt*, *Mon. Hirundinidæ*, i. p. 111 (1885–94).

Ptyonoprogne obsoleta, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 183, footnote (1890); Yerbury, Ibis, 1896, p. 22; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 190 (1901).

Biblis obsoleta, Sharpe & Wyatt, op. cit. p. 129.

Five eggs of the Pale Rock-Martin have an average measurement of .68 by .48.

2. Jask, Persian Gulf, 15th March Hume Coll. (E. A. Butler),

3. Aden, Jan.

Col. J. W. Yerbury [P.].

Ptyonoprogne fuligula (Licht.).

(Plate VII. fig. 1.)

Cotyle fuligula, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 360 (1875-84);
Butler, Feilden & Reid, Zool, 1882, p. 250.

Butler, Feilden & Reid, Zool. 1882, p. 250.

Cotile fuligula, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 106 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 115 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersannd. p. 85 (1899).

Biblis fuligula, Sharpe & Wyatt, op. cit. p. 130.

Ptyonoprogne fuligula, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 190 (1901); Stark & Sclater, Fauna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 286 (1901).

The eggs of the Rufous-throated Rock-Martin measure from ·8 to ·89 in length, and from ·53 to ·6 in breadth.

. South Africa. E. L. Layard, Esq. [P.].

3. Cape Colony (T. Atmore: Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

1. Cape of Good Hope (E. L. Layard: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

1. Newcastle, Natal. Capt. Savile G. Reid [P.].

Ptyonoprogne concolor (Sykes).

Cotile concolor, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 108 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 123 (1885–94); Barnes, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 3 (1889).

Ptyonoprogne concolor, Barnes, op. cit. pl. —. fig. 90; Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 181 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 191 (1901).

Biblis concolor, Sharpe & Wyatt, op. cit. p. 131.

The eggs of the Dusky Rock-Martin measure from '67 to '74 in length, and from '5 to '56 in breadth.

length, and from ·5 to ·56 in breadth.

3. India. Hume Coll.

2. Etawah, N.W. Provinces (W. E. Crowley Bequest.

Brooks: Tristram Coll.).

4. Jhansi, Jan.
1. Jhansi, Jan.
1. Jhansi, April.
2. Jhansi July
4. Hume Coll.

3. Jhansi, July. Hume Coll.
1. Saugor, C. Provinces. Hume Coll.

Kotagherry, Nilghiri Hills, 20th Hume Coll. April (Miss Cockburn).

Genus TACHYCINETA, Cab.

The eggs of the Swallows of this genus are of a somewhat pointed oval form, exhibit little or no gloss, and are plain white.

Tachycineta leucorrhous (Vieill.).

Tachycineta leucorrhous, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 114 (1885); id. § Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 143 (1885-94); Scl. § Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 30 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 206 (1990); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 191 (1901).

Three eggs of the South-American Green Swallow measure respectively: '7 by '52; '79 by '55; '81 by '55.

2. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

1. South Chile (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Tachycineta albilinea (Lawr.).

Tachycineta albilinea, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 235 (1883); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 115 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 149 (1885-94); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 191 (1901).

The eggs of the Central-American Green Swallow in the Collection measure respectively: '67 by '51; '7 by '52.

2. British Honduras, 5th May (F. Salvin-Godman Coll. Blancaneaux).

Tachycineta meyeni (Bp.).

Hirundo meyeni, Dalgleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. vi. p. 242 (1880-1). Tachycineta meyeni, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 116 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 153 (1885-94); James, New List Chilian Birds, p. 2 (1892); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 196; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 191 (1901).

The eggs of the Chilian Swallow measure from ·7 to ·82 in length, and from ·52 to ·55 in breadth.

2. Argentine Republic, 10th Dec.

4. Argentine Republic, Oct. 2. Central Chile, Oct.

Central Chile (Landbeck).
 Central Chile (Landbeck).

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.]. A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.]. Berkeley James Coll.

Berkeley James Coll. Berkeley James Coll.

Tachycineta bicolor (Vieill.).

Hirundo bicolor, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 100, pl. iv. fig. 47 (1856);

Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, i. p. 344 (1874).

Tachycineta bicolor, Salv. §. Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 234 (1883); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 117 (1885); id. §. Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 155 (1885–94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml, p. 85 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 191 (1901).

The eggs of the White-bellied Swallow measure from ·71 to ·84 in length, and from ·52 to ·55 in breadth.

3. North America. Salvin-Godman Coll.
3. North America (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

St. Stephens, New Brunswick Crowley Bequest. (H. E. Dresser).

Massachusetts (*Henshaw Coll.*).
 Massachusetts, 10th June.
 Salvin-Godman Coll.
 W. Radeliffe Saunders, Esq.

3. Madison, Connecticut, 15th June. 1. Eastford, Connecticut, 26th May. Crowley Bequest.

Tachycineta thalassinus (Swains.).

Hirundo thalassina, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 102, pl. v. fig. 74 (1856); Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, i. p. 347 (1874).

Tachycineta thalassinus, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 233 (1883); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 119 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 175 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 192 (1901).

Six eggs of the Violet-and-Green Swallow measure respectively: ·72 by ·53; ·71 by ·5; ·71 by ·49; ·68 by ·5; ·78 by ·59; ·78 by ·58.

North America (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

3. Salem, Oregon, 11th June (T. H. Crowley Bequest. Jackson).

2. San Diego, California, 15th May. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Genus PHEDINA, Bp.

Phedina madagascariensis, Hartl.

Phedina borbonica, var. madagascariensis, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, IIist, Nat. Madag., Ois. ii. p. 395 (1885).

Phedina madagascariensis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 123 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 205 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 192 (1901).

The eggs of the Madagascar Striped Swallow are of a white colour, speckled and spotted, more densely at the broad end than elsewhere, with rufous and lavender. The five examples in the Collection vary much in size, measuring from '78 to '92 in length, and from '57 to '63 in breadth.

3. Madagascar. Crowley Bequest. 2. Madagascar, May (*Tristram Coll.*). Crowley Bequest.

Genus HIRUNDO, Schaeffer.

The eggs of the true Swallows are usually of a regular oval shape, but sometimes they are somewhat sharply pointed, and they exhibit only a small amount of gloss. They are of two types of coloration, some species laying plain white eggs, while in others the eggs are white or pinkish-white, speckled and spotted with umberHIRUNDO. 237

brown, ochre, or reddish brown, and underlying lavender or lilac. The markings consist of specks, spots, and blotches in various combinations, and the most frequent types are shown by the specimens figured (Plate VII. figs. 1–5). The eggs of the different species of Swallows laying the same type of egg (plain or spotted) cannot be separated from each other.

Hirundo rustica, Linn.

Hirundo rustica, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vöy. tab. xlii. fig. 11, a-e (1845-54);
Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 52. fig. 17 (1855-63);
Hewitson, Egys of Brit. Birds, i. p. 257, pl. lxv. figs. iii & iv (1856);
Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 477 (1875);
Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii. p. 171, pl. 17 (1884);
Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 128 (1885);
id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 213 (1885-94);
Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 184 (1890);
Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 269, pl. 58 A. figs. 17 & 20 (1896);
Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 192 (1901).

Hirundo cahirica, Tristram, Ibis, 1867, p. 361.

The eggs of the Chimney-Swallow are of the spotted type. They measure from '7 to '9 in length, and from '5 to '58 in breadth.

Gould Coll.

Gould Coll.

Gould Coll.

England. 4. England. 4. England. Sparham, Norfolk, 20th May (F. Norgate). Sparham, 8th June (F. N.). 5. Cambridgeshire. 5. 4. Cambridgeshire. 4. Cambridgeshire. Denham, Suffolk, 25th May. 5. Taunton, Somerset, June. 5. Hounsdown, Hants, July (C. B. Wharton: Hargitt Coll.). 4. Hounsdown, July (C. B. W.: 4. Hargitt Coll.). Finchley, Middlesex (O. S.). 4. 3. Finchley (O. S.). Croydon, Surrey, 16th May. 5. Churt, Surrey, 11th July. 5. Tilford, Surrey. 5. 4. Reval, Baltic Provs., June (Russow). Athens, 1st June (T. Krüper). 3. Athens, 1st June (T. K.). 4. Delphi, 5th June (T. K.). 4. Erzeroum, May.
Palestine (H. B. Tristram). 4. 1. 2. Palestine, 1st June (H. B. T.). Bashan, 5th May (H. B. T.). Cæsarea Philippi, 9th May (H. B. T.).Cæsarea Philippi, 12th May 4. $(H, B, T_{\cdot}).$

Jask, Persian Gulf, 25th Feb.

(A. E. Butler). Jask, 15th March (A, E. B.). Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. F. Bond, Esq. [P.]. F. Bond, Esq. [P.] F. Bond, Esq. [P.]. Gould Coll. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Zool. Soc. of London. Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

3,	Jask, 31st March (A. E. B.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Jask, 3rd May (A. E. B.).	Hume Coll.
	India.	Hume Coll.
1.	Kashmir, 16th May.	Hume Coll.
3.	Sikhim.	Hume Coll.
1.	S. Konkan, India, 28th May (Vidal).	Hume Coll.

Hirundo gutturalis, Scop.

Hirundo gutturalis, Swinhoe, Ibis, 1860, p. 48; 1863, p. 255; Sharpe,
Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 134 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ,
i. p. 241 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85 (1899); Sharpe,
Hand-l. iii. p. 193 (1901).

Hirundo rustica gutturalis, Tacz. Fauna Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 173 (1891).

The eggs of the Eastern Chimney-Swallow are of the spotted type. They measure from '7 to '77 in length, and from '54 to '56 in breadth.

	Chinkiang, Foh-kien, 19th May.	C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].
3.	Amoy, China (R. Swinhoe).	Seebohm Coll.
	Amoy $(R. S.)$.	Seebolim Coll.
	Amoy $(R. S.)$.	Seebohm Coll.
3.	Amoy (R. S.: Tristram Coll.).	Crowley Bequest.
	Yokohama, 11th June.	W. Radcliffe Saunders,
	<i>'</i>	[P.].

Hirundo savignii, Steph.

(Plate VII. fig. 3.)

Hirundo savignii, Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 473 (1875); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 133 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 237 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 193 (1901).

Hirundo rustica, var. savignyi, Bree, Birds Eur. 2nd ed. iv. p. 85 (1875).

The eggs of the Egyptian Swallow are of the spotted type. Four examples measure respectively: '8 by 51; '77 by 55; '7 by 51; '72 by 53.

4. Egypt, April.

F. L. Griffith, Esq. [P.].

Esq.

Hirundo erythrogaster, Bodd.

Hirundo rufa, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 91, pl. v. figs. 63-67 (1856). Hirundo horreorum, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, i. p. 339 (1874).

Hirundo erythrogaster, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 232 (1883); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 137 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 253 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 193 (1901).

The eggs of the American Chimney-Swallow are of the spotted type. They measure from '72 to '8 in length, and from '51 to '56 in breadth,

North America.

North America (Henshaw Coll.). North America (Tristram Coll.).

North America.

British Columbia (J. K. Lord).

Rhode Island, 26th May.

2. Princeton (W. E. D. Scott). Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

N. Amer. Bound. Comm.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Princeton University, N.J. [E.].

Hirundo tahitica, Gm.

(Plate VII. fig. 4.)

Hirundo tahitica, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 141 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 275 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 193 (1901).

An egg of the Pacific Swallow in the Collection is of the spotted type, having a confluent zone of spots round the larger end. It measures .75 by .56.

1. Nomuka-iki, Tonga Islands, 21st Oct. J. J. Lister, Esq. [P.].

Hirundo javanica, Sparrm.

Hirundo javanica, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 344; id. Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 142 (1885); id. Ibis, 1889, p. 430; id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hivun-dinidæ, i. p. 279 (1885–94); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 186 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 194 (1901).

The eggs of the Tropical Swallow are of the spotted type. Those taken in India measure, on the average, .65 by .5; those taken in Borneo are large, measuring from 65 to 8 in length, and from ·5 to ·54 in breadth.

Nilghiri Hills, S. India. Hume Coll.

Coonoor, Nilghiri Hills, 23rd March. 3. Labuan, Borneo. 5.

4. Labuan.

3. Labuan. 5. Labuan (Sir H. Low).

1. Labuan, 30th May (J. Whitehead).

1. Borneo. Hume Coll. Sir H. Low [C.].

Sir H. Low [C.]. Sir H. Low [C.].

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Hirundo neoxena, Gould.

Hirundo frontalis, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 107 (1865). Hirundo neoxena, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 144 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinida, i. p. 289 (1885–94); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 30 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85

(1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 450, pl. 15 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 194 (1901).

The eggs of the Australian Swallow are of the spotted type. They measure from .66 to .78 in length, and from .47 to .55 in breadth.

Gould Coll. Australia. 3. Gould Coll. West Australia. South Australia (Wilson). Gould Coll. 3. South Australia. Gould Coll. Gould Coll. E. S. Moulden, Esq. [P.]. South Australia (G. F. Angas). 5. Near Adelaide. 4. New South Wales. Gould Coll. 4. River Darling, N.S.W. Sydney, N.S.W. (E. L. Layard: Gould Coll. 1. Crowley Bequest. 3. Tristram Coll.). Dobroyde, N.S.W. (E. P. Ramsay: Crowley Bequest. 3. Tristram Coll.).

Albany, N.S.W., 30th Dec. (A. J. 5.

North). Victoria, 12th Sept. (A. J. N.). 5. Gembrook, Victoria, 2nd Nov.

2. Tasmania.

4.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.]. Gould Coll.

Hirundo albigularis, Strickl.

Hirundo albigularis, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 364 (1875-84); Butler, Feilden & Reid, Zool. 1882, p. 251; Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 146 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinide, i. p. 303 (1885-94); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 194 (1901); Stark & Sclater, Fauna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 292 (1901).

The eggs of the White-throated Swallow are of the spotted type. Two examples measure respectively: .79 by .55; .77 by .55.

2. Newcastle, Natal (E. A. Butler). Crowley Bequest.

Hirundo dimidiata, Sundev.

Hirundo dimidiata, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 366 (1875-84); id. Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 148 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 313 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 85 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 195 (1901); Stark & Sclater, Fauna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 293 (1901).

The eggs of the Pearly-breasted Swallow are of the plain white type. They measure from .69 to .72 in length, and from .5 to .52 in breadth.

2. South Africa. E. L. Layard, Esq. [P.]. 4. Cape Colony (T. Atmore: Tris-Crowley Bequest. tram Coll.).

Hirundo smithi, Leach.

Hirundo smithi, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 150 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 327 (1885-94); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 188 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 195 (1901). Hirundo filifera, Barnes, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 1, pl. -. fig. 84 (1889).

The eggs of the Wire-tailed Swallow are of the spotted type. They measure from .65 to .8 in length, and from .5 to 57 in breadth.

HIRUNDO. 241

Crowley Bequest.

6. India. Hume Coll. 1. India, 8th March. Hume Coll. 1. India, 20th Aug. Hume Coll. India, 1st Sept. 1. Hume Coll. Kashmir (C. R. Cock: Tristram 1. Crowley Bequest. Coll.). 1. Sind (J. H. Gould). Salvin-Godman Coll. 2. Sambhur, 16th July. Hume Coll. 1. Hansi, July. Hume Coll. 4. Hansi, 1st July. Hume Coll. 1. Hansi, 4th July. Hume Coll. 5. Hansi, Aug. Hume Coll. 1. Umballa, 18th Aug. Hume Coll. Saharunpur, 24th May. Delhi, 27th May (C. T. Bingham). 1. Hume Coll. 1. Hume Coll. Hume Coll. 1. Delhi, 12th June. 8. Etawah, 17th March. Hume Coll. 3. Mirzapur, 15th March (W. E. Crowley Bequest. Brooks: Tristram Coll.). Saugor, C. Provinces. Belgaum, Feb. (E. A. Butler). 2. Hume Coll. 2. Crowley Bequest.

Nilghiri Hills (Tristram Coll.).

Hirundo cucullata, Bodd.

Hirundo cucullata, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 370 (1875-84); id. Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 152 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 337 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 86 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 196 (1901); Stark & Sclater, Fauna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 298 (1901).

The eggs of the Large Rufous-headed Swallow are of the plain white type. They measure from .78 to .9 in length, and from .53 to .6 in breadth.

South Africa.
 South Africa (E. L. Layard: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

3. South Africa (E, L, L: Tristram Crowley Bequest. Coll.).

3. Cape Colony (T. Atmore: Tristram Crowley Bequest. Coll.).

Hirundo rufula, Temm.

Cecropis melanocrissa, Baedeker, Eicr Eur. Vög. tab. 52. fig. 18 (1855–63).

Hirundo rufula, Tristram, Ibis, 1867, p. 362; Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 487 (1875); Bree, Birds Eur. 2nd ed. iv. p. 88, pl. — (1875); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 156 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, i. p. 347 (1885–94); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 196 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-rumped Swallow are of the plain white type. They measure from '76 to '8 in length, and from '58 to '57 in breadth.

YOL. III.

Parnassus, Greece, 9th May (H. Seebohm & T. Krüper). Seebohm Coll. Otolika, Greece, 30th May (W. H. Crowley Bequest. Simpson: Tristram Coll.). Smyrna, 17th May (T. Krüper). 1. Seebohm Coll.

Smyrna, 2nd June (T. K.). Smyrna, 10th June (T. K.). Palestine, 5th May (H. B. Tris-1. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll.

1. Safed, Galilee, 25th May (H. B. T.). Crowley Bequest. 2. Arak el Emir, Gilead, 29th April Crowley Bequest.

(H, B, T.),Cæsarea Philippi, 14th May (H. B. T.). Crowley Bequest.

Hirundo nipalensis, Hodgs.

Hirundo nipalensis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 160 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 365 (1885-94); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 195 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 196 (1901).

The eggs of Hodgson's Mosque-Swallow are of the white type. The average dimensions of six examples are .85 by .55.

Simla, Himalayas, 15th June. Hume Coll. Simla, 25th July. Hume Coll. Murri, Himalayas, 13th June. Crowley Bequest.

Hirundo erythropygia, Sykes.

Hirundo erythropygia, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 164 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 371 (1885-94); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 197 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 196 (1901).

The eggs of Sykes's Mosque-Swallow are of the plain white type. They measure from .75 to .83 in length, and from .52 to .6 in breadth.

Mount Abu, Rajputana, 2nd June. Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Chunar, N.W. Provinces, 17th June. Chunar, 18th June. Hume Coll. Chunar, 19th June. Hume Coll. Allahabad, 18th June. Hume Coll. Etawah (W. E. Brooks: Tristram Crowley Bequest. Coll.). Jhansi, 20th June. Jhansi, 25th June. Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Jhansi, 5th Sept. Hume Coll. 6. Jhansi, 27th Sept. Saugor, C. Provinces, 28th July. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Nilghiri Hills, 4th May. Hume Coll.

Genus CHERAMŒCA, Cab.

Cherameca leucosternum (Gould).

Cherameca leucosterna, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 115 (1865). Cherameca leucosternum, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 171 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 433 (1885-94); North, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, p. 33, pl. xiii. fig. 15 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 87 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, i. p. 454 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 198 (1901).

The eggs of the White-breasted Swallow are of a narrow oval shape, devoid of gloss, and of a plain white colour. They measure from ·67 to ·72 in length, and from ·48 to ·51 in breadth.

4. South Australia (G. F. Angas).

3. Reed Beds, S. Australia, Dec. (A. J. North).

3. River Darling, N.S.W.

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll.

Genus PROGNE, Boie.

The eggs of the Swallows of this genus are of a pointed oval shape, slightly glossy, and of a plain white colour.

Progne purpurea (Linn.).

Progne purpurea, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 103, pl. iv. fig. 48 (1856);
Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 52. fig. 19 (1855-63); Salv. & Godm.
Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 223 (1883); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, ii.
p. 189, pl. 18 (1884); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 173 (1885);
id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 439 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat.
Eiersamml. p. 86 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 198 (1991).

Progne subis, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, i. p. 329 (1874).

The eggs of the Purple Martin measure from '95 to 1.03 in length, and from '65 to '71 in breadth.

2. North America.

North America (Hargitt Coll.).
 North America.

1. North America (J. G. Bell:

Tristram Coll.).

2. North America (H. Buckley: Tristram Coll.).

1. New Brunswick, April (H. E. Dresser).

1. New York (H. Buckley: Tristram Coll.).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Progne hesperia, Brewst.

Progne subis hesperia, Brewster, Auk, vi. p. 92 (1889); Belding, Occ., Papers Calif. Acad. Sci. ii. p. 183 (1890).

Progne hesperia, Sharpe & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 455 (1885-94); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 198 (1901).

One egg of the Western Martin measures .9 by .63.

San Diego, California, 2nd June.
 W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Progne furcata, Baird.

Progne furcata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 175 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 459 (1885-94); Scl. & Hudson, Argent. Orn. i. p. 24 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1896, p. 315; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 198 (1901).

Three eggs of the Patagonian Purple Martin measure respectively: •98 by •63; •95 by •69; 1 by •61.

3. Argentine Republic, Nov.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Progne chalybea (Gm.).

Progne dominicensis, Owen, Ibis, 1861, p. 61.

Progne chalybea, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 224 (1883); Dalyleish, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. viii. p. 78 (1883-5); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 178 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 473 (1885-94); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 25 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 195; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 86 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 199 (1901).

The eggs of the White-bellied Purple Martin measure from .85 to .95 in length, and from .63 to .65 in breadth.

Guatemala (R. Owen).
 Argentine Republic, Oct.

Salvin-Godman Coll. A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].

Progne tapera (Linn.).

Progne tapera, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1866, p. 178; Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 180 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 479 (1885-94); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 26 (1888); Holland, Ibis, 1892, p. 195; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 86 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 206 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 199 (1901).

The eggs of the Tree-Martin measure from .85 to .93 in length, and from .62 to .65 in breadth.

3. Ucayali River, Amazonia (E. Bartlett).

5. Venezuela (Gugenheimer).

5. Argentine Republic, Nov.

1. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.
A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.].
Crowley Bequest.

Genus ATTICORA, Boie.

The eggs of the Swallows of this genus are of a pointed oval shape, moderately glossy, and of a plain white colour.

Atticora cinerea (Gm.).

Petrochelidon murina, Scl. P. Z. S. 1860, p. 74.

Atticora cinerea, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 184 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 499 (1885-94); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 199

The egg of the Andean Swallow in the Collection measures ·7 by ·52.

1. Ecuador (Fraser).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Atticora cyanoleuca (Vieill.).

Atticora cyanoleuca, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1866, p. 178; 1879, p. 495; Hudson, P. Z. S. 1872, p. 844; Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 229 (1883); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 186 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 505 (1885-94); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 33 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 86 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 207 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 200 (1901).

The eggs of the Blue-and-White Swallow measure from .67 to .8 in length, and from .46 to .55 in breadth.

 Ucayali R., Amazonia (E. Bartlett).
 Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia
 Salvin-Godman Coll. Frontino, Antioquia, U.S. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

Argentine Republic, Oct.

A. H. Holland, Esq. [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Argentine Republic.

Atticora pileata, Gould.

Atticora pileata, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 230 (1883); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 188 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 513 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 86 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 200 (1901).

Four eggs said to be those of the Guatemalan Swallow, taken in Venezuela, measure respectively: .68 by .51; .64 by .5; .67 by .5; ·62 by ·5.

4. Venezuela (Gugenheimer).

Crowley Bequest.

Atticora fucata (Temm.).

Atticora fucata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 188 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 515 (1885-94); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 35 (1888); Aplin, Ibis, 1894, p. 167, pl. v. fig. 2; von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 207 (1900); Sharpe, Hund-l. iii. p. 200 (1901).

An egg of the Tawny-headed Swallow in the Collection measures ·76 by ·5.

3. Uruguay, 19th Nov.

O. V. Aplin Esq. [P.].

Genus PETROCHELIDON, Cab.

The eggs of the Swallows of this genus are of a regular oval shape, and they exhibit a small amount of gloss. Those of some species are plain white, those of others spotted.

Petrochelidon nigricans (Vieill.).

Hylochelidon nigricans, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 111 (1865).

Petrochelidon nigricans, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 190 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 525 (1885-94); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 32, pl. xiii. fig. 14 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 86 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 456, pl. 15 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 200 (1901).

The eggs of the White-rumped Cliff-Swallow are of a white colour, minutely speekled, chiefly at the broad end, with rufous and lavender. They measure from '64 to '72 in length, and from '5 to '57 in breadth.

South Australia (G. F. Angas).
 New South Wales (Wilson).
 Gould Coll.

3. New South Wales, 18th Oct. (A.J. Crowley Bequest. North).

Petrochelidon pyrrhonota (Vieill.).

Hirundo lunifrons, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i, p. 94, pl. v. figs. 68-73 (1856).

Petrochelidon lunifrons, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, i. p. 334 (1874).

Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 226 (1883); Shurpe, Cut. Birds B. M. x. p. 193 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinida, ii. p. 531 (1885-94); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 30 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 87 (1899); Sharpe, Mand-l, iii. p. 201 (1901).

The eggs of the North-American Cliff-Swallow are white, coarsely speekled and blotched with various shades of brown, chestnut, and lavender. The markings are densest at the broad end. Specimens measure from '75 to '85 in length, and from '53 to '57 in breadth.

5. North America.

4. North America (Henshaw Coll.). 5. North America.

4. Rocky Mountains (D. G. Elliot: Tristram Coll.).

Pembina, Dakota (Henshaw Coll.).
 Manitoba, 5th Aug. (G. M. Dawson).

Salvin-Godman Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Salvin-Godman Coll. N. Amer. Bound. Comm. 2. Massachusetts, 29th May.

East Providence, Rhode Island, 26th May.

Connecticut.

W. Radeliffe Saunders, Esq.

. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.] Crowley Bequest.

Petrochelidon swainsoni, Scl.

Petrochelidon swainsoni, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 227 (1883); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 194 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 555 (1885–94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 87 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 201 (1901).

The eggs of Swainson's Cliff-Swallow resemble the coarsely marked eggs of P. pyrrhonota. Three examples measure respectively: .85 by .55; .82 by .56; .83 by .6.

1. Valladolid, Yucatan (Gaumer).

Gould Coll.

2. Yucatan.

Crowley Bequest.

Petrochelidon fulva (Vieill.).

(Plate VII. fig. 5.)

Hirundo pœciloma, Gosse, Birds Jamaica, p. 64 (1847).

Petrochelidon fulva, Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 228 (1883); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 195 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 561 (1885–94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 87 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 201 (1901).

The eggs of the Caribbean Cliff-Swallow are of a white colour, delicately speckled all over with chestnut, umber-brown, and lavender. They measure from '74 to '8 in length, and from '52 to ·6 in breadth.

Jamaica.

1. Jamaica. P. H. Gosse, Esq. [P.].

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

3. Jamaica, 3rd June (W. Osborne: Tristram Coll.).

St. Thomas, Jamaica, 9th June 4. (C. B. Taylor).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Petrochelidon spilodera (Sundev.).

Petrochelidon spilodera, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 357 (1875–84); Butler, Feilden & Reid, Zool. 1882, p. 249; Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 198 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 573 (1885–94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 87 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 201 (1901); Stark & Sclater, Fauna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 304 (1901).

The eggs of the South-African Cliff-Swallow resemble those of P. pyrrhonota. They measure from .75 to .87 in length, and from ·56 to ·58 in breadth.

Transvaal (T. Ayres: Tristram Crowley Bequest.

3. Orange Free State, 28th Dec. Dr. Exton [P.]. 4. Blomfontein. Crowley Bequest.

2. Natal. Capt. Savile G. Reid [P.].

Petrochelidon ariel (Gould).

Lagenoplastes ariel, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 113 (1865); North,

Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 32 (1889).

Petrochelidon ariel, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 199 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 585 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 87 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Egys Austr. Birds, i. p. 457 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 201 (1901).

The eggs of the Fairy Cliff-Swallow are of two types: plain white; and white delicately speckled, chiefly at the broad end, with rufous and lilac. They measure from '62 to '71 in length, and from .48 to .5 in breadth.

Dawson River, Queensland, 13th Crowley Bequest. Sept. (North Coll.).

New South Wales, 27th Sept. Gould Coll.

New South Wales. Gould Coll. 2. Dobroyde, N.S.W. (E. P. Ramsay: Crowley Bequest.

Tristram Coll.).
Sydney, N.S.W. (Tristram Coll.).
Mount Druitt, N.S.W., 28th Oct. 4. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. (North Coll.).

Petrochelidon fluvicola (Blyth).

Petrochelidon fluvicola, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 200 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinida, ii. p. 577 (1885-94); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 201 (1901).

Hirundo fluvicola, Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 191 (1890); Barnes, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 2, pl. — fig. 86

(1889); Betham, op. cit. xii. p. 781 (1899).

The eggs of the Indian Cliff-Swallow are of two types: plain white; and white, speckled and mottled with rufous, yellowish brown, and lavender, chiefly at the broad end. They measure from ·65 to ·8 in length, and from ·48 to ·58 in breadth.

Umballa, India, 1st July. Hume Coll. Ahmedabad, 21st April.
 Jodhpur, 4th April. Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

1. N.W. Provinces, 5th Feb. (W. E. Crowley Bequest. Brooks: Tristram Coll.).

4. Futtehghar (A. A. Anderson). Crowley Bequest.

15. Jhansi, Aug. Hume Coll. Central India, Feb. Hume Coll. 14.

10. Raipur, C. Provinces, July. Hume Coll.

Sub-Family PSALIDOPROCNIN.E.

Genus STELGIDOPTERYX, Baird.

The eggs of the Swallows of this genus are of an oval shape, slightly glossy, and plain white.

Stelgidopteryx serripennis (Audub.).

Cotyle serripennis, Brewer, N. Amer. Ool. pt. i. p. 106, pl. iv. fig. 50

(1856); Owen, Ibis, 1861, p. 61.

Stelgidopteryx serripennis, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, i. p. 350 (1874); Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 237 (1883); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 206 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 635 (1885-94); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 87 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 203 (1901).

The eggs of the North-American Rough-winged Swallow measure from '71 to '83 in length, and from '5 to '55 in breadth.

2. North America (Audubon: Tris- Crowley Bequest. tram Coll.).

1. Pennsylvania (T. M. Brewer: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

4. Raleigh, N. Carolina, 2nd June. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

4. Guatemala, 20th May (R. Owen). Salvin-Godman Coll.

Stelgidopteryx ruficollis (Vieill.).

Stelgidopteryx ruficollis, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1866, p. 178; Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 208 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 647 (1885-94); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 36 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 87 (1899); von Ihering, Rev. Mus. Paulista, iv. p. 207 (1900); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 203 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-throated Rough-winged Swallow in the Collection measure respectively: '85 by '57; '77 by '55.

1. Upper Ucayali River, Amazonia Crowley Bequest. (E. Bartlett: Tristram Coll.).

. Ecuador (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Stelgidopteryx uropygialis (Lawr.).

Stelgidopteryx uropygialis, Scl. & Salv. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 496; Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr-Amer., Aves, i. p. 238 (1883); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 209 (1885); id. & Wyatt, Mon. Hirundinidæ, ii. p. 651 (1885-94); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 203 (1901).

The eggs of the Ashy-rumped Rough-winged Swallow in the Collection measure respectively: '75 by '55; '78 by '55.

2. Santa Elena, Antioquia, U.S. Salvin-Godman Coll. Colombia (T. K. Salmon).

Family MUSCICAPIDÆ.

Genus HEMICHELIDON, Hodgs.

Hemichelidon sibirica (Gm.).

Butalis sibirica, *Tacz. J. f. O.* 1872, p. 446, taf. i. fig. 15. Hemichelidon sibirica, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 120 (1879); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 1 (1890); Tacz. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 475 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 23 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 204 (1901).

The eggs of the Sooty Flycatcher in the Collection are of a pointed oval form, and exhibit a slight amount of gloss. They are of a very pale green colour, densely mottled with extremely pale reddish brown. They measure respectively: ·71 by ·5; ·7 by ·5.

2. Lake Baikal, Siberia (Dybowski: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Genus MICRŒCA, Gould.

Micræca fascinans (Lath.).

Microcca fascinans, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 258 (1865); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 123 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 95 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 24 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 105, pl. 7 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 205 (1901).

Micrœca macroptera, Ramsay, Trans. Phil. Soc. N.S.W. 1865, p. 328, pl. i. figs. 9, 10.

The eggs of the Australian Brown Flycatcher are of a blunt oval form and slightly glossy. They are of a pale bluish-green colour, marked with specks and blotches of chestnut-brown and underlying lavender-grey. The markings are most numerous on the broader half, where they are often confluent and form an irregular zone. Specimens measure from .68 to .76 in length, and from .52 to .55 in breadth.

- 2. Dawson River, Queensland, 3rd Sept. Crowley Bequest. (North Coll.).
- Queensland (Owen).
- 1. New South Wales (Wilson).
- Dobroyde, N.S.W., Oct. (E. P. 4. Ramsay: Tristram Coll.).
- South Australia.
- South Australia (G. F. Angas).
- Wimmera District, Victoria, 16th Nov. (A. J. North).
- Mallee, Victoria, 10th Oct.

- Gould Coll. Gould Coll.
- Crowley Bequest.
 - Gould Coll.
 - Gould Coll.
- Crowley Bequest.
- W. Radelisse Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Genus ALSEONAX, Cab.

Alseonax latirostris (Raffles).

Butalis latirostris, Tacz. J. f. O. 1872, p. 447; 1873, taf. i. fig. 16; id. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 467 (1891).

Alseonax latirostris, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 127 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 35 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 24 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 206 (1901).

Muscicapa latirostris, Seebohm, Birds Japan. Emp. p. 62 (1890).

The eggs of the Siberian Brown Flycatcher in the Collection are of a blunt oval form and moderately glossy. They are of a very pale green colour, and whereas two specimens are quite plain, two others are mottled, chiefly round the broad end, with pale rufous, while in four others the mottling is scarcely visible. They measure respectively: .68 by .5; .67 by .5; .7 by .56; .69 by .55; .61 by .5; .63 by .5; .61 by .5; .61 by .49.

2. Hondo, Japan, 20th May.

2. Hondo, 20th May.

Hondo, 25th May.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Alseonax muttui (Layard).

Alseonax muttui, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 132 (1879); id. Hand-l. iii, p. 207 (1901); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 36 (1890); Stuart Baker, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. ix. p. 126 (1894).

Three eggs of Layard's Flycatcher are of a regular oval form, with a very little amount of gloss. The ground is very pale stonecolour, and is freckled all over with light brick-red. The measurements are: .70 by .55; .68 by .58; .75 by .59.

3. Margherita, Assam, 20th March. E. C. Stuart Baker, Esq. [C.].

Genus BRADYORNIS, Smith.

Bradyornis infuscatus (Smith).

(Plate VII. fig. 6.)

Saxicola infuscata, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 233 (1875-84); Seebohm, Cat. Birds B. M. v. p. 406 (1881).

Bradyornis infuscatus, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 844; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 22 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 208 (1901); Stark & Sclater, Fanna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 237 (1901).

Four eggs of the South African Wood-Shrike are of a regular oval form and moderately glossy. They are pale blue, speckled and spotted, somewhat densely at the broad end and sparingly elsewhere, with pale reddish brown and lilac. They measure respectively: 93 by 7; 9 by 65; 9 by 65; 94 by 66.

South Africa. E. L. Layard, Esq. [P.]. 2. Cape Colony (T. Atmore: Tristram Crowley Bequest.) Coll.).

Bradyornis silens (Shaw).

(Plate VII. fig. 7.)

Bradyornis silens, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 404 (1875–84); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iii. p. 313 (1877); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 22 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 209 (1901).

Tarsiger silens, Stark & Sclater, Fauna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 219 (1901).

The eggs of the Pied Wood-Shrike in the Collection are almost clliptical in shape, the two ends being closely alike, and they exhibit a faint gloss. The ground-colour is pale greyish green, and while one example is very indistinctly mottled with very pale brown, the other is densely mottled with greyish brown. They measure respectively: '8 by '61; '81 by '59.

2. South Africa.

E. L. Layard, Esq. [P.].

Genus NEWTONIA, Schl. & Poll.

Newtonia brunneicauda (A. Newton).

(Plate VII. fig. 8.)

Newtonia brunneicauda, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 148 (1879); Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 148 (1882); Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Maday., Ois. ii. p. 382 (1885); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 24 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 210 (1901).

The eggs of the Madagascar Flycatcher are of a broad oval form and very slightly glossy. They are of a dull white colour, thickly speckled, spotted, or blotched with reddish brown or purplish brown and underlying pale lavender. The markings are very dense at the broad end, where they form a more or less distinct cap. Five specimeus measure from '66 to '77 in length, and from '55 to '58 in breadth.

5. Betsileo, Madagascar.

Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.].

Genus MUSCICAPA, Linn.

Muscicapa grisola, Linn.

Muscicapa grisola, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vöy. p. 300, tab. xxix. fig. 7, a-e (1845-54); Hewitson, Eygs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 74, pl. xxi. fig. i (1856); Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 447 (1875); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 151 (1879); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, i. p. 323, pl. 9 (1893); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 4 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eygs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 1 (1890); Seebohm, Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 191, pl. 51. figs. 17 & 20 (1896); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 211 (1901).

Butalis grisola, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 52. fig. 11 (1855-63); Tristram, Ibis, 1867, p. 361; Saunders, Ibis, 1871, p. 206; Wardlaw-

Ramsay, Ibis, 1880, p. 53.

The eggs of the Spotted Flycatcher vary from a narrow to a broad oval shape, and are moderately glossy. The ground-colour ranges from cream-colour to bluish white, pale blue or greenish blue, and this is spotted, blotched, and clouded with various shades of reddish brown and underlying grey or lavender. Some examples are marked with distinct, well-defined blotches; others with confluent markings which nearly entirely hide the ground-colour. In most cases the markings are dense at the broad end, where they often form a cap or very irregular zone. Specimens measure from 67 to 8 in length, and from 52 to 6 in breadth.

	g.,	
3.	Inverness-shire (Hargitt Coll.).	Seebohm Coll.
3.	England.	Old Collection.
2.	England.	Salvin-Godman Coll.
4.		
	England.	Crowley Bequest.
17.	Bowdon, Cheshire (F. Nicholson:	Seebohm Coll.
~	Hargitt Coll.).	G-1: G 1 G-11
5.	Alport, Derbyshire, 7th June	Salvin-Godman Coll.
_	(O. Salvin).	C. ahalam Call
5.	Norfolk, 4th June (F. Norgate).	Seebohm Coll.
5.	Norfolk, 30th June (F. N.).	Seebohim Coll.
3,	Cambridgeshire.	F. Bond, Esq. [P.].
4.	Cambridgeshire.	F. Bond, Esq. [P.].
4.	Cambridge.	Salvin-Godman Coll.
4.	Alton, Hants.	Crowley Bequest.
3.	Epping Forest.	Salvin-Godman Coll.
2.	Epping Forest.	Salvin-Godman Coll.
3.	Epping Forest.	Salvin-Godman Coll.
5.	Finchley, Middlesex (O. Salvin).	Salvin-Godman Coll.
4.	Hampstead, Middlesex (O. S.).	Salvin-Godman Coll.
4.	Hampstead (O. S.).	Salvin-Godman Coll.
5.	Churt, Surrey, June.	Crowley Bequest.
3.	Churt, May (with egg of Cuculus	Crowley Bequest.
_	canorus).	G11 G.11
5.	Valkenswaard, Holland, 25th May	Seebohm Coll.
0	(H. Seebohm).	C1-1 C-11
3.	Malaga, Spain, 11th June.	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Malaga, 12th June.	Seebohm Coll.
3.	Malaga, 16th June (A. Ruiz).	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Malaga, 21st May (H. Saunders:	Seebohm Coll.
0	Hargitt Coll.).	Seebohm Coll.
3.	Malaga, 24th May (H. S.: Hargitt	Seebonin Con.
3.	Volley 20th Inno (H.S. Haraitt	Seebohm Coll.
υ,	Malaga, 20th June (H. S.: Hargitt	Scepolini Coll.
5.	Coll.). Malaga, 27th June (H. S.: Hargitt	Seebohm Coll.
υ.	Coll.).	Seesonin Con.
1.	Muonioniska, Lapland.	Salvin-Godman Coll.
4.	Sundal Valley, Norway, 20th June.	
4.	Sundal Valley, 20th June.	Dr. R. Bowdler Sharpe [P.]. Dr. R. Bowdler Sharpe [P.].
6.	Sundal Valley, 18th June.	Dr. R. Bowdler Sharpe P.].
5.	Pomerania, 30th May (T. Holland).	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Pomerania, 30th May (T. II.).	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Pomerania, 1st June (T. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
12.	1 omerana, 1st June (1, 11.).	0 1 1 0 11

Seebohm Coll.

Pomerania, 30th June (T. H.).

Reval. Baltic Provs., 18th June (Russow).

6. 6.

Berlin (T. Holland). Austria, 25th May. Parnassus, Greece, 20th May (T. Kr"uper).

Mt. Hermon, Palestine, 13th May 2.

(H. B. Tristram). Safed, Palestine, 14th May (H. B. T.). 1.

Afghanistan, 3rd June (W. R. 4. Wardlaw-Ramsay).

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Seebohm Coll.

Genus HEDYMELA, Sundev.

Hedymela atricapilla (Linn.).

Muscicapa atricapilla, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 303, tab. xxix. fig. 9, a, b (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 52. fig. 12 (1855-63); Hewitson, Eggs of Brit. Birds, i. p. 75, pl. xxi. fig. ii (1856); Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 453 (1875); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 157 (1879); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, i. p. 328, pl. 9 (1883); id. Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 192, pl. 52. fig. 2 (1896).

Muscicapa luctuosa, Salvin, İbis, 1859, p. 311.

Hedymela atricapilla, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 213 (1901).

The eggs of the Pied Flycatcher are of an oval form, with the smaller end generally very sharply pointed, and they are usually They vary in colour from a very delicate extremely glossy. pale blue to a fairly dark blue. It is stated that some eggs are occasionally speckled with pale reddish brown, but all the specimens in the National Collection are quite plain. They measure from '63 to .78 in length, and from .47 to .57 in breadth. A small specimen from Norway measures only .61 by .41, but another from Algeria, the largest in the series, measures .78 by .6.

5. Cumberland (Heysham).

4. Penrith, Cumberland, June (Hey-

sham). Keswick, Cumberland (F. Nichol-20. son : Hargitt Coll.).

6. Carlisle.

New Forest, 23rd May (H. Saunders).

3. Gefle, Sweden, 7th June (Meves).

Christiana, Norway (R. Collett: 5. Hargitt Coll.).

4. Norway, 23rd May (J. Lysne). 5.

Copenhagen, 17th June. Quickjock, Lapland, 12th June (II. W. Wheelwright).

5. Pomerania, 14th May (T. Holland).

 Pomerania, 24th May (T. H.).
 Pomerania, 26th May (T. H.).
 Madracen, Algeria, 30th May (O. Salvin).

Gould Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Hedymela collaris (Bechst.).

Muscicapa collaris, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 302, tab. xxix. fig. 10, a, b (1845-54); Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. tab. 52, fig. 13 (1855-63); Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 459 (1874); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 160 (1879).

Muscicapa albicollis, Bree, Birds Eur. i. p. 175, pl. — (1866); id. op.

cit. 2nd ed. ii. p. 30, pl. — (1875). Hedymela collaris, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 213 (1901).

The eggs of the White-collared Flycatcher in the Collection are of a pale bluish-green colour, and quite indistinguishable from many of those of H. atricapilla. They measure 72 by 55, and 73 by 55 respectively.

1. Altenkirchen, Prussia, 7th May Seebohm Coll. (E. Sachse).

Hungary (Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Seebohm Coll.

Genus SIPHIA, Hodgs.

Siphia parva (Bechst.).

Muscicapa parva, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. p. 301, tab. xxix. fig. 8, a-c (1845-54); Bree, Birds Eur. i. p. 179, pl. — (1866); Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 465 (1875); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 161 (1879); Seebohm, Brit. Birds, i. p. 332, pl. 9, part. (1883); id. Eggs of Brit. Birds, p. 193, pl. 52, fig. 3 (1896).

Erythrosterna parva, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vog. tab. 52, fig. 10 (1855-63). Siphia parva, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 9 (1890); Sharpe,

Hand-l. iii. p. 213 (1901).

The eggs of the European Red-breasted Flycatcher are of an oval form, the smaller end being frequently pointed, and they are very glossy. They are of a very pale bluish or greenish white, speckled and mottled with pale reddish brown and underlying lavender. The markings are fine and usually dense, in some cases so dense that little of the ground-colour is visible. In a few examples the markings form a very distinct zone round the larger end. Specimens measure from .6 to .71 in length, and from .5 to .55 in breadth.

Pomerania. Salvin-Godman Coll. Pomerania (Seebohm Coll.). Crowley Bequest. Stolp, Pomerania, 11th June (H. Seebohm Coll. Seebohm). Stolp, 3rd June (T. Holland). 6. Seebohm Coll.

Stolp, 12th June (T. H.) Seebohm Coll. Stolp, 17th June (T. H.). Seebohm Coll. 4. Stolp, 18th June (*T. H.*). Seebohm Coll.

Stolp, 30th June (T, H). 5. Seebohm Coll. Bohemia, 4th June. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Hungary (Tristram Coll.). Uman, South Russia, 31st May 5. (Goebel).

Genus CYORNIS, Blyth.

Cyornis rubeculoides (Vig.).

Siphia rubeculoides, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 445 (1879); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 424 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 30 (1899).
Cyornis rubeculoides, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 23 (1890); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 5 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 215 (1901).

The eggs of the Blue-throated Flycatcher are of a regular oval shape, but vary considerably in breadth. Many specimens are glossy; others are devoid of gloss. They are of several types of coloration. Some examples are of a greenish stone-colour, often plain, sometimes marked round the broader end with an indistinct pale brownish-pink zone. Other specimens are of a pinkish cream-colour, densely mottled with pale rufous or pale brown. They measure from '7 to '77 in length, and from '53 to '58 in breadth.

1.	Himalayas,	27 th	April	(Nehrkorn	Crowl	ey Beques	t.
	Coll.).						

1.	Kashmir, 5th May (C. R. Cock).	Hume Coll.
4.	Jerripani, Mussouri (T. Hutton).	Hume Coll.
1.	Darjiling, 12th May.	Hume Coll.
2.	Below Darjiling, April.	Hume Coll.
3,	Yea, Tenasserim, 31st March	Hume Coll.

(W. Davison).

Cyornis tickelliæ, Blyth.

Siphia tickelliæ, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 447 (1879); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 421 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 30 (1899).
Cyornis tickelli, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 25 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 7 (1890); Betham, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. xii. p. 780 (1899).
Cyornis tickelliæ, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 215 (1901).

The eggs of Mrs. Tickell's Blue Flycatcher present as many types of coloration as those of the Blue-throated Flycatcher, and resemble them in general appearance. Many of the specimens are of a brown colour, some plain and others marked with a faint trace of some darker mottling. Others are cream-coloured, densely mottled with various shades of pale rufous, and others are stone-coloured, faintly mottled with pale brown. Specimens measure from '68 to '78 in length, and from '52 to '58 in breadth.

	India.	Crowley Bequest.
2.	Hoshungabad, C. Provs., 24th June (E. C. Nunn).	Hume Coll.
6.	Mysore (I. Macpherson).	Hume Coll.
	Mysore, 12th May.	Hume Coll.
	Muddur, Mysore, 22nd May.	Hume Coll.
2.	Kotagherry, Nilghiri Hills, 27th	Hume Coll.
	May (Miss Cockburn).	
2.	Kotagherry, 10th June (Miss Cock-	Hume Coll.
	burn).	

Cyornis magnirostris, Blyth.

Siphia magnirostris, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 453 (1879); Nehrk.

Kat. Eiersamml. p. 31 (1899).

Cyornis magnirostris, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 26 (1890); Stuart Baker, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. ix. p. 124 (1894); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 217 (1901).

Eggs of the Long-billed Blue Flycatcher are of a regular oval shape and glossy. They are of a uniform stone-colour. They measure respectively: .82 by .55; .78 by .57.

2. Laisung, N. Cachar Hills, 16th May. E. C. Stuart Baker, Esq. [C.].

Genus DIGENEA, Hodgs.

Digenea leucomelanura, Hodgs.

Digenea leucomelanura, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 459 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 31 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 218 (1901).

Cyornis leucomelanurus, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 16 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 3 (1890); Osmaston,

Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. xi. p. 67 (1897).

The eggs of the Slaty-blue Flycatcher in the Collection are of a regular oval form and moderately glossy. Some examples are uniformly of a pale cream-colour; others are of a pinkish-white colour, very finely freekled with pale rufous, chiefly at the larger end, where the markings form a cap. Five specimens measure respectively: ·6 by ·5; ·62 by ·47; ·6 by ·46; ·68 by ·49; ·57 by ·49.

Kashmir, 31st May (W. E. Brooks). Hume Coll.

Kashmir, 31st May (W. E. B.: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Kashmir, 3rd June (W. E. B.).

Tristram Coll.).

Hume Coll. Kashmir, 5th June (W. E. B.: Crowley Bequest.

Genus NILTAVA, Hodgs.

Niltava grandis, Blyth.

(Plate VII. fig. 9.)

Niltava grandis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 464 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 40 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 18 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 31 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 219 (1901).

The eggs of the Large Niltava are normally of a narrow oval form, and exhibit a considerable amount of gloss. They vary from a pinkish-white to a pale fawn colour, and are usually quite plain. Some, however, are faintly clouded at the larger end with very pale rufous. They measure from .89 to 1.04 in length, and from .69 to ·75 in breadth.

2.	Sikhim (J. Gammie).	Hume Coll.
1.	Sikhim, 8th May (\hat{J}, G_*) .	Hume Coll.
2.	Mongphoo, Darjiling (J. G.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Darilling, May.	Hume Coll.

Niltava sundara, Hodgs.

Niltava sundara, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 463 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 41 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 20 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 31 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 219 (1901).

The eggs of the Rufous-bellied Niltava resemble those of N. grandis, but are smaller, measuring from 85 to 95 in length, and from 67 to 75 in breadth.

2.	Kotgarh, Himalayas, 9th May	Hume Coll.
	(A. O. Hume).	
2.	Kotgarh, 15th May (A. O. H.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Kotgarh, 15th May (Tristram Coll.).	Crowley Bequest.
	Kotearh, 16th June (A. O. H.).	Hume Coll.

Niltava macgrigoriæ (Burton). (Plate VII. fig. 10.)

Niltava macgrigoriæ, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 465 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 42 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 21 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 31 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 220 (1901).

The eggs of the Small Niltava are of a somewhat elongated, narrow oval, form, and they exhibit a considerable amount of gloss. The ground-colour varies from a pale cream to a light fawn, while some specimens are so indistinctly mottled that they appear at first sight to be quite plain, others are distinctly marked with freekles and blotches of brownish pink and pale lavender, which are often confluent at the larger end and form an irregular cap. Specimens measure from '72 to '88 in length, and from '5 to '6 in breadth.

2.	India.	Crowley Bequest.
3.	Sikhim (J. Gammie).	Hume Coll.
6.	Mongphoo, Darjiling (J. G.).	Hume Coll.
4.	Darjiling, April.	Hume Coll.
2.	Darjiling, 7th May	Hume Coll.
1.	Dariiling, June.	Hume Coll.

Genus PETRŒCA, Swains.

Petræca leggei, Sharpe.

Petroica multicolor, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 279 (1865).

Petreca leggei, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 165 (1879); North,
Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 102 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.
p. 24 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 134, pl. 8
(1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 220 (1901).

259 PETRŒCA.

The eggs of the Scarlet-breasted Robin are of a broad oval form, occasionally approaching the spherical, and they have a faint gloss. They are of a greenish-white colour, marked with umber-brown, yellowish brown, and underlying lavender. The markings vary in size from specks to small blotches, and they are dense at the broad end, where they often form a cap or irregular zone. Examples measure from .69 to .74 in length, and from .55 to .6 in breadth.

West Australia, 12th Sept.

New South Wales (E. P. Ramsay). New South Wales, 31st Aug. (E. P. R.).

1. Ashfield, N.S.W. (E. P. Ramsay: Tristram Coll.).

1. Gippsland, Victoria.

3. Gippsland, 9th Nov. (A. J. North).

Grampians, Victoria, Nov. 3.

2. Grampians, Victoria, Nov.

2. Tasmania (E. D. Atkinson). Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll. Gould Coll. Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

F. A. Philbrick, Esq., K.C. [P.].

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

[P.]. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P,].

Crowley Bequest.

Petræca phænicea, Gould.

(Plate VII, fig. 11.)

Petroica phœnicea, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 282 (1865). Petrœca phœnicea, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 166 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 104 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 24 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 136 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 220 (1901).

The eggs of the Flame-breasted Robin in the Collection closely resemble those of P. leggei. Examples measure from 69 to 77 in length, and from .53 to .6 in breadth.

Tasmania (E. D. Atkinson).

Tasmania, 13th Oct.

3. Table Cape, Tasmania, Nov. (A. J. North).

2. Victoria.

1. Victoria.

Gippsland, Victoria, 10th Nov. (A. J. North).

Crowley Bequest. Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Govt. of Victoria [P.]. Govt. of Victoria P.J. Crowley Bequest.

Petræca multicolor (Gm.).

(Plate VII. fig. 12.)

Petroica erythrogastra, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. ii., App. p. 526 (1865).

Petrocca multicolor, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 168 (1879); Crowfoot, Ibis, 1885, p. 270; North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 410 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 220 (1901).

The eggs of the Norfolk Island Robin are of a somewhat elongated oval form, and they possess a small amount of gloss. They are white, spotted and blotched, but almost entirely in a broad irregular zone round the larger end, with pale brown and lavender. Two specimens (the third damaged) measure respectively: '62 by '47; '69 by '47.

3. Norfolk Island.

Dr. W. M. Crowfoot [P.].

Petræca rhodinogaster (Drap.).

(Plate VII. fig. 13.)

Erythrodryas rhodinogaster, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 276 (1865); North, Nests & Egys Austr. Birds, p. 101 (1889).
Petræca rhodinogastra, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 170 (1879);

Nehrk. Kat. Liersamml. p. 24 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 138 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 221 (1901).

The egg of the Pink-breasted Robin in the Gould Collection resembles the eggs of P, leggei and P, phanicea. It is probably one of the specimens of which Gould wrote $(l.\ c.)$:—" The eggs are three in number, of a greenish white, thickly sprinkled with light chestnut and purplish brown; eight lines and a half long by six and a half broad." It is now fractured, and cannot be measured accurately.

Two other examples are similar in colour, and measure re-

spectively: .72 by .58; .78 by .53.

Tasmania (Wilson).
 Tasmania (E. D. Atkinson).

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Petræca rosea, Gould.

Erythrodryas rosea, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 277 (1865).
Petrœca rosea, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 170 (1879); Campbell,
Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 139, pl. 8 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l.
iii. p. 221 (1901).

The eggs of the Rose-breasted Robin in the Collection are of two types. Three examples, forming a clutch, are of an elongated oval form and moderately glossy. They are white, speckled and blotched, mostly at the broad end, with pale brown and lavendergrey. They measure respectively: '65 by '48; '67 by '47; '65 by '48. A fourth example is of a broad oval shape and moderately glossy. It is white, profusely speckled all over with reddish-brown and lavender, and measures '68 by '52.

Victoria.
 Victoria.

Govt. of Victoria [P.]. Govt. of Victoria [P.].

Petræca goodenovii (Vig. & Horsf.). (Plate VII. fig. 14.)

Petroica goodenovii, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 280 (1865). Petroca goodenovii, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv, p. 171 (1879); North,

261 PETRŒCA.

Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 103 (1889); Nehrk, Kat. Eiersamml. p. 24 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 143 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 221 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-capped Robin are of a broad oval form, and are devoid of all gloss. They are pale green, thickly speckled and spotted with umber-brown and underlying lavender. The markings are generally larger and denser at the broad end, where they form a wide but irregular zone. Examples measure from 6 to 63 in length, and from .49 to .51 in breadth.

West Australia.

Wellington, N.S.W., 30th Aug. 3. (A. J. North).

Victoria.

Mallee Scrub, Victoria, 22nd 4. Sept. (A. J. North).

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Govt. of Victoria [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Petræca bicolor (Vig. & Horsf.).

Melanodryas cucullata, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 283 (1865). Petræca bicolor, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 173 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 25 (1899).

Melanodryas bicolor, North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 105 (1889); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 144, pl. 8 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 221 (1901).

The eggs of the Hooded Robin are of a broad oval shape and highly glossy. Some are uniform olive-buff in colour; others are olive-green, with the broad end slightly tinged with rufous. They measure from ·81 to ·89 in length, and from ·62 to ·67 in breadth.

West Australia. 1.

3. Queensland (Owen). 3. Queensland (Owen).

Dawson River, Queensland, 27th Aug. (North Coll.),

2. Cardington, Bell River, N.S.W. (E. P. Ramsay: Tristram Coll.).

3. Wimmera District, Victoria, 30th Aug. (A. J. North). Gippsland, Victoria.

1.

Mallee, Victoria, Oct.

Gould Coll.

Gould Coll. Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

F. A. Philbrick, Esq., K.C. [P.]. W. Radeliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Petræca toitoi (Garn.).

(Plate VII. fig. 15.)

Petreca toitoi, Potts, Trans. N.Z. Inst. ii. p. 60 (1869); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 174 (1879); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 221 (1901). Myiomoira toitoi, Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 39 (1888).

An egg of the New Zealand North-Island Robin is of a regular oval shape, devoid of gloss and of a creamy-white colour, speckled with brownish pink and lilac. It measures '7 by '5. The dimensions of an egg of this species given by Sir Walter Buller (1. c.) are 85 by 8, which would render the specimen nearly spherical in shape and of a size quite out of proportion to the size of the bird, which has the wing only 2.7 inches in length.

1. Nelson, New Zealand (W. F. Howlett: Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Petræca macrocephala (Gm.).

(Plate VII. fig. 16.)

Petræca macrocephala, Potts, Trans. N.Z. Inst. ii. p. 59 (1869); iii. p. 76 (1870); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 176 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 25 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 222 (1901).

Myiomoira macrocephala, Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 42

(1888).

Eggs of the New Zealand South-Island Robin are of a broad oval shape and devoid of gloss. They are white, speckled with pale brown and lavender. Four examples measure respectively: '7 by '56; '69 by '57; '77 by '58; '74 by '58.

2. Otago, New Zealand, 21st Dec. Crowley Bequest. (E. P. Seymour).

Port Chalmers, New Zealand, 23rd Crowley Bequest. Oct. (E. P. S.).

Petræca vittata (Q. & G.).

(Plate VII. figs. 17 & 18.)

Amaurodryas vittata, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 286 (1865); North,

Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, p. 106 (1889).

Petreca vittata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 177 (1879); Nehrk.
Kat. Eiersamml. p. 25 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 222 (1901).

Amaurodryas (Petreca) vittata, Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i.

p. 147 (1901).

The eggs of the Dusky Robin resemble those of P. bicolor, but are more varied, some being of a pale blue colour, others being spotted with yellowish brown and lilac. They measure from '83 to ·95 in length, and from ·65 to ·7 in breadth.

Tasmania (Wilson). Gould Coll. 2. Tasmania. Gould Coll. 3. Gould Coll. Tasmania. 6. New South Wales. Crowley Bequest. 3. New South Wales, 3rd Dec. Crowley Bequest.

(A. J. North).

Genus POLIOMYIAS, Sharpe.

Poliomyias luteola (Pall.).

Erythrosterna luteola, Tacz. J. f. O. 1872, p. 449; 1873, taf. ii. fig. 18; id. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 472 (1891).

Poliomyias luteola, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 201 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 25 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 223 (1901).

An egg of the Eastern Rusty-breasted Blue Flycatcher in the

Collection is inseparable from the mottled type of egg of Alsconax latirostris described above. It measures '7 by '51.

1. Eastern Siberia (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus MUSCICAPULA, Blyth.

Muscicapula superciliaris (Jerd.).

(Plate VII. fig. 19.)

Muscicapula superciliaris, *Sharpe*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* iv. p. 204 (1879); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 25 (1899); *Sharpe*, *Hand-l.* iii. p. 223 (1901).

Cyornis superciliaris, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 17 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, 2nd ed. ii. p. 4 (1890).

The eggs of the White-browed Blue Flycatcher are of a broad oval form, and exhibit a considerable amount of gloss. At first sight, they appear to be of one uniform colour, either fawn-coloured or of a pale stone-colour, but when closely looked at, they will be found to be mottled or speckled with a somewhat darker shade of colour than the ground-colour itself. They measure from '59 to '68 in length, and from '5 to '54 in breadth.

2. Murri, N.W. Himalayas, 5th June Hume Coll. (C. H. T. Marshall).

3. Kotgarh, Himalayas.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

 Kotgarh, 3rd May.
 Kashmir, May (W. E. Brooks: Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Muscicapula samarensis, Bourns & Worcester.

Muscicapula samarensis, Bourns & Worcester, Occ. Papers Minn. Acad. Nat. Sc. i. p. 26 (1894); Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 237, pl. vi. fig. 6; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 224 (1901).

The eggs of the Samar White-browed Flycatcher in the Collection are of an ordinary oval shape and slightly glossy. They are of a bluish-green colour, speckled all over, but especially at the broad end, with pale brown and lilac. They measure respectively: '75 by '55; '74 by '52.

2. Paranos, Samar, Philippine Islands, J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.]. 17th June.

Muscicapula hyperythra (Blyth).

Muscicapula hyperythra, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 206 (1879); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 224 (1901).

Cyornis hyperythrus, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 15 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 2 (1890); Stuart Baker, Journ, Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. ix. p. 123 (1894).

Eggs of the Rufous-breasted Blue Flycatcher have a pale greenish-white ground-colour, freckled and mottled, chiefly at the larger end, with brownish red. They are of a regular oval shape and measure: ·74 by ·54; ·75 by ·55; ·75 by ·56; ·76 by ·55.

4. Mishmi Hills, near Margherita, E. C. Stuart Baker, Esq. [C.].
Assam, 20th May.

Muscicapula westermanni, Sharpe.

(Plate VII. fig. 20.)

Muscicapula westermanni, *Sharpe*, *Ibis*, 1889, p. 196; *id. Hand-l.* iii. p. 224 (1901).

An egg of Westermann's Flycatcher taken by Mr. Whitehead is of a regular oval shape, almost devoid of all gloss, and fawn-coloured. It measures 6 by 47.

 Mt. Kina Balu, Borneo, 25th Crowley Bequest. March (J. Whitehead).

Genus SMICRORNIS, Gould.

Smicrornis brevirostris, Gould.

Smicrornis brevirostris, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 273 (1865);
 Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 209 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 100 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 25 (1899);
 Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 153, pl. 8 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 225 (1901).

The eggs of the Short-billed Flycatcher are of a narrow oval shape, and exhibit a small amount of gloss. They are of a brownish-pink colour, marked, chiefly at the broad end, with brown and lavender. On one specimen in the Collection the markings are few and scattered; in another they form a cap; and on a third a zone round the broad end. Three examples measure respectively: .58 by .4; .61 by .43; .56 by .43.

West Australia (Wilson).
 New South Wales (Wilson).
 Gould Coll.

(1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 225 (1901).

Genus GERYGONE, Gould.

Gerygone albigularis (Gould).

Gerygone albogularis, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 266 (1865); Ramsay, P. Z. S. 1866, p. 576.

Gerygone albigularis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 212 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 97 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 25 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 155, pl. 8

The eggs of the Australian White-throated Flycatcher are of a

regular oval shape, and but very slightly glossy. They are white, speckled and blotched with chestnut and pale lavender. The markings vary from mere specks in some specimens to small blotches in others, and they are often confluent at the broad end, forming a zone. Examples measure from '63 to '72 in length, and from '49 to '52 in breadth.

2. Dawson River, Queensland, 11th Crowley Bequest. Oct. (North Coll.).

New South Wales (E. P. Ramsay).
 Ashfield, N.S.W. (E. P. Seymour: Crowley Bequest.

Tristram Coll.).
3. Canterbury, N.S.W., 22nd Nov. Crowley Bequest.
(A. J. North.).

Genus PSEUDOGERYGONE, Sharpe.

Pseudogerygone igata (Q. & G.).

Pseudogerygone igata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 218 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 26 (1899).

Gerygone flaviventris, Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 44 (1888).

The eggs of the New-Zealand Grey Flycatcher in the Collection are of two distinct types. One is of a blunt oval form, almost devoid of gloss, and of a white colour, speckled with rufous and lilac, pretty equally all over. A second is of a pale salmon-pink colour, speckled with deeper rufous and lavender. The former measures '7 by '5; the latter '68 by '48.

2. Otago, New Zealand (E. P. Crowley Bequest. Seymour).

Pseudogerygone culicivora (Gould).

Gerygone culicivora, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 268 (1865).
Pseudogerygone culicivora, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 220 (1879);
Campbell. Proc. Roy. Soc. Vict. iii. p. 3, pl. i. fig 3 (1890); id. Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 157 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 228 (1901).

An egg of the West-Australian Flycatcher is of a very regular oval form and slightly glossy. It is white, speckled and freekled, more densely at the broad end than elsewhere, with very pale chestnut and lilac. It measures '67 by '5.

1. Australia (Wilson). Gould Coll.

Pseudogerygone magnirostris (Gould).

(Plate VIII. fig. 2.)

Gerygone magnirostris, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 270 (1865). Pseudogerygone magnirostris, Sharpe, Cut. Birds B. M. iv. p. 222 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 26 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 229 (1901); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 158 (1901).

The eggs of the Large-billed Flycatcher in the Collection are of a blunt oval form and nearly devoid of all gloss. They are of a pinkish-white colour, thickly speckled, especially at the broad end where the markings become confluent, with reddish brown, lilac-red, and lavender. Three example measure respectively: 69 by 49; ·71 by ·5; ·7 by ·49.

3. Herbert River, Queensland, 22nd Crowley Bequest. Nov. (A. J. North).

Pseudogerygone flavilateralis (Gray).

(Plate VIII. fig. 3.)

Pseudogervgone flavilateralis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 222 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 26 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 229 (1901).

Gerygone flavolateralis, E. L. & E. L. C. Layard, Ibis, 1882, p. 508.

The eggs of the New-Caledonian Yellow-flanked Flycatcher are of quite the same type as those of P. magnirostris and resemble them closely. Three examples measure respectively: '63 by '47; ·63 by ·48; ·65 by ·49.

New Caledonia (with an egg of Cacomantis bronzinus: E. L. Layard: Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

1. Noumea, New Caledonia (E. L. L.: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Pseudogerygone fusca (Gould).

Gerygone fusca, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 267 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 99 (1889).

Pseudogerygone fusca, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 223 (1879);

Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 26 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs

Austr. Birds, i. p. 159 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 229 (1901).

The eggs of the Australian Fuscous Flycatcher closely resemble those of P. magnirostris. They measure from 6 to 65 in length, and from .44 to .46 in breadth.

3. New South Wales. 2. Richmond, N.S.W., Nov. (A. J. Campbell).

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Pseudogerygone albifrontata (Gray).

(Plate VIII. fig. 1.)

Pseudogerygone albifrontata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 224 (1879); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 229 (1901).

Gerygone albofrontata, Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 49 (1888);

Forbes, Ibis, 1893, p. 524.

An egg of the Chatham-Island Flycatcher is of a regular oval

shape and slightly glossy. It is of a pinkish-white colour, mottled all over with lilac-red and lilac, and measures '72 by '53.

1. Chatham Islands (H. O. Forbes).

Crowley Bequest.

Pseudogerygone chrysogaster (Gray).

Pseudogerygone chrysogaster, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M.iv. p. 226 (1879); Nehrk. Cat. Eiersamml. p. 26 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 230 (1901).

The eggs of the New Guinea Yellow-bellied Flycatcher appear to resemble those of *P. magnirostris* very closely. Two examples measure respectively: '71 by '5; '7 by '5.

2. New Guinea, 21st Dec.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus MUSCYLVA, Lesson.

Muscylva lessoni, Jacq. & Puch.

(Plate VIII. fig. 4.)

Muscylva lessoni, *Sharpe*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* iv. p. 233 (1879); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml*. p. 26 (1899); *Sharpe*, *Hand-l*. iii. p. 232 (1901).

The eggs of Lesson's Flycatcher in the Collection are of a broad oval form and exhibit a slight amount of gloss. They are white, speckled, almost entirely at the broad end, with purplish brown and lilac. They measure respectively: '72 by '55; '72 by '57.

2. Fiji Islands.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus MIRO, Less.

Miro albifrons (Gm.).

(Plate VIII. fig. 5.)

Petrocea albifrons, *Potts*, *Trans. N. Z. Inst.* ii. p. 60 (1869); iii. p. 76 (1870).

Miro albifrons, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 235 (1879); Buller, Birds
 New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 36 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 26 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 232 (1901).

The eggs of the New-Zealand South-Island Flycatcher are of a pointed oval shape and exhibit a small amount of gloss. They are of a greyish-white colour, mottled and blotched with greyish brown and lavender. Three examples measure respectively: '97 by '71; '98 by '7; 1'05 by '75.

2. Otago, New Zealand (E. P. Seymour).

Crowley Bequest.

1. Taiori District, New Zealand, 12th Nov. (E. P. S.).

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PECILODRYAS, Gould.

Pecilodryas sub-cyana (De Vis).

(Plate VIII. fig. 6.)

Pœcilodryas sub-cyanea, De Vis, Ibis, 1897, p. 377. Pœcilodryas sub-cyana, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 234 (1901).

The eggs of the New-Guinea Bluish Flycatcher in the Collection are of a regular oval shape and moderately glossy. They are greenish white, mottled all over with very pale rufous and underlying lavender. They measure respectively: '8 by '62; '81 by '61.

2. S.E. New Guinea.

Herr Weiske [C.].

Pecilodryas capito (Gould).

(Plate VIII. fig. 7.)

Eopsaltria capito, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 297 (1865); North, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W. ii. p. 146 (1888); id. Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 109 (1889).

Poecilodryas capito, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 245 (1879); Campbell, Nests & Egys Austr. Birds, i. p. 150 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 236 (1901).

An egg of the Large-headed Flycatcher in the Collection is of a blunt oval form and exhibits a considerable amount of gloss. It is of a creamy-white colour, almost imperceptibly tinged with green, blotched, chiefly at the broad end, with light chestnut and grey. It measures '77 by '57.

1. Cooktown, N. Queensland, Nov. Crowley Bequest. (D. Le Souëf).

Genus XANTHOPYGIA, Blyth.

Xanthopygia xanthopygia (A. Hay).

(Plate VIII. fig. 8.)

Xanthopygia tricolor, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 250 (1879); Tacz. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 480 (1891); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 26 (1899).

Xanthopygia xanthopygia, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 238 (1901).

The eggs of the Siberian Yellow-rumped Flycatcher* are of a broad oval form and moderately glossy. They are of a white or pinkish-white colour, delicately speekled, chiefly round the broad

^{*} The name 'M. narcissina' is written on all these eggs, but it appears from Taczanowski's account of the distribution of X. narcissina and X. xanthopygia, that they are referable to the latter species.

end, with light chestnut and lilac. They measure from .65 to .7 in length, and from .51 to .59 in breadth.

Eastern Siberia.
 Amur-land.
 Amur-land, 10th May.
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

Genus CYANOPTILA, Blyth.

Cyanoptila bella (A. Hay).

Xanthopygia cyanomelæna, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 251 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 26 (1899).

Niltava cyanomelæna, Seebohm, Birds Japan. Emp. p. 59 (1890).

Cyanoptila cyanomelæna, Tacz. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 482 (1891). Cyanoptila bella, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 238 (1901).

The eggs of the Japanese Blue Flycatcher are of an excessively broad oval form and slightly glossy. They are of a plain cream-colour. Five examples measure respectively: '78 by '65; '79 by '64; '8 by '6; '8 by '63; '8 by '61.

Japan (*H. Pryer*).
 Amur-land, 1st June.

Seebohm Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Genus OCHROMELA, Blyth.

Ochromela nigrirufa (Jerd.).

(Plate VIII. fig. 9.)

Siphia nigrorufa, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 455 (1879); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 425 (1879).

Ochromela nigrirufa, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 37 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 14 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 238 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-and-Orange Flycatcher are of an oval form, and generally exhibit some small amount of gloss. They are greyish white, speckled and mottled with dull reddish brown. The markings are usually very dense at the large end, where, in most cases, they form a confluent and well-defined cap. Two examples in the Collection are of a pale stone-colour, mottled with a slightly darker shade of the same. Seven specimens measure from '66 to '72 in length, and from '53 to '56 in breadth.

Nilghiri Hills, April.
 Nilghiri Hills, 19th May.
 Coonoor, Nilghiri Hills, 10th April (H. Carter).
 Coonoor, 25th May.
 Hume Coll.
 Hume Coll.

Genus TARSIGER, Hodgs.

Tarsiger chrysæus, Hodgs.

(Plate VIII. fig. 10.)

Tarsiger chrysteus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 260 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 104 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 67 (1890); Osmaston, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. xi. p. 66 (1897); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 238 (1901).

The egg of the Golden Bush-Robin in the Collection is of an clongated oval form, nearly equally pointed at both ends, and exhibits a considerable amount of gloss. It is of a plain deep blue colour, and measures '79 by '56.

1. Native Sikhim, 27th June.

Hume Coll.

Genus POLIOPTILA, Sclater.

The eggs of the Gnatcatchers are all very similar one to another and cannot be separated. They are of a rather broad oval shape and exhibit but little gloss. The ground-colour is white, bluish-white or very pale blue, and the whole shell is thickly speckled and spotted with deep chestnut, reddish brown, and lavender or lilac. The markings are frequently more dense and of larger size at the broad end than elsewhere, and form an imperfect cap.

Polioptila cærulea (Linn.).

Polioptila cærulea, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, i. p. 78 (1874); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 442 (1885); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 27 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 240 (1901).

Three eggs of the Blue-grey Gnatcatcher measure respectively: •58 by •46; •57 by •46; •59 by •48.

North America (Nehrkorn Coll.).
 North America.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Polioptila dumicola (Vieill.).

(Plate VIII. fig. 12.)

Polioptila dumicola, Hudson, P. Z. S. 1874, p. 158; Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 444 (1885); Scl. & Huds. Argent. Orn. i. p. 12 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 27 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 241 (1901).

The eggs of the Brush-loving Gnatcatcher in the Collection measure respectively: '62 by '47; '65 by '45; '57 by '43.

3. Argentine Republic.

Crowley Bequest.

Polioptila californica, Brewster.

Polioptila melanura, Baird, Brewer & Ridgw. N. Amer. Birds, i. p. 81

Polioptila californica, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 451 (1885); id. Hand-l, iii, p. 242 (1901).

Four eggs of the Black-capped Gnatcatcher in the Collection measure respectively: .62 by .48; .64 by .5; .62 by .45; .6 by .48.

1. California (Smiths. Inst.).

4. San Diego, California, 4th May.

Salvin-Godman Coll.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Polioptila albiloris, Sel. & Salv.

Polioptila albiloris, Owen, Ibis, 1861, p. 61, pl. ii. fig. 3; Salv. & Godm. Biol. Centr.-Amer., Aves, i. p. 53 (1879); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. x. p. 454 (1885); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 26 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 242 (1901).

The eggs of the Guatemalan Gnatcatcher measure from .52 to .6 in length, and from '42 to '5 in breadth.

4. Chaucus, Vera Paz, Guatemala (R. Owen).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

2. Yucatan (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

3. Yucatan.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus PARISOMA, Swains.

Parisoma subcæruleum (Vieill.).

(Plate VIII. fig. 11.)

Parisoma subceruleum, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 332 (1875-84); id. Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 268 (1879); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 242 (1901); Stark & Sclater, Fauna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 75 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-vented Flycatcher in the Collection are of an ordinary oval shape and slightly glossy. They are white, speckled and spotted, chiefly in the form of a zone round the broad end, with umber-brown, ashy-brown, and lavender. They measure respectively: :67 by :51; :72 by :55.

2. South Africa.

E. L. Layard Esq. [P.].

Parisoma layardi, Hartl.

Parisoma layardi. Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 334 (1875-84); id. Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 270 (1879); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 242 (1901); Stark & Sclater, Fauna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 76 (1901).

The eggs of Layard's Flycatcher in the Collection are very similar to those of P. subcaruleum. They measure respectively: '72 by '52; ·71 by ·52.

2. Nels Poort, S. Africa (T. Atmore; Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

Genus BATIS, Boie.

Batis capensis (Linn.).

(Plate VIII. fig. 13.)

Batis capensis, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 346 (1875-84); id. Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 133 (1879); Ayres, Ibis, 1879, p. 402; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 24 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 244 (1901).

Pachyprora capensis, Stark & Schater, Fauna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 254

(1901).

An egg of the Cape Flycatcher in the Collection is of a very broad oval form and very glossy. It is of a very pale pinkish-white colour, rather heavily spotted and blotched round the middle portion of the egg with chestnut and grey. The two ends of the shell are merely lightly speckled. This example measures '69 by '55.

1. Natal.

T. Ayres, Esq. [C.]

Genus HYPOTHYMIS, Boie.

Hypothymis azurea (Bodd.).

Hypothymis azurea, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 274 (1879); Barnes, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 96, pl.—, fig. 290 (1889); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 27 (1890): id. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 49 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 27 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 248 (1901).

The eggs of the Indian Black-naped Flycatcher are usually of a regular oval form, but some are somewhat sharply pointed at the smaller end. They exhibit a considerable amount of gloss, and vary in ground-colour from creamy-white to pale salmon-pink. The markings consist of specks and small spots of chestnut and lavender or lilae, and these are generally densely set round the larger end, where they coalesce and form a broad zone. The smaller half of the egg is comparatively free from markings. Specimens vary from '68 to '76 in length, and from '5 to '55 in breadth.

1.	Kolaba, Bombay.	Crowley Bequest.
8.		Hume Coll.
	June (F. R. Blewitt).	
2.	Raipur, 20th June (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.
5.	Raipur (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.
1.		Hume Coll.
	June (Miss Cockburn).	
2.	Pegu, 28th May (E. W. Oates).	Hume Coll.
3.	Pegu, 28th May (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.
	Pegu, 28th May (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
1.	Pegu, 25th July (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.
3.		Hume Coll.
	(J. Darling).	
5.	Tavoy, 21st April (J. D.).	Hume Coll.

Hypothymis occipitalis (Vig.).

Myiagra azurea (nec Bodd.), Swinhoe, Ibis, 1863, p. 261.

Hypothymis occipitalis, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 337; id. Cat. Birds
B. M. iv. p. 275 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 27, taf. i. fig. 6
(1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 248 (1901).

Hypothymis azurea, Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 237.

The eggs of the Malayan Black-naped Flycatcher resemble those of H. azurea in general character. Those, however, collected in the Malay Peninsula and Borneo are very heavily marked, while those from Formosa are very feebly speckled. Two specimens brought by Whitehead from Luzon differ remarkably in having a pure white ground, delicately speckled all over with reddish brown and lilae, without any indication of the zone round the broad end which characterizes the eggs of most of the Flycatchers of this genus. Specimens measure from .68 to .81 in length, and from .5 to .55 in breadth.

3. Salang, Malay Peninsula, 10th March.

Hume Coll. Sir Hugh Low [C.]. 5.

Labuan, Borneo. Cape Engaño, N.E. Luzon, 24th 2. J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.]. May. Seebohm Coll.

Formosa, 1st May (P. A. Holst).

Seebohm Coll. Formosa, 8th May (P. A. H.).

Hypothymis tytleri (Beavan).

(Plate VIII. fig. 14.)

Hypothymis occipitalis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 275, part. (1879). Hypothymis tytleri, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 50 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 30 (1890).

The eggs of the Andaman Black-naped Flycatcher in the Collection are similar to many of those of H. azurea. They measure respectively: .69 by .52; .67 by .53.

2. Aberdeen, South Andaman Island. Hume Coll. 23rd April.

Genus TODOPSIS, Bp.

Todopsis cyanocephala (Q, & G).

(Plate VIII. fig. 16.)

Todopsis cyanocephala, Gould, Birds New Guinea, ii. pl. 21; Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 280 (1879); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 249 (1901).

The eggs of the New-Guinea Flycatcher are of a narrow oval form and devoid of gloss. They are cream-coloured, thickly speckled, especially at the broad end, with lilac-red and chestnut. Three examples measure respectively: .68 by .48; .68 by .49; .68 by .49.

3. S.E. New Guinea (with two eggs of Herr Weiske [C.]. Cacomantis insperatus).

Genus TROCHOCERCUS, Cab.

Trochocercus bourbonnensis (P. L. S. Müll.).

(Plate VIII, fig. 15.)

Tchitrea borbonica, E. Newton, Ibis, 1861, p. 271. Trochocercus borbonicus, Shavpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 302 (1879). Trochocercus bourbonnensis, Shavpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 251 (1901).

The sole egg of the Bourbon Flycatcher in the Collection is of a broad oval shape and devoid of gloss. It is cream-coloured, blotched, almost entirely at the broad end, with lilac-red and lilac-grey. It measures '77 by '59.

1. Mauritius, 10th Dec. (E. Newton). Crowley Bequest.

Genus RHIPIDURA, Vig. & Horsf.

The eggs of the different species of Fantail Flycatchers, although varying individually, are of much the same general character

throughout.

They are of a somewhat pointed oval shape and exhibit little or no gloss. The ground-colour varies from pure white to creamy white and yellowish buff, and the markings, consisting of specks, spots and small blotches, are of a greyish brown, olive, pale rufous, and lavender colour. In the great majority of specimens, the markings are chiefly contined to a well-defined zone round the broad end and they are very sparse elsewhere, and in many respects the eggs resemble those of many species of Shrikes. In a comparatively small number of specimens the zone is imperfect or ill-defined, the markings being spread over the whole shell. The specimens figured (Plate VIII.) indicate some of the types of coloration amongst the eggs of these Flycatchers.

Rhipidura flabellifera (Gm.).

Rhipidura flabellifera, Potts, Trans. New Zeal. Inst. ii. p. 63 (1869); iii. p. 77 (1870); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 308 (1879); Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 69 (1888); McLean, Ibis, 1892, p. 252; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. i. p. 28 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 252 (1901).

The eggs of the New Zealand Pied Fantail Flycatcher resemble those of *R. nigritorquis* (Plate VIII. fig. 19). Specimens measure from 6 to 65 in length, and from 47 to 52 in breadth.

3. New Zealand.

2. New Zealand.

1. Otago, New Zealand, Nov. (E. P. Seymour).

1. Otago, Dec. (E. P. S.).

T. H. Potts, Esq. [P.].

H. Wharton, Esq. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Rhipidura albiscapa, Gould.

Rhipidura albiscapa, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 238 (1865); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 310 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 84 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 28 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 108, pl. 8 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 252 (1901).

The eggs of the White-shafted Fantail Flycatcher have the ground-colour creamy-white and the markings disposed in various forms. They measure from '6 to '67 in length, and from '47 to '5 in breadth.

2. South Australia.

2. Wellington, N.S.W., 12th Dec. (with an egg of Cacomantis variolosus).

4. Dobroyde, N.S.W., Oct. (E. P. Ramsay: Tristram Coll.).

2. Victoria.

3. Heidelberg, Victoria, 6th Dec. (A. J. North).

1. Dandenong Ranges, Victoria, 15th Dec.

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Govt. of Victoria [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Rhipidura diemenensis, Sharpe.

Rhipidura saturata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 311 (1879).
Rhipidura diemenensis, North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 85 (1889);
Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 112 (1901); Sharpe,
Hand-l. iii. p. 252 (1901).

The eggs of the Tasmanian Fantail Flycatcher are cream-coloured and rather heavily marked, but the characteristic zone is not well defined in any of the specimens in the Collection. Four examples measure respectively: '61 by '47; '61 by '49; '63 by '49; '62 by '48.

Tasmania.
 Tasmania (W. H. Bignold).

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Rhipidura nebulosa, Peale.

Rhipidura nebulosa, Finsch & Hartl. Fanna Central-Polyn. p. 86, pl. i. fig. 6 (1867); Whitmee, Ibis, 1875, p. 439; Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 315 (1879); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 254 (1901).

The sole egg of the Samoan Fantail Flycatcher in the Collection is of a dark cream-colour and very heavily marked over the entire larger half. It is fractured and the dimensions cannot be given.

1. Samoa.

Rev. S. J. Whitmee [C.].

Rhipidura fuliginosa (Sparrm.).

Rhipidura fuliginosa, Potts, Trans. New Zeal. Inst. ii. p. 63 (1869); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 316 (1879); Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. i. p. 72 (1888); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 28 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 254 (1901).

The eggs of the New-Zealand Black Fantail Flycatcher in the Collection have a nearly pure white ground-colour and the markings form a more or less well-defined zone. They measure respectively: '62 by '49; '65 by '5; '6 by '49; '6 by '48.

2. Nelson, New Zealand, Oct. (W. P. Crowley Bequest. Howlett: Tristram Coll.).

Canterbury, New Zealand.
 Capt. R. Snow [P.].
 Crowley Bequest.

Rhipidura albicollis (Vieill.).

Rhipidura fuscoventris, Jard. Contr. Orn. 1852, p. 99, pl. xcii.
Rhipidura albicollis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 317 (1879); Oates,
Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 53 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests &
Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 35 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 254
(1901).

The eggs of the Indian White-throated Fantail Flycatcher vary from white to yellowish buff in ground-colour and have the markings disposed in varied forms. They measure from '65 to '7 in length, and from '47 to '52 in breadth.

India.
 Sikhim.
 Dehra Dhoon.
 Raipur, C. Provs.,
 Fureedpur, Bengal, 18th May
 (J. R. Cripps).
 Hume Coll.
 Hume Coll.
 Hume Coll.

Rhipidura rufifrons (Lath.).

Rhipidura rufifrons, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 240 (1865); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 319 (1879); Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N. S. W. 2nd ser. i. p. 1143 (1886); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 87 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 28 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 112, pl. 8 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 255 (1901).

The eggs of the Rufous Fantail Flycatcher in the Collection are of a yellowish-buff colour, with a broad zone of confluent spots round the broad end. They measure respectively: '71 by '52; '71 by '5.

2. Richmond, N. S. Wales, Nov. Crowley Bequest. (A. J. Campbell).

Rhipidura cyaniceps (Cass.).

(Plate VIII. fig. 17.)

Rhipidura cyaniceps, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 323 (1879); Grant,

Ibis, 1896, p. 111; Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 236; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 257 (1901).

The eggs of the Blue-headed Fantail Flycatcher in the Collection are of a yellowish-buff colour, with a zone of large confluent blotches round the broad end. They measure respectively: '74 by '53; '75 by '55.

2. Cape Engaño, N.E. Luzon, 29th J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.]. April.

Rhipidura perlata, S. Müll.

Rhipidura perlata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 28 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 28 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 259 (1901).

An egg of the Spotted Fantail Flycatcher in the Collection is of a pale yellowish-cream colour, marked with a well-defined zone round the broad end. It measures '72 by '55.

1. S.W. Borneo (Grabowski).

Crowley Bequest.

Rhipidura javanica (Sparrm.).

(Plate VIII. fig. 18.)

Rhipidura javanica, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 332 (1879); id. P. Z. S. 1879, p. 337; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 28 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 260 (1901).

The eggs of the Java Fantail Flycatcher have the ground-colour in some specimens white, in others yellowish buff. The zone is generally well-marked. They measure from '7 to '75 in length, and from '54 to '57 in breadth.

3. Labuan, Borneo.

2. Labuan, 23rd March.

Labuan (Sir Hugh Low).
 Lawas, Borneo, 8th April

(J. Whitehead).

Sir Hugh Low [C.].

Sir Hugh Low [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Rhipidura nigritorquis, Vig.

(Plate VIII. fig. 19.)

Rhipidura nigritorquis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 834 (1879); Steere, List Birds & Mamm. Philip. p. 15 (1890); Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 236; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 28 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 261 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-necked Fantail Flycatcher in the Collection have the ground of a pale cream-colour, and the markings chiefly confined to an irregular zone round the broad end. They measure from ·68 to ·74 in length, and from ·52 to ·57 in breadth.

Marinduque, Philippines, 8th May. Steere Exped. Steere Exped. Marinduque, 12th May.

Crowley Bequest. .1. Cebu (Kock). 1. Luzon (Schadenberg). Crowley Bequest.

Rhipidura pectoralis (Jerd.).

Rhipidura pectoralis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 335 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 55 (1890); id. ed. Hune, Nests & Eygs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 38 (1890); Nehrlt. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 29 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 261 (1901).

The eggs of the White-spotted Fantail Flycatcher vary in groundcolour from white to pale creamy buff, and are marked at the broad end with a more or less well-defined zone. They measure from .65 to ·7 in length, and from ·47 to ·5 in breadth.

Dhubir, Khandesh, India, 10th Hume Coll. June.

Honsoor, Mysore, 25th June (J. Hume Coll. Macpherson).

Kotagherry, Nilghiri Hills, 22nd 1. Hume Coll. May (Miss Cockburn).

Kotagherry, 26th May (Miss Cock-Hume Coll. burn).

Rhipidura albifrontata, Frankl.

Rhipidura albifrontata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 338 (1879); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 412 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 52 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 31 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 29 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 261 (1901).

The eggs of the White-browed Fantail Flycatcher are very uniform, the ground varying from white in some specimens to various shades of cream-colour, or pale brownish yellow in others. The markings are almost entirely confined to a broad zone round the larger end. Examples measure from 6 to 68 in length, and from ·47 to ·54 in breadth.

1. India. Crowley Bequest. 1. Delhi, 8th July (C. T. Bingham). Hume Coll. N.W. Provinces, 27th March (W. E. Brooks). 1. Crowley Bequest. Agra, 30th July. Hume Coll. Baraitch, May. Hume Coll. Mirzapur (W. E. Brooks: Tristram Crowley Bequest.

Coll.). Allahabad, 3rd July (A. O. Hume). Hume Coll. Allahabad, 17th July (A. O. II.). Hume Coll.

Deesa, 22nd July (E. A. Butler), Jhansi, July (F. R. Blewitt), Jhansi, Aug. (F. R. B.). Saugor, C. Provs, 24th July Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. (F, R, B).

3. Saugor, 28th July (F. R. B.). 5. Raipur, C. Provs.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

Raipur, 20th June.

Rhipidura tricolor (Vieill.).

(Plate VIII. fig. 20.)

Sauloprocta motacilloides, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 244 (1865); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 88 (1889).

Sauloprocta picata, Gould, tom. cit. p. 246. Rhipidura tricolor, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 339 (1879); Le Souëf, Vict. Nat. xvi. p. 65 (1899); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 29 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 116, pl. 8 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii, p. 261 (1901).

Sauloprocta melaleuca, Layard, Ibis, 1880, p. 296.

The eggs of the Black-and-White Fantail Flycatcher are of a creamy-buff colour, and the markings forming the zone are, in many cases, very dark. They measure from '76 to '81 in length, and from .54 to .6 in breadth.

Australia. 2. Queensland.

3. Dawson River, Queensland, 8th Oct.

New South Wales. New South Wales.

Dobroyde, N.S.W., Oct. (E. P. Ramsay).

Dobroyde, Oct. (E. P. Ramsay: Tristram Coll.).

Liverpool, N.S.W., 16th Sept. (A. J. North).

South Australia (G. F. Angas).

3. South Australia.

3. Burra Creek, Australia, 15th Oct.

I. Amboina. 2. New Britain (E. L. Layard: Tristram Coll.).

Salvin-Godman Coll.

Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Gould Coll.

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll. Gould Coll.

E. S. Moulden, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Genus ZEOCEPHUS, Bp.

Zeocephus rufus (Gray).

Zeocephus rufus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 343 (1879); Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 235, pl. v. fig. 4; Nehrk, Kat. Eiersamml. p. 29 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 262 (1901).

The eggs of the Chestnut Flycatcher in the Collection are of a regular oval form and exhibit a small amount of gloss. They are white, spotted and blotched with chestnut and lilac, chiefly at the broad end. They measure respectively: .84 by .62; .83 by .61; ·85 by ·62.

3. Cape Engaño, N.E. Luzon, 24th J. Whitehead Esq. [C.]. April.

Genus TERPSIPHONE, Gloger.

Terpsiphone paradisi (Linn.).

(Plate VIII. fig. 21.)

Terpsiphone paradisi, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 346 (1879); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 404 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 45 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 22 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 29 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 263 (1901).

The eggs of the Indian Paradise Flycatcher are of a pointed oval form and exhibit a considerable amount of gloss. The ground-colour varies from pinkish white to salmon-pink, and this is spotted and speckled with chestnut, lilac and lavender. The markings, as a rule, are dense at the broad end and sparse elsewhere, but a few specimens are well marked even at the small end. The spots at the broad end often form an irregular zone.

Four examples from Delhi differ from the above in being white, with markings of very dark purplish brown, chocolate and layender.

Specimens measure from .75 to .88 in length, and from .57 to .65 in breadth.

4.	Delhi, India, 27th May (C. T.	Hume Coll.
	Bingham).	
2.	Delhi, 2nd June (C. T. B.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Bareilly, N.W. Provs., 19th June	Crowley Bequest
	(W. E. Brooks: Tristram Coll.).	
3,	Bareilly, 19th June (A. O. Hume).	Hume Coll.
1.	Jhansi (F. R. Blewitt).	Hume Coll.
6.	Raipur, C. Provs., June (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.
17.	Raipur, July (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.

Terpsiphone affinis (Blyth).

Terpsiphone affinis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 349 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 47 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 26 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 29 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 263 ((1901).

The eggs of the Burmeso Paradise Flycatcher very closely resemble those of *T. paradisi*. Six specimens measure from '77 to '86 in length, and from '58 to '64 in breadth.

2. 2.	Darjiling (J. Gammie). Kussoom, Malay Peninsula, 3rd	Hume Coll. Hume Coll.
	June.	
2.	Johore, Malay Peninsula, 16th	Hume Coll.

March.

Terpsiphone incei (Gould).

Terpsiphone incii, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 350 (1879); Rickett, 1bis, 1894, p. 221.

Terpsiphone incei, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 263 (1901).

The eggs of the Chinese Paradise Flycatcher are not separable from those of *T. paradisi*. They measure from '72 to '88 in length, and from '55 to '59 in breadth.

4. Foochow, China, 26th May.

C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

3. Foochow, 21st May.

Terpsiphone mutata (Linn.).

Tchitrea pretiosa, E. Newton, Ibis, 1863, p. 347.

Terpsiphone mutata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 351 (1879); Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edin. vii. p. 148 (1882); Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. ii. p. 387, pl. 304. fig. 1 (1885); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 29 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 264 (1901).

Three eggs of the Madagascar Paradise Flycatcher, forming a clutch, are of a pale salmon-pink colour, densely speckled over the larger half with pale chestnut and lavender, and resemble many of the eggs of *T. paradisi*. Three eggs, forming another clutch, are of a pinkish-white colour, heavily blotched round the larger end, in the form of a broad and irregular zone, with brownish pink, lilac and lavender. Six examples measure from '72 to '76 in length, and from '55 to '57 in breadth.

3. Betsileo, Madagascar.

Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.].

3. Madagascar (E. Newton: Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

Terpsiphone perspicillata, Swains.

Terpsiphone cristata, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 352 (1875–84).

Terpsiphone perspicillata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 357 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 29 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 264 (1901); Stark & Sclater, Fauna S. Africa, Birds, ii. p. 261 (1901).

The eggs of the South-African Paradise Flycatcher in the Collection are of a narrow oval form, and do not differ from those of *T. paradisi*. They measure respectively: '83 by '54; '8 by '55; '8 by '55.

3. South Africa.

Purchased.

Terpsiphone princeps (Temm.).

Tchitrea princeps, Blak. & Pryer, Ibis, 1878, p. 234.
Terpsiphone princeps, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 361 (1879); Seebohm,
Birds Japan. Emp. p. 63 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 29
(1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 265 (1901).

The eggs of the Japanese Paradise Flycatcher in the Collection are of a regular oval form with a small amount of gloss. In

coloration they are light salmon-pink or whitish-pink spotted with red and lilae, the spots being almost confined to the broader end, and, in the clutch from Ishigaki Island, forming a zone. They measure from '78 to '85 in length, and from '59 to '62 in breadth.

4. Ishigaki Isl., Liu-Kiu Islands, 1st June.

4. Fuji, 2nd June.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].
W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Genus RHINOMYIAS, Sharpe.

Rhinomyias pectoralis (Salvad.).

(Plate IX. fig. 2.)

Rhinomyias pectoralis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 368 (1879); id. Ibis, 1889, p. 201; id. Hand-l. iii, p. 266 (1901).

The eggs of the Pectoral Flycatcher are of a broad oval form and moderately glossy. They are of a pale greyish-green colour, densely mottled all over with pale rufous grey and lavender. Three examples measure respectively: '72 by '55; '67 by '55; '71 by '55.

 Mt. Kina Balu, Borneo, Feb. (J. Crowley Bequest. Whitehead).

Rhinomyias albigularis, Bourns & Worcester.

Rhinomyias albigularis, Bourns & Worcester, Occ. Papers Minn. Acad. Nat. Sci. i. p. 27 (1894); Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 237, pl. v. fig. 3; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 267 (1901).

One of the eggs of the White-throated Flycatcher in the Collection is of an elliptical, the other of a blunt oval form, and both are glossy. The ground, hardly any of which is distinctly visible, appears to be of a reddish cream-colour, and it is very thickly mottled and clouded all over with reddish brown. The two specimens measure respectively: '89 by '65; '87 by '65.

 Canloan Volcano, Central Negros, Philippines, 21st March.
 Whitehead, Esq. [C.].

Rhinomyias gularis, Sharpe.

(Plate IX. fig. 1.)

Rhinomyias gularis, *Sharpe, Ibis*, 1888, p. 385; 1889, p. 201; *id. Hand-l.* iii. p. 267 (1901).

The eggs of the White-throated Flycatcher in the Collection are of a blunt oval form and slightly glossy. They are of a pale greyishgreen colour, freekled all over with pale brownish chestnut, the markings also forming an indistinct hand of brighter colour round the broad end. Two examples measure respectively: 9 by 62; ·9 by ·65.

2. Mt. Kina Balu, Borneo, 13th March Crowley Bequest. (J. Whitehead).

Genus CULICICAPA, Swinh.

Culicicapa ceylonensis (Swains.).

(Plate IX. fig. 6.)

Culicicapa ceylonensis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 369 (1879); id. Ihis, 1889, p. 202; Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 410 (1879); Oates ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 16 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 268 (1901).

The eggs of the Grey-headed Flycatcher are of a broad oval form and moderately glossy. They are cream-coloured, blotched and clouded with pale brown and dark lavender-grey, densely over the larger half of the egg where the markings assume the form of a broad and more or less well-defined zone, and sparingly elsewhere. On the whole, they resemble the common type of egg of the Rhipidura group. They measure from .58 to .65 in length, and from .46 to 5 in breadth.

Sikhim, 10th June (J. Gammie).

7. Nilghiri Hills.

Kotagherry, Nilghiri Hills, 30th April (Miss Cockburu).

Ootacamund, 1st May. Mount Kina Balu, Borneo, 29th April (J. Whitehead: with an egg of Hierococcyx fugax).

Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Hume Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Genus MYIAGRA, Vig. & Horsf.

Myiagra nitida, Gould.

Myiagra nitida, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 255 (1865); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 375 (1879); North, Nests & Eyys Austr. Birds, p. 94 (1889); Campbell, Nests & Eyys Austr. Birds, i. p. 121, pl. 9 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 268 (1901).

The eggs of the Satin Flycatcher are of an ordinary oval shape and slightly glossy. Two specimens in the Collection are white, spotted and blotched with umber-brown and purplish grey in a welldefined zone round the large end. A third specimen is also white, but the zone is barely indicated, the markings being pale brown and lavender and distributed more or less over the whole shell. Three examples measure respectively: .83 by .6; .8 by .6; .73 by .57.

2. Tasmania (E. D. Atkinson).

1. Tasmania (*E. D. A.*).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Myiagra vanicorensis (Q. g. G.).

(Plate IX. fig. 3.)

Myiagra castaneiventris, Finsch & Hartl. Fauna Central-Polyn. p. 95, tab. xiv. fig. 6 (1867); Layard, P. Z. S. 1875, p. 435.

Myiagra rufiventris, Sharpe, Čat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 376 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 29 (1899).

Myiagra vanicorensis, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 269 (1901).

The eggs of the Fiji-Islands Flycatcher are of a broad oval shape and slightly glossy. They are creamy white, spotted and blotched with purplish brown and lavender. The markings are chiefly confined to the broad end of the egg, where they form a more or less confluent and well-defined zone. They measure from '73 to '78 in length, and from '54 to '6 in breadth.

Messrs. Finsch & Hartlaub state that the egg of this Flycatcher is plain blue, and so figure it. Layard also formerly stated that he was informed that the eggs were blue, but Herr Nehrkorn rightly notes that they resemble the eggs of the Shrikes in general character.

2. Fiji Islands.

5. Fiji Islands (Tristram Coll.).

2. Fiji Islands (E. L. Layard: Tristram Coll.).

2. Fiji Islands.

F. M. Rayner, Esq. [P.].

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Myiagra melanura, Gray.

Myiagra melanura, *Sharpe*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* iv. p. 379 (1879); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml*. p. 29 (1899); *Sharpe*, *Hand-l*. iii. p. 269 (1901).

The eggs of the New-Hebrides Flycatcher in the Collection resemble those of *M. vanicorensis*. Two examples measure respectively: •78 by •6; •8 by •6.

2. New Hebrides, 20th Oct. (J. G. Crowley Bequest. Paton: Tristram Coll.).

Myiagra pluto, Finsch.

(Plate IX. fig. 4.)

Myiagra pluto, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 380 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 29 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 270 (1901).

An egg of the Black Flycatcher in the Collection is of a very blunt oval, or nearly elliptical, shape and exhibits a small amount of gloss. It is white, speckled and spotted, chiefly at the broad end, with greyish brown, lilac and lavender. It measures '86 by '65.

1. Ponapé, Caroline Islands, 12th Jan. Crowley Bequest.

Myiagra oceanica, Jacq. & Pucher.

(Plate IX. fig. 5.)

Myiagra oceanica, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 383 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 30 (1899); Hartert, Nov. Zool. 1900, p. 5; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 271 (1901).

The eggs of the Oceanic Flycatcher in the Collection are of a blunt oval form and nearly devoid of all gloss. They are cream-coloured, marked, almost entirely, in the form of a well-defined zone round the broad end, with blotches and clouds of brown and lavender. They measure respectively: 82 by 61; 83 by 63; 79 by 62.

 Caroline Islands (Nehrkorn Coll.).
 Ruk Island, Caroline Islands, 10th May and 19th June (Tring Museum). Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Genus CRYPTOLOPHA, Swains.

The eggs of the Flycatchers of this genus are of a broad oval shape, exhibit little or no gloss, and are of a plain white colour.

Cryptolopha ricketti, Slater.

Cryptolopha ricketti, Slater, Ibis, 1897, p. 174; La Touche, Ibis, 1899, p. 425; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 272 (1901).

Two eggs of Rickett's Flycatcher-Warbler measure respectively: •56 by •45; •62 by •47.

Kuatun, Foh-kien, China, May.
 Kuatun, May (J. D. La T.).

J. D. La Touche, Esq. [P.]. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

Cryptolopha xanthoschista (Hodgs.).

Cryptolopha xanthoschista, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 398 (1879);
Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 425 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests
& Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 270 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 273
(1901).

The eggs of Hodgson's Grey-headed Flycatcher-Warbler measure from .54 to .63 in length, and from .45 to .5 in breadth.

 N.W. Himalayas, 27th March (W. Crowley Bequest. E. Brooks: Tristram Coll.).

 Dharumsala, 10th April (C. R. Hume Coll. Cock).
 Sikhim (J. Gammie). Hume Coll.

Sikhim (J. Gammie).
 Sikhim, 27th March (J. G.).
 Mongphoo, Darjiling (J. G.).
 Mongphoo, 11th April (J. G.).
 Hume Coll.
 Hume Coll.
 Hume Coll.

3. Lebong, Sikhim (L. Mandelli). Hume Coll.

Cryptolopha poliogenys (Blyth).

Cryptolopha poliogenys, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 403 (1879);
Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 426 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests
§ Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 272 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 274 (1901).

The eggs of the Grey-cheeked Flycatcher-Warbler in the Collection measure respectively: '66 by '5; '66 by '49.

2. Mongphoo, Darjiling, 8th May Hume Coll. (J. Gammie).

Cryptolopha sinensis, Rickett.

Cryptolopha sinensis, Rickett, Bull. B. O. C. vii. p. xxxvi (1898); La Touche, Ibis, 1899, p. 426; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 274 (1901).

The eggs of the Chinese Flycatcher-Warbler measure from '53 to '56 in length, and from '41 to '43 in breadth.

1.	Kuatun, Foh-kien, China, May (J.	J. D. La Touche, Esq. [P.].
	D. La T.).	, , , ,
2.	Kuatun, 23rd April (J. D.	C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].
	$La\ T.$).	
1.	Kuatun, May (J. D. La T.).	C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].
5.	Kuatun, 15th May (J. D. La T.).	C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].
3.	Kuatun, 15 th May (J. D. La T.).	C. B. Rickett, Esq. P.].
2.	Kuatun, 22nd May (J. D. La T.).	C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

Genus ABRORNIS, Hodgs.

The eggs of the Flycatchers of this genus are of a broad oval shape and exhibit but little gloss. They are pinkish white in some cases, greenish white in others, and they are densely mottled and blotched with chestnut and lilac, especially at the broad end, where the markings are often confluent and form an imperfect cap or zone. The eggs of the different species are closely alike.

Abrornis schisticeps, Hodgs.

(Plate IX. fig. 7.)

Cryptolopha schisticeps, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 400 (1879).

Abrornis schisticeps, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 430 (1889);
id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 274 (1889); Sharpe,
Hand-l. iii. p. 275 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-faced Flycatcher-Warbler in the Collection measure respectively: .56 by .44; .56 by .45; .55 by .43.

3. Mongphoo, Darjiling, 26th May Hume Coll. (J. Gammie).

Abrornis superciliaris, Tick.

Cryptolopha superciliaris, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 402 (1879);

Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 30 (1899).

Abrornis superciliaris, Oates, Fauna Brit Ind., Birds, i. p. 429 (1889);
id. ed. Hume, Nests & Egys Ind. Birds, i. p. 273 (1889); Sharpe,
Hand-l. iii. p. 275 (1901).

An egg of the Yellow-bellied Flycatcher-Warbler measures '63 by ·43.

1. Mongphoo, Darjiling, 5th June Hume Coll. (J. Gammie).

Abrornis albigularis, Moore.

Cryptolopha albigularis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 405 (1879). Abrornis albigularis, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p 430 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 275 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 276 (1901).

An egg of the White-throated Flycatcher-Warbler measures :55 by .43.

1. Assam, 6th July (J. R. Cripps). Hume Coll.

Abrornis fulvifacies, Swinh.

Cryptolopha fulvifacies, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 406 (1879); La Touche, Ibis, 1899, p. 428.

Abrornis fulvifacies, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 276 (1901).

The eggs of Swinhoe's Flycatcher-Warbler measure from 5 to ·55 in length, and from ·4 to ·45 in breadth.

4. Kuatun, Foh-kien, China, 7th May J. D. La Touche, Esq. [P.]. (J. D. La T.). Kuatun, 5th May (J. D. La T.).

5. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. Kuatun (J. D. La T.). 4. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]

2. Kuatun (J. D. La T.). C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

Genus SISURA, Vig. & Horsf.

Sisura inquieta (Lath.).

Seisura inquieta, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 246 (1865); Ramsay, Proc. Phil. Soc. N.S. W. 1865, p. 325, pl. i. fig. 6; North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 89 (1889).

Sisura inquieta, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 407 (1879); Nehrk, Kat. Eiersamml. p. 30 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 124, pl. 9 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 277 (1901).

The eggs of the Restless Flycatcher are of a blunt oval form and exhibit a small amount of gloss. They are cream-coloured, marked, chiefly in a very broad zone round the large end, with more or less confluent spots and blotches of umber-brown and lavender-grey. They measure from '77 to '9 in length, and from '58 to '67 in breadth.

3. Dawson River, Queensland, 23rd Crowley Bequest. Aug. (North Coll.).

2. Dobroyde, N.S.W. (E. P. Ramsay: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

2. Wimmera, Victoria, 28th Nov. Crowley Bequest. (A. J. North).

P. Victoria. Govt. of Victoria [P.].

Genus PIEZORHYNCHUS, Gould.

Piezorhynchus chalybeocephalus (Garn.).

(Plate IX. fig. 8.)

Monarcha alecto, Layard, Ibis, 1880, p. 296.

Piezorhynchus alecto, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 415 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 30 (1899).

Piezorhynchus chalybeocephalus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 278 (1901).

The cggs of Garnot's Flycatcher are of a broad oval shape and but very slightly glossy. They are greenish-white, marked, chiefly in the form of a broad band round the larger end of the egg, with spots and small blotches of pale olive-brown and lavender-grey. They measure from '8 to '9 in length, and from '6 to '66 in breadth.

5. Duke-of-York Island (E. L. Crowley Bequest.

Layard: Tristram Coll.).
Fergusson Island, 18th Nov. Crowley Bequest.
(A. S. Meek).

Bowen Island.
 [New Guinea.]
 Crowley Bequest.
 Crowley Bequest.

Piezorhynchus nitidus, Gould.

Piezorhynchus nitidus, Macgillivray, Voy. 'Rattlesnake,' ii. p. 357 (1852); Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 249 (1865); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 416 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 90 (1889); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 129, pl. 9 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 278 (1901).

The eggs of the Shining Flycatcher in the Collection are of an oval form and almost devoid of gloss. They are greyish white, speckled, spotted and blotched with olive-brown and underlying lavender. The markings are chiefly confined to the broad end, where they form an irregular zone. Two specimens measure respectively: '85 by '58; '83 by '65.

1. Cape York, Australia (Capt. Stanley). Voy. H.M.S. 'Rattlesnake,'

1. Port Essington, Australia (Wilson). Gould Coll.

Piezorhynchus nigrimentum (Gray).

Piezorhynchus nigrimentum, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 418 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 30, taf. ii, fig. 11(1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 279 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-chinned Flycatcher and those of the following four species of this genus (P. gouldi, P. verticalis, P. guttulatus, P. loricatus) resemble each other closely and cannot be separated by any character. They are of a regular oval shape and almost devoid of all gloss. The ground-colour is white or pinkish white, and this is very thickly speckled, especially at the broad end, with bright chestnut and lavender. In many examples the markings form a well-marked zone round the broad end. Two eggs of the present species measure respectively: .85 by .62; .85 by .61.

1. Amboina (Nehrkorn Coll.).

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

1. Amboina.

Piezorhynchus gouldi (Gray).

Monarcha trivirgata, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 263 (1865); Ramsay, Ibis, 1868, p. 271,

Piezorhynchus gouldi, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 419 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 90 (1889); Robinson & Laverock, Ibis, 1900, p. 629; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 279 (1901).

Monarcha gouldi, Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. pp. 130, 131,

pl. 9 (1901).

Three eggs of the White-bellied Flycatcher measure respectively: ·85 by ·6; ·83 by ·59; ·77 by ·54. They resemble closely those of the preceding species.

2. Cape York, N. Australia. New South Wales, Dec.

Gould Coll. Gould Coll.

Piezorhynchus verticalis, Sclater.

(Plate IX. fig. 10.)

Monarcha verticalis, Layard, Ibis, 1880, p. 294.

Piezorhynchus verticalis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 422 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 30 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 280 (1901).

Four eggs of the Duke-of-York-Island Flycatcher measure respectively: 92 by 63; 88 by 64; 9 by 65; 9 by 61. They have the same type of coloration as those of P. nigrimentum.

4. Duke-of-York Island (E. L. Layard: Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Piezorhynchus guttulatus (Garn.).

Piezorhynchus guttulatus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 422 (1879); id. Hand-l, iii. p. 280 (1901).

VOL. III.

An egg of the Spotted-wing Flycatcher measures '85 by '6. In coloration it resembles the eggs of *P. nigrimentum*,

1. Fergusson Island, Dentrecasteaux group, 15th Dec. (A. S. Meek).

Piezorhynchus loricatus (Wall.).

Piezorhynchus loricatus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 425 (1879); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 281 (1901).

The single egg of Wallace's Flycatcher in the Collection measures *89 by *65. In colour it resembles eggs of *P. nigrimentum*.

1. Island of Buru, Moluccas.

Dr. H. O. Forbes [P.].

Genus MONARCHA, Vig. & Horsf.

Monarcha melanopsis (Vieill.).

Monarcha carinata, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 262 (1865); Ramsay, Ibis, 1865, p. 302.

Monarcha melanopsis, North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 96 pl. ix, fig. 9 (1889); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 132 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 283 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-faced Flycatcher in the Collection resemble those of *Piezorhynchus nigrimentum*. Two examples measure respectively; ·84 by ·58; 73 by 58.

2. Australia, 14th Jan.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus STOPAROLA, Blyth.

The eggs of the Flycatchers of this genus are of a broad oval shape, more or less pointed at the smaller end, and they exhibit a considerable amount of gloss. They vary in ground-colour from pure white to pinkish white and pale salmon-pink. Some few examples are quite devoid of markings; others are freekled with very pale rufous; and others, the majority, have a clouded zone or cap of chestnut specks at the broad end. The eggs of the various species resemble each other closely.

Stoparola indigo (Horsf.).

Stoparola indigo, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 436 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 30 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 285 (1901).

The eggs of the Javan Blue Flycatcher in the Collection are feebly

marked with rufous at the broad end, and measure respectively: 82 by 59; 87 by 57.

2. Java, 10th May.

Crowley Bequest.

Stoparola albicaudata (Jerd.).

(Plate IX. fig. 11.)

Stoparola albicaudata, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 437 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 30 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eygs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 11 (1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 30 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 285 (1901).

The eggs of the Nilghiri Blue Flycatcher measure from '75 to '88 in length, and from '55 to '62 in breadth.

3.	Nilghiri Hills, S. India, 1st March.	Hume Coll.
2.	Nilghiri Hills, April.	Hume Coll.
2.	Nilghiri Hills.	Hume Coll.
3.	Nilghiri Hills.	Crowley Bequest.
3.	Coonoor, Nilghiri Hills, March.	Hume Coll.
7.	Coonoor, 27th March.	Hume Coll.
1.	Coonoor, April (W. Davison).	Hume Coll.
1.	Kotagherry, Nilghiri Hills, 12th	Hume Coll.
	March (Miss Cockburn).	
2.	Kotagherry, 15th April (Miss	Hume Coll.
	Cockburn).	
2.	Kotagherry, 4th May (Miss	Hume Coll.
_	Cockburn).	
1.	Kotagherry, 10th May (Miss	Hume Coll.
-	Cockburn).	
1.	Kotagherry, 22nd May (Miss	Hume Coll.
0	Cockburn).	77 0 11
	Curzon, Nilghiri Hills, 16th April.	Hume Coll.
1.	Curzon, 17th April.	Hume Coll.

Stoparola melanops (Vig.).

Stoparola melanops, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 438 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 28 (1890); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 9 (1890); Nehrk. Kat Eiersamml. p. 30 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 285 (1901).

The eggs of the Verditer Flycatcher measure from '72 to '82 in length, and from '53 to '6 in breadth.

1.	Dhurumsala, Himalayas, 20th	Hume Coll.
	March (C. R. Cock).	
3.	Dhurumsala, 15th May (C. R. C.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Simla, April.	Hume Coll.
2.	Mussoori (T. Hutton).	Hume Coll.
1.	Almora, 25th May.	Hume Coll.
	Almora, 19th April (W. E.	Crowley Bequest.
	Brooks: Tristram Coll.).	

31. Mongphoo, Sikhim (J. Gammie). Hume Coll.

4. Darjiling, 19th April.
3. Darjiling, May.
Hume Coll.
Hume Coll.

Stoparola sordida (Walden).

Stoparola sordida, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 440 (1879); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 419 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, ii. p. 29 (1890); id. ed Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, ii. p. 11 (1890); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 286 (1901).

The eggs of the Dusky Blue Flycatcher in the Collection are profusely freekled with rufous. They measure 82 by 59; 84 by 59 respectively.

2. Ceylon, 3rd May (A. L. Butler). Crowley Bequest.

Family CAMPOPHAGIDÆ.

Genus PTEROPODOCYS, Gould.

Pteropodocys phasianella (Gould).

Pteropodocys phasianella, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 199 (1865); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 22 (1879); Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S. W. vii. p. 47, pl. 3. fig. 1 (1882); North, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, p. 76, pl. ix. fig. 2 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 22 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, i. p. 95, pl. 7 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 290 (1901).

The eggs of the Ground Cuckoo-Shrike in the Collection are of a pointed oval shape and excessively glossy. One specimen is of an olive-green colour, faintly mottled here and there with a darker shade of the same tint. Another is of a dull olive-green colour, with a faint rufous wash over the larger end and a few dark specks. They measure respectively: 1.36 by .92; 1.2 by .96.

 Australia (E. P. Seymour).
 New South Wales, 19th Oct. Crowley Bequest. (North Coll.).

Genus GRAUCALUS, Cuv.

Graucalus cinereus (P. L. S. Müll.).

Graucalus cinereus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 28 (1879); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 291 (1901).

Campephaga cana, Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 148 (1882). Campephaga cinerea, Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. ii. p. 393, pl. 304. fig. 4 (1885).

The eggs of the Madagascar Cuckoo-Shrike are of a somewhat lengthened oval shape and exhibit but little gloss. They are of a pinkish-white colour, marked with spots and blotches of deep reddish and purplish brown and lavender, densely round the large end in the form of a broad and more or less confluent zone, sparsely elsewhere. They measure from 1.04 to 1.15 in length, and from .7 to ·75 in breadth.

5. Betsileo, Madagascar.

Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.].

Graucalus melanops (Lath.).

Graucalus melanops, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 192 (1865); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 30 (1879); Buller, Birds New Zeal. 2nd ed. p. 66 (1888); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 74, pl. ix. fig. 4 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 22 (1899); Le Souëf, Vict. Nat. xvi. p. 64 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eygs Austr. Birds, i. p. 96, pl. 7. (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 291 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-faced Cuckoo-Shrike are of a regular oval shape and exhibit a considerable amount of gloss. The groundcolour varies from green, pale olive or pale olive-brown to greenish stone-colour and is spotted, blotched and streaked with umberbrown or chestnut-brown and lavender-grey. Specimens measure from 1.23 to 1.3 in length, and from .87 to .91 in breadth.

1. Australia.

2. Australia (E. P. Ramsay).

Australia.

3. West Australia.

Bell River, N.S.W. (E. P. Ramsay: Tristram Coll.).

2. Murray River, 4th Oct.

1. Gippsland, Victoria.

3. Hastings, Western Point, Victoria, 18th Sept. (North Coll.).

Somerville, Victoria, 3rd Nov.

3. Victoria. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Crowley Bequest. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

 $\lceil P_{\cdot} \rceil$. Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

[P.]. F.A. Philbrick, Esq., K.C. [P.]. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

Govt. of Victoria [P.].

Grancalus parvirostris, Gould.

(Plate IX. fig. 9.)

Graucalus parvirostris, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 194 (1865); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 32 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 75 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 22 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 97 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 291 (1901).

The eggs of the Short-billed Cuckoo-Shrike are of quite the same character as those of *G. melanops*. Five examples measure respectively: 1·3 by ·83; 1·27 by ·9; 1·26 by ·87; 1·3 by ·88; 1.25 by .89.

Tasmania (C. Gould). Tasmania (Wilson).

Tasmania (E. D. Atkinson). 1. Tasmania (W. H. Bignold).

Gould Coll. Gould Coll.

Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

Graucalus macei, Less.

(Plate IX. fig. 12.)

Graucalus macei, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 34 (1879); Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 360 (1879); Oates Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 496 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 348 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 22 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 292 (1901).

The eggs of the Indian Cuekoo-Shrike are mostly of a lengthened and pointed oval form, and they have a considerable amount of gloss.

The coloration is of two distinct types. In one the ground is fawn-coloured, thickly spotted, streaked and blotched, pretty evenly all over, with brown, light chestnut and grey. In the second the ground is of a pale green colour, marked with clouds, small blotches and streaky spots of dark brown, yellowish-brown, and lavender. Specimens measure from 1.11 to 1.35 in length, and from .8 to .91 in breadth.

1.	Sitapur, Oudh, 29th March.	Hume Coll.
2.	Oudh Terai, 6th May.	Hume Coll.
2.	Oudh Terai, 23rd May.	Hume Coll.
2.	Allahabad.	Hume Coll.
4.	Allahabad.	Hume Coll.
3.	Allahabad, 5th July.	Hume Coll.
1.	Saugor, Central Provinces (F. R.	Hume Coll.
	Blewitt).	
6.	Central India, 9th March (R. C.	Crowley Bequest.
	Beavan: Tristram Coll.).	

1. India. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Grancalus hypolencus, Gould.

Graucalus hypoleucus, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 196 (1865); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 36 (1879); Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S. W. vii. p. 408, pl. 3. fig. 11 (1882); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 76, pl. ix. fig. 1 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 22 (1899); Robinson & Laverock, Ibis, 1900, p. 628; Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 98 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 292 (1901).

The eggs of the White-bellied Cuckoo-Shrike resemble those of G. melanops and G. parvirostris, but are somewhat smaller. Six examples measure from 1·1 to 1·3 in length, and from ·77 to ·9 in breadth.

2.	Dawson River, Queensland,	Crowley Bequest.
2.	15th Sept. (North Coll.). Dawson River, 22nd Oct. (North	Crowley Bequest.
2.	Coll.). Dawson River, 6th Nov. (North	Crowley Bequest.

Coll.).

Grancalus mentalis, Vig. & Horsf.

(Plate IX. fig. 13.)

Graucalus mentalis, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 195 (1865); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 37 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 75, pl. ix. fig. 3 (1889); Le Souëf, Vict. Nat. xvi. p. 64 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 98 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 293 (1901).

The egg of the Varied Cuckoo-Shrike in the Collection is of a regular oval form and has a considerable amount of gloss. It is of an olive-brown colour, thickly spotted and smeared with brown and lavender. At the broader end there are, in addition, a few deep reddish-brown spots. It measures 1.1 by 82.

1. New South Wales (Wilson).

Gould Coll.

Graucalus lineatus (Swains.).

Graucalus swainsonii, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 197 (1865); Le Souëf, Ibis, 1896, p. 314.

Graucalus lineatus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 40 (1879); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 99, pl. 7 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 293 (1901).

An egg of the Barred Cuckoo-Shrike in the Collection is of a regular oval shape and almost devoid of all gloss. It is of a white colour, thickly spotted, in the form of a broad zone round the larger end of the egg, with umber-brown and lavender. The markings are small, round and well-defined. This specimen measures 1.13 by .81.

1. New South Wales.

Gould Coll.

Genus EDOLIISOMA, Jacq. & Pucher.

Edoliisoma cærulescens (Blyth).

Edoliisoma cærulescens, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 44 (1879); Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 235, pl. vi. fig. 3; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 294 (1901).

An egg of the Luzon Cuckoo-Shrike in the Collection is of a regular oval shape and almost entirely devoid of gloss. It is of a pale blue colour, speckled and dotted with dark umber-brown and underlying pale grey. The markings are very evenly distributed over the entire shell. It measures: 1·11 by ·81.

 Benguet District, North-west J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.]. Luzon, 14th March.

Genus VOLVOCIVORA, Hodgs.

Volvocivora lugubris (Sundev.).

(Plate IX. fig. 16.)

Campophaga lugubris, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 65 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 23 (1899).

Campophaga melanoschista, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 491 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 345 (1889).

Volvocivora lugubris, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 298 (1901).

The eggs of the Dark-grey Cuckoo-Shrike are of a regular oval shape and moderately glossy. They are of a white or greenish-white colour, very thickly streaked and blotched with dark brown and lavender-grey. They measure from '9 to 1.02 in length, and from '65 to '71 in breadth.

Jerripani, Mussoori (T. Hutton).
 Mongphoo, Darjiling (J. Gammie).
 Mongphoo, 17th June (J. G.).

Hume Coll.
Hume Coll.

Volvocivora melanoptera (Riipp.).

Campophaga melanoptera, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 67 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 492 (1889). Volvocivora melanoptera, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 299 (1901).

The eggs of the Pale-grey Cuckoo-Shrike appear to be inseparable from those of *V. lugubris*. Three examples measure respectively: 97 by 69; 95 by 69; 98 by 7.

3. Foochow, China, 11th June.

C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

Genus PERICROCOTUS, Boie.

Pericrocotus speciosus (Lath.).

(Plate IX. fig. 14.)

Pericrocotus speciosus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 71 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 479 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 335 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 299 (1901).

The eggs of the Indian Scarlet Minivet are of an extremely broad oval form and almost devoid of all gloss. They are greyish white, speckled and spotted with pale brown and lavender, chiefly at the broad end, where the markings are larger and more or less confluent. Four examples measure respectively: 88 by 71; 94 by 66; 86 by 68; 85 by 67.

 Jerripani, Mussoori (T. Hutton).
 Dehra Dhoon, N.W. Provinces, Hume Coll. (T. H.).

Pericrocotus flammeus (Forst.).

Pericrocotus flammeus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 363 (1879); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 75 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, p. 482 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 336 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 300 (1901).

An egg of the Orange Minivet in the Collection closely resembles the eggs of *P. speciosus*. The markings, however, are slightly coarser, and they are evenly distributed over the whole shell. This specimen measures *84 by *65.

1. Neddivattum, Nilghiris, 5th Sept. Hume Coll. (J. Darling).

Pericrocotus peregrinus (Linn.).

Perierocotus peregrinus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 366 (1879); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 76 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 487 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 339 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 23 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 301 (1901).

The eggs of the Small Minivet are typically of a broad oval form, and they exhibit a small amount of gloss. They are of a very pale greenish white colour, spotted and blotched with rich chestnut-brown and lavender. The markings are larger and more numerous over the broader half of the shell, where they are frequently confluent and form an irregular cap. The eggs measure from '6 to '75 in length, and from '5 to '55 in breadth.

1.	India (W. E. Brooks; Tristram	Crowley Bequest.
	Coll.).	
6.	Allahabad (A. O. Hume).	Hume Coll.
1.	Allahabad, July.	Hume Coll.
2.	Allygurh, 20th Aug. (A. O. H.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Etawah, 3rd Aug.	Hume Coll.
1.	Jhansi, July (F. R. Blewitt).	Hume Coll.
4.	Raipur, C. Provs., 15th June.	Hume Coll.
3.	Raipur.	Hume Coll.
2.	Pegu, 30th April (E. W. Oates).	Oates Coll.

2. Akyab (E. R. Shopland).

Pericrocotus brevirostris (Vig.).

Crowley Bequest.

Pericrocotus brevirostris, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 79 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 483 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 337 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 301 (1901).

The eggs of the Short-billed Minivet are moderately broad ovals and have very little gloss. They are white, profusely speckled, streaked and spotted with pale chestnut-brown and layender, more especially at the broad end. Two specimens measure respectively: •72 by •53; •7 by •54.

3. Kotegarh, Himalayas.

Hume Coll.

Pericrocotus roseus (Vieill.).

(Plate IX. fig. 15.)

Pericrocotus roseus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 81 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 486 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 338 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 301 (1901).

The eggs of the Rosy Minivet are of a broad oval form and exhibit little gloss. They are greyish white, marked with reddishand purplish-brown and underlying lavender. In two specimens in the Collection the markings consist of large confluent blotches forming a broad zone; in two others they consist of well-defined specks, spots and small blotches, pretty evenly distributed over the entire egg. Four examples measure respectively: '75 by '58; '74 by '57; '8 by '6; '78 by '58.

2. Murri, Himalayas (C. H. T. Hume Coll. Marshall).

1. Murri, 15th June (C. H. T. M.). Hume Coll.

1. Murri (C. H. T. M.).

Hume Coll.

Pericrocotus griseigularis, Gould.

Pericrocotus griseigularis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 83 (1879); La Touche, Ibis, 1899, p. 420; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 302 (1901).

An egg of the Grey-throated Minivet in the Collection is a very broad oval in shape and moderately glossy. It is greyish white, marked with specks, spots and small blotches of rich umber-brown and underlying lilac or lavender. The markings, fairly dense everywhere, are more numerous round the smaller end, where they form a zone. It measures '75 by '6.

 Kuatun, Foh-kien, China, 8th May C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. (J. D. La Touche).

Pericrocotus cinereus, Lafr.

(Plate IX. fig. 19.)

Perierocotus cinereus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 83 (1879); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 489 (1889); Seebohm, Birds Japan. Emp. p. 106 (1890); Tacz. Faune Orn. Sibér. Orient. p. 462 (1891); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 302 (1901).

The eggs of the Siberian Minivet in the Collection are of a blunt oval form and almost devoid of all gloss. They are white or very pale blue, spotted and blotched, pretty evenly all over, with brown

and lavender. They measure respectively: .85 by .64; .85 by .65; .8 by .61; .82 by .62; .82 by .63; .83 by .62.

Hondo, Japan, 27th May.
 Fuji, Japan, 23rd May.

Crowley Bequest.
W. Radeliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Pericrocotus cantonensis, Swinh.

Pericrocotus cantonensis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 84 (1879); Styan, Ibis, 1887, p. 224; Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 490 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 302 (1901).

The eggs of Swinhoe's Minivet are of an ordinary oval form and slightly glossy. They are greenish white or pale greyish green, marked with specks, spots and rather large blotches of brown of various shades and underlying lavender or purplish grey. In all the specimens in the Collection, the markings are more or less confluent round the broad end of the egg and form a well-defined zone. Examples measure from '72 to '84 in length, and from '56 to '62 in breadth.

3. Foochow, China, 30th May. 4. Foochow, 9th June.

C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.]. C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

3. Foochow, 14th June.

. (T 3)

Pericrocotus erythropygius (Jerd.).

(Plate IX. fig. 18.)

Perierocotus erythropygius, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 85 (1879);
Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 488 (1889); id. ed. Hume,
Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 344 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.
p. 23 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 302 (1901).

The eggs of the White-bellied Minivet vary in shape from broad to narrow oval and possess very little gloss. They are greyish white, profusely marked all over with longitudinal streaks, often confluent, of dark umber-brown. Underlying these are some lavender markings. Specimens measure from 67 to 71 in length, and from 5 to 56 in breadth.

India, 4th June.
 Arvee, Khandesh, 28th Aug.

Crowley Bequest. Hume Coll.

(J. Davidson).

1. Arvee, 5th Sept. (J. D.).

3. Arvee (J. D.).

Hume Coll.

Genus LALAGE, Boie.

Lalage sykesi, Strickl.

(Plate IX. fig. 17.)

Lalage sykesi, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 369 (1879); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 89 1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 23 (1899). Campophaga sykesi, Outes, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 493 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 346 (1889).

The eggs of the Black-headed Cuckoo-Shrike an extremely short, broad ovals, and are fairly glossy. They are pale green or greenish white, very densely blotched and streaked with brown and underlying lavender. On some specimens, little of the ground is visible; on others, about one-third of its extent can be seen. Specimens measure from ·8 to ·86 in length, and from ·63 to ·66 in breadth.

1. Calcutta. Crowley Bequest, Calcutta, 12th June. Hume Coll. Saugor, Central Provinces, 24th July Hume Coll.

Mysore, 14th May (J. Macpherson). Hume Coll.

(F. R. Blewitt).

Lalage tricolor, Swains. Campephaga humeralis, Thien. Fortpflanz. ges. Vög. tab. xxx. fig. 9, a, b (1845–54); Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 204 (1865).

Lalage tricolor, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 92 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 78 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 23 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 103, pl. 7 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 303 (1901).

The eggs of the White-shouldered Cuckoo-Shrike are of a regular oval form and slightly glossy. They are of a pale green colour, densely streaked, blotched and clouded with umber-brown or chestnut-brown and lavender. They measure from .78 to .87 in length, and from .6 to .65 in breadth.

Australia. Dawson River, Queensland, 29th

Oct. (North Coll.). 1. New South Wales.

Dobroyde, N. S. W., Oct. (E. P.

Ramsay). Liverpool, N.S.W., 30th Oct. 2. North Coll.).

Murray R., N.S.W., Dec.

1. Gippsland, Victoria.

Victoria.

West Australia.

Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Gould Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

F. A. Philbrick, Esq., K.C. P.]. Govt. of Victoria [P.].

Gould Coll.

Lalage terat (Bodd.).

Lalage terat, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 336; id. Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 95 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 23 (1899). Campophaga terat, Oates Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 495 (1889); id. ed.

Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 348 (1889).

The eggs of the Pied Cuckoo-Shrike cannot be separated from those of L. sykesi. They measure from .85 to .87 in length, and from .61 to .64 in breadth.

Klang, Malay Peninsula, Aug. Hume Coll. (W. Davison).

Labuan, Borneo.

2. Labuan.

2. Philippine Islands, 11th May (Moseley).

Sir Hugh Low [C.]. Sir Hugh Low [C.]. Crowley Bequest.

Lalage pacifica (Gm.).

(Plate IX. fig. 20.)

Lalage terat, Layard, P. Z. S. 1876, p. 502. Lalage pacifica, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 97 (1879); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml, p. 23 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 23 (1901).

The eggs of the Pacific Cuckoo-Shrike in the Collection are of a regular oval shape and but very slightly glossy. They are of a bluish-green colour, thickly marked with streaks and small blotches of umber-brown and lilac-grey. They measure respectively: 9 by .7; .88 by .63.

2. Fiji Islands.

Crowley Bequest.

Lalage leucomelæna (Vig. & Horsf.).

Campephaga leucomela, Gould, Handb. Birds Austr. i. p. 203 (1865). Lalage leucomelæna, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 106 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 77 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml, p. 23 (1899); Campbell, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, i. p. 104, pl. 7 (1901); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 305 (1901).

An egg of the Black-and-White Cuckoo-Shrike in the Collection is of a somewhat pointed oval shape and moderately glossy. It is of a pale bluish-green colour, marked, chiefly over the broad end where a large cap is formed, with deep brownish chestnut and lilac. It measures .82 by .6.

1. Australia.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus DIAPHOROPTERUS, Oberh.

Diaphoropterus leucopygius, Gould.

Symmorphus leucopygius, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. iv. p. 109 (1879); North, Nests & Eggs Austr. Birds, p. 408 (1889). Diaphoropterus leucopygius, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 305 (1901).

The eggs of the Norfolk-Island Cuckoo-Shrike closely resemble the eggs of Lalage tricolor. They are dull green, profusely blotched and streaked with umber-brown and pale underlying grey. Two specimens measure respectively: 84 by 65; 88 by 7.

2. Norfolk Island.

Gould Coll.

Family PYCNONOTIDÆ.

Genus ÆGITHINA, Vieill.

Ægithina tiphia (Linn.).

(Plate X, fig. 2.)

Iora typhia, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 490 (1880).
 Egithina tiphia, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 7 (1881); Oates, Fanna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 230 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 151 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 42 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 306 (1901).

The eggs of the Common Iora are of a broad oval form, and while some exhibit a small amount of gloss, others are without a trace of it. They are white, occasionally tinged with pink, and are streaked with lavender, pale brown, lilac-red, or pinkish-brown. The streaks are generally broad and confluent round the broad end of the egg, and form a well-marked zone or, in some cases, a cap. A few specimens are merely spotted with grey. They measure from '63 to '76 in length, and from '51 to '57 in breadth.

1.	Oudh.	Crowley Bequest.
3,	/	Hume Coll.
	6th July.	TT 0 11
3,	Raipur, C. Provs.	Hume Coll.
10.	Raipur, 15th June (F. R.	Hume Coll.
	Blewitt).	
2.	Raipur, 8th Aug. (F. R. B.).	Hume Coll.
3.	Saugor, C. Provs.	Hume Coll.
8.	Saugor, 14th-16th July.	Hume Coll.
2.	Saugor, 17th July.	Hume Coll.
2.	Saugor, 28th July.	Hume Coll.
•)	Saugor, 7th Aug.	Hume Coll.
2.	Calcutta, 12th July.	Crowley Bequest.
ī.	Teriat Hills, Wynaad, 24th May	Hume Coll.
I.		Hume Con.
-	(J. Darling).	TT C 11
1.	Pegu, 28th May (E. W. Oates).	Hume Coll.
1.	Pegu, 22nd June $(E. W. O.)$.	Hume Coll.
.1.	Pegu, 23rd June (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Pegu, 24th June (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Pegu, 25th July (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.
î.	Pegu, 4th July (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
X +	100 m, 1011 0 mij (12. 11. 0.).	011105

Ægithina viridis (Bp.).

Iora scapularis, Sharpe, P. Z. S. 1879, p. 339.
Ægithina viridis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 11 (1881); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 306 (1901).

The eggs of the Black-winged Iora in the Collection are very similar to those of $\angle E$. $tiphia^*$, but in one of the specimens the

^{*} Pr. Sharpe (P. Z. S. 1879, p. 339) appears to have inadvertently described the egg of some other bird as that of this species.

bands of lavender and lilac-pink extend from nearly one end of the egg to the other. Two specimens measure respectively: '7 by '51; '71 by '55.

Labuan, Borneo.
 Labuan, 27th May (J. Whitehead).
 Sir Hugh Low [C.].
 Crowley Bequest.

Genus CHLOROPSIS, Jard. & Selby.

Chloropsis jerdoni (Blyth).

(Plate X. fig. 3.)

Phyllornis jerdoni, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 485 (1879.) Chloropsis jerdoni, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 25 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 238 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 155 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 42 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 307 (1901).

The eggs of Jerdon's Green Bulbul are of a somewhat narrow oval form and but very slightly glossy. They are of a creamy-white colour, and are sparingly speekled and spotted, chiefly at the broad end, with black and lavender in some specimens, rufous and lavender in others. Two of the examples in the Collection are also marked at the broad end with some hair-lines and hieroglyphic-like figures which are black in one egg, purplish-red in the other.

Raipur, C. Provinces, India, June (F. R. Blewitt).
 Raipur, July (F. R. B.). Hume Coll.

Genus IRENA, Horsf.

Irena puella (Lath.). (Plate X. figs. 1 & 4.)

Irena puella, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 466 (1879); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 177 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 240 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 157 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 45, taf. i. fig. 8 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 309 (1901).

The eggs of the Indian Fairy Blue-bird are of a pointed oval shape and extremely glossy. They appear to vary much in colour. Of the specimens in the Collection, three are cream-coloured, very densely mottled with umber-brown and with traces of lavender beneath. Two are greyish-white, densely mottled with pale brown and grey. Other two examples are greenish white, with a broad confluent zone round the larger end, deep chestnut-brown in one egg, slaty grey in the other. Seven specimens measure from 1.05 to 1.2 in length, and from .77 to .84 in breadth.

2. Assamboo Hills, S. India, 15th Hume Coll. March (F. Bourdillon).

Meplay River, Tenasserim, 15th March (C. T. Bingham). Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 30th April (C. T. B.). Hume Coll. 1.

2. Hume Coll.

Kussoom, Malay Peninsula, 27th 2. Hume Coll. May (W. Davison).

Genus HYPSIPETES, Vig.

Hypsipetes psaroides, Vig.

(Plate X. fig. 5.)

Hypsipetes psaroides, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 36 (1881); Oates. Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 260 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 164 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 42 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 309 (1901).

The eggs of the Himalavan Black Bulbul are of an oval form, but vary considerably in breadth. Some are very highly glossy, others are almost devoid of all gloss. The coloration is also very variable. The eggs of one clutch in the Collection are rich salmon-pink, spotted, streaked and blotched with rich reddish purple and layender. Those of another clutch are pinkish white, marked with deep reddish brown and pale lavender. The eggs of the other clutches are somewhat intermediate between the above in coloration. The markings are generally dense, and while in some eggs they are all small, in others they consist of bold blotches forming a confluent cap at the broad end. Specimens measure from . 85 to 1.15 in length, and from .65 to .75 in breadth.

1.	Mussoori, N.W. Himalayas	Hume Coll.
	(T. Hutton).	77 (7.3)
4.	Mussoori (T. H.).	Hume Coll.
3.	Mussoori (T. H.).	Hume Coll.
13.	Mongphoo, Darjiling, June	Hume Coll.
-	(J. Gammie)	317 D 11'0' C 3 33
2.	Himalayas.	W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.
		[P.],
4.	Himalayas.	W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.
		_ [P.].
2.	India.	[P.]. Crowley Bequest.

Hypsipetes concolor, Blyth.

Hypsipetes concolor, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 38 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind. i. p. 261 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 310 (1901).

Two eggs of the Burmese Black Bulbul are of an oval form with a small amount of gloss. The coloration is pink, thickly spotted and streaked with reddish brown and lavender. The measurements are respectively: 1.1 by .72; 1.08 by .72.

W. Radeliffe Saunders, Esq. 2. N. Cachar Hills, 4th May. [P.].

Hypsipetes ganeesa, Sykes.

Hypsipetes ganeesa, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 469 (1879); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 39 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 262 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 167 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 310 (1901).

The eggs of the Southern-Indian Black Bulbul are of a narrow pointed oval form, and are slightly glossy. They are pinkish white, speckled, spotted and, less frequently, blotched with pale purple and deep reddish brown. The markings are dense at the broad end of the egg, where they are frequently confluent and form an ill-defined cap or zone. Specimens measure from '96 to 1'15 in length, and from '7 to '78 in breadth.

4.	Coonoor, Nilghiri Hills.	Hume Coll.
1.	Coonoor, April (W. Davison).	Hume Coll.
1.	Coonoor, 11th April.	Hume Coll.
1.	Coonoor, 18th May.	Hume Coll.
1.	Curzon, Nilghiri Hills, 5th May.	Hume Coll,
2.	Ootacamund, Nilghiri Hills.	Hume Coll.
	Nilghiri Hills, April.	Hume Coll.
2.	Nilghiri Hills.	Crowley Bequest.

Hypsipetes nigerrimus, Gould.

Hypsipetes nigerrimus, Swinh. Ibis, 1863, p. 287; Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 41 (1881); La Touche, Ibis, 1898, p. 365; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 310 (1901).

The eggs of the Formosan Black Bulbul are of a narrow oval form, and possess a considerable amount of gloss. They are of a pinkish-white colour, thickly covered with spots and blotches of rich reddish brown and lavender. Five eggs measure respectively: 1.02 by .67; 1 by .66; 1 by .64; 1 by .78; .94 by .75.

Formosa, 27th May (P. A. Holst). Seebohm Coll.
 Formosa (R. Swinhoe: Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Hypsipetes leucocephalus (Gm.).

(Plate X. fig. 6.)

Hypsipetes leucocephalus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 41 (1881); La Touche, Ibis, 1899, p. 416; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 310 (1901).

The eggs of the White-headed Black Bulbul are of a somewhat narrow oval shape and moderately glossy. They are pinkish white, densely spotted and streaked with purplish red, reddish brown, and lavender. Many of the specimens in the Collection are inseparable from eggs of *H. psaroides*. They measure from 1 to 1.07 in length, and from '7 to '76 in breadth.

Kuatun, Foh-kien, China, May
 (J. D. La Touche).
 Kuatun, May (J. D. La T.).
 Kuatun, June (J. D. La T.).
 Kuatun, June (J. D. La T.).

C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

Hypsipetes amaurotis (Temm.).

Hypsipetes amaurotis, Blak. & Pryer, Ibis, 1878, p. 240; Sharpe, Cat.
Birds B. M. vi. p. 42 (1881); Seebokm, Birds Japan. Emp. p. 64
(1890); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 42 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii.
p. 310 (1901).

The eggs of the Red-eared Bulbul are of a broad oval form and devoid of gloss. They are pale pinkish white, spotted, streaked, and blotched, very evenly all over the shell, with lavender and deep purplish red. Four examples measure respectively: 1·15 by ·8; 1·16 by ·81; 1·09 by ·79; 1·1 by ·8.

3. Japan (H. Pryer).

2. Fuji, Japan.

Seebohm Coll. W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq.

Hypsipetes pryeri, Stejn.

Hypsipetes squamiceps pryeri, Seebohm, Birds Japan. Emp. p. 66 (1890). Hypsipetes pryeri, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 310 (1901).

Four eggs of the Liu-Kiu Bulbul are of a regular oval form, slightly glossy. In coloration they are pale pink, spotted all over with dark reddish brown and lavender. They measure from 1.07 to 1.08 in length, and from .76 to .80 in breadth.

4. Ishigaki Shima, Liu-Kiu Is., 27th June.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Genus IXOCINCLA, Blyth.

Ixocincla madagascariensis (P. L. S. Müll.).

Hypsipetes ourovang, E. Newton, Ibis, 1863, p. 347, pl. xiii. fig. 5; Cowan, Proc. R. Phys. Soc. Edinb. vii. p. 148 (1882).

Hypsipetes madagascariensis, A. Newton, in Rowley's Orn. Misc. ii. pp. 48, 49 (1877); Milne-Edwards & Grandidier, Hist. Nat. Madag., Ois. i. p. 372, pl. 303. fig. 9 (1879).

Ixocincla madagascariensis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 45 (1881); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 42 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 311 (1901).

The eggs of the Madagascar Bulbul vary from a narrow to a broad oval form, and they possess but little gloss. They range from pinkish white to salmon-pink in ground-colour, and they are thickly spotted, streaked and blotched with deep reddish brown, maroon, chocolate-brown and lavender. Some examples are merely spotted; others are marked with large confluent blotches. Examples measure from 1 to 1·1 in length, and from ·7 to ·77 in breadth.

15. Betsileo, Madagascar. Rev. W. Deans Cowan [P.].

Madagascar (Tristram Coll.). Crowley Bequest.
 Madagascar, 27th Nov. (W. Deans Cowan).

1. Madagascar, 4th Dec. (W. D. C.). Crowley Bequest.

Genus HEMIXUS, Hodys.

Hemixus malaccensis (Blyth).

Hypsipetes malaccensis, Sharpe, Ibis, 1879, p. 13. Hemixus malaccensis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 52 (1881); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 312 (1901).

Iole malaccensis, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 283 (1889).

The eggs of the Streaked Bulbul are of a pointed oval form and slightly glossy. They are of a pinkish-white colour, densely spotted, streaked and smeared with deep reddish brown and lavender. The markings are generally confluent at the broad end of the egg, and form a cap or zone. Examples measure from '8 to '9 in length, and from '6 to '65 in breadth.

10. Labuan, Borneo.

Sir Hugh Low [C.].

Genus IOLE, Blyth.

Iole philippensis (Gm.).

Iole philippensis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 58 (1881); Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 238; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 42 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 313 (1901).

The eggs of the Philippine Streaked Bulbul in the Collection are of a regular oval form and very glossy. They are of a pinkish-white colour, thickly speckled all over with deep purplish red and lavender. They measure respectively: 1·1 by ·75; 1·04 by ·77.

2. Cape Engaño, N.E. Luzon, Philippine Islands, 23rd May.

J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.].

Iole mindorensis, Steere.

Iole mindorensis, Steere, List Birds & Mamm. Philipp. p. 19 (1890); Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 238, pl. v. fig. 2; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 314 (1901).

The eggs of the Mindoro Streaked Bulbul are of a broad oval form and highly glossy. They are of a salmon-pink colour, spetted and blotched with rich chestnut, light red, and underlying dark lavender or grey. They measure respectively: 1.04 by .75; 1.05 by .77.

2. Mindoro, Philippine Islands. Steere Exped.

Iole macclellandi (Horsf.).

(Plate X. fig. 7.)

Iole macclellandi, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 59 (1881); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 43 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 314 (1901). Hemixus macclellandi, Outes, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 265 (1889); id. ėd. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 168 (1889).

The eggs of the Rufous-bellied Bulbul in the Collection are of a narrow oval form, and possess a considerable amount of gloss. They are of a pinkish-white colour, very densely mottled and streaked with deep chestnut, purplish red and lavender. Two examples measure respectively: 1.05 by .76; 1.09 by .76.

1. Darjiling, Sikhim (L. Mandelli).

2. Assam, 18th May.

Hume Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Genus POLIOLOPHUS, Sharpe.

Poliolophus urostictus (Salvad.).

(Plate X. fig. 9.)

Poliolophus urostictus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 63 (1881); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 43 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 315 (1901).

The eggs of the Wattled Brown Bulbul in the Collection are of a narrow blunt oval form, and moderately glossy. They are of a pale pinkish colour, densely speckled all over with purplish red and lavender. They measure respectively: ·83 by ·62: ·87 by ·6.

2. Mindanao, Philippine Islands, 10th April. Crowley Bequest.

Genus CRINIGER, Temm.

Criniger flaveolus (Gould).

(Plate X. fig. 8.)

Criniger flaveolus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 77 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 255 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 163 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml, p. 43 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 316 (1901).

The eggs of the White-throated Bulbul are of a broad oval shape, with the smaller end somewhat pointed. They are excessively glossy, and of a beautiful salmon-pink colour, spotted, streaked, blotched and clouded with purplish red, chestnut, and lavender or lilac. The markings are more numerous at the broad end of the egg than elsewhere. They vary in character, some being cloudy and hazy, and others firm and distinct. Four examples measure respectively: '89 by '7; '98 by '7; '98 by '74; '99 by '73.

Two eggs of this species from the Crowley Collection are much smaller, have a greyish-pink ground-colour, and are marked with rich brownish purple and lavender. They measure respectively:

·89 by ·66; ·88 by ·66.

2. Near Darjiling, Sikhim, 3000 feet, Hume Coll. 10th July.

1. Sikhim, 28th July (L. Mandelli).

1. Sikhim, 2nd Aug. (L. M.).

2. Assam, 16th July.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll.

Crowley Bequest.

Criniger salangæ, Sharpe.

(Plate X. fig. 10.)

Criniger cabanisi, A. Müller, J. f. O. 1882, p. 384. Criniger griseiceps, A. Müller, tom. cit. p. 385. Criniger salangæ, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 316 (1901).

An egg attributed by Herr Müller to the Salang Bulbul would appear from its coloration to have been rightly identified. It is of a pinkish cream-colour, sparingly marked with some round spots of chestnut and some speeks and irregular spots of underlying lavender. It measures '85 by '65.

1. Salanga, Malay Peninsula, 19th Crowley Bequest. May (Weber).

Genus ALOPHOIXUS, Oates.

Alophoixus phæocephalus (Hartl.).

(Plate X. fig. 11.)

Criniger phæocephalus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 74 (1881). Alophoixus phæocephalus, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 259 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 319 (1901).

Two eggs of the Crestless White-throated Bulbul are of a regular oval form, and have little or no gloss. They are pinkish white, uniformly spotted and blotched with pale chestnut and underlying lavender. They measure respectively: '9 by '6; '82 by '6.

2. Johore, Malay Peninsula, July Hume Coll. (W. Davison).

Genus ALCURUS, Blyth.

Alcurus striatus, Blyth.

Alcurus striatus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 91 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 266 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 169 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 43 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 319 (1901).

The eggs of the Striated Green Bulbul in the Collection are precisely similar to those of *Alophoisus phwocephalus*, described above. They measure respectively: '95 by '62; '82 by '62.

2. Cachar, 17th May.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus TRACHYCOMUS, Cab.

Trachycomus ochrocephalus (Gm.).

Trachycomus ochrocephalus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 93 (1881); Outes, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 281 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 184, footnote (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 320 (1901).

The eggs of the Yellow-crowned Bulbul in the Collection are of a regular oval form, and exhibit very little gloss. One has the groundcolour pale salmon-pink, while the other is of a grevish-pink colour: both thickly blotched with rich purplish red, reddish brown, and lavender. The markings are slightly larger and more numerous at the larger end of the egg. Two examples measure respectively: 1.07 by .75; 1.03 by .74.

1. Kussoom, Malay Peninsula, 2nd July (J. Darling).

Hume Coll.

Kussoom (J. D.).

Hume Coll.

Genus BLEDA, Bp.

Bleda icterica (Strickl.).

(Plate X. fig. 12.)

Criniger ictericus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 472 (1879).

Xenocichla icterica, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 96 (1881); Nehrk.

Kat. Eiersamml. p. 43 (1899). Iole icterica, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 283 (1889); id. cd. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 185 (1889).

Bleda icterica, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 320 (1901).

The eggs of the Yellow-browed Bulbul are of a narrow oval form and moderately glossy. Two examples in the Collection are white, feebly speckled with very faint grey. A third is pinkish white, closely speckled with brownish and purplish pink, the markings being confluent at the broader end and forming a large cap. They measure respectively: 1 by .65; .9 by .65; .9 by .63.

- 1. Khotagherry, Nilghiri Hills, 18th Hume Coll. April (Miss Cockburn).
- Kotagherry, 22nd April (Miss Hume Coll. Cockburn).

Genus ANDROPADUS, Swains.

Andropadus importunus (Vieill.).

(Plate X. fig. 13.)

Andropadus importunus, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 204 (1875-84); id. Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 108 (1881); id. Hand-l, iii. p. 323 (1901); Stark, Birds S. Africa, ii. p. 65 (1901).

The eggs of the Sombre Tooth-billed Bulbul are of a narrow oval

shape and moderately glossy. The ground-colour varies from white to pale greyish pink, and the eggs are marked, chiefly at the broad end, with spots, cloudy blotches, and scrawls of umber-brown and deep grey. Three examples measure respectively: '95 by '69; ·93 by ·67; 1·1 by ·68.

3. S. Africa.

Crowley Bequest.

Andropadus flavescens, Hartl.

(Plate X. fig. 14.)

Andropadus flavescens, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 112 (1881); Kuschel, J. f. O. 1895, p. 345; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 43 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 324 (1901).

An egg of the Eastern Toothed-billed Bulbul in the Collection is of a regular oval shape and highly glossy. It is greyish white in colour, densely freekled all over with pale brown and lavender. It measures .89 by .61.

1. Zanzibar.

Crowley Bequest.

Genus MOLPASTES, Hume.

Molpastes fuscus (P. L. S. Müll.).

(Plate X. figs. 15, 16 & 17.)

Pycnonotus hæmorrhous, Layard, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (2) xiii. p. 125 (1854); Legge, Birds Ceyfon, p. 482 (1879); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi, p. 124 (1881); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 43 (1899).

Pycnonotus pygieus, Beavan, P. Z. S. 1864, p. 376.

Molpastes hæmorrhous, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 268 (1889);

id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 169 (1889). Molpastes fuscus (P. L. S. Müll.), Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 328 (1901).

The eggs of the Madras Red-vented Bulbul are of an oval form, sometimes considerably pointed at one end, at others blunt and rounded. They have a considerable amount of gloss.

Few eggs vary so much in coloration as do the eggs of this Bulbul. Mr. Hume has described them well and I cannot do better than reproduce his notes:—"The ground is universally pinkish or reddish white (in old eggs which have been kept a long time a sort of dull French white) of which more or less is seen according to the extent These markings take almost every conceivable of the markings. form, defined and undefined—specks, spots, blotches, streaks, smudges, and clouds; their combinations are as varied as their colours, which embrace every shade of red, brownish, and purplish red. As a rule, besides the primary markings, feeble secondary markings of pale inky purple are exhibited, often only perceptible when the egg is closely examined, sometimes so numerous as to give the groundcolour of the egg a universal purple tint. In about half the eggs there is a tendency to exhibit, more or less, an irregular zone or

cap at the large end, but solitary eggs occur in which there is a cap at the small end. Three fairly well marked types may be separately described. First, an egg thickly mottled and streaked all over with deep blood-red, which is entirely confluent over one-third of the surface, namely at the large end, and leaves less than a third of the ground-colour visible as a paler mottling over the rest of the surface. Then there is another type with a very delicate pure pink ground, and with a few large, bold, deep red blotches, chiefly at the large end, where they are intermingled with a few small pale inky-purple clouds, and with only a few spots and specks of the former colour scattered over the rest of the surface. Lastly, there is a pale dingy pink ground, speckled almost uniformly, but only moderately thickly, over the whole surface, with minute specks and spots of blood-red and pale inky purple." These three main types indicated by Mr. Hume are now figured (Pl. X. figs. 15, 16, 17).

In size, the cggs also vary exceedingly, ranging in length from

·72 to 1, and in breadth from ·57 to ·68.

-1	T) '11 37 377 T) T 31 07 .	TT 01 11
1.	Bareilly, N.W. Provs., India, 31st	Hume Coll.
2.	May.	TI 0 11
	Bareilly, 4th June.	Hume Coll.
2.	Bareilly, 6th June.	Hume Coll.
2. 3.	Bareilly, 12th & 13th June.	Hume Coll.
3.	Bareilly, 16th June.	Hume Coll.
8.	Bareilly, 17th June.	Hume Coll.
2.	Bareilly, 18th June.	Hume Coll.
1.	Bareilly, 19th June.	Hume Coll.
1.	Bareilly, 20th June.	Hume Coll.
2.	Bareilly, 22nd June.	Hume Coll.
2.	Agra, 17th June.	Hume Coll.
3.	Agra, 18th June.	Hume Coll.
4.	Agra, 24th June.	Hume Coll.
1.	Agra, 26th July.	Hume Coll.
2.	Agra, 28th July.	Hume Coll.
4.	Mirzapur (W. E. Brooks: Tristram	
ж.	Coll.).	Crowley Bequest.
2.	Jhansi, 15th June.	Lluma Call
1.	Jhansi, 26th June.	Hume Coll.
3.		Hume Coll.
1.	N.W. Provinces.	Crowley Bequest.
3.	Delhi, 25th May (C. T. Bingham).	Hume Coll.
	Delhi, 27th May (C. T. B.). Delhi, 23rd June (C. T. B.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Delhi, 23rd June (C. T. B.).	Hume Coll.
1.	Delhi, 8th July (C. T. B.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Sambhur, 1st May (R. M. Adam).	Hume Coll.
8.	Sambhur, $3rd-10th$ July $(R. M. A.)$.	Hume Coll
3.	Saugor, C. Provs., 21st June.	Hume Coll.
1.	Saugor, 14th July.	Hume Coll.
4.	Hoshungabad, 26th March (E. C.	Hume Coll.
	Nunn).	
2.	Central India.	Purchased.
2.	Central India (R. C. Beavan:	Crowley Bequest.
	Tristram Coll.).	J - Treeti
2.	Maunbhum, Bengal, 10th May	Salvin-Godman Coll.
	(R. C. Beavan).	O O II
	,	

3. Nilghiri Hills.
1. Nilghiri Hills.
2. Nilghiri Hills, 20th Feb.
3. Nilghiri Hills April Hume Coll.
4. Nilghiri Hills April Hume Coll.
5. Nilghiri Hills April Hume Coll

2. Nilghiri Hills, April. Hume 2. Coonoor, Nilghiri Hills, 21st May. Hume

Ceylon (E. L. Layard).
 Ceylon (E. L. L.).

2. Ceylon, May (A. L. Butler).

3. India.

Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Salvin-Godman Coll.

Salvin-Godman Coll Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

W. Radcliffe Saunders, Esq. [P.].

Molpastes burmanicus (Sharpe).

(Plate X. fig. 18.)

Pycnonotus burmanicus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 125 (1881); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 44 (1899).

Molpastes burmanicus, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 269 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 173 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 328 (1901).

The eggs of the Burmese Red-vented Bulbul are of a broad oval form, sometimes approaching the spherical, and they exhibit a considerable amount of gloss. They differ from those of *M. fuscus* in having the ground of a greyish-pink colour, marked with roundish spots and blotches of deep purplish red, chocolate-brown and lavender grey, which have a tendency to form an irregular cap or zone at the broader end. The markings are often blurred at the edges, and the underlying lavender-grey is frequently disposed in large smears and clouds. Specimens measure from '75 to '96 in length, and from '65 to '68 in breadth.

Pegu, 23rd April (E. W. Oates). Hume Coll. Pegu, 21st April (E. W. O.). 1. Oates Coll. Pegu, 15th May (*E. W. O.*). Pegu, 28th May (*E. W. O.*). Oates Coll. 1. Oates Coll Pegu, 31st May (E. W. O.). 1. Oates Coll. Pegu, 24th June (E. W. O.). 1. Oates Coll. 1. Pegu, 5th July (E. W. O.: Seebohm Crowley Bequest. Coll.). 1. Pegu, 15th July (E. W. O.). Oates Coll. Pegu, 20th July (E. W. O.). Oates Coll. Pegu, 28th July (E. W. O.). Oates Coll. 1. Pegu, 15th Sept. (E. W. O.). Oates Coll.

Molpastes atricapillus (Vieill.).

Pycnonotus atricapillus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 127 (1881). Molpastes atricapillus, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 270 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Egas Ind. Birds, i. p. 173 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 328 (1901).

The eggs of the Chinese Red-vented Bulbul are of a broad oval form, and have a moderate amount of gloss. They are of a pinkishwhite colour, thickly speckled and dotted all over with rich reddish brown and lavender-grey. Four examples measure respectively: ·73 by ·57; ·77 by ·6; ·77 by ·6; ·76 by ·6.

4. Tavoy, Tenasserim, 16th March Hume Coll. (J. Darling).

Molpastes pygæus, Hodys.

Pycnonotus pygreus, Beavan, P. Z. S. 1864, p. 376; Godw.-Aust. J. A. S. B. xliii. pt. ii. p. 178 (1874); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 128 (1881).

Molpastes bengalensis, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 271 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 174 (1889).

Molpastes pygæus, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 329 (1901).

The eggs of the Bengal Red-vented Bulbul in no way differ from those of *M. fuscus*, except in being slightly larger. They measure from 88 to 1.05 in length, and from 67 to 75 in breadth.

14.	Sikhim.	Hume Coll.
25,	Mongphoo, Darjiling (J. Gammie).	Hume Coll.
1.	Sikhim Terai, 30th April.	Hume Coll.
3.	Sikhim Terai, 9th May.	Hume Coll,
3.	Sikhim Terai, 10th May.	Hume Coll.
3.	Sikhim Terai, 10th May.	Hume Coll.
2.	Sikhim Terai, 13th May.	Hume Coll.
3.	Sikhim Terai, 19th May.	Hume Coll.
2.	Sikhim Terai, 31st May.	Hume Coll.
2.	Shillong, Assam, June.	Col. H. H. Godwin-Austen
		[C.].
	Bengal.	Crowley Bequest.
2.	Barrackpur (R. C. Beavan:	Crowley Bequest.
	Tristram Coll.).	•

Molpastes intermedius (A. Hay).

Pycnonotus intermedius, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 130 (1881). Molpastes intermedius, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 272 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 175 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 329 (1889).

The eggs of the Punjab Red-vented Bulbul in the Collection resemble those of M, fuscus and M, pygeus. Three examples measure respectively: 1.01 by .72; .91 by .7; .92 by .63.

1. Kashmir, 5th May (W. E. Brooks: Crowley Bequest. Tristram Coll.).

2. Mussoori, Himalayas (T. Hutton). Hume Coll.

Genus PYCNONOTUS, Boie.

The eggs of the Bulbuls of this genus resemble those of the Bulbuls of the genus *Molpastes*, and, whenever the series of eggs of any species is tolerably large, appear to be of as many types of coloration as the eggs of *M. fuscus*.

Pycnonotus capensis (Linn.).

Ixos capensis, Thien. Fortpflanz. yes. Vöy. tab. xxvii. figs. 13, a, b, c

(1845-54).

Pycnonotus capensis, Sharpe, ed. Layard's Birds S. Africa, p. 207 (1875–84); Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 361 (1875); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 130 (1881); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 44 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 329 (1901); Stark, Birds S. Africa, ii. p. 61 (1901).

The eggs of the Cape Yellow-vented Bulbul in the Collection are of various types, and measure from '8 to '92 in length, and from '62 to '7 in breadth.

2. S. Africa.

E. L. Layard, Esq. [P.].

3. S. Africa (E. L. Layard: Tristram Coll.).

Crowley Bequest.

4. S. Africa.

Crowley Bequest.

Pycnonotus layardi, Gurney.

Pycnonotus nigricans (nec V.), Gurney, Ibis, 1860, p. 209.
Pycnonotus layardi, Gurney, Ibis, 1879, p. 390; Sharpe, Cat. Birds
B. M. vi. p. 132 (1881); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 44 (1899);
Marshall, Ibis, 1900, p. 229; Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 329 (1901);
Stark, Birds S. Africa, ii. p. 63 (1901).

The eggs of Layard's Yellow-vented Bulbul in the Collection are closely alike and of the densely-spotted type of coloration. They measure from '86 to '96 in length, and from '62 to 65 in breadth.

3. Natal.

T. Ayres, Esq. [C.]. T. Ayres, Esq. [C.].

Pycnonotus nigricans (Vieill.).

Pyenonotus nigricans, Andersson, Birds Damara-l. p. 119 (1872); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 134 (1881); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 330 (1901); Stark, Birds S. Africa, ii. p. 64 (1901).

The eggs of Vieillot's Yellow-vented Bulbul in the Collection are speckled and also marked with small blotches. They measure respectively: 93 by 67; 8 by 62; 82 by 63.

3. Ondonga, Ovampo-land, April (C. J. Crowley Bequest. Andersson: Tristram Coll.).

Pycnonotus xanthopygus (Hempr. & Ehr.).

(Plate X. fig. 19.)

Ixos xanthopygius, *Tristram*, *Ibis*, 1859, p. 30; 1865, p. 81; 1866, p. 292.

Pycnonotus xanthopygus, *Dresser*, *Birds Eur*. iii. p. 357 (1875); *Sharpe*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* vi. p. 135 (1881); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 44 (1899); *Sharpe*, *Hand-l*. iii. p. 330 (1901).

The eggs of the Palestine Yellow-vented Bulbul are of the same varied types as those of *Molpastes fuscus* and *M. pygœus*. An egg, of a type of unusual occurrence among the Bulbuls, is of a greyishpink colour, densely mottled all over with lilac, and is here figured. Specimens measure from '85 to '98 in length, and from '64 to '66 in breadth.

3. Palestine, 1st May (H. B. Tris-Seebohm Coll.

Palestine, 16th April (H. B. T.).
 Jericho, 14th April (H. B. T.).
 Jericho, 16th April (H. B. T.).
 Moab, 28th April (H. B. T.).
 Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest. Crowley Bequest.

3. Syria (J. H. Cochrane).

Pycnonotus aurigaster (Vieill.).

Seebohm Coll.

Pycnonotus aurigaster, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 137 (1881); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 44 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 330 (1901).

The eggs of the Gold-vented Bulbul in the Collection are densely speckled and spotted, and resemble one of the types of the eggs of Molpastes fuscus. They bear no resemblance whatever to the eggs of Surniculus lugubris, in the nest of which Cuckoo they were found. They measure respectively: '96 by '65; '9 by '61.

 Java, 2nd May (with an egg of Crowley Bequest. Surniculus lugubris).

Pycnonotus analis (Horsf.).

Pycnonotus analis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 140 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 287 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 186, footnote (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml, p. 44 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l, iii. p. 330 (1901).

The eggs of the Malay Yellow-vented Bulbul resemble the more richly coloured eggs of *Molpastes fuscus*, and are heavily marked with spots and small blotches. They measure from ·8 to ·95 in length, and from ·6 to ·65 in breadth.

 Salang, Malay Peninsula, 14th Feb. Hume Coll. (J. Darling).

2. Salang. 2. Penang, June.

Singapore.
 Singapore.

1. Kuching, Sarawak, Borneo, Feb.

Crowley Bequest.

C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].

Hume Coll. H. N. Ridley, Esq. [P.]. H. K. Swann, Esq. [P.].

Pycnonotus goiavier (Scop.).

Pycnonotus goiavier, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 141 (1881); Steere, List Birds & Mamm. Philippines, p. 19 (1900); Grant & Whitehead, Ibis, 1898, p. 239; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 44 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 330 (1901).

The eggs of the Philippine Yellow-vented Bulbul are very densely marked and richly coloured. They measure from .81 to .85 in length, and from .6 to .65 in breadth.

Marinduque, 12th May. Steere Exped. 3. Dumaguete, 11th Feb. Steere Exped. 2. Samar, 24th June. J. Whitehead, Esq. [C.].

2. Sulu Islands (Nehrkorn Coll.). Crowley Bequest.

Pycnonotus luteolus (Less.).

Ixos luteolus, Legge, Birds Ceylon, p. 474 (1879). Pycnonotus Inteolus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds E. M. vi. p. 143 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 290 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 189 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 44 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 331 (1901).

Ixus luteolus, Barnes, Journ. Bomb. Nat. Hist. Soc. iv. p. 249, pl.-,

fig. 452 (1889).

The eggs of the White-eyebrowed Bulbul in the Collection resemble many of the boldly-marked eggs of Molpastes fuscus. They measure respectively: .95 by .61; .91 by .63; .92 by .63.

2. Bombay, 11th June (B. Aitken). Crowley Bequest. 1. Ceylon, 19th June (A. L. Butler). Hume Coll.

Pycnonotus finlaysoni, Strickl.

Pycnonotus finlaysoni, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 144 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 287 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 187 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 44 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 331 (1901).

The eggs of Finlayson's Stripe-throated Bulbul are mostly of the blotched type of egg of Molpastes fuscus. They measure from ·85 to 9 in length, and from 6 to 7 in breadth.

Tavoy, Tenasserim, 16th March Hume Coll. (J. Darling). Tavoy, 22nd April (J. D.). Salang, Malay Peninsula, 10th Hume Coll. 1. Hume Coll.

March. Salang. Crowley Bequest. 4. Kussoom, Malay Peninsula, 28th Hume Coll.

Klang, Malay Peninsula, 29th May. Hume Coll.

Pycnonotus davisoni (Hume).

Pycnonotus davisoni, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 145 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit, Ind., Birds, i. p. 288 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 188 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 44 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 331 (1901).

Of the two eggs of Davison's Stripe-throated Bulbul in the Collection, one is blotched all over with pale chestnut and lilac, and one is speckled and spotted with reddish brown and lavender. They measure respectively: '9 by '65; '82 by '61.

1. Pegu, 1st June (E. W. Oates). Oates Coll. 1. Pegu, 6th June (E. W. O.). Crowley Bequest.

Pycnonotus barbatus (Desf.).

Ixos obscurus, Baedeker, Eier Eur. Vög. pl. 76. fig. 15 (1855-63).

Ixus barbatus, Loche, Expl. Algérie, Ois. i. p. 288 (1867).
Pycnonotus barbatus, Dresser, Birds Eur. iii. p. 353 (1875); Sharpe,
Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 146 (1881); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 44
(1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 331 (1901).

The eggs of the White-vented Bulbul appear to comprise all the types of coloration of the eggs of Molpastes fuscus. They measure from ·89 to ·98 in length, and from ·68 to ·75 in breadth.

Tunis. Algeria (Loche).

Algeria, May (Loche: Tristram

Coll.).
Algeria, 24th June (Loche: Tristram Coll.).

L. Fraser, Esq. [C.]. Salvin-Godman Coll. Crowley Bequest.

Crowley Bequest.

Pycnonotus arsinoë (Hempr. & Ehr.).

Pycnonotus arsinoë, Heuglin, Orn. N.O.-Afr. i. p. 396, taf. xliii. fig. 18 (1873); Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 148 (1881); id. Ibis, 1886, p. 17; id. Hand-l. iii. p. 331 (1901).

One egg of Hemprich's Bulbul in the Collection is white, densely speckled with deep purplish red and lavender, while the other two are speckled with reddish brown. They measure respectively: ·8 by ·64; ·87 by ·64; ·86 by ·64.

1. Aden. 24th April. 2. Harrar, S. Abyssinia.

Col. J. W. Yerbury [P.]. M. P. Zaphiro [C.].

Pycnonotus sinensis (Gm.).

Ixus sinensis, Swinhoe, Ibis, 1863, p. 289. Pycnonotus sinensis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 149 (1881); La Touche, Ibis, 1898, p. 365; Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 44 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 331 (1901).

All the varied types of Bulbuls' eggs are represented in the large series of eggs of the White-naped Bulbul in the Collection. They measure from ·8 to ·92 in length, and from ·58 to ·7 in breadth.

51.	Amoy, China (R. Swinhoe).	Seebohm Coll.
9.	Amoy (R. S.: Tristram Coll.).	Crowley Bequest.
21.	Kiukiang, China (Leach).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	Foochow, China, 26th April.	C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].
2.	Foochow, 3rd May.	C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].
2.	Eoochow, 9th May.	C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].
2.	Foochow, 24th May.	C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].
2.	Foochow, 23rd July.	C. B. Rickett, Esq. [P.].
3.	Formosa, 10th April (P. A. Holst).	Seebohm Coll.
1.		
	Formosa, 10th April (P. A. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Formosa, 11th April (P. A. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
3.	Formosa, 11th April (P. A. II.).	Seebohm Coll.
3.	Formosa, 12th April (P. A. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Formosa, 13th April (P. A. II.).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	Formosa, 14th April (P. A. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Formosa, 14th April (P. A. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
1.	Formosa, 22nd April (P. A. II.).	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Formosa, 26th April (P. A. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Formosa, 29th April (P. A. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
4.	Formosa, 10th May (P. A. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
3.	Formosa, 20th May (P. A. H.).	Seebohm Coll.
2.	Formosa, 24th May (P. A. H.).	Seebohm Coll.

Pycnonotus blanfordi, Jerd.

Seebohm Coll.

1. Formosa, 29th May (P. A. H.).

Pycnonotus blanfordi, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 151 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 291 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eigs Ind. Birds, i. p. 190 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 44 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 332 (1901).

The eggs of Blanford's Bulbul are of the same varied character as those of the other Bulbuls of this genus and *Mclpastes*. They measure from ·74 to ·87 in length, and from ·58 to ·64 in breadth.

3.	Pegu, March (E. W. Outes).	Hume Coll.
2.	Pegu, 30th April (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.
3.	Pegu, 8th May (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
	Pegu, 15th May (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
1.	Pegu, 25th May (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Pegu, 28th May (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.
	Pegu, June (\vec{E}, W, O) .	Hume Coll.
2.	Pegu, June (E. W. O.).	Crowley Bequest.
2.	Pegu, 1st June (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.
2.	Pegu, 20th June (E. W. O.).	Oates Coll.
3.	Pegu. 25th June (E. W. O.).	Hume Coll.

Pycnonotus plumosus, Blyth.

Pycnonotus plumosus, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 152 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 292 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 191, footnote (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 45 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 332 (1901).

The egg of the Large Olive Bulbul in the Collection is of a pinkishwhite colour, speekled all over and marked round the broad end with a zone of confluent blotches of deep chestnut. It measures *89 by *65.

1. Kussoom, Malay Peninsula, Hume Coll. 4th June (W. Davison).

Pycnonotus simplex, Less.

Pycnonotus simplex, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 153 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 292 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eygs Ind. Birds, i. p. 192, footnote (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 332 (1901).

The eggs of Moore's Olive Bulbul in the Collection are densely mottled with rich reddish brown and lavender. They measure respectively: '9 by '63; '86 by '64.

2. Klang, Malay Peninsula, 23rd April Hume Coll. (W. Davison).

Genus XANTHIXUS, Oates.

Xanthixus flavescens (Blyth).

Pycnonotus flavescens, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 143 (1881). Xanthixus flavescens, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 275 (1889); Stuart Baker, Journ. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc. viii. p. 211 (1893); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 332 (1901).

Eggs of Blyth's Bulbul are of an oval form with a small amount of gloss. The ground-colour is pink, and is thickly spotted with purplish-red and lavender. Two specimens measure respectively: *88 by *69; *89 by *66.

2. N. Cachar, 3rd June.

E. C. Stuart Baker, Esq. [P.].

Genus OTOCOMPSA, Cab.

The eggs of the Bulbuls of this genus cannot be separated by any character from those of the species of *Molpastes* and *Pyenonolus*.

Otocompsa emeria (Linn.).

Otocompsa jocosa, *Sharpe*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* vi. p. 157 (1881); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml*. p. 45 (1899).

Otocompsa emeria, Oates, Fauna Brit., Ind. Birds, i. p. 276 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 178 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 333 (1901).

The eggs of the Bengal Red-whiskered Bulbul vary from specimens which are sparsely speckled on a white ground, to those which are boldly blotched on a pinkish-white ground-colour. They measure from ·72 to ·95 in length, and from ·56 to ·7 in breadth.

2. Sikhim, 6th June.

5. Baraitch, Oudh, April.

2. Lucknow, 5th May.

Crowley Bequest.

Hume Coll.

Hume Coll.

2. Lucknow, 17th May. Hume Coll. 1. Lucknow, 19th May. Hume Coll. 1. Lucknow, 26th May. Hume Coll. Calcutta. Crowley Bequest. Akyab (E. R. Shopland). Crowley Bequest. Pegu (E. W. Oates). Oates Coll. 1. Pegu, 10th March (E. W. O.). Oates Coll. 1. Pegu, 9th April (E. W. O.). Oates Coll. 1. Pegu, 16th April (E. W. O.). Oates Coll. Pegu, 28th May (E. W. O.). Pegu, 1st Aug. (E. W. O.). Bankasun, Tenasserim, 15th March 3. Hume Coll. 1. Oates Coll. Hume Coll.

Bankasun, Tenasserim, 15th March (W. Davison).
 Salang, Malay Peninsula.

Crowley Bequest.

Otocompsa fuscicaudata, Gould.

Otocompsa emeria, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 159 (1881); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersanml. p. 45 (1899).

Otocompsa fuscicaudata, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 277 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Egys Ind. Birds, i. p. 180 (1889); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 333 (1901).

The eggs of the Southern Red-whiskered Bulbul are similar to those of O. emeria, but they appear, on the whole, to be more richly coloured. Specimens measure from '78 to '93 in length, and from '58 to '67 in breadth.

12. Nilghiri Hills. Hume Coll. 6. Nilghiri Hills. Crowley Bequest. Hume Coll. 1. Nilghiri Hills, 7th Feb. 7. Nilghiri Hills, April. Hume Coll. 1. Nilghiri Hills, July. Hume Coll. Kotagherry, Nilghiri Hills, 7th Hume Coll. March (Miss Cockburn). Ootacamund, Nilghiri Hills, 24th Hume Coll. March. Coonoor, Nilghiri Hills, 5th Feb. 1. Hume Coll. Coonoor, 15th Feb. 1. Hume Coll. 2. Hume Coll. Coonoor, 3rd March. Coonoor, April. (W. Davison). 15. Hume Coll. Hume Coll. Coonoor, 21st May. Hume Coll. Coonoor, 5th June. Hume Coll. 1. Coonoor, 18th July. Hume Coll.

1. Wynaad, S. India, 15th Feb.

(J. Darling).

Otocompsa leucogenys (Gr. & Hardw.).

Hume Coll.

Otocompsa leucogenys, *Sharpe*, *Cat. Birds B. M.* vi. p. 160 (1881); *Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml.* p. 45 (1899); *Sharpe*, *Hand-l.* iii. p. 333 (1901).

Molpastes leucogenys, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 272 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Egys Ind. Birds, i. p. 175 (1889).
Vol. III.

The eggs of the White-cheeked Bulbul pass through the same variations as those of *Molpastes fuscus* and allied species. They measure from '83 to '9 in length, and from '57 to '68 in breadth.

3.	Dharumsala, Himalayas, 19th April.	Hume Coll.
3.	Kotgarh, Himalayas, 8th May.	Hume Coll,
7.	Kotgarh, 15th May.	Hume Coll.
1.	Kotgarh, 24th May.	Hume Coll.
2.	Kotgarh, 14th June.	Hume Coll.
2.	Kotgarh, 15th June.	Hume Coll.
5.	Kotgarh, 22nd June.	Hume Coll.
4.	Kotgarh, 4th July.	Hume Coll.
2.	Simla, 16th June (W. Davison).	Hume Coll.
4.	Mussoori (T. Hutton).	Hume Coll.
	Almora, 9th June.	Hume Coll.
1.	Almora, 9th May (W. E. Brooks:	Crowley Bequest.
	Tristram Coll.).	, ,
1.	Darjiling.	Crowley Bequest.

Otocompsa leucotis (Gould).

Pycnonotus leucotis, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 136 (1881); id.
 Ibis, 1891, p. 110; Nehrle, Kat. Eiersanml. p. 44 (1899).
 Molpastes leucotis, Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 273 (1889); id.

ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 177 (1889).

Otocompsa leucotis, Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 333 (1901).

The eggs of the White-eared Bulbul, of which there is a very large series in the Collection, are almost entirely of the speckled type of egg of *Molpastes fuscus*, the absence of all blotches and coarse markings being very noticeable. They measure from '66 to '9 in length, and from '53 to '65 in breadth.

5.	Fao, Persian Gulf.	W. D. Cumming, Esq. [P.].
1.	Jask, Gulf of Oman, 23rd March.	S. Butcher, Esq. [P.]. S. Butcher, Esq. [P.].
3.	Jask, 29th March.	S. Butcher, Esq. [P.].
	Punjab.	Prof. Oldham [P.].
4.	Hansi, Punjab (W. Blewitt).	Hume Coll.
	Hansi, 11th April (W. B.).	Hume Coll.
	Hansi, 1st May (W. B.).	Hume Coll.
	Hansi, 27th May (W. B.).	Hume Coll.
	Hansi, 10th June (W. B.).	Hume Coll.
	Hansi, July (W, \hat{B}) .	Hume Coll.
	Hansi, Aug. (W. B.).	Hume Coll.
	Hansi, 7th Sept.	Hume Coll.
	Delhi, 25th May (C. T. Bingham).	Hume Coll.
	N.W. Provinces (W. E. Brooks:	Crowley Bequest.
	Tristram Coll.).	- V A
8.		Gould Coll.
35.	Eastern Narra, Sind (S. Doig).	Hume Coll.
	,	

Otocompsa flaviventris (Tickell).

Otocompsa flaviventris, Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 161 (1881); Oates, Fauna Brit. Ind., Birds, i. p. 278 (1889); id. ed. Hume, Nests & Eggs Ind. Birds, i. p. 183 (1889); Nehrk. Kat. Eiersamml. p. 45 (1899); Sharpe, Hand-l. iii. p. 333 (1901).

The egg of the Black-crested Yellow Bulbul in the Collection is of a creamy-white colour, thickly mottled and speckled with red and lavender. It measures '85 by '6.

1. Thoungyin River, Tenasserim, 14th Hume Coll. April (C. T. Bingham).

Genus SPIZIXUS, Blyth.

Spizixus cinereicapillus, Swinh.

(Plate X. fig. 20.)

Spizixus cinereicapillus, Swinhoe, P. Z. S. 1871, p. 370; Sharpe, Cat. Birds B. M. vi. p. 173 (1881); id. Hand-l. iii. p. 335 (1901).

An egg which is said to be that of the Formosan Finch-billed Bulbul is of an extremely broad oval form, and nearly devoid of all gloss. It is of a pale pink colour, very densely mottled all over with purplish red and lilac. It measures 9 by 7.

1. Formosa (R. Swinhoe: Tristram Crowley Bequest, Coll.).



ALPHABETICAL INDEX.

acuticaudus (Anumbius), 179. acutipennis, var. texensis (Chordeiles), 57. adelaidæ (Platycercus), 17. adelaidensis (Platycercus), 17. Adelomyia, 91. ægithaloides (Leptasthenura) 174. Ægithina, 302. Ægotheles, 25. ægyptius (Caprimulgus), ægyptius (Merops), 51. æquatorialis (Momotus), affinis (Caprimulgus), 67. affinis (Centropus), 126. affinis (Coracias), 27. affinis (Cypselus), 82 affinis (Geococcyx), 129. affinis (Micropus), 82. affinis (Terpsiphone), 280. africana (Upupa), 48. Agapornis, 16. aglaiæ (Hadrostomus), 220. aglaiæ (Platypsaris), 220. agricola (Colaptes), 140. Agriornis, 185. Aithurus, 89. alberti (Menura). 164. albescens (Synallaxis), 175.albicaudata (Stoparola), 291. albiceps (Elainea), 197.

Abrornis, 286.

(Empidonax),

(Anum-

acadicus

207. Acanthylis, 77.

Aceros, 44. acuticaudatus

bius), 179.

albicilla (Halcyon), 39. albicollis (Legatus), 198. albicollis (Leucochloris), 88. albicollis (Muscicapa), 255.albicollis (Nyctidromus), 62.albicollis (Pteroptochus), 166.albicollis (Rhipidura), 276.albifrons (Amazona), 10. albifrons (Chrysotis), 10. albifrons (Miro), 267. albifrons (Petræca), 267. albifrontata (Pseudogerygone), 266. albifrontata (Rhipidura), 278.albigularis (Abrornis), 287. albigularis (Cryptolopha), 287. albigularis (Eurostopodus); 59. albigularis (Eurostopus), 59. albigularis (Gerygone), 264. albigularis (Hirundo), 240. albigularis (Pygarrhicus), 182. albigularis (Rhinomyias), 282. albilinea (Tachycineta), 235. albiloris (Polioptila), 271. albinotatus (Caprimulgus), 69. albirostris (Anthracoceros), 43. albiscapa (Rhipidura), albiventris (Fluvicola), 188.

albiventris (Hadrostomus), 220. albiventris (Platypsaris), 220.albofrontata (Gerygone), 266.albogularis (Gerygone), 264. Alcedo, 32. Alcurus, 309. alcyon (Ceryle), 31. alcyon (Streptoceryle), 31. Alcyone, 34. alecto (Monarcha), 288. (Piezorhynchus), alecto 288. Alectrurus, 188. alexandri (Trochilus), Alophoixus, 309. Alophonerpes, 157. alpinus (Cypselus), 80. Alseonax, 251. Amaurodryas, 262. amaurotis (Hypsipetes), 306. Amazilia, 85. Amazona, 10. amazona (Ceryle), 32. amazonia (Ceryle), 32. amazonicus (Thamnophilus), 167. ambiguus (Caprimulgus), 69. ambiguus (Trogon), 98. americana (Ceryle), 32. americana, var. cabinisi (Ceryle), 32. americana septentrionalis (Ceryle), 32. americanus (Coccygus), 120. americanus (Coccyzus), 120. (Dendroanabatina cichla), 183,

anabatina (Dendrocincla), 183. Anæretes, 195. analis (Pycnonotus), 316. andamanensis (Centrococeyx), 126. andamanensis (Centropus), 126. andamanicus (Caprimulgus), 70 Andropadus, 310. angustipennis (Chlorostilbon), 86. angustirostris (Picolaptes), 184. ani (Crotophaga), 130. anna (Calypte), 93. anna (Trochilus), 93, annæ (Calypte), 93. Anthocinela, 224. anthoides (Siptornis), 178. Anthroceros, 43. antiqua (Erythronota), 85. (Anumbius), 179. Anumbius, 179. Aphrastura, 173. apiaster (Merops), 50. Aprosmictus, 15. Apternus, 154. apus (Cypselus), 80. apus (Hirundo), 80. apus (Micropus), 80. Ara, 7. ararauna (Ara), 7. arauna (Ara), 7. argus (Eurostopus), 59. ariel (Lagenoplastes), 248. (Petrochelidon), 248. (Pycnonotus), arsinoë 318. Arundinicola, 188. asiatica (Alcedo), 33. asiatica (Cyanops), 133. asiatica (Megalæma), asiaticus (Caprimulgus), Asyndesmus, 145. ateralbus (Centropus), 123. aterrimum (Microglossum), 3. (Microaterrimus glossus), 3. athertoni (Nyctiornis),

ALPHABETICAL INDEX. atricapilla (Hedymela), 254. atricapilla (Muscicapa), 254. barbatus atricapilla (Pitta), 227. 203. atricapillus (Hadrobarbatus stomus), 219. 318. atricapillus (Molpastes), 211. atricapillus (Platypsaris), 211. 219.atricapillus(Pyenonotus), 313. 19. atripennis(Caprimulgus), barnardi 19. 70. Atticora, 245. augusti (Phaëthornis), basalis - 118. 83. aurantio - atro - cristatus basalis (Empidonomus), 212. 118. aurantius . (Brachypternus), 156. auratus (Colaptes), 139. auratus luteus (Colaptes), phus), 22. 79. auriceps auriceps (Dendrocopus), baudini 153. auriceps (Pharomacrus), 97. auriceps (Platycercus), 22 200. aurifrons (Bolborhynchus), 9. aurifrons (Centurus), 33. 147. aurifrons (Melanerpes), 147. 125. aurigaster (Pycnonotus), 316. auritus (Iyngipieus), 155. 314. aurulentus (Chloronerpes), 144. aurulentus (Lampornis), bicolor 261. australis (Coracias), 29. australis (Eurystomus), 29. bicolor 235. australis (Glossopsitta), bicornis Automolus, 180. 43. awokera (Gecinus), 142. bicornis awokera (Picus), 142. 45. azaræ (Cyanotis), 195. azurea (Alcyone), 34. azurea (Hypothymis), 272, 273. azurea (Myiagra), 273.

balasiensis (Tachornis), barbatus (Ixus), 318. (Myiobius), (Pycnonotus), barbirostris (Blacieus), barbirostris (Myiarchus), (Barnardius), (Platycercus), Barnardius, 19. (Chalcococcyx), (Lamprococcyx), Basilinna, 85. batassiensis (Cypselus), batassiensis (Tachornis), Batis, 272. Batrachostomus, 25. (Calyptorhynchus), 4. beavani (Alcedo), 33. bella (Cyanoptila), 269. bellicosus (Pitangus), Bellona, 94. bengalensis (Alcedo), bengalensis (Centrococcyx), 125. bengalensis (Centropus), bengalensis (Molpastes), Biblis, 233. bicolor (Hirundo), 235. (Melanodryas), bicolor (Merops), 49. bicolor (Petræca), 261. (Tachycineta), (Dichoceros), (Meniceros), bifasciata (Stenopsis), 63. bifasciatus (Caprimulgus), 63. birostris (Lophoceros), 45. azurea pulchra (Aleyone), birostris (Ocyceros), 45.

Blacieus, 211.

blanfordi (Pycnonotus), 319. Bleda, 310. boissoneaui (Pseudoco-

laptes), 179.
Bolborhynchus, 9.
bolivianus (Pitangus),

200.

borbonica, var. madagascariensis (Phedina), 236.

borbonica (Tchitrea), 274.

borbonicus (Trochocercus), 274.

bourbonnensis (Trochocercus), 274.

Bourcieria, 90. Brachypternus, 156. brachypterus (Capri-

mulgus), 24. brachyura (Pitta), 226. Bradyornis, 251.

brevirostris (Hypoxanthus), 141.

brevirostris (Pericrocotus), 297. brevirostris (Smicrornis),

264.

bridgesi (Drymornis), 184.

bronzinus (Cacomantis), 116.

Brotogerys, 9.

brunneicauda(Newtonia), 252.

brunneifrons (Dendrocopus), 153. brunnescens (Margar-

ornis), 182. brunnescens (Premno-

plex), 182. Bucco, 137.

burchelli (Centropus),

burmanica (Pelargopsis), 30.

burmanicus (Molpastes), 313.

burmanicus (Pycnonotus), 313. Butalis, 250, 251.

cabanisi (Ceryle, 32. cabanisi (Criniger), 309. Cacatua, 5. Cacomantis, 114, 115. cactorum (Melanerpes), 146. cactorum (Picus), 146. cærulea (Polioptila), 270. cærulescens (Edoliisoma),

295. cafer (Coccystes), 104. cafer (Colaptes), 140. cafer collaris (Colaptes),

140. cahirica (Hirundo), 237. californianus (Geococ-

cyx), 129. californica (Polioptila),

271. caligatus (Trogon), 99.

calolæma (Oreopyra), 89. calonyx (Eurystomus), 29. Calopsitta, 6.

Calopsittacus, 6. Caloptomena, 160. Caloptorhynchus, 4. Campephaga, 292. campestris (Colaptes),

140. Campophaga, 296. Campylopterus, 84.

cana (Campephaga), 292. canariensis (Dendro-

copus), 149.

rhynchus), 190. canente (Hemicercus),

157. caniceps (Cyanops), 134. caniceps (Megalamu),

134. canicularis (Conurus), 8. canorus (Cuculus), 105. cantonensis (Pericrocotus), 299.

canus (Gecinus), 143. canus (Picus), 143. capensis (Batis), 272. capensis (Colius), 96. capensis (Ixos), 315.

capensis (Ixos), 315. capensis (Pachyprora), 272.

capensis (Pycnonotus), 315.

capito (Eopsaltria), 268. capito (Pœcilodryas), 268. Caprimulgus, 64. carinata (Monarcha),

290. caripensis (Steatornis),

carolinensis (Antrosto-

mus), 64. carolinensis (Caprimulgus), 64. carolinensis (Conuropsis), 8.

carolinensis (Conurus), 8. carolinensis (Tyrannus), 212.

carolinus (Centurus), 146.

carolinus (Melanerpes), 146.

Carpococcyx, 129. cashmirensis (Chelidon), 230.

cashmiriensis (Chelidon), 230.

cashmiriensis (Chelidonaria), 230. castanea (Philepitta),

229. castanea (Synallaxis),

176. castaneiventris (Myia-

gra), 284. castelnaudi (Glypho-

rhynchus), 183. cathpharius (Dendrocopus), 150.

caudacuta (Acanthylis),
77.

caudacuta (Chatura), 77.

caudata (Chiroxiphia), 217. caudata (Pipra), 217.

caudifasciatus (Pitangus), 201. caudifasciatus (Tyran-

nus), 201. cayennensis (Myiozetetes), 198.

Cecropis, 241. Centrites, 190. Centrococcyx, 124, 125. Centropus, 123. Centurus, 146, 147. Ceophleus, 158.

Cercomacra, 169. cerviniceps (Lyncornis), 60.

Ceryle, 30. ceylonensis (Culicicapa), 283.

ceylonensis (Upupa),
47.

Ceyx, 35. Chætocercus, 94. Chætura, 77. Chalcites, 118, 119.

Chalcococcyx, 117. Chalybea (Progne), 244. chalybeocephalus (Pieze

chalybeocephalus (Piezo-rhynchus), 288.

chapmani (Chordeiles), chelicutensis (Halcyon), 39. Chelidon, 229. Chelidonaria, 229. Chelidoptera, 138. Cheramœca, 243. chionurus (Trogon), 98. chiriri (Brotogerys), 10. Chiromachæris, 218. Chiroxiphia, 217. chloris (Halcyon), 41. chloris (Sauropatis), 41. chlorolæmus (Eulampis), chlorolepidotus (Psitteuteles), 2. chlorolepidotus (Trichoglossus), 2. chlorolophus (Gecinus), 144. Chloronerpes, 144. Chloropsis, 303. Chlorostilbon, 86. Chordelles, 56. chrysæus (Tarsiger), 270. chrysocephalus (Megarhynchus), 202 chrysocephalus (Myiodynastes), 202 Chrysococcyx, 117. chrysogaster (Pseudogerygone), 267. Chrysolampis, 88. Chrysoptilus, 145. chrysostoma (Euphema), 20. Chrysotis, 10. Cinclodes, 172 cineta (Clivicola), 232, cincta (Cotile), 232. eineta (Cotyle), 232. cineracea (Sayornis), 205. cinerascens (Cuculus), cineraceus (Myiarchus), cinerea (Atticora), 245. cinerea (Campephaga), cinerea (Serphophaga), cinereicapillus (Spizixus), cinereiceps (Rhynchocyclus), 191. cinereum (Todirostrum), cinereus (Coccyzus), 121.

cinereus (Graucalus), 292. cinereus (Pericrocotus), 298. cinnamomea (Synallaxis), 176.cinnamomeiventris (Ochthœca), 187. cinnamomeus (Furnarius), 172 clarissæ (Heliangelus), 91. clarus (Caprimulgus), 65. climacocercus (Hydropsalis), 61. climacurus (Caprimulgus), 61. climacurus (Scotornis), 61. Clivicola, 231. coccineopterus (Ptistes), 15. Coceygus, 119, 120. Coccystes, 102. Coccyzus, 119. cœlestis (Psittacula), 9. cœrulea (Coua), 128. Colaptes, 139. Colius, 95. colius (Colius), 96. collaris (Colaptes), 139. collaris (Hedymela), 255. collaris (Muscicapa), 255, collaris (Trogon), 98. Collocalia, 75. colombica (Thalurania), colubris (Trochilus), 93, columbica (Thalurania), columboides (Palæornis), 14. concinnus (Glossopsittacus), 2 concolor (Biblis), 234. concolor (Cotile), 234. concolor (Hypsipetes), 304.concolor (Ptyonoprogne), concolor (Schizorhis), Conopophaga, 166. Contopus, 208. Conuropsis, 8. Conurus, 8. (Anthracoconvexus ceros), 43. Coracias, 26.

Coracopitta, 26.

Coracopsis, 11. cornutus (Nymphicus), coromandus (Coccystes), 103.coromandus (Haleyon), 37. (Dendrochelicoronata don), 75. coronata (Macropteryx), 75.Corythornis, 34. Cosmetornis, 62. Cotile, 231. Cotyle, 231. Coua, 128. cowani (Clivicola), 232. cowani (Cotile), 232. cowani (Cotyle), 232. crassirostris (Tyrannus), 214.Criniger, 308. crinitus (Myiarchus), crinitus, var. cinerascens (Myiarchus), 209. crissoleucus (Picoides), 154.cristata (Bellona), 94. cristata (Corythornis), 34. cristata (Terpsiphone), 281.cristatus (Chrysoptilus), 145.cristatus (Orthorhynchus), 94. crocea (Rupicola), 221. Crotophaga, 130, 131. cruentatus (Melanerpes), 146.Cryptolopha, 285, cucullata (Grallaricula), cucullata (Hirundo), 241. cucullata (Melanodryas), 261.cucullata (Pitta), 228. Cuculus, 105. Cuculus canorus, 106. With eggs of:-Acrocephalus palustris, 109. Acrocephalus phragmitis, 138. Acrocephalus strcperus, 109. Alauda arvensis, 112. Anorthura troglodytes, 106.

cyanotus (Petasophora),

Cuculus canorus (con.). With eggs of :-(Anthus obscurus, 112.Anthus pratensis, 111. Anthus trivialis, 111. Cannabina cannabina, 113. Chloris chloris, 113. Emberiza citrinella, 113.Emberiza schæniclus, 113. Erithacus rubecula, 106. Fringilla cœlebs, 113. Galerita cristata, 112.Lanius collurio, 109. Lanius minor, 110. Lanius pomeranus, 109. Locustella nævia, 109. Melizophilus undatus, 108. Miliaria miliaria. 113. Motacilla alba, 110. Motacilla campestris, 110. Motacilla flava, 111. Motacilla lugubris, 110. Muscicapa grisola, 106. Passer domesticus, Passer montanus, 113.Phylloscopus minor, 108. Phylloscopus sibilator, 108. Phylloscopus trochilus, 108. Regulus ignicapillus, 110. Saxicola melanoleuca, 107. Saxicola œnanthe, 107. Sylvia atricapilla, 108.Sylvia curruca, 107. Sylvia nisoria, 107. Sylvia orpheus, 108. Sylvia simplex, 108.

Tharraleus

laris, 107.

modu-

Culicicapa, 283. culicivora (Gerygone), 265.culicivora (Pseudogerygone), 265. (Glyphorhyncuneatus chus), 183. cunicularia (Geositta), 171.cupreiventris (Eriocnemis), 90. cupreus (Chrysococcyx), 117.curvirostris (Rhinococcyx), 128. cuvieri (Podargus), 24. cyanea (Pitta), 225. cyaniceps (Rhipidura), 276. cyaniventris (Haleyon), (Cyanocyanocephala myia), 85. cyanocephala (Eudynamis), 122. cyanocephala(Palæornis), cyanocephala (Todopsis), 273. cyanocephalus (Palæornis), 13. evanoleuca (Atticora), 245.cyanomelæna (Cyanoptila), 269. cyanomelæna (Niltava), 269.cyanomelæna (Xanthopygia), 269. Cyanomyia, 85. cyanonota (Petasophora), Cyanops, 133. cyanoptera (Pitta), 225. Cyanoptila, 269. cyanopygius (Aprosmictus), 15. Cyanorhamphus, 21. cyanostigma thornis), 34. Cyanotis, 195. cyanotis (Cyanops), 136. cyanotis (Megalæma), 135. cyanotis (Mesobucco), 135. cyanotis (Mezobucco), 135. evanotis (Petasophora), 87.

cyanura (Eucichla), 228. Cymborhynchus, 163. Cyornis, 256, 257, 263. Cypselus, 80. Dacelo, 36. dalhousiæ (Psarisomus), 161. dasypus (Chelidon), 230. dasypus (Chelidonaria), 230.davisoni (Cyanops), 134. davisoni (Pycnonotus), dea (Tanysiptera), 42. delalandi (Cephalepis), delalandi (Cephalolepis), delattrii (Campylopterus), 84. Dendrochelidon, 75. Dendrocichla, 183. Dendrocincla, 183. Dendrocolaptes, 184. Dendrocoptes, 154. Dendrocopus, 148. derbianus (Pitangus), desmursi (Sylviorthorhynchus), 174. devillei (Brotogerys), 10. diadema (Ochthæca), 187. Diaphoropterus, 301. Dichoceros, 43. Dicrocercus, 48. diemenensis (Alcyone), diemenensis (Rhipidura), diemensis (Alcyone), 34. difficilis (Empidonax), 207.Digenea, 257. dilwynni (Ceyx), 35. dimidiata (Hirundo), doliatus (Thamnophilus), dominicensis (Progne), 244. dominicensis (Tyrannus). dominicus (Lampornis),

88.

Doricha, 92. Drymornis, 184.

Dryobates, 150, 151.

Dryccopus, 158.

Dryotomus, 158. dubius (Melanerpes), 146. ducorpsi (Cacatua), 6. dumicola (Polioptila), 270.Dysithamnus, 168.

Eclectus, 12. Edoliisoma, 295. Elainea, 196. elegans (Euphema), 21. elegans (Melanerpes), 147.elegans (Neophema), 21. elegans (Platycercus), 17. elegans (Ricordia), 86. elegans (Sporadinus), 86. cmeria (Otocompsa), 320, 321. Empidias, 204. Empidochanes, 204. Empidonax, 206. Empidonomus, 212. enicura (Doricha), 93. enicura (Thaumastura), 92. Eopsaltria, 268. epops (Upupa), 46. Eriocnemis, 90.

erythacus (Psittacus), 11. erythrocephalus (Harpactes), 99.

erythrocephalus (Melanerpes), 145.

erythrocephalus (Pyrotrogon), 99.

Erythrodryas, 260. erythrogaster (Hirundo), 238.

erythrogastra (Petroica), 259.

erythrolophus (Corythaix), 101.

erythrolophus (Turacus), 101.

erythromelon (Colius), 96.

crythronota (Amazilia),

85. erythronota (Saucerottea), 85.

erythrophthalmus(Coccygus), 120.

erythrophthalmus(Coccyzus), 120.

erythrops (Siptornis), 177.

erythrops (Synallaxis), 177.

erythropterus (Ptistes). erythropygia (Hirundo), 242.

crythropygius (Pericrocotus), 299.

Erythrosterna, 255, 262. erythrothorax (Synallaxis), 177.

esculenta (Collocalia), 77. Eucichla, 228

Eudynamis, 121. Eulampis, 88.

Eumomota, 54. eupatrius (Palæornis),

Euphema, 20.

europæus (Caprimulgus),

Eurostopodus, 59. Eurostopus, 59. Eurylæmus, 162.

eurynome (Phaëthornis), 83.

Eurystomus, 28. Euscarthmus, 193. Eustephanus, 92.

eximius (Caprimulgus), 65.

eximius (Platycercus), 18. exortis (Heliangelus), 91. exortis (Heliotrypha), 91.

fasciata (Palæornis), 14. fasciatus (Harpactes), 99. fasciatus (Palaornis), 14. fasciatus (Pyrotrogon), 99.

fascinans (Microca), 250. feliciæ (Amazilia), 85. feliciæ (Erythronota), 85.

feliciæ (Saucerottea), 85. ferox (Myiarchus), 210. filifera (Hirundo), 240. fiulaysoni (Pycnonotus),

317. finschi (Amazona), 10. finschi (Chrysotis), 10. finschi (Pitta), 227.

fitzgeraldi (Upucerthia),

flabellifera (Rhipidura), 274.flabelliformis (Caco-

mantis), 115. flammeus (Pericrocotus), 297.

flammulatus (Thripadectes), 181.

flaveolus (Criniger), 308, flavescens (Andropadus), flavescens (Empidonax), 208.

flavescens (Pycnonotus), 320.

flavescens (Xanthiscus), 320.(Pseudo-

flavilateralis gerygone), 206. flavirostris (Phibalura),

flavirostris (Pteroglossus), 137.

flaviventris (Empidonax), 207.

flaviventris, var. difficilis (Empidonax), 207.

flaviventris (Gerygone),

flaviventris (Hapalocercus), 193.

flaviventris (Otocompsa), flaviventris (Platycercus),

17. flavolateralis (Gerygone),

266. flindersii (Eudynamis),

122.Fluvicola, 188.

fluvicola (Hirundo), 248. fluvicola (Petrochelidon), 248.

(Milvulus), forficatus 217.

(Muscivora), forficatus 217.

formicivorus (Melanerpes), 146.

formicivorus bairdi (Melanerpes), 146. formosus (Pezoporus), 22. frænatus (Caprimulgus),

73. francica (Collocalia), 76. franklini (Cyanops), 134. (Megalæma), 134.

frantzii (Elainea), 197. frontalis (Hirundo), 239. frontalis (Synallaxis),

fucata (Atticora), 245. fuciphaga (Collocalia), 75.

fugax (Hierococcyx), 104.

fuliginosa (Rhipidura), 275.

fuligula (Biblis), 234. fuligula (Cotile), 234. fuligula (Cctyle), 234. fuligula (Ptyonoprogne), 234. fulva (Petrochelidon), 247. fulvifacies (Abrornis), 287.fulvifacies (Cryptolopha), 287. fulvipectus (Rhynchocyclus), 191 (Ochthæca), fumicolor 186, 187. funereus (Calyptorhynchus), 4. furcata (Progne), 244. furcata (Thalurania), 87. furcifer (Hydropsalis), 60. furcifera (Hydropsalis), 60. Furnarius, 171. fusca (Gerygone), 266. fusca (Pseudogerygone), 266.fuscatus (Empidochanes), 204.fuscicapillus (Pœocephalus), 11. fuscicaudata (Otocompsa), 321. (Yungifusco-albidus picus), 155. fuscoventris (Rhipidura), 276.fuscus (Cinclodes), 173. fuscus (Empidias), 204. fuscus (Molpastes), 311. fuscus (Sayornis), 204. gairdneri (Dendrocopus), 151. galerita (Cacatua), 5. galeritus (Eustephanus), galeritus (Psittacus), 5. galgulus (Loriculus), 17. ganeesa (Hypsipetes), 305. garrula (Coracias), 27. garrulus (Coracias), 27 gaudichaudi (Dacelo), 36. gaudichaudi (Sauromarptis), 36. Gecinus, 141.

Geococcyx, 129. Geocolaptes, 138. Geositta, 171. Gerygone, 264. gibsoni (Chlorostilbon), 86. gigas (Dacelo), 36.

gigas (Patagona), 84. glandarius (Coccystes), 102. glandarius (Cuculus), 102.glandarius (Oxylophus), 102.Glaucis, 83. (Thalurania), glaucopis 86. glaucurus (Eurystomus), 28. glaucurus typicus (Eurystomus), 28. Glossopsitta, 2. Glossopsittacus, 2. Glyphorhynchus, 183. goffini (Cacatua), 5. goiavier (Pycnonotus), 316. goodenovii (Petræca), 260. goodenovii (Petroica), 260. gouldi (Lesbia), 92. gouldi (Monarcha), 289. gouldi (Piezorhynchus), 289. gouldi (Psalidoprymna), 92. Grallaria, 170. Grallaricula, 170. granadensis (Euscarthmus), 193. granadensis (Pyroderus), 223.grandis (Niltava), 257. Graucalus, 292. griseatus (Caprimulgus), griseiceps (Criniger), 309. griseigularis (Pericrocotus), 298. griseus (Tyrannus), 215. grisola (Butalis), 252. grisola (Muscicapa), 252. guatemalensis (Amazilia), guatemalensis (Cyanomyia), 85. guerini (Gecinus), 143. guerini (Oxypogon), 92. guianensis (Caprimulgus), 62. guianensis (Nyctidromus), 62. guianensis (Synallaxis), 176. Guira, 131. guira (Crotophaga), 131.

guira (Guira), 131.

guira-yetapa (Alectrurus), 188. gularis (Euscarthmus), 193. gularis (Haleyon), 38. gularis (Rhinomyias), 282. gularis (Synallaxis), 177. gurial (Pelargopsis), 29. gustavi (Brotogerys), 10. guttatus (Caprimulgus), 59. guttatus (Eurostopodus), guttatus (Eurostopus), guttatus (Thamnophilus), 167.guttulatus (Piezorhynchus), 289. (Hirundo), gutturalis 238. (Chiromagutturosa chæris), 218 gutturosus (Manaeus), 218. Gymnoschizorhis, 101. habroptilus (Stringops), Habrura, 193. Hadrostomus, 219. hæmacephala (Xantholæma), 136. hæmatocephala (Xantholæma), 136. hæmatocephalum (Xantholæma), 136. hæmatogaster (Psephotus), 19. hæmatogaster, var. xanthorrhous (Psephotus), 19. hæmatonotus (Psephotus), 20. hæmorrhous (Molpastes), 311. hæmorrhous (Pycnonotus), 311. hahni (Ara), 8. Haleyon, 37. hammondi (Empidonax), Hapalocercus, 193. hardwickei (Iyngipicus), 155. Harpactes, 99. Hedymela, 254. Heliangelus, 91. Helianthea, 90.

Heliopædica, 85.

Heliotrypha, 91. Hemicercus, 157. Hemichelidon, 25%. hemileucurus (Campylopterus), 84. Hemilophus, 157. Hemiprocne, 78. Hemixus, 307. Henicognathus, 8. henicura (Doricha), 92. henryi (Chordeiles), 57. hesperia (Progne), 243. Hierococcyx, 104. himalayensis (Dendrocopus), 150. hirsuta (Glaucis), 83. hirundinaceus (Dicrocercus), 48. hirundineus (Dicrocercus), 48. Hirundo, 229, 236. hodgsoni (Batrachostomus), 25. hodgsoni (Megalæma), 135. hollandi (Hapalocercus), holosericeus (Eulampis), 88. holosericeus (Sericotes), 88. holostictus (Automolus), 180. homochrous (Hadrostomus). 219. homochrous (Platypsaris), 219. Homorus, 180. honorata (Eudynamis), 121. Horizopus, 208. horreorum (Hirundo), 238.hudsoni (Siptornis), 179. hudsoni (Synallaxis), humeralis (Campephaga), humicola (Siptornis), 178.Hydropsalis, 60. Hydrornis, 224. Hylactes, 166. Hylocharis, 85. Hylochelidon, 246. Hylotomus, 158. hyperythra (Muscicapula), 263.

hyperythrus (Cyornis),

263.

intermedius (Cuculus), hyperythrus (Hypopicus), 148. 114. Hypocharmosyna, 3. intermedius (Molpastes), hypoleucus (Grancalus), 294. 314. intermedius (Pycno-Hypopicus, 148. notus), 314. iolata (Petasophora), 87. Hypothymis, 272 Iole, 307, 310. Hypoxanthus, 241. Iora, 302. Hypsipetes, 304. Irena, 303. icterica (Bleda), 310. irupero (Tænioptera), icterica (Iole), 310. 186. isabellinus (Caprimulicterica (Xenocichla), 310.gus), 66. ictericus (Criniger), 310. ispida (Alcedo), 32. icterophrys (Sisopygis), Ixocinela, 306. Ixos, 315. Ixus, 317, 318. 189.icterotis (Platycercus), 18. igata (Pseudogerygone), Lyngipicus, 155. 265.Iÿnx, 159. ignobilis (Automolus), 181. jacobinus (Coccystes), 103. importunus (Andropajala (Philepitta), 229. dus), 310. jamaicensis (Nyctibius), inea (Empidonomus), 212. 56. japonicus (Dendrocopus), incei (Terpsiphone), 280. 149. japonicus (Picus), 149. incii (Terpsiphone), 280. indica (Coracias), 26. javanensis (Centropus), indica (Upupa), 47. 126.Indicator, 132 javanensis (Tiga), 156. indicus (Caprimulgus), javanica (Hirundo), 239. 74. javanica (Rhipidura), indicus (Coracias), 26. 277.indicus (Cuculus), 114. javanicus (Centropus), indicus (Loriculus), 16. 126. indigo (Stoparola), 290. javanicus (Eurylæmus), (Scytaloindigoticus 162.phus), 165. jerdoni (Chloropsis). 303. jerdoni (Phyllornis), 303. indoburmanica (Palæornis), 12. jocosa (Otocompsa), 320. indoburmanicus (Palæjotaka (Caprimulgus), 74. ornis), 12. inexpectata (Collocalia), kelaarti (Caprimulgus), 74. 76. infumatus (Cypselus), 79. klaasi (Chrysococcyx), infumatus (Tachornis), 117. klaasi (Cuculus), 117. infuscata (Saxicola), 251. infuscatus (Bradyornis), lacrymiger (Picolaptes), innominatus (Picumnus), latior (Eurystomus), 28. Lagenoplastes, 248 lagopoda (Chelidon), 230. inornata (Megalæma), lagopus (Chelidon), 230. 134. inquieta (Seisura), 287. (Chelidonaria), lagopus 230. inquieta (Sisura), 287. insperatus (Cacomantis), Lalage, 299. lalandei (Stephanoxys), intermedius (Centrococcyx), 124. Lampornis, 87.

Lamprococcyx, 118. latirostris (Alseonax), 251. latirostris (Butalis), 251. latirostris (Muscicapa), 251. lawrencei (Myiarchus), 211. layardi (Parisoma), 271. layardi (Pycnonotus), 315. (Calyptorhynleachii chus), 4. leachii (Dacelo), 36. leadbeateri (Cacatua), 5. Legatus, 198. leggei (Petræca), 258. leopoldi (Gymnoschizorhis), 101. Leptasthenura, 174. leptorhynchus (Henicognathus), 8. Lesbia, 92 leschenaulti (Taccocua), 127. lessoni (Momotus), 54. lessoni (Muscylva), 267. leucaspis (Oreopyra), 89. leucocephala (Arundinicola), 188. leucocephalus (Hypsipetes), 305. Leucochloris, 88. leucogaster (Ægotheles), 25. lencogenys (Molpastes), 321. lencogenys (Otocompsa), 321.leucomela (Campephaga), 301. leucomelæna (Lalage), 301. leucomelan(Tricholæma), 132.leucomelanura (Digenea), 257. leucomelanurus (Cyornis), 257. leucomelas (Pogonorhynchus), 132. (Dendrocoleuconotus pus), 153. leuconotus (Picus), 153. (Mecocerleucophrys culus), 187.

leucophrys (Ochtheca),

(Anto-

187.

leucophthalmus

molus), 181.

leucopleurus (Oreotrochilus), 89. leucoptera (Pyriglena), 169.leucopygia (Collocalia), 76. leucopygius (Diaphoropterus), 301. leucopygius (Symmorphus), 301. leucorrhous (Tachycineta), 235. lencosterna (Cheramœca), 243. leucosternum (Cheramœca), 243. leucotis (Basilinna), 85. leucotis (Colius), 96. leucotis (Hylocharis), 85. leucotis (Molpastes), 322. leucotis (Otocompsa), 322.leucotis (Pycnonotus), 322.levaillantii (Gecinus), 142. Lichenops, 189. Licmetis, 6. lictor (Pitangus), 201. lignarius (Dendrocopus), 152.lilacina (Callialcyon), 37. linchi (Collocalia), 77. lineata (Conopophaga), 166. lineata (Cyanops), 135. lineata (Megalæma), 135. lineatus (Graucalus), 295. lineatus (Thereiceryx), 135. Liopicus, 155. livida (Agriornis), 185. Lochmias, 173. longicauda (Scotornis), 61. (Macrodilongipennis pteryx), 61. longirostris (Stenopsis), 63. longirostris (Upupa), 47. Lophoceros, 45, 46. lophotes (Homorus), 180. lophotes (Pseudosizura), 180. · loricatus (Piezorhynchus), 290. Loriculus, 16. lowi (Collocalia), 75.

lucasanus (Dendrocopus), 152.lucidus (Chalcites), 118, 119. lucidus (Chalcococcyx), 118. lucidus (Chrysococeyx), 118. luctuosa (Muscicapa), 254. lugens (Eriocnemis), 90. lugubris (Campophaga), 296.lugubris (Surniculus), 104. lugubris (Volvocivora), 296. lunatus (Serilcphus), 161. lunifrons (Hirundo), 246.lunifrons(Petrochelidon), 246. luteiventer (Myiodynastes), 201 Inteiventris (Myiodynastes), 201. luteola (Erythrosterna), 262, (Poliomyias), luteola 262.luteolus (Ixos), 317. luteolus (Ixus), 317. (Pycnonotus), luteolus 317. luteus (Colaptes), 139. Lyncornis, 60. macei (Dendrocopus), macei (Graucalus), 294. macclellandi (Hemixus), 303. macclellandi (Iole), 307. macgrigoriæ (Niltava), 258. Machæropterus, 217. Machetornis, 189. mackloti (Pitta), 227. macleayi (Cyanalcyon), 39. macleavi (Halevon), 39. macrocephala (Myiomeira), 262. macrocephala (Petreca), 262.macrodipterus (Macrodipteryx), 61. Macrodipteryx, 61.

macroptera (Microcca),

250.

melanogenvs

(Adelo-

malabarica

Macropteryx, 75. macrorhynchus (Cymborhynchus), 163. macrurus (Caprimulgus), 68. macrurus (Colius), 96. maculata (Adelomyia), 91. maculata (Eudynamis), 121. maculatus (Bucco), 137. maculatus (Chalcoccyx), 117.maculatus (Chrysococcyx), 118. maculatus (Cuculus), 117. maculirostris (Muscisaxicola), 190. madagascariensis (Caprimulgus), 70. madagascariensis (Centropus), 125. madagascariensis (Eurystonius), 28. madagascariensis (Hypsipetes), 306. (Ixomadagascariensis cincla), 306. madagascariensis typicus (Merops), 51. madagascariensis (Phedina), 236. magellanicus (Sevtalophus), 165. (Myiarchus), magister 210. magnirostris (Cyornis), 257. magnirostris (Gerygone), 265. magnirostris (Pseudogerygone), 265. magnirostris (Siphia), 257.mahrattensis (Caprimulgus), 65. mahrattensis (Liopicus), mahrattensis (Picus), 155. major (Crotophaga), 130. (Dendrocopus), major 148. major canariensis (Dendrocopus), 149. major (Picus), 148. major japonicus (Picus), major (Thamnophilus),

167.

(Xantholæma), 136. myia), 61. malabaricum (Xanthomelanoleucus (Lopholæma), 136. ceros), 46. malabaricus (Anthracomelanoleucus (Tockus), ceros), 43. melanopogon malabaricus (Buceros), (Melanerpes), 146. malaccensis (Hemixus). melanops (Graucalus), malaccensis (Hypsipetes), melanops (Phlæocryptes), 174. malaccensis (Iole), 307. melanops (Stoparola), malimbicus (Merops), melanopsis (Monarcha), Manacus, 218. 290. manaeus (Chiromachæ-ris), 218. melanoptera (Campophaga), 296. manacus (Manacus), 218. melanoptera (Volvocimanacus (Pipra), 218. vora), 296. mango (Lampornis), 87. melanoschista (Campophaga), 296. melanotis (Heliopædica), manillensis (Caprimulgus), 68. Margarornis, 182. marginata (Upupa), 48, melanura (Myiagra), 284. marshallorum (Megamelanura (Polioptila), læma), 133. martinica (Elainea), 197. melba (Cypselus), 80. melba (Hirundo), 80. martius (Dryocopus), 158. melba (Micropus), 80. martius (Picus), 158. Melittophagus, 49. Melopsittacus, 22. mauritanus (Dendromenebiki (Centropus), copus), 149. maximiliani (Pitangus), Meniceros, 45. meningting (Alcedo), 33. menstruus (Pionus), 11. maximus (Centrococcyx), Mecocerculus, 187. mentalis (Graucalus), 295. medius (Dendrocoptes), 154.mentalis (Synallaxis), medius (Picus), 154. 176. Megalæma, 133. Menura, 163. megapodius (Hylactes), meridionalis (Nestor), 1. 166.Merops, 49. megarhyncha (Pitta), Mesobucco, 135. 226. Metallura, 91. Megarhynchus, 202. mexicana (Muscivora), melaleuca (Sauloprocta), 202. 279. mexicanus (Colaptes), melancholicus couchii 139. (Tyrannus), 215. mexicanus (Geococcyx), melancholicus (Tyran-129. nus), 215. mexicanus (Momotus), Melanerpes, 145. 54.melanocephalus(Trogon), mexicanus (Myiarchus), melanocoryphus mexicanus (Onochorhyn-(Coceyzus), 120. chus), 202 melanocrissa (Cecropis), mexicanus (Pyrocephalus), 204. Melanodryas, 261. mexicanus (Trogon), 97.

meyeni (Hirundo), 235. meveni (Tachycineta), 235. Micrœca, 250. Microglossum, 3. Microglossus, 3. Micropternus, 156. Micropus, 80. militaris (Ara), 7. Milvulus, 216. mindorensis (Iole), 307. minimus (Empidonax), 206. minor (Coccygus), 119. minor (Coccyzus), 119. minor (Dendrocopus), 152. minor (Furnarius), 172. minor (Indicator), 132. minor (Picus), 152. minor kamtschatkensis (Picus), 152. Mionectes, 196. Miro, 267. mocinno (Pharomacrus), 97. Molpastes, 311. moluccensis (Pitta), 225. Momotus, 54. monachus (Bolborhynchus), 9. monachus (Myopsittacus), 9. Monarcha, 288, 290. Monasa, 138 moniliger (Batrachostomus), 25. monticola (Caprimulgus), 67. monticolus (Caprimulgus), 67. (Chrysomoschitus lampis), 88. mosquitus (Chrysolampis), 88. motacilloides (Sauloprocta), 279. mülleri (Pitta), 228. multicolor (Petræca), 259. multicolor (Petroica), 258.multicolor (Psephotus), 20. multicolor (Todus), 55. multicolor (Trichoglos-

sus), 2.

murarius

80.

philus), 168

multistriatus (Thamno-

(Cypselus),

murina (Petrochelidon), 245.murinus (Cypselus), 81. murinus (Micropus), 81. Muscicapa, 252 Muscicapula, 263. Muscisaxicola, 190. Muscivora, 202, 216. Muscylva, 267. mutata (Terpsiphone), 281. muttui (Alseonax), 251. Myiagra, 273, 283. Myiarchus, 209. Myiobius, 203, 211. Myiodynastes, 201, 202. Myiomoira, 261. Myiopagis, 196. Myiozetetes, 198. Myopsittacus, 9. Myrmotherula, 169.

nacunda (Podager), 58. nævius (Myiobius), 203. nais (Tanysiptera), 42. Nannochordeiles, 58. Nasiterna, 7. naso (Calyptorhynchus), 4. natalensis (Caprimulgus), natalensis (Centropus), 126.nebulosa (Rhipidura), 275.nematura (Lochmias), 173. nengeta (Tænioptera), 185. Neophema, 20. neoxena (Hirundo), 239. nepalensis (Aceros), 44.

nepalensis (Aceros), 44.
Nestor, 1.
Newtonia, 252.
niger (Centrites), 190.
nigerrimus (Hypsipetes),
305.
nigrescens(Antrostomus),
64.

nigrescens (Caprimulgus), 64. nigricans (Centropus),

123. nigricans (Cercomacra), 169.

nigricans (Hylochelidon), 246, nigricans (Petrocheli-

don), 246.
nigricans (Pycnonotus),
315.

nigricans (Sayornis), 205.
nigricans (Serphophaga),
194.
nigricapillus (Myiarchus), 211.
nigriceps (Tanysiptera),
42.
nigrifrons (Monacha),
138.
nigrifrons (Monasa), 133.
nigrifumosus (Cinclodes),
172.
nigrigenis (Gecinus), 144.
nigrimentum (Piezorhynchus) 280

chus), 289. nigripennis (Eurostopus), 60.

nigripennis (Upupa), 47. nigrirufa (Ochromela), 269. nigritorquis (Rhipidura),

nigritorquis (Rhipidura), 277. nigrorufa (Siphia), 269. Niltava, 257.

Mittava, 257. nipalensis (Hirundo), 242. nipalensis (Hydrornis), 224. nipalensis (Pitta), 224. nitida (Myjagra), 283.

nitidus (Piezorhynchus), 288. niveigularis (Tyrannus),

214. notabilis (Nestor), 1. novæ-hollandiæ (Ægo-

theles), 25. novæ-hollandiæ (Calopsitta), 6. novæ-hollandiæ (Calo-

novæ-hollandiæ (Calopsittacus), 6. novæ-hollandiæ (Caprimulgus), 25.

novæ-hollandiæ (Trichoglossus), 2. novæ-zealandiæ (Cyano-

rhamphus), 21.
novæ-zealandiæ (Platy-

cercus), 21. numidicus (Dendrocopus), 149.

numidicus (Picus), 149. nuttalli (Antrostomus), 63.

nuttalli (Phalænoptilus), 63.

Nyctibius, 56. Nyctidromus, 62. Nyctiornis, 53. Nymphicus, 22.

oberi (Myiarchus), 210.

obscura (Coracopsis), 11. obscurus (Ixos), 318. 18. obscurus (Scytalophus), 165. obsoleta (Biblis), 234. obsoleta (Cotile), 233. obsoleta (Ptyonoprogne), 39. occipitalis (Gecinus), 143. occipitalis (Haleyon), 40. occipitalis (Hypothymis), 273.occipitalis (Sauropatis), 40. oceanica (Myiagra), 285. ochracea (Sasia), 159. ochrocephalus (Trachycomus), 310, Ochromela, 269. Ochtheen, 186. 24.Ocyceros, 45. cenanthoides (Ochtheca), 187. olivaceus (Geocolaptes), 138. omnicolor (Alcedo), 38. Onychorhynchus, 202. orenocensis (Pyroderus), 223. Oreopyra, 89. Oreotrochilus, 89. orescius (Harpactes), 100. (Pyrotrogon), orescius 100. (Harpactes), oreskios 100. (Eudynamis), orientalis 121. orientalis (Eurystomus), 28, 29, ornata (Bellona), 95. ornatus (Merops), 52. ornatus (Orthorhynchus), Otocompsa, 320. ourovang (Hypsipetes), 306. Oxypogon, 92. 73. Oxyurus, 173. Pachyprora, 272. Pachyrhamphus, 220. pacifica (Lalage), 301. pacificus (Cypselus), 81.

Pachyprora, 272.
Pachyrhamphus, 220.
pacifica (Lalage), 301.
pacificus (Cypselus), 81.
pacificus (Eurystomus), 29.
pacificus (Micropus), 81.
pagana (Elainea), 196.
Palæornis, 12.
palliatus (Thamnophilus), 168.

ALPHABETICAL INDEX. palliceps (Platycercus), pallida (Sayornis), 205. pallidiceps (Platycercus), pallidiventris (Haleyon), pallidus (Cacomantis), 114. pallidus (Cuculus), 114. pallidus (Cypselus), 81. paludicola (Clivicola), 232.paludicola (Cotile), 232. paludicola (Cotyle), 232. paludicola, var. cowani (Cotyle), 232. Panychlora, 86. papuensis (Podargus), paradiseus (Pharomacrus), 97. paradisi (Terpsiphone), 280. Parisoma, 271. parulus (Anæretes), 195. parva (Erythrosterna), 255. parva (Muscicapa), 255. parva (Siphia), 255. parva (Tachornis), 79. parvirostris (Graucalus), 293. parvus (Cypselus), 79. parvus (Tachornis), 79. parzudakii (Heliotrypha), 91. passerina (Psittacula), 9. passerinus (Cacomantis), 117. passerinus (Cuculus), 117.pastinator (Licmetis), 6. Patagona, 84. (Corythaix), paulina 101. pectoralis (Caprimulgus), pectoralis (Eclectus), 12. pectoralis (Habrura), 194. pectoralis (Rhinomyias), 282. pectoralis (Rhipidura), 278. pelagica (Chætura), 78. Pelargopsis, 29.

pelasgia (Acanthylis), 78.

pennantii (Platycercus),

pelasgia (Hirundo), 78.

17.

peregrinus (Pericrocotus), 297. Perierocotus, 296. peristerodes (Palæornis), 14. perlata (Margarornis), 182.perlata (Rhipidura), 277. persica (Merops), 51. persicus (Merops), 51. personata (Pyrrhulopsis), 16. personata (Tityra), 219. personatus (Platycercus), perspicillata (Lichenops), 189. perspicillata (Terpsiphone), 281. Petasophora, 87. Petrochelidon, 245, 246. Petrœca, 258. Petroica, 258. Pezoporus, 22. Phacellodomus, 180. Phacelodomus, 180. phæocephalus (Alophoixus), 309. phæocephalus (Criniger), 309. phæoceps (Micropternus), 156. Phaëthornis, 83. Phalænoptilus, 63. Pharomacrus, 97. phasianella (Pteropodocys), 292. phasianus (Centropus), 123. phayrei (Anthocincla), 224. Phedina, 236. Phibalura, 222, Philepitta, 229. philippensis (Centropus), 124.philippensis (Iole), 307. philippinus (Merops), Phlæocryptes, 174. phæbe (Sayornis), 201 phœnicea (Petrœca), 259. phœnicea (Petroica), 259. phænicobia (Tachornis), phænicobius (Tachornis), phryganophila (Synallaxis), 177. Phyllornis, 303.

Penthoceryx, 115.

Phytotoma, 223. picata (Sauloprocta), 279. Picoides, 154. Picolaptes, 183. Picumnus, 159. Picus, 141, 158. Piezorhynchus, 288. pileata (Atticora), 245. pileatus (Ceophlœus), 158. pileatus (Dryotomus), 158. pileatus (Halcyon), 38. pileatus (Hylotomus), 158.pileatus (Purpureicephalus), 18. Pionus, 11. pipiri (Tyrannus), 212. Pipra, 217. pipra (Dendrocopus), Pipreola, 222. piririgua (Guira), 131. pitangua (Megarliynchus), 202. Pitangus, 199. pitius (Colaptes), 140. Pitta, 224, 225. pittoides (Atelornis), 26. pittoides (Brachypteracias), 26. pittoides (Coracopitta), placens (Elainea), 196. placens (Myiopagis), 196. plagosus (Chalcococcyx), 116, 119. plagosus(Lamprococcyx), 119. Platycercus, 17. Platypsaris, 219. Platyrhynchus, 190. plicatus (Rhytidoceros), plumiferus (Podargus), 24plumosus (Pycnonotus), 319.pluto (Myiagra), 284. Podager, 58. Podargus, 24. Pecilodryas, 268. pœciloma (Hirundo), 247. Pœocephalus, 11. Pogonorhynchus, 132. (Todipoliocephalum rostrum), 192. VOL. III.

poliocephalus (Cuculus), poliocephalus, var. rochii (Cuculus), 114. poliogenys (Cryptolopha), 286. Poliolophus, 308. Poliomyias, 262. Polioptila, 270. polychlorus (Eclectus), 12. polytmus (Aithurus), 89. polytmus (Trochilus), 89. popetue, var. henryi (Chordeiles), 57. popetue, var. popetue (Chordeiles), 56. Porphyrocephalus, 18. porphyrurus (Lampornis), 87. Premnoplex, 182. pretiosa (Tchitrea), 281. princeps (Tchitrea), 281. princeps (Terpsiphone), 281. Progne, 243. pryeri (Hypsipetes), 306. Psalidoprymna, 92. Psarisomus, 161. psaroides (Hypsipetes), 304. Psephotus, 19. Pseudocolaptes, 179. Pseudogerygone, 265. Pseudosizura, 180. Psittacula, 9. Psittacus, 11. Psitteuteles, 2 Pteroglossus, 137. Pterophanes, 90. Pteropodocys, 292. Pteroptochus, 166. Ptilolæmus, 45. Ptistes, 15. Ptyonoprogne, 233. pubescens (Dendrocopus), 151. pubescens (Dryobates), 151. pubescens gairdneri (Dryobates), 151. pubescens (Picus), 151. pudica (Synallaxis), 176. puella (Irena), 303 puella (Trogon), 98. pulchella (Euphema), 21. pulchella (Neophema), 21.

pulchra (Alcyone), 35. pulverulentus (Alophonerpes), 157). pulverulentus (Hemilophus), 157. ourpurea (Progne), 243. Purpureicephalus, 18. purpureus (Palæornis), 13. pusilla (Glossopsitia), 3. pusilla (Nannochordeiles), 58. pusillus (Chordeiles), pusillus (Empidonax), 206. pusillus, var. trailli (Empidonax), 206. pusillus (Glossopsittacus), 3. pusillus (Nannochordeiles), 58. pusillus trailli (Empidonax), 206. pusio (Nasiterna), 7. Pycnonotus, 311, 314. (Molpastes), pygæus 314. pygæus (Pycnonotus), 311, 314. Pygarrhicus, 182. Pyriglena, 169. Pyrocephalus, 203. Pyroderus, 223. pyrope (Tænioptera), 186. Pyrotrogon, 99. pyrrhonota (Petrochelidon), 246. pyrrhopygius (Halcyon). 40. pyrrhopygius (Todirhamphus), 40. Pyrrhulopsis, 15. phagus), 49. 129.

quinticolor (Melitto-

radiatus (Carpococcyx), rara (Phytotoma), 223. recurvirostris (Halcyon), 41. recurvirostris (Todiramphus), 41. regulus (Machæropterus), 217.revoilii (Hypoxanthus), 141. reynaudi (Coua), 128. Rhinococcyx, 128.

Rhinomyias, 282. Rhipidura, 274. rhodinogastra (Erythrodryas), 260. rhodinogastra (Petræca), Rhopodytes, 127. Rhynchocyclus, 191. Rhytidoceros, 44. richardsoni (Contopus), 209. richardsoni (Horizopus), 209. ricketti (Cryptolopha), 285. Ricordia, 86. riefferi (Amazilia), 85. riefferi (Pipreola), 222. riparia (Clivicola), 231. riparia (Cotile), 231. riparia (Cotyle), 231. riparia (Hirundo), 231. risorius (Alectrurus), 188. rixosa (Machetornis), 189. rochii (Cuculus), 114. roratus (Eclectus), 12. rosa (Palæornis), 14. rosæ (Calothorax), 94. rosæ (Chætocercus), 91. rosea (Erythrodryas), 260. rosea (Petroca), 260. reseicapilla (Cacatua), 6. roseicollis (Agapornis), 16. roseicollis (Psittacula), roseus (Pericrocotus), 298 rostratus (Tyrannus), 215. rubeculoides (Cyornis), 256.rubeculoides (Siphia), 256. ruber (Phacellodomus), 180. ruber (Phacelodomus), 180. mexicanus rubinens (Pyrocephalus), 204. rubineus (Pyrocephalus), 203. rubineus, var. mexicanus (Pyrocephalus), 204. rubrigaster (Cyanotis), rnbropygius (Serilophus),

ruckeri (Glaucis), 83. sanctus (Halevon), 40. ruckeri (Threnetes), 83. sanctus (Todiramphus), rudis (Alcedo), 30. 40. rudis (Ceryle), 30. sanguinolenta (Rupicola), rufa (Hirundo), 238. 221.ruficapilla (Grallaria), santa-cruzi (Centurus), 170. 147.ruficapilla (Synallaxis), santa-cruzi (Melanerpes), 175.147. ruficeps (Grallaria), 170. Sasia, 159. saturata (Rhipidura), ruficeps (Todirostrum), ruficervix (Stenopsis), saturatus (Cuculus), 114. ruficollis (Caprimulgus), Saucerottea, 84. Sauloprocta, 279. ruficollis(Stelgidopteryx), Sauromarptis, 36. 249. saurophagus (Haleyon), ruficollis (Thamnophi-39. lus), 167 savanha (Tyrannus), 216. rufifrons (Rhipidura), 276. savignii (Hirundo), 238. rufigena (Caprimulgus), Saxicola, 251. saya (Sayornis), 205. 73.Sayornis, 204. rufipennis (Centrococcyx), sayus (Sayornis), 205. 124. scalaris bairdi (Dryorufipennis (Centropus), bates), 151. 124.rufiventris (Myiagra), scalaris (Dendrocopus), 284. rufobrunneus (Automoscalaris lucasanus (Dryobates), 152. lus), 181. rufula (Hirundo), 241. scalaris (Picus), 151. rufus (Furnarius), 171. scalaris, var. lucasanus rufus (Pachyrhamphus), (Picus), 152. 221. scapularis (Ceophlœus), rufus (Selasphorus), 94. 158. rufus (Zeocephus), 279. scapularis (Iora), 302. rupestris (Biblis), 233. scapulatus (Aprosmicrupestris (Chordeiles), tus), 15. schistaceiceps 58. (Todirostrum), 192. rupestris (Cotile), 233. rupestris (Hirundo), schisticeps (Abrornis), 233, 286. rupestris(Ptyonoprogne), schisticeps (Cryptolopha), 233. 286. Rupicola, 221. schisticeps (Palæornis), rupicola (Rupicola), 14. 221.Schizorhis, 101. rustica (Hirundo), 237. scintilla (Selasphorus), rustica gutturalis (Hir-94. sclateri (Thripophaga), undo), 238. rustica, var. savignyi (Hirundo), 238. 180. Sclerurus, 182. rutila (Phytotoma), 224. Scotornis, 61. Sevtalopus, 165. sacer (Haleyon), 40. Selasphorus, 94. saera (Haleyon), 40. semicærulea (Halcyon), salangæ (Criniger), 309. samarensis (Muscicasemifasciata (Tityra),

semitorquatus (Barnardius), 19. semitorquatus (Platycercus), 19. senegalensis (Centropus), 126.septentrionalis (Ceryle), 32.Sericotes, 88. Serilophus, 161. Serphophaga, 194. (Cotyle), serripennis 249. serripennis (Stelgidopteryx), 249. sharpei (Gecinus), 142. shelleyi (Clivicola), 231. shelleyi (Cotile), 231. sibirica (Butalis), 250. sibirica (Hemichelidon), 250. silens (Bradyornis), 252. silens (Tarsiger), 252. similis (Myiozetetes), 198. simplex (Pycnonotus), 320.sinensis (Centropus), 124. sinensis (Clivicola), 232. sinensis (Cotile), 232. sinensis (Cryptolopha), 286. sinensis (Ixus), 318. sinensis (Pycnonotus), 318. Siphia, 255. Siptornis, 177. sirkee (Taccocua), 127. Sisopygis, 189. Sisura, 287. smaragdinicollis (Metallura), 92. Smicrornis, 264. smithi (Hirundo), 240. smyrnensis (Halcyon), 37. solitaria (Agriornis), 185. sonnerati (Cuculus), 115. sonnerati (Penthoceryx), sophiæ (Amazilia), 84. sophiæ (Erythronota), 84.

(Saucerottea),

(Stoparola),

sordida (Siptornis), 178.

sophiæ

84.

sordida

292.

sordida (Synallaxis), 178.speciosus (Pericrocotus), 296.Sphyrapicus, 148. Sphyropicus, 148. spilodera (Petrochelidon), 247. spinicauda (Aphrastura), 173.spinicauda (Oxyurus), 173.Spizixus, 323. splendens (Platycercus), 15. splendens (Pyrrhulopsis), splendida (Euphema), 21. splendida (Neophema), 21. spodiopygia (Collocalia), 76.Sporadinus, 86. spurius (Porphyrocephalus), 18. squamatus (Gecinus), 142.squamiceps pryeri (Hypsipetes), 306. Steatornis, 23. Stelgidopteryx, 249. stellatus (Calyptorhynchus), 4. Stenopsis, 63. stenura (Chlorostilbon), 86. stenura (Panychlora), 86. Stephanoxys, 95. stigmatus (Loriculus), 17. stolidus (Myiarchus), 211.stolidus (Myiobius), 211. Stoparola, 290. strepitans (Pitta), 226, streubeli (Cypselus), 81. streubeli (Micropus), 81. striaticeps (Siptornis), 177. striaticollis (Mionectes), 196.striaticollis (Phacelodomus), 180. striatus (Alcurus), 309. striatus (Colius), 95. striatus (Cuculus), 114. strigoides (Podargus), 24. Stringops, 23. striolatus (Gecinus), 143. subcæruleum (Parisoma), 271.

subcristata (Serphophaga), 194. subcyana (Pœcilodryas), 268.subcyanea (Pœcilodryas), 268.subfurcatus (Cypselus), subfurcatus (Micropus), 82.subis (Progne), 243. subis hesperia (Progne), 243. subruficollis (Rhytidoceros), 45. sulcirostris (Crotophaga), 131. sulphuratus bolivianus (Pitangus), 200. sulphuratus maximiliani (Pitangus), 200. sulphuratus (Pitangus), 200.sulphuratus (Tyrannus), 200.sulphurea (Cacatua), 5. sumatranus (Merops), 49. sundara (Niltava), 258. superba (Menura), 164. superciliaris (Abrornis), 287. superciliaris (Cryptolopha), 287. superciliaris (Cyornis), 263. superciliaris (Eumomota), 54. superciliaris (Muscicapula), 263. superciliosus (Centropus), 126. superciliosus (Merops), 51. surinamensis (Myrmotherula), 169. Surniculus, 104. swainsoni (Petrochelidon), 247. swainsonii (Graucalus), 295.swinhoei (Merops), 49. (Melittophaswinheii gus), 49. sykesi (Campophaga), 299, sykesi (Lalage), 299. sylvia (Tanysiptera), 42. Sylviorthorhynchus, 174. Syma, 35. Symmorphus, 301. Synallaxis, 175.

syriacus (Dendrocopus), 150. syriacus (Picus), 150.

Taccocua, 127. Tachornis, 79. Tachycineta, 235. Tænioptera, 185. tahitica (Hirundo), 239. taitensis (Eudynamis), 121. taitiensis (Urodynamis), Tanysiptera, 42. tapera (Progne), 244. Tarsiger, 252, 270. Tchitrea, 274, 281. tectorum (Cypselus), 79. temmincki (Pterophanes), 90. tenebrosa (Chelidoptera), 138. terat (Campophaga), 300. terat (Lalage), 300, 301. Terpsiphone, 280. terrestris (Pezoporus), 22. texensis (Chordeiles), 57. texensis (Myiozetetes), 198. thalassina (Hirundo), 236. thalassinus (Tachycineta), 236. Thalurania, 86. Thamnophilus, 167. Thereiceryx, 134. Threnetes, 83. Thripadectes, 181. Thripophaga, 180. tickelli (Anorrhinus), 45. tickelli (Cyornis), 256. tickelli (Ptilolæmus), 45. tickelliæ (Cyornis), 256. tickelliæ (Siphia), 256. Tiga, 156. tiphia (Ægithina), 302. tirica (Brotogerys), 9. Tityra, 219. Todiramphus, 41. Todirostrum, 191. Todopsis, 273. Todus, 55. toitoi (Myiomoira), 261. toitoi (Petræca), 261. tolou (Centropus), 125, torotoro (Syma), 35. torquata (Bourcieria),

torquata (Ceryle), 31.

torquata (Helianthea), 90.
torquata (Palæornis), 13.
torquatus (Asyndesmus), 145.
torquatus (Melanerpes), 145.
torquatus (Palæornis),

torquilla (Iÿnx), 159. torridus (Furnarius), 172. torridus (Selasphorus),

94. toulou (Centropus), 125. Trachycomus, 310. trailli (Empidonax), 206. Trichoglossus, 2. Tricholæma, 132.

tricolor (Lalage), 300. tricolor (Rhipidura), 279. tricolor (Xanthopygia),

268. tridactylus (Apternus), 154.

tridactylus crissoleucus (Picoides), 154. tridactylus (Picoides),

154. tridactylus (Picus), 154. trifurcata (Hydropsalis), 61.

tristis (Myiobius), 211. tristis (Rhopodytes), 127.

trivirgata (Monarcha), 289. trochilirostris (Xipho-

rhynchus), 184. Trochilus, 89, 93. Trochocercus, 274. Trogon, 97. Turacus, 101.

typhia (Iora), 302. tyrannulus (Myiarchus), 210.

Tyrannus, 200, 201, 212. tyrannus (Milvulus), 216. tyrannus (Muscivora), 216.

tyrannus (Tyrannus), 212.

tyrianthina (Metallura),
91.

tytleri (Hypothymis), 273. tzacatl (Amazilia), 85.

umbretta (Sclerurus)

umbretta (Sclerurus), 182.

undulatus (Melopsittacus), 22. undulatus (Rhytidoce-

ros), 44. unicolor (Collocalia), 76. unicolor (Dysithamnus), 168.

unwini (Caprimulgus), 72.

Upucerthia, 172. Upupa, 46. urbica (Chelidon), 229. urbica (Chelidonaria), 229.

urbica (Hirundo), 229. urbica lagopoda (Chelidon), 230.

Urodynamis, 121. uropygialis (Centurus), 147.

uropygialis (Collocalia), 77. uropygialis (Melanerpes),

147. uropygialis (Stelgidoptervx), 249.

pteryx), 249. urostictus (Poliolophus), 308.

vagans (Haleyon), 41.
vaillanti (Gecinus), 142.
validus (Dendrocolaptes),
184.
vanicorensis (Myiagra),

284. varia (Ceryle), 30. variolosus (Cacomantis),

variolosus (Cacomantis), 116. varius (Empidonomus),

varius (Hierococcyx),

104. varius (Sphyrapicus), 148.

varius (Sphyropicus), 148.

vasa (Coracopsis), 12. vauxi (Chætura), 78. vaza (Coracopsis), 11. venusta (Euphema), 20. venusta (Neophema), 20. vernalis (Loviculus), 16. verticalis (Monarcha),

289. verticalis (Piezorhynchus), 289.

verticalis (Tyrannus), 213. vexillarius (Cosmetornis),

62. victoriæ (Menura), 164.

villosus (Dendrocopus), villosus (Dryobates), 150. villosus (Picus), 150. vintsioides (Corythornis), virens (Contopus), 208. virens, var. richardsoni (Contopus), 209. virens (Horizopus), 208. virens (Megalæma), 133. virescens (Empidonax), 207. virginianus (Caprimulgus), 56. virginianus (Chordeiles), 56. virginianus chapmani (Chordeiles), 57. virginianus henryi (Chordeiles), 57. viridis (Ægithina), 302. viridis (Calyptomena), 160. viridis (Calyptorhynchus), 4. viridis (Cyanops), 135. viridis (Gecinus), 141, 142.viridis (Megalæma), 135. viridis (Merops), 52. viridis (Pachyrhamphus),

220.

viridis (Picus), 141, 142.

viridis (Thereiceryx), viridis (Todus), 55. vitellina (Chiromachæ-64. 84. teles), 3.

Xanthixus, 320. Xantholæma, 136.

ris), 218. pygia), 268. vitellinus (Manacus), 218. xanthopygius (Ixos), vittata (Amaurodryas), xanthopygus (Pycnonovittata (Petrœca), 262. tus), 315. xanthorrhoa (Psephotus), vittatus (Cypselus), 81. vociferans (Tyrannus), xanthorrhous (Psepho-214. vociferus (Antrostomus), tus), 19. xanthoschista (Cryptolopha), 285. vociferus (Caprimulgus), Xenocichla, 310. Volvocivora, 296. Xiphorhynchus, 184. Yungipicus, 155. warscewiczi (Amazilia), warscewiczi (Saucerottea), Zeocephus, 279. zeylanica (Megalæma), 134. westermanni (Muscicapula), 264. zeylonica (Cyanops), 134. whiteheadi (Calyptozeylonicus (Thereiceryx), mena), 161 zonaris (Chætura), 78. wilhelminæ (Hypocharzonaris (Hemiprocne), mosyna), 3. wilhelminæ (Psitteuzonarius (Barnardius),

xanthopterus gerys), 10. Xanthopygia, 268.

xanthopygia (Xantho-

zonarius (Platycercus),



EXPLANATION OF THE PLATES.

PLATE I.

Fig. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ Caprimulgus albinotatus. 3. clarus. 4. ambiguus. 5. Chordeiles rupestris. ${6 \choose 7}$ Upupa indica. Caprimulgus macrurus. 8. 9. manillensis. 10. unwini. 11. andamanicus. 12. Nyctidromus albicollis. 13. Nyctibius jamaicensis. 14. Caprimulgus jotaka. 15. Lyncornis cerviniceps.

PLATE II.

Fig. 1. Pyrotroyon orescius.
2. Penthoceryw sonnerati.
3. Ouculus poliocephalus.
4. Coccystes coromandus.
5. Chalcococcyw lucidus.

- Fig. 6. Coccystes jacobinus.
 - 7. Hierococcyx varius.
 - 8. Chalcococcyx maculatus.
 - 9. Cacomantis insperatus.
 - 10. ,, passerinus.
 - 11. Pharomacrus auriceps.
 - 12. Guira guira.
 - $\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 13. \\ 1.1 \end{array} \right\}$ Serilophus lunatus.
 - 15. Coccyzus melanocoryphus.
 - 16. Psarisomus dalhousiæ.
 - $\begin{bmatrix} 17. \\ 18 \end{bmatrix}$ Eurylæmus javanicus.
 - 19. Cymborhynchus macrorhynchus.

PLATE III.

- Fig. 1. Thamnophilus major.
 - 2. ,, ruficollis.
 - 3. ,, multistriatus.
 - 4. Pyriglena leucoptera.
 - 5. Thamnophilus palliatus.
 - 6. Cercomacra nigricans.
 - 7. Myrmotherula surinamensis.
 - 8. Grallaricula cucullata.
 - 9. Thannophilus guttatus.
 - 10. Synallaxis pudica.
 - 11. ,, albescens.
 - 12. Conopophaga lineata.
 - 13. Ochthæca fumicolor.
 - 14. Phlæocryptes melanops.
 - 15. Tanioptera irupero.
 - 16. ,, pyrope.
 - 17. Agriornis solitaria.
 - 18. Menura victoria.
 - 19. Agriornis livida.

PLATE IV.

- Fig. 1. Ochthæca cinnamomeiventris.
 - 2. Mecocerculus leucophrys.
 - 3. Fluvicola albiventris.
 - 4. Sisopygis icterophrys.
 - 5. Machetornis rixosa.
 - 6. Lichenops perspicillata.
 - 7. Muscisaxicola maculirostris.
 - S. Centrites niger.
 - 9. Rhynchocyclus fulvipectus.
 - 10. Platyrhynchus cancrominus.
 - 11. Todirostrum ruficeps.
 - 12. ,, poliocephalum.
 - 13. Rhynchocyclus cinereiceps.
 - 14. Todirostrum schistaceiceps.
 - 15. Euscarthmus gularis.
 - 16. Myiopagis placens.
 - 17. Elainea pagana.
 - 18. " martinica.
 - 19. , frantzii.
 - 20. Legatus albicollis.
 - 21. Myiozetetes cayennensis.

PLATE V.

- Fig. 1. Pitangus maximiliani.
 - 2. , lictor.
 - 3. ,, caudifasciatus.
 - 4. Megarhynchus pitangua.
 - 5. Pyrocephalus rubineus.
 - 6. Myiobius nævius.
 - 7. Myiarchus barbirostris.
 - 8. Empidochanes fuscatus.
 - 9. Empidonax flavescens.
 - 10. Myiarchus tyrannulus.
 - 11. , nigricapillus.

- Fig. 12. Onychorhynchus mexicanus.
 - Myiarchus stolidus. 13.
 - $\begin{bmatrix} 14. \\ 15. \end{bmatrix}$ Empidonomus inca.
 - 16. varius.
 - $\begin{bmatrix} 17. \\ 18. \end{bmatrix}$ Tyrannus rostratus.
 - 19.1 " niveigularis. 20.
 - 21. , crassirostris.

PLATE VI.

- Fig. 1. Machieropterus regulus.
 - 2. Manacus gutturosus.
 - 3. Chiroxiphia caudata.
 - 4. Platypsaris albiventris.
 - 5. Pachyrhamphus viridis.
 - 6. 7. Platypsaris atricapillus.
 - Pachyrhamphus rufus.
 - $\binom{9}{10}$ Platypsaris aglaiæ.
 - 11. Phibalura flavirostris.
 - 12. Phytotoma rutila.

 - 13. ,, rara.14. Anthocincla phayrei.
 - 15. Hydrornis nipalensis.
 - 16. Pitta cyanoptera.
 - 17. Rupicola rupicola.
 - 18. Pitta mülleri.
 - 19. Rupicola sanguinolenta.

PLATE VII.

- Fig. 1. Ptyonoprogne fuligula.
 - 2. ,, obsoleta.

Fig. 3. Hirundo savignii.

> 4. tahitica.

Petrochelidon fulva. 5.

6. Bradyornis infuscatus.

7. 22 silens.

8. Newtonia brunneicauda.

9. Niltava grandis.

10. 2 9 macgrigorice.

11. Petræca phænicea.

12. multicolor. 22

13. rhodinogaster.

14. goodenovii. 22

15. toitoi. 29

16. macrocephala. 22

17.) vittata. 18. ſ

19. Muscicapula superciliaris.

20. westermanni.

PLATE VIII.

- Pseudogerygone albifrontata. Fig. 1.
 - 2. magnirostris.
 - 3. flavilateralis. 22
 - 4. Muscylva lessoni.
 - 5. Miro albifrons.
 - 6. Pæcilodryas subcyana.
 - 7. capito.
 - 8. Xanthopygia xanthopygia.
 - 9. Ochromela nigrirufa.
 - 10. Tarsiger chrysæus.
 - 11. Parisoma subcæruleum.
 - 12. Polioptila dumicola.
 - 13. Batis capensis.
 - 14. Hypothymis tytleri.
 - 15. Trochocercus bourbonnensis.
 - 16. Todopsis cyanocephala.

- Fig. 17. Rhipidura cyaniceps.
 - 18. , javanica.
 - 19. ,, nigritorquis.
 - 20. ,, tricolor.
 - 21. Terpsiphone paradisi.

PLATE IX.

- Fig. 1. Rhinomyias gularis.
 - 2. ,, pectoralis.
 - 3. Myiagra vanicorensis.
 - 4. ,, pluto.
 - 5. ,, oceanica.
 - 6. Culicicapa ceylonensis.
 - 7. Abrornis schisticeps.
 - 8. Piezorhynchus chalybeocephalus.
 - 9. Grancalus parvirostris.
 - 10. Piezorhynchus verticalis.
 - 11. Stoparola albicaudata.
 - 12. Grancalus macei.
 - 13. , mentalis.
 - 14. Pericrocotus speciosus.
 - 15. ,, roseus.
 - 16. Volvocivora lugubris.
 - 17. Lalage sykesi.
 - 18. Pericrocotus erythropygius.
 - 19. ,, cinereus.
 - 20. Lalage pacifica.

PLATE X.

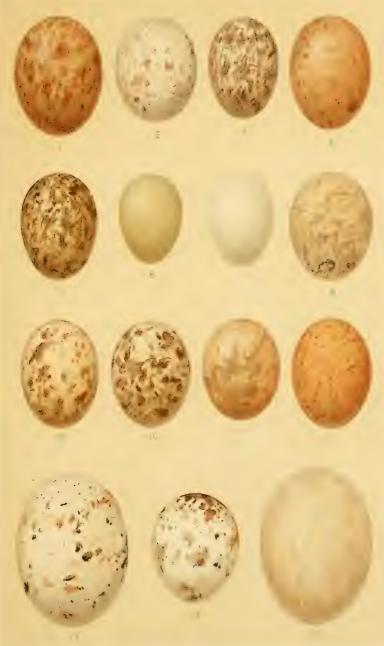
- Figs. 1 & 4. Irena puella.
 - 2. Ægithina tiphia.
 - 3. Chloropsis jerdoni.
 - 5. Hypsipetes psaroides.
 - 6. ,, leucocephalus.
 - 7. Iole macclellandi.

- Fig. 8. Criniger flaveolus.
 - 9. Poliolophus urostictus.
 - 10. Criniger salangæ.
 - 11. Alophoixus phæocephalus.
 - 12. Bleda icterica.
 - 13. Andropadus importunus.
 - 14. ,, flavescens.
 - 15.
 - 16. Molpastes fuscus.
 - 17.)
 - 18. , burmanicus.
 - 19. Pycnonotus wanthopygius.
 - 20. Spizixus cinereicapillus.









M Green I seem

CORACHFORMES.





TROCOMES, COCCYGES, EURYLAMIFORMES





MENURITORMES PASSERES, CONOPOPHAGIDAE FORMICARIDAE DENDROCOLAPTIDAE TYPANNIO.C.





PASSERES: TYRANNIDÆ.





PASSERES: TYRANNIDÆ.





PASSERIFORMES FIRRIDAL COTINDIDA PHYTOTOMIDÆ, PITTIDÆ.





H Grenvold event

Sea or a second district source of

PASSERIFORMES HIRUMDINIDÆ, MUSGICAPINE





A Green, Harris

PASSERIFORMES: MUSCICAPIDE.





PASSERIFORMES MUSCICAPIDE CAMPOPHAGIDE





mol. the s

PASSERIFORMES: PYCHOHOTIDÆ.



LIST OF THE CURRENT

NATURAL HISTORY PUBLICATIONS OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE BRITISH MUSEUM.

The following publications can be purchased through the Agency of Messis. Longmans & Co., 39, Paternoster Row; Mr. Quaritch, 15, Piccadilly; Messis. Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., Paternoster House, Charing Cross Road; and Messis. Dulau & Co., 37, Soho Square; or at the Natural History Museum, Cromwell Road, London, S.W.

Catalogue of the Specimens and Drawings of Mammals, Birds, Reptiles, and Fishes of Nepal and Tibet. Presented by B. H. Hodgson, Esq., to the British Museum. 2nd edition. By John Edward Gray. Pp. xii., 90. [With an account of the Collection by Mr. Hodgson.] 1863, 12mo. 2s. 3d.

Catalogue of the Mammalia and Birds of New Guinea in the Collection of the British Museum. [With list of Species of New Guinea Birds, and those of the neighbouring Localities.] By John Edward Gray, Ph.D., F.R.S., and George Robert Gray, F.L.S., &c. Pp. 63. Woodcuts. 1859, 8vo. 1s. 6d.

Report on the Zoological Collections made in the Indo-Pacific Ocean during the voyage of H.M.S. "Alert," 1881-2. Pp. xxv., 684. 54 Plates. 1884, 8vo.

Summary of the Voyage	By Dr. R. W. Coppinger.
Mammalia	, O. Thomas.
Aves	, R. B. Sharpe.
Reptilia, Batrachia, Pisces	,, A. Günther.
Mollusca	,, E. A. Smith.
Echinodermata	,, F. J. Bell.
Crustacea	,, E. J. Miers.
Coleoptera	,, C. O. Waterhouse.
Lepidoptera	, A. G. Butler.
Alcyonaria and Spongiida	,, S. O. Ridley.
	1l. 10s.

A Monograph of Christmas Island (Indian Ocean): Physical Features and Geology by C. W. Andrews, B.A., B.Sc., F.G.S., with descriptions of the Fauna and Flora by numerous contributors. Pp. xv., 337: 22 plates (7 coloured), a map, and 27 illustrations in text. [With Index.] 1900, 8vo. 20s.

Report on the Collections of Natural History made in the Antarctic Regions during the Voyage of the "Southern Cross." Pp. ix., 344. 53 Plates. 1902, Royal 8vo. 21.

Mammalia By Capt. G. E. H. Barrett-Hamilton.
Notes on Antarctic Seals ... , E. A. Wilson, M.B.
Extracts from the "Diary"
of the late Nicolai Hanson.

 Aves ...
 ...
 ...
 ,...
 Dr. R. Bowdler Sharpe.

 Pisces...
 ...
 ,...
 G. A. Boulenger, F.R.S.

 Tunicata
 ...
 ,...
 Prof. W. A. Herdman, F.R.S.

Mollusca " E. A. Smith. Echinoderma ... " Prof. F. J. Bell.

Insecta ,, G. H. Carpenter and Hon, N. C. Rothschild.

Arachnida ... "Dr. E. L. Trouessart.
Crustacea ... "T. V. Hodgson,
Polychæta ... "Dr. A. Willey.
Gephyrea ... "A. E. Shipley.
Nematoda ... }
Castoda ... }

Dr. von Linstow.

Cestoda } ,, Dr. von Linstow.
Polyzoa } ,, R. Kirkpatrick.

Anthozoa ... , br. L. Roule and S. J. Hickson, F.R.S.

Actiniae " J. A. Clubb. Hydrozoa ... " E. T. Browne.

Cryptogamia ,, A. Gepp, V. H. Blackman, and Miss E. S. Barton.

Rock Specimens ... ,, G. T. Prior.

Handbook of Instructions for Collectors, issued by the British Museum (Natural History). With Illustrations.

Pp. 137. Index. 1902, 8vo. 2s. 6d.

The same, in ten parts, viz.:—Mammals; Birds; Reptiles, Batrachians, and Fishes; Insects; Diptera (Two-winged Flies); Mosquitoes (Culicidæ); Arachnida (Spiders, &c.), Myriopoda, and Peripatus; Soft-Bodied Invertebrates and Shells; Plants; Fossils and Minerals. 1900–1903, 8vo. 4d. each.

MAMMALS.

Catalogue of the Bones of Mammalia in the Collection of the British Museum. By Edward Gerrard. Pp. iv., 296. 1862, 8vo. 5s.

Catalogue of Monkeys, Lemurs, and Fruit-eating Bats in the Collection of the British Museum. By Dr. J. E. Gray, F.R.S., &c. Pp. viii., 137. 21 Woodcuts. 1870, 8vo. 4s.

Catalogue of Carnivorous, Pachydermatous, and Edentate Mammalia in the British Museum. By John Edward Gray, F.R.S., &c. Pp. vii., 398. 47 Woodcuts. 1869, 8vo. 6s. 6d.

- Catalogue of Seals and Whales in the British Museum. By John Edward Gray, F.R.S., &c. 2nd Edition. Pp. vii., 402. 101 Woodcuts. 1866, 8vo. 8s.
- ——Supplement. By John Edward Gray, F.R.S., &c. Pp. vi., 103. 11 Woodcuts. 1871, 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- List of the Specimens of Cetacea in the Zoological Department of the British Museum. By William Henry Flower, LL.D., F.R.S., &c. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] Pp. iv., 36. 1885, 8vo. 1s. 6d.
- Catalogue of Ruminant Mammalia (*Pecora*, Linnæus) in the British Museum. By John Edward Gray, F.R.S., &c Pp. viii., 102. 4 Plates. 1872, 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- Catalogue of the Marsupialia and Monotremata in the Collection of the British Museum. By Oldfield Thomas. Pp. xiii., 401. 4 Coloured and 24 plain Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1888, 8vo. 1l. 8s.

BIRDS.

Catalogue of the Birds in the British Museum :-

- Vol. VI. Catalogue of the Passeriformes, or Perching Birds, in the Collection of the British Museum. *Cichlomorphæ*: Part III., containing the first portion of the family Timeliidæ (Babbling Thrushes). By R. Bowdler Sharpe. Pp. xiii., 420. Woodcuts and 18 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1881, 8vo. 1l.
- Vol. VII. Catalogue of the Passeriformes, or Perching Birds, in the Collection of the British Museum. Cichlomorphæ: Part IV., containing the concluding portion of the family Timeliidæ (Babbling Thrushes). By R. Bowdler Sharpe. Pp. xvi., 698. Woodcuts and 15 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1883, 8vo. 1l. 6s.
- Vol. VIII. Catalogue of the Passeriformes, or Perching Birds, in the Collection of the British Museum. Cichlomorphæ: Part V., containing the families Paridæ and Laniidæ (Titmice and Shrikes); and Certhiomorphæ (Creepers and Nuthatches). By Hans Gadow, M.A., Ph.D. Pp. xiii., 386. Woodcuts and 9 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1883, 8vo. 17s.
- Vol. IX. Catalogue of the Passeriformes, or Perching Birds, in the Collection of the British Museum. Cinnyrimorphæ, containing the families Nectariniidæ and Meliphagidæ (Sun Birds and Honey-eaters). By Hans Gadow, M.A., Ph.D. Pp. xii., 310. Woodcuts and 7 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1884, 8vo. 14s.

- Catalogue of the Birds in the British Museum—continued.
 - Vol. X. Catalogue of the Passeriformes, or Perching Birds, in the Collection of the British Museum. Fringilliformes: Part I., containing the families Dicæidæ, Hirundinidæ, Ampelidæ, Mniotiltidæ, and Motacillidæ. By R. Bowdler Sharpe. Pp. xiii., 682. Woodcuts and 12 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1885, 8vo. 11. 2s.
 - Vol. XI. Catalogue of the Passeriformes, or Perching Birds, in the Collection of the British Museum. Fringilliformes: Part II., containing the families Cœrebidæ, Tanagridæ, and Icteridæ. By Philip Lutley Sclater, M.A., F.R.S. Pp. xvii., 431. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] Woodcuts and 18 coloured Plates. 1886, 8vo. 1l.
 - Vol. XII. Catalogue of the Passeriformes, or Perching Birds, in the Collection of the British Museum. Fringilliformes: Part III., containing the family Fringillidæ. By R. Bowdler Sharpe. Pp. xv., 871. Woodcuts and 16 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1888, 8vo. 1l. 8s.
 - Vol. XIII. Catalogue of the Passeriformes, or Perching Birds, in the Collection of the British Museum. Sturniformes, containing the families Artamidæ, Sturnidæ, Ploceidæ, and Alaudidæ. Also the families Atrichiidæ and Menuridæ. By R. Bowdler Sharpe. Pp. xvi., 701. Woodcuts and 15 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1890, 8vo. 11. 8s.
 - Vol. XIV. Catalogue of the Passeriformes, or Perching Birds, in the Collection of the British Museum. Oligomyodæ, or the families Tyrannidæ, Oxyrhamphidæ, Pipridæ, Cotingidæ, Phytotomidæ Philepittidæ, Pittidæ, Xenicidæ, and Eurylæmidæ. By Philip Lutley Sclater, M.A., F.R.S. Pp. xix., 494. Woodcuts and 26 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1888, 8vo. 1l. 4s.
 - Vol. XV. Catalogue of the Passeriformes, or Perching Birds, in the Collection of the British Museum. *Tracheophonæ*, or the families Dendrocolaptidæ, Formicariidæ, Conopophagidæ, and Pteroptochidæ. By Philip Lutley Sclater, M.A., F.R.S. Pp. xvii., 371. Woodcuts and 20 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1890, 8vo. 11.
 - Vol. XVI. Catalogue of the Picariæ in the Collection of the British Museum. *Upupæ* and *Trochili*, by Osbert Salvin. *Coraciæ*, of the families Cypselidæ, Caprimulgidæ, Podargidæ, and Steatornithidæ, by Ernst

Catalogue of the Birds in the British Museum-continued.

Hartert. Pp. xvi., 703. Woodcuts and 14 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1892, 8vo. 1l. 16s.

- Vol. XVII. Catalogue of the Picariæ in the Collection of the British Museum. *Coraciæ* (contin.) and *Halcyones*, with the families Leptosomatidæ, Coraciidæ, Meropidæ, Alcedinidæ, Momotidæ, Totidæ and Coliidæ, by R. Bowdler Sharpe. *Bucerotes* and *Trogones* by W. R. Ogilvie Grant. Pp. xi., 522. Woodcuts and 17 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1892, 8vo. 1l. 10s.
- Vol. XVIII. Catalogue of the Picariæ in the Collection of the British Museum. *Scansores*, containing the family Picidæ. By Edward Hargitt. Pp. xv., 597. Woodcuts and 15 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1890, 8vo. 1l. 6s.
- Vol. XIX. Catalogue of the Picariæ in the Collection of the British Museum. Scansores and Coccyges: containing the families Rhamphastidæ, Galbulidæ, and Bucconidæ, by P. L. Sclater; and the families Indicatoridæ, Capitonidæ, Cuculidæ, and Musophagidæ, by G. E. Shelley. Pp. xii., 484: 13 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1891, 8vo. 11. 5s.
- Vol. XX. Catalogue of the Psittaci, or Parrots, in the Collection of the British Museum. By T. Salvadori. Pp. xvii., 658. Woodcuts and 18 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1891, 8vo. 11. 10s.
- Vol. XXI. Catalogue of the Columbæ, or Pigeons, in the Collection of the British Museum. By T. Salvadori.
 Pp. xvii., 676. 15 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1893, 8vo. 1l. 10s.
- Vol. XXII. Catalogue of the Game Birds (Pterocletes, Gallinæ, Opisthocomi, Hemipodii) in the Collection of the British Museum. By W. R. Ogilvie Grant. Pp. xvi., 585. 8 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1893, 8vo. 1l. 6s.
- Vol. XXIII. Catalogue of the Fulicariæ (Rallidæ and Heliornithidæ) and Alectorides (Aramidæ, Eurypygidæ, Mesitidæ, Rhinochetidæ, Gruidæ, Psophiidæ, and Otididæ) in the Collection of the British Museum. By R. Bowdler Sharpe. Pp. xiii., 353. 9 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1894, 8vo. 20s.

Catalogue of the Birds in the British Museum—continued.

Vol. XXIV. Catalogue of the Limicolæ in the Collection of the British Museum. By R. Bowdler Sharpe. Pp. xii., 794. Woodcuts and 7 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1896, 8vo. 1l. 5s.

- Vol. XXV. Catalogue of the Gaviæ and Tubinares in the Collection of the British Museum. Gaviæ (Terns, Gulls, and Skuas), by Howard Saunders. Tubinares (Petrels and Albatrosses), by Osbert Salvin. Pp. xv., 475. Woodcuts and 8 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1896, 8vo. 1/. 1s.
- Vol. XXVI. Catalogue of the Plataleæ, Herodiones, Steganopodes, Pygopodes, Alcæ, and Impennes in the Collection of the British Museum. Plataleæ (Ibises and Spoonbills) and Herodiones (Herons and Storks), by R. Bowdler Sharpe. Steganopodes (Cormorants, Gannets, Frigate-birds, Tropic-birds, and Pelicans), Pygopodes (Divers and Grebes), Alcæ (Auks), and Impennes (Penguins), by W. R. Ogilvie-Grant. Pp. xvii., 687. Woodcuts and 14 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1898, 8vo. 11. 58.

Vol. XXVII. Catalogue of the Chenomorphæ (Palamedeæ, Phoenicopteri, Anseres), Crypturi, and Ratitæ in the Collection of the British Museum. By T. Salvadori. Pp. xv., 636. 19 coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1895, 8vo. 11. 12s.

A Hand-list of the Genera and Species of Birds. [Nomenclator Avium tum Fossilium tum Viventium.] By R. Bowdler Sharpe, LL.D.:—

Vol. I. Pp. xxi., 303. [With Systematic Index.]

1899, 8vo. 10s.

Vol. II. Pp. xv., 312. [With Systematic Index, and an Alphabetical Index to Vols. I. and II.] 1900, 8vo. 10s.

Vol. III. Pp. xii., 367. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1901, 8vo. 10s.

List of the Specimens of Birds in the Collection of the British Museum. By George Robert Gray:—

Part III., Section I. Ramphastide. Pp. 16. [With

Index. 1855, 12mo. 6d.

Part III., Section II. Psittacidæ. Pp. 110. [With Index.] 1859, 12mo. 2s.

Part III., Sections III. and IV. Capitonide and Picide. Pp. 137. [With Index.] 1868, 12mo. 1s. 6d.

Part IV. Columbæ. Pp. 73. [With Index.] 1856, 12mo. 1s. 9d.

Part V. Gallinæ. Pp. iv., 120. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1867, 12mo. 1s. 6d.

Catalogue of the Birds of the Tropical Islands of the Pacific Ocean in the Collection of the British Museum. By George Robert Gray, F.L.S., &c. Pp. 72. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1859, 8vo. 1s. 6d.

Catalogue of the Collection of Birds' Eggs in the British

Museum (Natural History):—

Vol. I. Ratitæ. Carinatæ (Tinamiformes—Lariformes). By Eugene W. Oates. Pp. xxiii., 252. 18 Coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1901, 8vo. 1l. 10s.

Vol. II. Carinatæ (Charadriiformes—Strigiformes). By Eugene W. Oates. Pp. xx., 400. 15 Coloured Plates [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1902

8vo. 30s.

REPTILES.

Catalogue of the Tortoises, Crocodiles, and Amphisbænians in the Collection of the British Museum. By Dr. J. E. Gray, F.R.S., &c. Pp. viii., 80. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1844, 12mo. 1s.

Catalogue of Shield Reptiles in the Collection of the British Museum. By John Edward Gray, F.R.S., &c.:-

Appendix. Pp. 28. 1872, 4to. 2s. 6d.

Part II. Emydosaurians, Rhynchocephalia, and Amphisbænians. Pp. vi., 41. 25 Woodcuts. 1872, 4to. 3s. 6d.

- Hand-List of the Specimens of Shield Reptiles in the British Museum. By Dr. J. E. Gray, F.R.S., F.L.S., &c. Pp. iv., 124. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1873, 8vo. 4s.
- Catalogue of the Chelonians, Rhynchocephalians, and Crocodiles in the British Museum (Natural History). New Edition. By George Albert Boulenger. Pp. x., 311. 73 Woodcuts and 6 Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1889, 8vo. 15s.

Catalogue of the Lizards in the British Museum (Natural History). Second Edition. By George Albert Boulenger:—

- Vol. I. Geckonidæ, Eublepharidæ, Uroplatidæ, Pygopodidæ, Agamidæ. Pp. xii., 436. 32 Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1885, 8vo. 20s.
- Vol. II. Iguanidæ, Xenosauridæ, Zonuridæ, Anguidæ, Anniellidæ, Helodermatidæ, Varanidæ, Xantusiidæ, Teiidæ, Amphisbænidæ. Pp. xiii., 497. 24 Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1885. 8vo. 20s.
- Vol. III. Lacertidæ, Gerrhosauridæ, Scincidæ, Anelytropidæ, Dibamidæ, Chamæleontidæ. Pp. xii., 575. 40 Plates. [With a Systematic Index and an Alphabetical Index to the three volumes.] 1887, 8vo. 1l. 6s.

- Catalogue of the Snakes in the British Museum (Natural History). By George Albert Boulenger, F.R.S.:—
 - Vol. I., containing the families Typhlopidæ, Glauconiidæ, Boidæ, Ilysiidæ, Uropeltidæ, Xenopeltidæ, and Colubridæ aglyphæ, part. Pp. xiii., 448: 26 Woodcuts and 28 Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1893, 8vo. 1l. 1s.
 - Vol. II., containing the conclusion of the Colubridæ aglyphæ. Pp. xi., 382: 25 Woodcuts and 20 Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1894. 8vo. 17s. 6d.
 - Vol. III., containing the Colubridæ (Opisthoglyphæ and Proteroglyphæ), Amblycephalidæ, and Viperidæ. Pp. xiv., 727: 37 Woodcuts and 25 Plates. [With Systematic Index, and Alphabetical Index to the 3 volumes.] 1896, 8vo. 1l. 6s.
- Catalogue of Colubrine Snakes in the Collection of the British Museum. By Dr. Albert Günther. Pp. xvi., 281. [With Geographic, Systematic; and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1858, 12mo. 4s.

BATRACHIANS.

Catalogue of the Batrachia Salientia in the Collection of the British Museum. By Dr. Albert Günther. Pp. xvi., 160. 12 Plates. [With Systematic, Geographic, and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1858, 8vo. 6s.

FISHES.

- Catalogue of the Fishes in the British Museum. Second edition. Vol. I. Catalogue of the Perciform Fishes in the British Museum. Vol. I. Containing the Centrarchidæ, Percidæ, and Serranidæ (part). By George Albert Boulenger, F.R.S. Pp. xix., 394. Woodcuts and 15 Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1895, 8vo. 15s.
- Catalogue of Fish collected and described by Laurence Theodore Gronow, now in the British Museum. Pp. vii., 196. [With a Systematic Index.] 1854, 12mo. 3s. 6d.
- Catalogue of Apodal Fish in the Collection of the British Museum. By Dr. Kaup. Pp. viii., 163. 11 Woodcuts and 19 Plates. 1856, 8vo. 10s.
- Catalogue of Lophobranchiate Fish in the Collection of the British Museum. By J. J. Kaup, Ph.D., &c. Pp. iv., 80. 4 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1856,12mo.2s.

MOLLUSCA.

- Guide to the Systematic Distribution of Mollusca in the British Museum. Part I. By John Edward Gray, Ph.D., F.R.S., &c. Pp. xii., 230. 121 Woodcuts. 1857, 8vo. 5s.
- List of the Shells of the Canaries in the Collection of the British Museum, collected by MM. Webb and Berthelot. Described and figured by Prof. Alcide D'Orbigny in the "Histoire Naturelle des Iles Canaries." Pp. 32. 1854, 12mo. 1s.
- List of the Shells of Cuba in the Collection of the British Museum collected by M. Ramon de la Sagra. Described by Prof. Alcide d'Orbigny in the "Histoire de l'Ille de Cuba:" Pp. 48. 1854, 12mo. 1s.
- List of the Shells of South America in the Collection of the British Museum. Collected and described by M. Alcide D'Orbigny in the "Voyage dans l'Amérique Méridionale." Pp. 89. 1854, 12mo. 2s.
- Catalogue of the Collection of Mazatlan Shells in the British Museum, collected by Frederick Reigen. Described by Philip P. Carpenter. Pp. xvi., 552. 1857, 12mo. 8s.
- List of Mollusca and Shells in the Collection of the British Museum, collected and described by MM. Eydoux and Souleyet in the "Voyage autour du Monde, exécuté "pendant les années 1836 et 1837, sur la Corvette 'La "Bonite,'" and in the "Histoire naturelle des Mollusques "Ptéropodes." Par MM. P. C. A. L. Rang et Souleyet. Pp. iv., 27. 1855, 12mo. 8d.
- Catalogue of the Phaneropneumona, or Terrestrial Operculated Mollusca, in the Collection of the British Museum. By Dr. L. Pfeiffer. Pp. 324. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1852, 12mo. 5s.
- Catalogue of Pulmonata, or Air Breathing Mollusca, in the Collection of the British Museum. Part I. By Dr. Louis Pfeiffer. Pp. iv., 192. Woodcuts. 1855, 12mo. 2s. 6d.
- Catalogue of the Auriculidæ, Proserpinidæ, and Truncatellidæ in the Collection of the British Museum. By Dr. Louis Pfeiffer. Pp. iv., 150. Woodcuts. 1857, 12mo. 1s. 9d.
- List of the Mollusca in the Collection of the British Museum.

 By John Edward Gray, Ph.D., F.R.S., &c.

Part II. Olividæ. Pp. 41. 1865, 12mo. 1s.

- Catalogue of the Conchifera, or Bivalve Shells, in the Collection of the British Museum. By M. Deshayes:—
 - Part I. Veneridæ, Cyprinidæ, Glauconomidæ, and Petricoladæ. Pp. iv., 216. 1853, 12mo. 3s.
 - Part II. Petricoladæ (concluded); Corbiculadæ. Pp. 217-292. [With an Alphabetical Index to the two parts.] 1854, 12mo. 6d.

BRACHIOPODA.

Catalogue of Brachiopoda Ancylopoda or Lamp Shells in the Collection of the British Museum. [Issued as "Catalogue of the Mollusca, Part IV."] Pp. iv., 128. 25 Woodcuts. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1853, 12mo. 3s.

POLYZOA.

Catalogue of Marine Polyzoa in the Collection of the British Museum. Part III. Cyclostomata. By George Busk, F.R.S. Pp. viii., 39. 38 Plates. [With a Systematic Index.] 1875, 8vo. 5s.

CRUSTACEA.

Catalogue of the Specimens of Amphipodous Crustacea in the Collection of the British Museum. By C. Spence Bate, F.R.S., &c. Pp. iv., 399. 58 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1862, 8vo. 1l. 5s.

ARACHNIDA.

Descriptive Catalogue of the Spiders of Burma, based upon the Collection made by Eugene W. Oates and preserved in the British Museum. By T. Thorell. Pp. xxxvi., 406. [With Systematic List and Alphabetical Index.] 1895, 8vo. 10s. 6d.

INSECTS.

Coleopterous Insects.

Nomenclature of Coleopterous Insects in the Collection of the British Museum:—

Part VI. Passalidæ. By Frederick Smith. Pp. iv., 23. 1 Plate. [With Index.] 1852, 12mo. 8d.

Part VII. Longicornia, I. By Adam White. Pp. iv., 174. 4 Plates. 1853, 12mo. 2s. 6d.

Part VIII. Longicornia, II. By Adam White. Pp. 237. 6 Plates. 1855, 12mo. 3s. 6d.

Part IX. Cassididæ. By Charles H. Boheman, Professor of Natural History, Stockholm. Pp. 225. [With Index.] 1856, 12mo. 3s.

Illustrations of Typical Specimens of Coleoptera in the Collection of the British Museum. Part I. Lycidæ. By Charles Owen Waterhouse. Pp. x., 83. 18 Coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1879, 8vo. 16s.

- Catalogue of the Coleopterous Insects of Madeira in the Collection of the British Museum. By T. Vernon Wollaston, M.A., F.L.S. Pp. xvi., 234: 1 Plate. [With a Topographical Catalogue and an Alphabetical Index.] 1857, 8vo. 3s.
- Catalogue of the Coleopterous Insects of the Canaries in the Collection of the British Museum. By T. Vernon Wollaston, M.A., F.L.S. Pp. xiii., 648. [With Topographical and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1864, 8vo. 10s. 6d.
- Catalogue of Halticidæ in the Collection of the British Museum. By the Rev. Hamlet Clark, M.A., F.L.S. Physapodes and Œdipodes. Part J. Pp. xii., 301. Frontispiece and 9 Plates. 1860, 8vo. 7s.
- Catalogue of Hispidæ in the Collection of the British Museum. By Joseph S. Baly, M.E.S., &c. Part I. Pp. x., 172. 9 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1858, 8vo. 6s.

Hymenopterous Insects.

Catalogue of Hymenopterous Insects in the Collection of the British Museum. By Frederick Smith. 12mo.:—

Part I. Andrenidæ and Apidæ. Pp. 197. 6 Plates. 1853, 2s. 6d.

Part II. Apidæ. Pp. 199–465. 6 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1854. 6s.

Part III. Mutillidæ and Pompilidæ. Pp. 206. 6 Plates. 1855. 6s.

Part IV. Sphegidæ, Larridæ, and Crabronidæ. Pp. 207–497. 6 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1856. 6s.

Part V. Vespidæ. Pp. 147. 6 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1857. 6s.

Part VI. Formicidæ. Pp. 216. 14 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1858. 6s.

Part VII. Dorylidæ and Thynnidæ. Pp. 76. 3 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1859. 2s.

List of Hymenoptera, with descriptions and figures of the Typical Specimens in the British Museum. Vol. I., Tenthredinidæ and Siricidæ. By W. F. Kirby. Pp. xxviii., 450. 16 Coloured Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1882, 8vo. 11. 18s.

Dipterous Insects.

List of the Specimens of Dipterous Insects in the Collection of the British Museum. By Francis Walker, F.L.S. Part VII. Supplement III. Asilidæ. Pp. ii., 507-775. 1855, 12mo. 3s. 6d.

- A Monograph of the Culicidæ, or Mosquitoes. Mainly compiled from the Collections received at the British Museum from various parts of the world in connection with the Investigation into the cause of Malaria conducted by the Colonial Office and the Royal Society. By Fred. V. Theobald, M.A., &c. 2 Vols. of text (pp. xviii., 424; viii., 391: 318 woodcuts), and Atlas of 37 coloured and 5 collotype plates (pp. viii., with explanations of plates). 1901, 8vo. 3l. 3s.; or, on permanent linen paper, 3l. 15s.
- A Monograph of the Tsetse-Flies (Genus Glossina, Westwood), based on the Collection in the British Museum. By Ernest Edward Austen. With a chapter on Mouth-parts by H. J. Hansen, Phil. Doc. Pp. ix., 319: 9 plates (7 coloured), 16 woodcuts, 1 map. 1903, Roy. 8vo. 15s.

Lepidopterous Insects.

Catalogue of the Lepidoptera Phalænæ in the British Museum. By Sir George F. Hampson, Bart.:—

Vol. I. Catalogue of the Syntomidæ in the Collection of the British Museum. Pp. xxi., 559: 285 Woodcuts. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1898, 8vo. 15s.

--- Atlas of 17 Coloured Plates, 8vo. 15s.

Vol. II. Catalogue of the Arctiadæ (Nolinæ, Lithosianæ) in the Collection of the British Museum. Pp. xx., 589. 411 Woodcuts. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1900, 8vo. 18s.

——Atlas of 18 Coloured Plates (xviii.-xxxv.), 8vo. 15s.

Vol. III. Catalogue of the Arctiadæ (Arctianæ) and Agaristidæ in the Collection of the British Museum. Pp. xix., 690. 294 woodcuts. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1901, 8vo. 15s.

——Atlas of 19 Coloured Plates (xxxvi-liv.), 8vo. 16s.

Illustrations of Typical Specimens of Lepidoptera Heterocera in the Collection of the British Museum:—

Part V. By Arthur Gardiner Butler. Pp. xii., 74. 78-100 Coloured Plates. [With a Systematic Index.] 1881, 4to. 2l. 10s.

Part VI. By Arthur Gardiner Butler. Pp. xv., 89. 101-120 Coloured Plates. [With a Systematic Index.] 1886, 4to. 2l. 4s.

Part VII. By Arthur Gardiner Butler. Pp. iv., 124. 121-138 Coloured Plates. [With a Systematic List.] 1889, 4to. 2l.

Part VIII. The Lepidoptera Heterocera of the Nilgiri District. By George Francis Hampson. Pp. iv., 144. 139–156 Coloured Plates. [With a Systematic List.] 1891, 4to. 2l.

Illustrations of Typical Specimens of Lepidoptera Heterocera in the Collection of the British Museum—continued.

Part IX. The Macrolepidoptera Heterocera of Ceylon. By George Francis Hampson. Pp. v., 182. 157-176 Coloured Plates. [With a General Systematic List of Species collected in, or recorded from, Ceylon. 1893. 4to. 21. 2s.

Catalogue of the Collection of Palæarctic Butterflies formed by the late John Henry Leech, and presented to the Trustees of the British Museum by his Mother, Mrs. Eliza Leech. By Richard South, F.E.S. Pp. vi., 228. 2 Coloured Plates. With a Portrait and Biographical Memoir of Mr. Leech. 1902, 4to. 1l.

Catalogue of Diurnal Lepidoptera described by Fabricius in the Collection of the British Museum. By Arthur Gardiner Butler, F.L.S., &c. Pp. iv., 303. 3 Plates. 1869, 8vo. 7s. 6d.

Specimen of a Catalogue of Lycenide in the British Museum. By W. C. Hewitson. Pp. 15. 8 Coloured Plates. 1862, 4to. 1l. 1s.

List of Lepidopterous Insects in the Collection of the British Museum. Part I. Papilionidæ. By G. R. Gray, F.L.S. Pp. 106. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1856, 12mo. 2s.

List of the Specimens of Lepidopterous Insects in the Collection of the British Museum. By Francis Walker. 12mo.:-

Part XXII. Geometrites. Pp. 499-755. 1861, 3s. 6d. Part XXIII. — Pp. 756-1020. 1861, 3s. 6d. Part XXIV. ——— Pp. 1021–1280. 1862, 3s. 6d. Alphabetical Index to Parts XX.-XXVI. 1862, 4s. 6d. Part XXVII. Crambites and Tortricites. Pp. 1-286. 1863, 4s. Part XXVIII. Tortricites and Tineites. Pp. 287-561. 1863, 4s.

Part XXXII.—— Part 2. Pp. 322–706. 1865, 5s.

Part XXXIII. Part 3. Pp. 707-1120. 1865, 6s.

Part XXXIV.———— Part 4. Pp. 1121-1533. 1865, 5s. 6d.

With an Alphabetical Index to Parts XXXI.-XXXV.] 1866, 7s.

Neuropterous Insects.

- Catalogue of the Specimens of Neuropterous Insects in the Collection of the British Museum. By Francis Walker. 12mo.:—
 - Part II. Sialidæ—Nemopterides. Pp. ii., 193–476. 1853, 3s. 6d.
 - Part III. Termitidæ—Ephemeridæ. Pp. ii., 477–585. 1853, 1s. 6d.
- Catalogue of the Specimens of Neuropterous Insects in the Collection of the British Museum. By Dr. H. Hagen. Part I. Termitina. Pp. 34. 1858, 12mo. 6d.

Orthopterous Insects.

- Catalogue of Orthopterous Insects in the Collection of the British Museum. Part I. Phasmidæ. By John Obadiah Westwood, F.L.S., &c. Pp. 195. 48 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1859, 4to. 3l.
- Catalogue of the Specimens of Blattariæ in the Collection of the British Museum. By Francis Walker, F.L.S., &c. Pp. 239. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1868, 8vo. 5s. 6d.
- Catalogue of the Specimens of Dermaptera Saltatoria [Part I.] and Supplement to the Blattariæ in the Collection of the British Museum. Gryllidæ. Blattariæ. Locustidæ. By Francis Walker, F.L.S., &c. Pp. 224. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1869, 8vo. 5s.
- Catalogue of the Specimens of Dermaptera Saltatoria in the Collection of the British Museum. By Francis Walker, F.L.S., &c.—
 - Part II. Locustidæ (continued). Pp. 225–423. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1869, 8vo. 4s. 6d.
 - Part III. Locustidæ (continued).—Acrididæ. Pp. 425–604. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1870, 8vo. 4s.
 - Part IV. Acrididæ (continued). Pp. 605-809. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1870, 8vo. 6s.
 - Part V. Tettigidæ.—Supplement to the Catalogue of Blattariæ.—Supplement to the Catalogue of Dermaptera Saltatoria (with remarks on the Geographical Distribution of Dermaptera). Pp. 811–850; 43; 116. [With Alphabetical Indexes.] 1870, 8vo. 6s.

Hemipterous Insects.

Catalogue of the Specimens of Heteropterous Hemiptera in the Collection of the British Museum. By Francis Walker, F.L.S., &c. 8vo.:—

Part I. Scutata. Pp. 240. 1867. 5s.

Part II. Scutata (continued). Pp. 241–417. 1867. 4s. Part III. Pp. 418–599. [With an Alphabetical Index to Parts I., II., III., and a Summary of Geographical Distribution of the Species mentioned.] 1868. 4s. 6d.

Part IV. Pp. 211. [With Alphabetical Index.] 1871. 6s.

Part V. Pp. 202. [With Alphabetical Index.] 1872. 5s.

Part VI. Pp. 210. [With Alphabetical Index.] 1873. 5s.

Part VII. Pp. 213. [With Alphabetical Index.] 1873. 6s.

Part VIII. Pp. 220. [With Alphabetical Index.] 1873.

[6s. 6d.

VERMES.

Catalogue of the Species of Entozoa, or Intestinal Worms, contained in the Collection of the British Museum. By Dr. Baird. Pp. iv., 132. 2 Plates. [With an Index of the Animals in which the Entozoa mentioned in the Catalogue are found, and an Index of Genera and Species.] 1853, 12mo. 2s.

ANTHOZOA.

- Catalogue of Sea-pens or Pennatulariidæ in the Collection of the British Museum. By J. E. Gray, F.R.S., &c. Pp. iv., 40. 2 Woodcuts. 1870, 8vo. 1s. 6d.
- Catalogue of Lithophytes or Stony Corals in the Collection of the British Museum. By J. E. Gray, F.R.S., &c. Pp. iv., 51. 14 Woodcuts. 1870, 8vo. 3s.
- Catalogue of the Madreporarian Corals in the British Museum (Natural History):—
 - Vol. I. The Genus Madrepora. By George Brook. Pp. xi., 212. 35 Collotype Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes, and Explanation of the Plates.] 1893, 4to. 1l. 4s.
 - Vol. II. The Genus Turbinaria; the Genus Astræopora. By Henry M. Bernard, M.A. Cantab., F.L.S., F.Z.S. Pp. iv., 106. 30 Collotype and 3 Lithographic Plates. [With Index of Generic and Specific Names, and Explanation of the Plates.] 1896, 4to. 18s.

- Vol. III. The Genus Montipora; the Genus Anacropora. By Henry M. Bernard, M.A. Pp. vii., 192. 30 Collotype and 4 Lithographic Plates. [With Systematic Index, Index of Generic and Specific Names, and Explanation of the Plates.] 1897, 4to. 11. 4s.
- Vol. IV. The Family Poritide. I.—The Genus Goniopora. By Henry M. Bernard, M.A. Pp. viii., 206. 12 Collotype and 4 Lithographic Plates. [With Index of Generic and Specific Names, and Explanation of the Plates.] 1903, 4to. 11.

BRITISH ANIMALS.

- Catalogue of British Birds in the Collection of the British Museum. By George Robert Gray, F.L.S., F.Z.S., &c. Pp. xii., 248. [With a List of Species.] 1863, 8vo. 3s. 6d.
- Catalogue of British Hymenoptera in the Collection of the British Museum. Second edition. Part. I. Andrenidæ and Apidæ. By Frederick Smith, M.E.S. New Issue. Pp. xi., 236. 11 Plates. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1891, 8vo. 6s.
- Catalogue of British Fossorial Hymenoptera, Formicidæ, and Vespidæ in the Collection of the British Museum. By Frederick Smith, V.P.E.S. Pp. 236. 6 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1858, 12mo. 6s.
- A Catalogue of the British Non-parasitical Worms in the Collection of the British Museum. By George Johnston, M.D., Edin., F.R.C.L., Ed., LL.D., Marischal Coll., Aberdeen, &c. Pp. 365. Woodcuts and 24 Plates. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1865, 8vo. 7s.
- Catalogue of the British Echinoderms in the British Museum (Natural History). By F. Jeffrey Bell, M.A. Pp. xvii., 202. Woodcuts and 16 Plates (2 Coloured). [With Table of Contents, Tables of Distribution, Alphabetical Index, Description of the Plates, &c.] 1892, 8vo. 12s. 6d.
- List of the Specimens of British Animals in the Collection of the British Museum; with Synonyma and References to figures. 12mo.:—
 - Part V. Lepidoptera. By J. F. Stephens. 2nd Edition. Revised by H. T. Stainton and E. Shepherd. Pp. iv., 224. 1856. 1s. 9d.
 - Part VI. Hymenoptera. By F. Smith. Pp. 134, 1851. 2s.
 - Part VII. Mollusca, Acephala and Brachiopoda. By Dr. J. E. Gray. Pp. iv., 167. 1851. 3s. 6d.

- Part VIII. Fish. By Adam White. Pp. xxiii., 164. (With Index and List of Donors.) 1851. 3s. 6d.
- Part IX. Eggs of British Birds. By George Robert Gray. Pp. 143. 1852. 2s. 6d.
- Part XI. Anoplura, or Parasitic Insects. By H. Denny. Pp. iv., 51. 1852. 1s.
- Part XII. Lepidoptera (continued). By James F. Stephens. Pp. iv., 54. 1852. 9d.
- Part XIII. Nomenclature of Hymenoptera. By Frederick Smith. Pp. iv., 74. 1853, 1s. 4d.
- Part XIV. Nomenclature of Neuroptera. By Adam White. Pp. iv., 16. 1853, 6d.
- Part XV. Nomenclature of Diptera, I. By Adam White. Pp. iv., 42. 1853. 1s.
- Part XVI. Lepidoptera (completed). By H. T. Stainton. Pp. 199. [With an Index.] 1854. 3s.
- Part XVII. Nomenclature of Anoplura, Euplexoptera, and Orthoptera. By Adam White. Pp. iv., 17. 1855. 6d.

PLANTS.

- Illustrations of the Botany of Captain Cook's Voyage Round the World in H.M.S. "Endeavour" in 1768-71. By the Right Hon. Sir Joseph Banks, Bart., K.B., P.R.S., and Dr. Daniel Solander, F.R.S. With Determinations by James Britten, F.L.S., Senior Assistant, Department of Botany, British Museum:—
 - Part I.—Australian Plants. 101 Copper-plates [after paintings by F. P. Nodder], with 31 pages of descriptive text. 1900, fol. 25s.
 - Part II.—Australian Plants, Pt. II. 142 Copper-plates (pls. 101-243) [after paintings by F. P. Nodder, James Miller, J. F. Miller, and John Cleveley], with 41 pages of descriptive text (pp. 35-75). 1901, fol. 35s.
- Catalogue of the African Plants collected by Dr. Friedrich Welwitsch in 1853-61:—
 - Vol. I. Dicotyledons. By William Philip Hiern, M.A., F.L.S., &c.:—
 - Part I. [Ranunculaceæ to Rhizophoraceæ.] Pp. xxvi., 336. [With Portrait of Dr. Welwitsch. Introduction, Bibliography, and Index of Genera.] 1896, 8vo. 7s. 6d.

Part II. Combretaceæ to Rubiaceæ. Pp. 337-510. [With Index of Genera.] 1898, 8vo. 4s.

Part III. Dipsaceæ to Scrophulariaceæ. Pp. 511-784. [With Index of Genera.] 1898, 8vo. 5s.

Part IV. Lentibulariaceæ to Ceratophylleæ. Pp. 785-1035. [With Index.] 1900, 8vo. 5s.

Vol II. Monocotyledons, Gymnosperms, and Cryptogams :-

Part I. Monocotyledons and Gymnosperms. By Alfred Barton Rendle, M.A., D.Sc. F.L.S., Assistant, Department of Botany. Pp. 260. [With Index of Genera.] 1899, 8vo. 6s.

Part II. Cryptogamia. Pp. 261-566. [With Table of Errata, and General Index to the whole work.] 1901, 8vo. 6s.

Vascular Cryptogams ... By William Carruthers, F.R.S. Mosses ... , Antony Gepp, M.A., F.L.S.

Hepatics ... , F. Stephani.

Marine Algæ ... , Ethel S. Barton.

Freshwater Algæ ... , W. West, F.L.S., and G. S.

West, R.A.

West, B.A.

Diatomaceæ, Thomas Comber, F.L.S.
..., E. A. Wainio.
..., Annie Lorrain Smith.
..., Arthur Lister, F.R.S. Thomas Comber, F.L.S. Lichenes ... Fungi ... Mycetozoa ...

A Monograph of Lichens found in Britain: being a Descriptive Catalogue of the Species in the Herbarium of the British Museum. By the Rev. James M. Crombie, M.A., F.L.S., F.G.S., &c. Part I. Pp. viii., 519: 74 Woodcuts. [With Glossary, Synopsis, Tabular Conspectus, and Index.] 1894, 8vo. 16s.

A Monograph of the Mycetozoa: being a Descriptive Catalogue of the Species in the Herbarium of the British Museum. By Arthur Lister, F.L.S. Pp. 224. 78 Plates and 51 Woodcuts. [With Synopsis of Genera and List of Species, and Index. 1894, 8vo. 15s.

List of British Diatomaceæ in the Collection of the British Museum. By the Rev. W. Smith, F.L.S., &c. Pp. iv., 55. 1859, 12mo. 1s.

FOSSILS.

- Catalogue of the Fossil Mammalia in the British Museum (Natural History). By Richard Lydekker, B.A., F.G.S.:—
 - Part I. Containing the Orders Primates, Chiroptera, Insectivora, Carnivora, and Rodentia. Pp. xxx., 268. 33 Woodcuts. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1885, 8vo. 5s.
 - Part II. Containing the Order Ungulata, Suborder Artiodactyla. Pp. xxii., 324. 39 Woodcuts. [With Systematic and Alphabetical Indexes.] 1885, 8vo. 6s.
 - Part III. Containing the Order Ungulata, Suborders Perissodactyla, Toxodontia, Condylarthra, and Amblypoda. Pp. xvi., 186. 30 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index, and Alphabetical Index of Genera and Species, including Synonyms.] 1886, 8vo. 4s.
 - Part IV. Containing the Order Ungulata, Suborder Proboscidea. Pp. xxiv., 235. 32 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index, and Alphabetical Index of General and Species, including Synonyms.] 1886, 8vo. 5s.
 - Part V. Containing the Group Tillodontia, the Orders Sirenia, Cetacea, Edentata, Marsupialia, Monotremata, and Supplement. Pp. xxxv., 345. 55 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index, and Alphabetical Index of Genera and Species, including Synonyms.] 1887, 8vo. 6s.
- Catalogue of the Fossil Birds in the British Museum (Natural History). By Richard Lydekker, B.A. Pp. xxvii., 368. 75 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index, and Alphabetical Index of Genera and Species, including Synonyms.] 1891, 8vo. 10s. 6d.
- Catalogue of the Fossil Reptilia and Amphibia in the British Museum (Natural History). By Richard Lydekker, B.A., F.G.S.:—
 - Part I. Containing the Orders Ornithosauria, Crocodilia,
 Dinosauria, Squamata, Rhynchocephalia, and Proterosauria. Pp. xxviii., 309. 69 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index, and Alphabetical Index of Genera and Species, including Synonyms.] 1888, 8vo. 7s. 6d.
 - Part II. Containing the Orders Ichthyopterygia and Sauropterygia. Pp. xxi., 307. 85 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index, and Alphabetical Index of Genera and Species, including Synonyms.] 1889, 8vo. 7s. 6d.

Part III. Containing the Order Chelonia. Pp. xviii., 239. 53 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index, and Alphabetical Index of Genera and Species, including

Synonyms. 7 1889, 8vo. 7s. 6d.

Part IV. Containing the Orders Anomodontia, Ecaudata, Caudata, and Labyrinthodontia; and Supplement. Pp. xxiii., 295. 66 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index, Alphabetical Index of Genera and Species, including Synonyms, and Alphabetical Index of Genera and Species to the entire work.] 1890, 8vo. 7s. 6d.

Catalogue of the Fossil Fishes in the British Museum (Natural History). By Arthur Smith Woodward, LL.D., F.R.S., F.G.S., &c.:—

Part I. Containing the Elasmobranchii. Pp. xlvii., 474. 13 Woodcuts and 17 Plates. [With Alphabetical Index, and Systematic Index of Genera and Species.]

1889, 8vo. 21s.

Part II. Containing the Elasmobranchii (Acanthodii), Holocephali, Ichthyodorulites, Ostracodermi, Dipnoi, and Teleostomi (Crossopterygii and Chondrostean Actinopterygii). Pp. xliv., 567. 58 Woodcuts and 16 Plates. [With Alphabetical Index, and Systematic Index of Genera and Species.] 1891, 8vo. 21s.

Part III. Containing the Actinopterygian Teleostomi of the Orders Chondrostei (concluded), Protospondyli, Aetheospondyli, and Isospondyli (in part). Pp. xlii., 544. 45 Woodcuts and 18 Plates. [With Alphabetical Index, and Systematic Index of Genera and Species.]

1895, 8vo. 21s.

Part IV. Containing the Actinopterygian Teleostomi of the Suborders Isospondyli (in part), Ostariophysi, Apodes, Percesoces, Hemibranchii, Acanthopterygii, and Anacanthini. Pp. xxxix., 636. 22 Woodcuts and 19 Plates. [With Alphabetical Index, and Systematic Index of Genera and Species.] 1901, 8vo. 21s.

Systematic List of the Edwards Collection of British Oligocene and Eocene Mollusca in the British Museum (Natural History), with references to the type-specimens from similar horizons contained in other collections belonging to the Geological Department of the Museum. By Richard Bullen Newton, F.G.S. Pp. xxviii., 365. [With table of Families and Genera, Bibliography, Correlation-table, Appendix, and Alphabetical Index.] 1891, 8vo. 6s.

Catalogue of Tertiary Mollusca in the Department of Geology, British Museum (Natural History). Part I. The Australasian Tertiary Mollusca. By George F. Harris, F.G.S., &c. Pp. xxvi., 407. 8 Plates. [With Table of Families, Genera, and SubGenera, and Index.] 1897, 8vo. 10s.

- Catalogue of the Fossil Cephalopoda in the British Museum (Natural History) :—
 - Part I. Containing part of the Suborder Nautiloidea, consisting of the families Orthoceratidæ, Endoceratidæ, Actinoceratidæ, Gomphoceratidæ, Ascoceratidæ, Poterioceratidæ, Cyrtoceratidæ, and Supplement. By Arthur H. Foord, F.G.S. Pp. xxxi., 344. 51 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index, and Alphabetical Index of Genera and Species, including Synonyms.] 1888, 8vo. 10s. 6d.
 - Part II. Containing the remainder of the Suborder Nautiloidea, consisting of the families Lituitide, Trochoceratide, Nautilide, and Supplement. By Arthur H. Foord, F.G.S. Pp. xxviii., 407. 86 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index, and Alphabetical Index of Genera and Species, including Synonyms.] 1891, 8vo. 15s.
 - Part III. Containing the Bactritidæ, and part of the Suborder Ammonoidea. By Arthur H. Foord, Ph.D., F.G.S., and George Charles Crick, A.R.S.M., F.G.S. Pp. xxxiii., 303. 146 Woodcuts. [With Systematic Index of Genera and Species, and Alphabetical Index.] 1897, 8vo. 12s. 6d.
- List of the Types and Figured Specimens of Fossil Cephalopoda in the British Museum (Natural History). By G. C. Crick, F.G.S. Pp. 103. [With Index.] 1898, 8vo. 2s. 6d.
- A Catalogue of British Fossil Crustacea, with their Synonyms and the Range in Time of each Genus and Order. By Henry Woodward, F.R.S. Pp. xii., 155. [With an Alphabetical Index.] 1877, 8vo. 5s.
- Catalogue of the Fossil Bryozoa in the Department of Geology, British Museum (Natural History):—
 - The Jurassic Bryozoa. By J. W. Gregory, D.Sc., F.G.S., F.Z.S. Pp. [viii.,] 239: 22 Woodcuts and 11 Plates. [With List of Species and Distribution, Bibliography, Index, and Explanation of Plates.] 1896, 8vo. 10s.
 - The Cretaceous Bryozoa. Vol. I. By J. W. Gregory, D.Sc., F.G.S., F.Z.S. Pp. xiv., 457: 64 Woodcuts and 17 Plates. [With Index and Explanation of Plates.] 1899, 8vo. 16s.

- Catalogue of the Blastoidea in the Geological Department of the British Museum (Natural History), with an account of the morphology and systematic position of the group, and a revision of the genera and species. By Robert Etheridge, jun., of the Department of Geology, British Museum (Natural History), and P. Herbert Carpenter, D.Sc., F.R.S., F.L.S. (of Eton College). Pp. xv., 322. 20 Plates. [With Preface by Dr. H. Woodward, Table of Contents, General Index, Explanations of the Plates, &c.] 1886, 4to. 25s.
- The Genera and Species of Blastoidea, with a List of the Specimens in the British Museum (Natural History). By F. A. Bather, M.A., F.G.S., of the Geological Department. Pp. x., 70. 1 Woodcut. 1899, 8vo. 3s.
- Catalogue of the Palæozoic Plants in the Department of Geology and Palæontology, British Museum (Natural History). By Robert Kidston, F.G.S. Pp. viii., 288. [With a list of works quoted, and an Index.] 1886, 8vo. 5s.
- Catalogue of the Mesozoic Plants in the Department of Geology, British Museum (Natural History). By A. C. Seward, M.A., F.R.S., F.G.S., University Lecturer in Botany and Fellow of Emanuel College, Cambridge:—
 - Part I. The Wealden Flora. Part I. Thallophyta—Pteridophyta. Pp. xxxviii., 179. 17 Woodcuts and 11 Plates. [With Preface by Dr. Woodward, Alphabetical Index, Explanations of the Plates, &c.] 1894, 8vo. 10s.
 - Part II. The Wealden Flora. Part II. Gymnospermæ. Pp. viii., 259. 9 Woodcuts and 20 Plates. [With Alphabetical Index, Explanations of the Plates, &c.] 1895, 8vo. 15s.
 - Part III. The Jurassic Flora. Part I. The Yorkshire Coast. Pp. xii., 341. 53 Woodcuts and 21 Plates. [With Preface by Dr. Woodward, Alphabetical Index Explanations of the Plates, &c.] 1900, 8vo. 20s.

GUIDE-BOOKS.

(To be obtained only at the Museum.)

A General Guide to the British Museum (Natural History) Cromwell Road, London, 8.W. With 31 Woodcuts, 2 Plans, 2 views of the building, and an illustrated cover. Pp. 97. 1901, 8vo. 3d.

Guide to the Galleries of Mammalia in the Department of Zoology of the British Museum (Natural History). 7th Edition. Pp. 126. 65 Woodcuts and 4 Plans. Index. 1902, 8vo. 6d.

- Guide to the Galleries of Reptiles and Fishes in the Department of Zoology of the British Museum (Natural History). 4th Edition. Pp. iv., 119. 101 Woodcuts. Index. 1898. 8vo. 6d. (Out of print.)
- Guide to the Shell and Starfish Galleries (Mollusca, Polyzoa, Brachiopoda, Tunicata, Echinoderma, and Worms), Department of Zoology, British Museum (Natural History). New Edition. Pp. iv., 130. 125 Woodcuts, Plan, and Indexes. 1901, 8vo. 6d.
- Guide to the Coral Gallery (Protozoa, Porifera or Sponges, Hydrozoa, and Anthozoa) in the Department of Zoology, British Museum (Natural History). Pp. [iv.,] 73. 82 Illustrations, Plan, and Index, 1902, 8vo. 1s.
- A Guide to the Fossil Mammals and Birds in the Department of Geology and Palæontology in the British Museum (Natural History). 7th Edition. [By Henry Woodward.] Pp. xii., 103. 116 Woodcuts. [With List of Illustrations, Table of Stratified Rocks, and Index.] 1896, 8vo. 6d. (Out of print.)
- A Guide to the Fossil Reptiles and Fishes in the Department of Geology and Palæontology in the British Museum (Natural History). [By Henry Woodward.] Pp. xiv., 129: 165 Woodcuts. [With List of Illustrations, Table of Stratified Rocks, and Index.] 1896, 8vo. 6d.
- A Guide to the Fossil Invertebrates and Plants in the Department of Geology and Paleontology in the British Museum (Natural History). [By Henry Woodward.] Pp. xvi., 158. 182 Woodcuts. [With List of Illustrations, Table of Stratified Rocks, Introduction, and Index.] 1897, 8vo. 1s.

The same, in two parts:-

- Part I. Mollusca to Bryozoa. Pp. xii., 64. 107 Woodcuts. [With List of Illustrations, Table of Stratified Rocks, and Introduction.] 1897, 8vo. 6d.
- Part II. Insecta to Plants, &c. Pp. ix., 64*-158. Woodcuts 108-182. [With List of Illustrations and Index to the two parts.] 1897, 8vo. 6d.
- Guide to Sowerby's Models of British Fungi in the Department of Botany, British Museum (Natural History). By Worthington G. Smith, F.L.S. Pp. 82. 93 Woodcuts. With Table of Diagnostic Characters, and Index. [Second Edition.] 1898, 8vo. 4d.
- Guide to the British Mycetozoa exhibited in the Department of Botany, British Museum (Natural History). By Arthur Lister, F.L.S. Pp. 42. 44 Woodcuts. Index. 1895, 8vo. 3d.

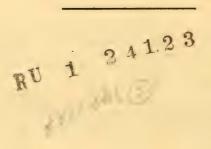
24 BRITISH MUSEUM PUBLICATIONS (NATURAL HISTORY).

- A Guide to the Mineral Gallery of the British Museum (Natural History). [By L. Fletcher, M.A., F.R.S.] Pp. 32. Plan. 1900, 8vo. 1d.
- The Student's Index to the Collection of Minerals, British Museum (Natural History). [By L. Fletcher, M.A., F.R.S.] Pp. 34. With a Plan of the Mineral Gallery. 1899, 8vo. 2d.
- An Introduction to the Study of Minerals, with a Guide to the Mineral Gallery of the British Museum (Natural History). By L. Fletcher, M.A., F.R.S. Pp. 123. 41 Woodcuts. With Plan of the Mineral Gallery and Index. 1897, 8vo. 6d.
- An Introduction to the Study of Rocks. By L. Fletcher, M.A., F.R.S. Pp. 118. [With plan of the Mineral Gallery, Table of Contents, and Index.] 1898, 8vo. 6d.
- An Introduction to the Study of Meteorites, with a List of the Meteorites represented in the Collection. By L. Fletcher, M.A., F.R.S., &c. Pp. 95. [With a Plan of the Mineral Gallery, and an Index to the Meteorites represented in the Collection.] 1896, 8vo. 6d.

E. RAY LANKESTER, Director.

British Museum (Natural History), Cromwell Road, London, S.W.

April 1st, 1903.













3 9088 00703 2717